

A RUSSIAN-TO-ENGLISH TRANSLATION SYSTEM
FOR SCIENTIFIC ABSTRACTS

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FOR SCIENTIFIC ABSTRACTS

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By

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CHAPTER 1

Introduction

“Computers stand up well to a grand master when it comes to the logic of chess, but they can’t match the skills of a 7-year-old when it comes to language.”

—Bernard E. Scott [35]

Garry Kasparov, the current world chess champion, recently went head-to-chip with the latest and greatest chess-playing computer, IBM’s *Deep Blue*. Although Kasparov eventually claimed victory, the machine presented a definite challenge. Teaching computers to play chess has been an on-going project since they were invented. Gradual progress has resulted in this latest incarnation, which shows that it is only a matter of time before machines can emulate some human actions as well as—or even better than—their creators.

For nearly the same amount of time that chess has been a project of computer scientists, work has been going on to have computers process natural language, especially translate it. Although no machine is currently at a level of language use near that of the youngest bilingual child, significant progress has been made [15]. As the need for such machines increases, undoubtedly, so too will their performance.

The world continues to shrink as global communication systems connect even the remotest places. The technology of transferring information allows practically anyone to access anything nearly instantaneously from anywhere. However, after

the high-tech layers are peeled off this information, it is clear that most communication is still done with human languages.

The language barrier still effectively separates people, ideas, and information. It is not a new problem by any means, but it has become a problem of far greater consequence as a result of exploding global information technology. The shear volume of foreign-language text can no longer be processed entirely by human translators [23].

For decades, research has been conducted in the areas of Natural Language Processing (NLP) and Machine Translation (MT). Most problems have been clearly identified, but relatively few have been adequately solved [37]. Nevertheless, the machine translation industry has mushroomed into a multi-million dollar industry and promises to continue this expansion.

Project Motivation

This project was undertaken to create a prototype machine translation system to translate Russian scientific abstracts into English. It is an interactive system designed to demonstrate many aspects of machine translation and natural language processing. It is not intended to translated every possible Russian scientific abstract.

Tsujii [40] characterizes machine translation projects by the following two statements: (1) they never fail, and (2) they never succeed. The first statement means that any serious machine translation project will be able to solve *some* problems extremely well, maybe even find a perfect solution. The second statement, however, says that regardless of the effort and complexity, etc., no machine translation system can solve *all* problems well.

Selecting a subset of machine translation problems seemed to be the best choice for this project. Knight [16] sums this up well: "...the nice thing about

translation is that most any aspect of NLP is fair game for research.” Along with Tsuji’s statements, this instilled confidence that this project, regardless of how it turned out, would be worthwhile.

Abstracts

By some estimates, more than half of the world’s scientific information is being published in languages other than English [6]. To stay informed in one’s field, it is necessary to read a great number of articles. In many fields, a large volume of those written in foreign languages is not translated into English [17]. Moreover, often even the abstracts remain untranslated [37]. This presents a difficult situation for researchers who may not be aware of work in their field.

Abstracts are extremely useful for at least three reasons [32]: to decide if an article is important; to get a brief overview of an article before reading it; or to keep abreast of published work without actually reading the articles. Abstracts can also help to decide if foreign language articles warrant translation.

Abstracts also lend themselves well to processing by this system for a number of reasons:

- **Efficiency:** their small size means that even inefficient processing still produces a translation in a reasonable amount of time. This relieved some of the pressure to write fast, compact code; instead, more time was invested in designing a system that works well and can be relatively easily modified and enhanced.
- **Content:** they are concise, self-contained bodies of text that generally do not have complex pronominal references between sentences. For example, in the following sentences, to what does ‘this’ specifically refer?

Designing programs in a modular fashion is important. This makes them simpler to design and debug.

- **Formatting:** they usually consist of a single paragraph of arbitrary style, so there is no need to adhere to the original format (e.g., fonts, margins, spacing, tabs, etc.)
- **Non-Textual Information:** they do not normally contain charts, graphs, diagrams, flowcharts, tables, pictures, etc. Processing these takes considerable care and patience even for human translators [42].

Scientific Text

Scientific text is usually descriptive and explanatory. Its goal is to discuss a topic as clearly and concisely as possible. Whereas many other types of writing make readers ponder the topic and draw their own conclusions, scientific writing is supposed to be inherently clear, straightforward, and not open to wide interpretation [32]. Literary translation, for example, tends to focus on style, emotion, and interpretation, whereas in technical translation, fidelity is of greatest concern [37].

Cognitive interpretation, especially when ambiguity is involved, is an area where computers currently perform abysmally. Scientific text was chosen for this project because it minimizes the amount of ambiguity, and therefore the computational complexity necessary to interpret it. Schupbach [34] writes that “[i]n general [technical Russian] combines a high degree of grammatical and logical complexity with a surprisingly low level of ambiguous expression.” This relative lack of ambiguity in scientific Russian is further shown by Belonogov, et al. [4] in their work on constructing a Russian-English dictionary for their system: of its

approximately 250,000 entries, roughly 80% had a single English equivalent and 13% had two equivalents. The mean number of equivalents was 1.37, with a maximum of 15.

The grammatical and logical complexity of scientific text may rival or even exceed that of other types of text [36]. However, since the major problem of ambiguity is minimized, more emphasis can be placed on the processing of grammar, syntax, and sentence structures. This program translates purely on the basis of these.

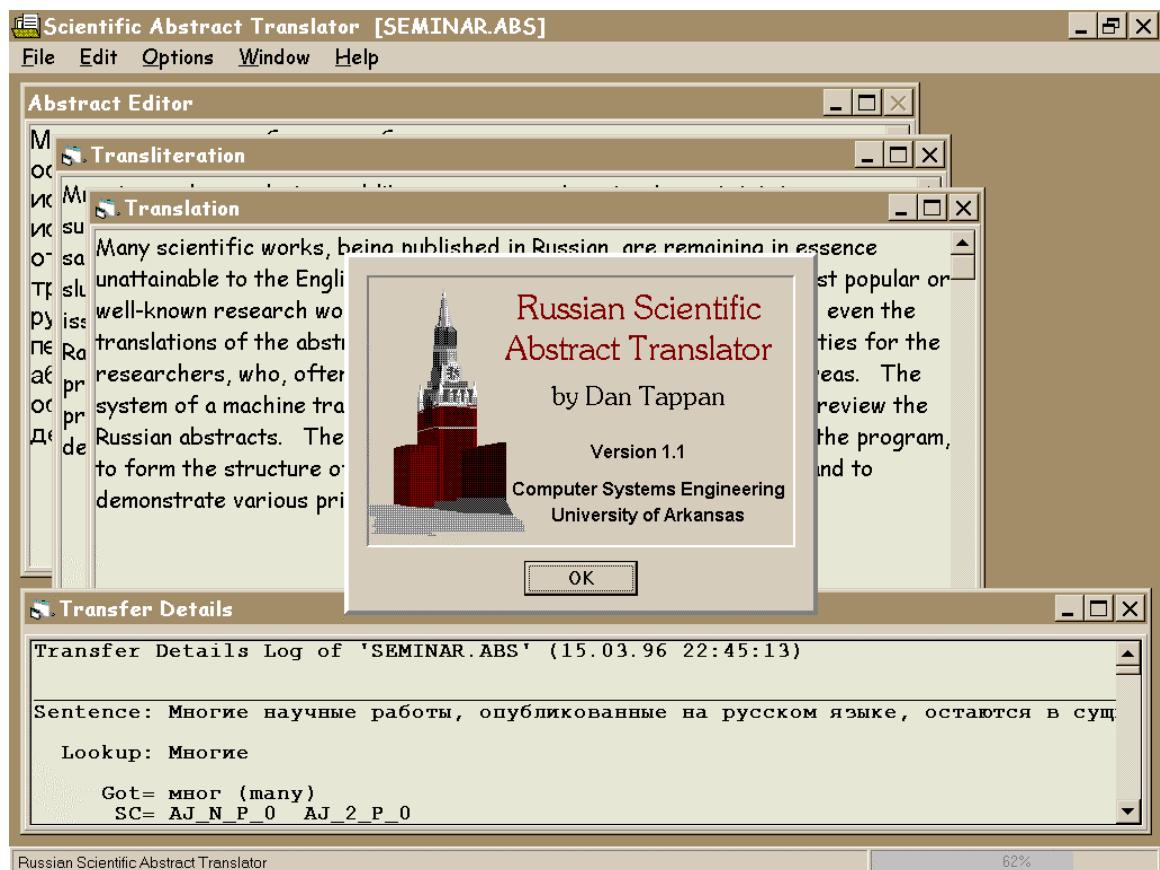
System Overview

The entire 500-page program[†] was written in Microsoft Visual Basic® 3.0 under Windows 95.[®] While BASIC is not normally the programming language of preference for natural language processing projects, it did nevertheless satisfy the requirements of this one. Execution speed and program compactness were less important than ease, flexibility, and clarity of programming, especially in a graphical environment. The visual interface plays an important interactive role between the program and the user. The program was designed to be relatively easy to use, and especially to demonstrate how machine translation works by giving as much feedback as possible.

Figure 1-1 shows the main interface with several windows displayed. The multiple document interface (MDI) contains all the windows and allows the user to resize and reposition them freely. The status bar along the bottom of the screen provides a description and/or help on whichever object the mouse pointer is over. A graphical status meter continually displays progress when the program is busy.

[†] Due to its large size, the source code is not listed here. For further information, contact Dr. Daniel Berleant at djb@engr.uark.edu

Figure 1-1 Main Interface



CHAPTER 2

Translation Background

On a planet of nearly six billion people speaking an estimated 4,000 to 10,000 languages and 20,000 to 50,000 dialects, the difficulties in communication are immense [44]. Since the advent of writing, there has been the need to translate between many of these languages. The world of the past, however, was far simpler and more isolated with a slower pace of life; people and information did not move around much. This is no longer the case, as global communications technology overwhelms the world with information.

Fundamentals of Translation

The philosopher I. A. Richards [31] writes that “translation is probably the most complex type of event yet produced in the evolution of the cosmos.” Translation is less a science and more an art. In many respects, it does not lend itself to heuristic approaches any more than someone can list the steps to paint a masterpiece or write a best-seller.

Language is a means of giving or exchanging information. For information to be of any value, it must mean something. Therefore, language is a way to convey meaning. When languages are translated, it is not normally the words that are considered, but their meaning. Meaning falls into four categories [3 and 22]:

- **Syntactic:** how a word functions in a sentence (e.g., nouns, verbs, etc.)
- **Semantic:** what something means independent of context, such as its dictionary entry (e.g., a *lemon* is a sour yellow citrus fruit).

- **Pragmatic:** what something means in particular contexts, especially social, cultural, and historical. Pragmatic meaning elicits an emotional response in the reader. Its influence may extend over a single word, a sentence, paragraph, or even an entire work. Consider, for example, the feelings that the word “holocaust” evokes in many people.
- **Real-World:** common sense knowledge of what seems reasonable. For example, people know that a lemon is small, lightweight, semi-spherical, etc., even though this is not typically part of its dictionary description. They would react rather strangely to the announcement that a lemon had broken loose and squashed a car because it does not fit common expectation (i.e., normal lemon behavior).

Computers deal with syntactic and semantic meaning relatively well. Pragmatic meaning is too difficult to describe formally, and is therefore not normally considered in machine translation. Real-world knowledge is assimilated by living beings gradually over their lifetime. For machines, however, this knowledge is far more difficult to acquire. While it is not particularly hard to quantify the size, weight, and shape of a lemon, for example, the sheer number of such seemingly trivial attributes for common objects is difficult to process: humans must usually decide what is relevant information, how it relates to other objects, how to encode it, etc. This is a monumental undertaking.

Meaning and knowledge are often intertwined. An understanding of both is essential in translation. Arnold, et al. [3] list five types of knowledge humans use to translate. Computers current perform well on the first three points, but the fourth is still inadequately solved. The fifth point is not considered at all.

1. Knowledge of the source language.
2. Knowledge of the target language. This allows them to produce texts that are acceptable in the target language.
3. Knowledge of various correspondences between source language and target language (at the simplest level, this is knowledge of how individual words can be translated).
4. Knowledge of the subject matter, including ordinary general knowledge and ‘common sense.’ This, along with knowledge of the source language, allows them to understand what the text to be translated means.
5. Knowledge of the culture, social conventions, customs, and expectations, etc. of the speakers of the source and target languages.

Importance of Machine Translation

It is estimated that between 20 and 30 billion dollars are spent worldwide each year on translation, and the demand continues to grow [9 and 10]. By some accounts, 40-45% of the European Community’s (EC) running costs are language-related (i.e., translating and interpreting) [27]. In the United States, as of 1992 there were over 50,000 significant research centers supplying translations of scientific literature alone [6]. Slocum [37] sums up this predicament well:

The demand for technical translation is staggering in sheer volume; moreover, the acquisition, maintenance, and consistent use of valid technical terminology is an enormous problem. Worse, in many technical fields there is a distinct shortage of qualified human translators, and it is obvious that the problem will never be alleviated by measures such as greater incentives for translators...

Clearly the amount of material to be translated is not going to diminish. To meet the ever-increasing demand, something must take part of the load off the

already overburdened human translators. Machine translation appears to be the only practical and economically feasible solution to this problem.

Machine translation is a multidisciplinary subject bringing together the fields of computer science, linguistics, and translation, as well as software engineering, artificial intelligence, and psychology [20 and 23]. As the processing of language and translation gets deeper into the analysis of meaning, other fields may also play significant roles, such as philosophy, anthropology, and history.

Machine translation systems offer several direct advantages over human translators [29]:

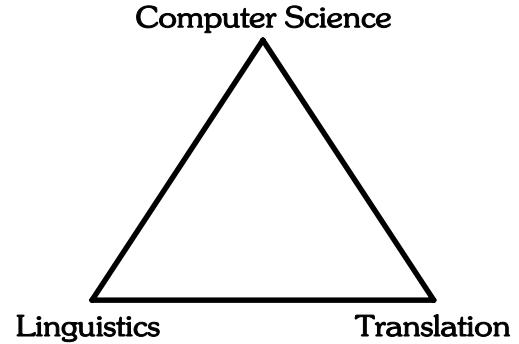
- They are often easier to train and keep up-to-date on terminology, etc.
- They usually translate two to ten times faster.
- Their cost per word is substantially lower: about 2.5¢ per word versus 5-40¢ per word for humans (both figures in 1986 dollars).
- Additional systems can be brought on-line more easily than new translators can be hired.

Furthermore, they have indirect advantages [29]:

- A considerable amount of typing work is eliminated.
- Output can be used as direct input to other information technology (e.g., communications systems, databases, etc.)

Perhaps the only disadvantage to machine translation systems is their present inability to translate as well as humans. Considerable work is being done world-wide

Figure 2-1 Primary MT Disciplines



to improve their performance to a comparable level. Machine translation being such a multidisciplinary subject, progress in one area benefits many others.

Historical Overview

The roots of machine translation (or *mechanical* translation, as it was often called) can be traced back to the 17th century [13]. At that time, it was purely a theoretical suggestion. It was not until the 1930's that interest developed in designing and actually building devices to accomplish this [42]. World War II brought onto the scene electronic computers. Their primary use was for encryption and code-breaking. After the war, these machines were decommissioned for other projects, one of which was machine translation.

The post-war years brought tremendous advances in computer technology. It was also the beginning of the Cold War. The military and intelligence communities in both the United States and Soviet Union invested heavily in machine translation research to keep tabs on each other [37]. American research tended to be of a practical nature. The Soviet work, owing to limited access to significantly inferior computers, remained mostly theoretical, or was sometimes simulated by hand [9 and 38].

In August 1957, the United States was given another motivation to advance its ability to translate large volumes of Russian scientific work quickly: Sputnik [21]. This period became its high point of machine translation work, during which significant progress was made.

In 1964, despite the ever-intensifying space-race, the Automatic Language Processing Advisory Committee (ALPAC) was established to determine the feasibility of continuing funding for machine translation research in the United States [3]. Its findings, released in 1966, essentially drove a stake through the heart of MT. It

claimed that there was no shortage of qualified human translators, and that MT was a dead end [2]. For the next decade, often referred to as the ‘Dark Ages of Machine Translation,’ funding was practically non-existent. Europe had followed the ALPAC findings, so MT work was equally unpopular there [9]. Only Japan continued serious research [9].

In the late 1970’s, interest was reborn. With this resurgence came about many new philosophies and methods of translation, as well as fresh funding. As of 1992, there were about 40 MT systems under development or in operation [9]. Slocum [37] provides a well-detailed history of many of the notable systems.

Machine Translation Quality

Many factors influence the quality of machine translations (e.g., type and complexity of the subject matter, speed of translation, etc.) While perfect translations are the ideal goal, it is widely agreed that this cannot be attained for general purpose, large-scale systems; correct translation of 80-90% of typical text is more reasonable and realistic [9]. It is indeed possible to achieve 100% accuracy with a *very* restricted range of text, but this is not practical for normal use.

High quality translation, however, may not be necessary for many purposes. For example, experts in technical fields can use rough translations to guess about the overall content of articles, or to decide if they should be ‘properly’ translated by some other means [29]. The former is especially true if the readers have some rudimentary background in the language. One study has shown that 98% of all roughly translated sentences are done so sufficiently well to be understood by experts [29]. Low-quality, high-volume machine translation output makes good economic sense.

Word-for-Word Translation

The earliest attempts at machine translation employed the simplest approach: word-for-word translation [26]. Since most early computer applications dealt with code-breaking, it seemed natural to approach machine translation as a similar task. Warren Weaver, commonly considered one of the fathers of machine translation, pondered this approach in 1949 [18]:

One naturally wonders if the problem of translation could conceivably be treated as a problem in cryptography. When I look at an article in Russian, I say, ‘This is really written in English, but it has been coded in some strange symbols. I will now proceed to decode.’

Unfortunately, ‘decoding’ in foreign language processing did not achieve a fraction of the success it enjoyed in cryptography. Oettinger [24] provides as an example the following output of an early word-for-word translation system.

- **Russian Sentence:**

, 'WYSNUNNKXNT g'Ng'I UI SQPI 'Q'YQUZNP 'XNSNUVIRVUZI RZUc] 'eSNRZXQ_N
YRQ] 'Y] NT 'W XI SSNSdUV 'WYSNWKI ZNSdUV- 'YKgPQ'Y [YW] VT 'WSdP[NZg'
I WWW XI Z J [SNK] 'I SLNJ Xc /

- **Proper Translation:**

In recent times Boolean algebra has been successfully employed in the analysis of relay networks of the series-parallel type.

- **Word-for-Word Translation I:**

(In, At, Into, To, For, On) (last, latter, new, latest, lowest, worst) (time, tense) for analysis and synthesis relay-contact electrical (circuit, diagram, scheme) parallel-(series, successive, consecutive, consistent) (connection, junction, combination) (with, from) (success, luck) (to be utilized, to be taken advantage of) apparatus Boolean algebra.

- **Word-for-Word Translation II:**

In latest time for analysis and synthesis relay-contact electrical circuit parallel-series connection with success to be utilized apparatus Boolean algebra.

The translation process employed in Translation I is referred to as an *exhaustive lexical retrieval* [26]: every possible translation of each word is given.

Presumably, the reader is supposed to choose the best selection for each. This is clearly not a viable approach to machine translation. Even in the best case where the correct word translation is chosen automatically, no attention is paid to the grammar or word order of either language, as Translation II shows.

The main problems with word-for-word translation are that words are not independent; they interact with each other based on grammar and syntax, neither of which the translation properly reflects. Papegaij, et al., [26] list additional deficiencies:

- Many words are translated differently in different contexts.
- In translation, word-order can change dramatically.
- Any language contains numerous idiomatic expressions and phrases which cannot be translated word for word, but have to be treated as single units.

Direct Translation

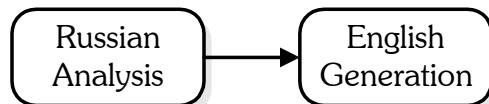
At the next level of complexity is direct translation (also referred to as a *transformer architecture* [3]). This works much as the word-for-word approach does, but on more advanced levels. Specifically, it deals more in-depth with grammar and context analysis, sentence restructuring, and compound noun and idiom processing. However, the source language text is still generally analyzed only to a level necessary to translate components and reconstruct sentences in the target language based on blind reordering rules [13]: no semantic analysis is done. Tucker [41] elaborates on this:

No general linguistic theory or parsing principles are necessarily present for direct translation to work; these systems depend instead on well-developed dictionaries, morphological analysis, and text processing software to gain credible translations of the source text into a series of reasonably equivalent words and phrases in the target language.

He also lists ten steps characteristic of most direct translation systems:

1. Source text dictionary lookup and morphological analysis.
2. Identification of homographs
3. Identification of compound nouns
4. Identification of noun and verb phrases
5. Processing of idioms
6. Processing of prepositions
7. Subject-predicate identification
8. Syntactic ambiguity identification
9. Synthesis and morphological processing of target language
10. Rearrangement of words and phrases in target language.

Figure 2-2 Direct Approach



This project uses the direct approach, employing all these processing steps to varying degrees (but not necessarily in this order). Steps 3 and 5 are handled on a post-processing level which is not explicitly part of the translation engine (see Chapter 9, Post-Translation Cleanup Filters).

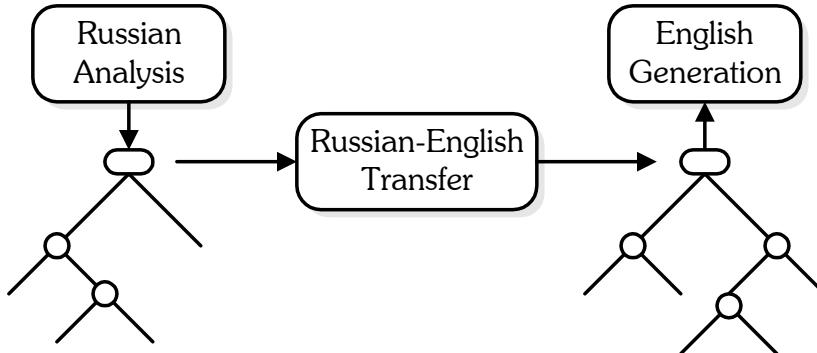
The direct approach is claimed to be most suitable for simple or restricted texts of limited vocabulary and a defined style [9 and 12]. Nevertheless, it has been employed with great success by the SYSTRAN system for decades to translate Russian technical material for the US Air Force [5]. In fact, SYSTRAN has been adapted to date for 15 language pairs and is in widespread commercial use in Europe [13]. The newer versions have evolved from a pure direct translation system into a complex hybrid incorporating many aspects of the transfer approach [12].

Transfer Translation

The transfer approach is a more complex method of direct translation. The major difference is in how sentence structure and word order are handled [13]. In

direct translation, the source language word order is generally preserved and reused in the translation, with only some superficial reordering done to fit the grammatical requirements of the target language. In the transfer approach, the source language sentence is parsed to generate an annotated grammatical tree structure which shows the role of each sentence component and its relationship to the others. From the structure and content of the source language tree, a second tree is built using the target language grammar and translated components. These trees serve as an intermediate representation between the source and target language sentences [23]. Finally, the target language tree is traversed to generate the translated sentence.

Figure 2-3 Transfer Approach



The transfer approach is the most commonly used [9]. A major advantage over direct translation is that the generation module knows the grammar of the target language. It has a much higher chance of producing grammatically correct and suitably formed translations [3]. Its major disadvantage is that the intermediate representations are language-dependent [13]: each language pair requires a separate transfer module (Figure 2-3). This problem will be discussed in more detail under *Interlingual Translation*.

Statistical Translation

Students of foreign language often build their foundation vocabulary with lists of words, or maybe with flash cards. This provides an efficient mechanism to learn foreign words and how they translate. Unfortunately, it tends to ignore one of the critical tenets of language use: context. Not only is it important to know *what* the translations of words are, but also *when* each is used. This skill normally is developed by reading (i.e., seeing words in context).

Most translation systems are ‘taught’ their vocabulary in a formal manner; they are spoon-fed words with translations, as well as their complex grammatical descriptions and whatever else the systems need to know about them [3]. Context is, for the most part, ignored. Simply having access to the entire word stock of a language and all possible translations, however, does not necessarily mean a machine translation system will perform well if it does not know when (i.e., in which context) to use what it knows.

Context-sensitive translation has shown promising results through the statistical approach. Large bodies of text with translation are analyzed statistically to determine the probability of certain words or translations occurring in specific contexts. These probabilities usually become part of the words’ lexicon entries. In many respects, this is the computer equivalent to learning by reading.

The statistical analyses are normally done on large (i.e., several megabytes) parallel bilingual texts aligned by sentences or even words. Fortunately, several such corpora already exist between certain language pairs. For example, Canadian parliamentary debates are recorded sentence-by-sentence in English and French [13].

Knowing the probability of words in context allows a machine translation system to determine—albeit probabilistically and still with considerable uncertainty—

whether its particular translation makes ‘sense’ [3]. For instance, a system unsure whether “man-eating” is a reasonable translation could base the decision on the probability of its use in context: it tends to occur at a substantially higher frequency with “shark” than it does with “goldfish.”

Unfortunately, obtaining significantly large aligned parallel corpora for most language pairs is rather difficult. In many cases, the text is also less than ideal: it can be argued that the language of parliamentary proceedings is not representative of the language as a whole.

Furthermore, problems in the sentence alignment between texts undermine their statistical relationships [3]. For example, scientific Russian sentences in translation tend to be broken apart for clarity or easier reading in English. In effect, these separate sentences are no longer statistically related to the original sentence.

Example-Based Translation

Translation by example can be considered a derivative of the statistical approach. Large corpora of bilingual text are analyzed to generate relational data, but on a sentence or phrase level [13]. The goal is to compile a database of commonly used templates and their partially translated forms. Within each template, those words which can easily be substituted with other words are replaced with variables; all others remain fixed. When a new sentence is encountered which matches the template, the variables are translated and substituted. The following example has two variables, X and Y :

- **Template:**

Open X and put Y in.

- **Example Substitutions:**

Open *the closet* and put *the shoes* in.

Open the refrigerator and put the milk in.

Open the warp core and put the dilithium crystals in.

Hutchins and Somers [13] aptly describe this as a linguistically sophisticated foreign language phrase book used by tourists. Alone it is not a viable approach to large-scale translation; however, it could be used to augment other approaches. A good application appears to be the translation of instruction manuals, where a limited set of sentence templates is often repeated.

Interlingual Translation

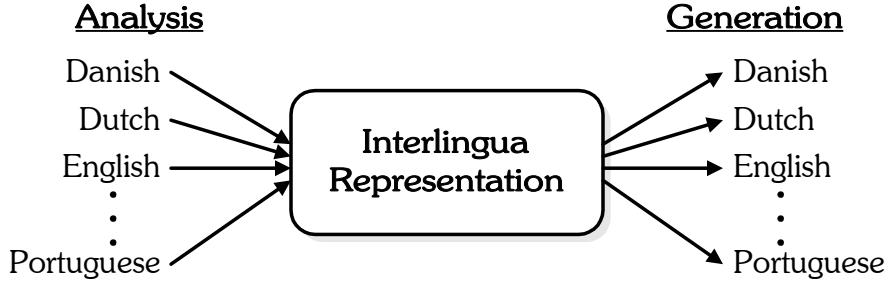
Most machine translation systems have highly language-dependent designs. An effective method for translating from German to English, for example, would most likely not be applicable for translating from German to French, or even from English back to German. In other words, bi-directional translation of each language pair usually requires two unique systems based on language-specific features.

This complexity is a major consideration when translations must be provided in many other languages. For example, the European Community currently conducts its proceedings in nine official languages: Danish, Dutch, English, French, German, Greek, Italian, Spanish, and Portuguese. With language-dependent translation systems, these nine languages would require $n(n-1)$, or 72 unique designs—not an attractive proposition.

The major bottleneck in language-dependent translation is the lack of structural commonality between the languages supported; each language conveys meaning with different grammatical constructs, etc. The *meaning*, however, should be virtually the same. By using the meaning itself as a commonality, and not grammatical or linguistic foundations, it is theoretically possible to describe anything written in any language [13]. This is known as the *interlingual approach*.

The source language is analyzed and converted into an abstract semantic representation known as *interlingua*. This is a precise and unambiguous representation that contains all the information needed to generate the given text (i.e., meaning) in any other supported language [10]. Figure 2-4 shows the basic structure of an interlingual system. The economic benefits of this approach are obvious: only $2n$ translation modules are necessary (i.e., n analysis modules and n generation modules). Properly written interlingua should also reduce or eliminate many types of ambiguity, and therefore improve translation quality [3].

Figure 2-4 Interlingual Translation in the EC



Unfortunately, much of the work on interlingual machine translation systems remains theoretical. The analysis of meaning is essential, but computers are still not up to this task. Interlingual translation is an ambitious idea, but it is still fraught with many shortcomings and often foiled by common language use. Take, for instance, the seemingly straightforward concept *to cook*. Nagao [21] lists no fewer than 18 different ways to cook something (i.e., bake, toast, roast, broil, fry, boil, steam, etc.) Choosing the correct meaning for a given context is actually far from straightforward.

The meaning of text is also heavily dependent on a culture's perception of the world [21]. Consider, for example, the great differences in Eastern and Western thought. Is 'meaning' really so common between cultures of radically different histories and philosophies?

Furthermore, a suitable interlingua capable of conveying such aspects and other semantic information has yet to be developed [3]. Esperanto has been used, but, being a quasi-natural language itself, it does not adequately solve certain problems of ambiguity [21 and 26].

Finally, an interesting and potentially valuable aspect of interlingual systems is their ability to translate between the same language. English text, for example, can be converted to interlingua, from which English text can be generated. This provides a method of testing the system, especially the interlingua: the original and ‘translated’ text might not be structurally identical, but they should convey the same meaning [3].

CHAPTER 3

Overview of the Russian Language

Russian is a heavily inflected, relatively free-structured language which lends itself extremely well to syntactic analysis. Whereas many other natural languages require considerable computational investment to tag their parts of speech, Russian comes essentially pre-tagged. This reduces the amount and complexity of processing required, as well as many common problems of syntactic ambiguity.

This chapter discusses the main features of Russian, especially those important to its processing. However, it is beyond the scope of this thesis to delve into the complex grammar of Russian. Any introductory text book would provide such details.

Cyrillic Alphabet

Russian is written with the Cyrillic alphabet. Its 33 letters have a very simple letter-to-sound correspondence which makes for relatively easy spelling and consistent pronunciation; almost without exception, Russian words are pronounced as they are written. Russian consonant clusters, however, often combine letters which are unfamiliar to English-speakers—for example, the present active verbal adjective, П а Qа I f a Q-Yg (which/who is defending), is pronounced *zashchishchajushchijsja*. See Appendix Table B-1 for a description of the Cyrillic alphabet, as well as the keyboard layout used.

Grammatical Cases

The grammatical role of each word in a Russian sentence is indicated by its *case*. Verbs, prepositions, as well as several other parts of speech and common

constructions demand that the words they modify be in a particular case. The strict government and agreement between sentence components greatly simplifies determining how words interact to each other. Russian has the following cases (see the Glossary for further details):

- **Nominative:** almost without exception, the case of the subject.
- **Genitive:** indicates possession and negation, as well as the object of most prepositions.
- **Dative:** typically the case of the indirect object (i.e., the object indirectly receiving the action of the verb).
- **Accusative:** typically the case of the direct object (i.e., the object being acted upon by the verb).
- **Instrumental:** often the case of the object used to perform the action of a verb.
- **Prepositional:** always the object of several prepositions.

Two additional cases are encountered less frequently:

- **Locative:** used exclusively to indicate location.
- **Genitive Partitive:** used to limit the quantity of an object.

Inflections

The grammatical cases are indicated by the endings on words, known as *inflections*. Each part of speech typically has a different set of inflections, although several have none at all. Most words have multiple inflected forms which depend on their role in a sentence. Nouns, for example, usually have 12 forms (six singular and six plural); adjectives may have as many as 36 (nine for each of three genders and plural).

Table 3-1 shows the inflected forms of the word *WJIRI* (dog). The inflections are underlined. Note that for the genitive and accusative plural forms,

word is inflected by actually *removing* letters. Appendix C lists the 400+ sets of inflection patterns defined in this program.

Table 3-1 Inflections on ‘Dog’

Case	<u>Number</u>	
	Singular	Plural
Nominative	собака	собаки
Genitive	собаки	собак
Dative	собаке	собакам
Accusative	собаку	собак
Instrumental	собакой	собаками
Prepositional	собаке	собаках

Just by examining how a word is spelled, a wealth of syntactic information may be extracted. Unfortunately, this information is often ambiguous. Note that inflections are not necessarily *unique* endings: in this example, the genitive singular and nominative plural forms have identical inflections, as well as the dative and prepositional singular forms and genitive and accusative plural forms. Further analysis is necessary to resolve such ambiguity.

Word Order

Since the inflections indicate a word’s grammatical role, and not its position in a sentence, Russian sentences are not usually constrained to any particular word order. For example, in the English sentences, “the dog saw the cat” and “the cat saw the dog,” it is clear from the word order which animal saw which. Russian, however, does not use the word order for this. This allows practically any order to mean that the cat was in trouble, as shown by Figure 3-1 (the function of the inflections has been simulated in the English sentences with a caption):

Figure 3-1 Example Case Roles[†]

- a) : VJ | RI ' [KOMMSI ' RV' R[/
 The **dog** saw the **cat.**
 subject direct object
- b) 3V' R[' [KOMMSI ' WJ | RI /
 *The **cat** saw the **dog.**
 direct object subject
- c) : VJ | RI ' RV' R[' [KOMMSI /
 *The **dog** the **cat** saw.
 subject direct object
- d) 3V' R[' WJ | RI ' [KOMMSI /
 *The **cat** the **dog** saw.
 direct object subject

Regardless of where the cat and dog appear in the Russian sentences above, it is clear from the inflections which is the subject and which is the direct object. Although words can be ordered practically randomly, there are many conventional ways of structuring sentences. However, since these orders have no grammatical basis, they cannot be used reliably for sentence processing.

[†] Ungrammatical, unacceptable, or anomalous sentences are conventionally preceded by an asterisk.

CHAPTER 4

Import Filters

In order to process Russian text, clearly the program must be able to read it. While a standard character set mapping for the Roman alphabet (i.e., ASCII) has been in use for decades, Cyrillic mappings still vary greatly. Many variants are commonly used on-line [25]. To provide flexibility in reading Russian text in, the program has several built-in character mapping converters known as *import filters*. In addition to these, user-defined filters can be created. Appendix Table B-1 shows the built-in import filters.

Import Filter Editor

This editor provides a simple interface for defining how character sets are mapped. Each character mapping is described as a FROM → TO expression which converts a character or string to a single Cyrillic character in the internal program format (KOI-8). The FROM mapping is entered in one of three formats:

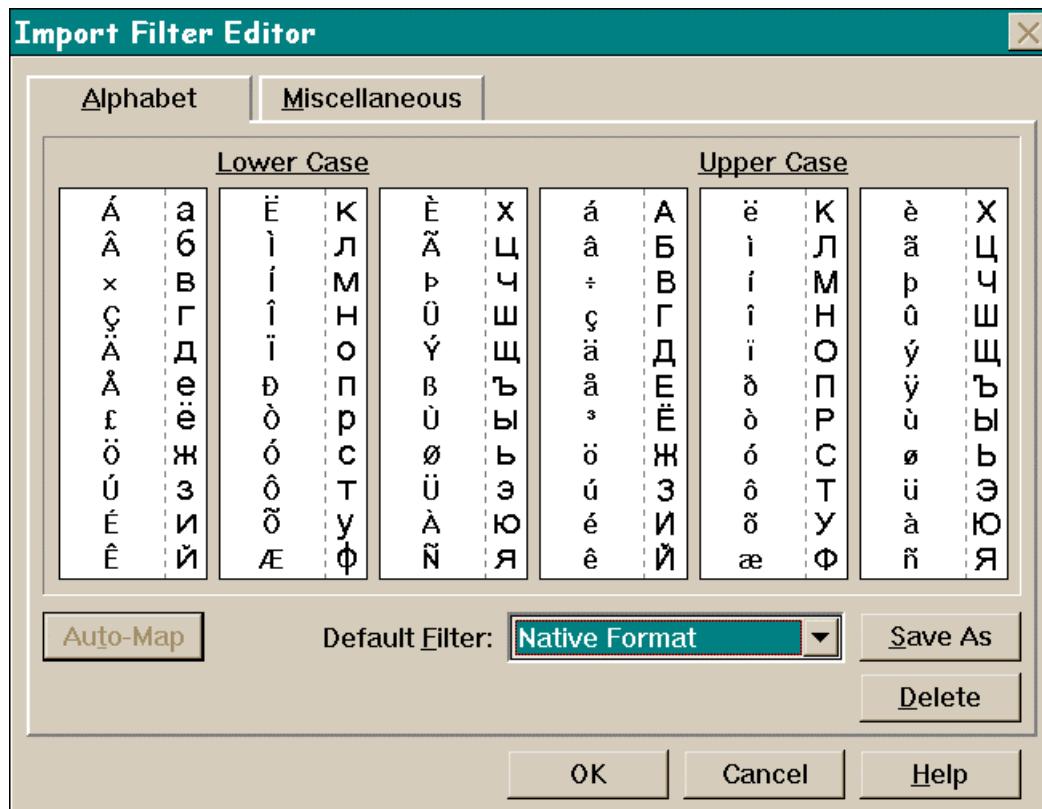
- **Character String Mappings:** these consist of one to seven printable characters, such as a or zh or shch. These mappings are case sensitive, so care must be taken when mapping capitalized strings. For example, is the capitalized mapping of zh to be entered as zh or ZH?
- **1-Byte Numeric Code Mappings:** these consist of a single decimal or hexadecimal number within the range of 0 to 255 or \$0 to \$FF, respectively. This corresponds to the character code used in the Russian character set of the abstract. The 1-byte numeric codes are useful for mapping special or non-printable characters. For example, it is not

possible to enter a space directly as a character string mapping; instead its decimal ASCII code 32 (or \$20 hex) is used.

- **2-Byte Numeric Code Mappings:** these are extended 1-byte codes. They provide compatibility with existing and future multilingual character sets which use 2-byte character codes (e.g., ISO 6937/2, Unicode, etc.) A colon is used to separate the first and second numbers, both of which must be within the range of 0 to 255, or \$0 to \$FF.

Only one mapping can be assigned to each Cyrillic character. If the same mapping is given to more than one, only the mapping greater in length and higher in alphabetical order is processed; the others are ignored.

Figure 4-1 Import Filter Editor



Transliterations

To those who cannot read the Cyrillic alphabet, Russian text is essentially incomprehensible. Even words which are identical in both languages are usually unrecognizable (compare *компьютер* and *computer*). In order to provide some degree of readability, Cyrillic characters can be converted into the Roman alphabet (*компьютер* would be written as *komp'yuter*). This is done by running the Russian text through a special transliteration filter. The transliteration can then be edited, saved, printed, or exported to another program. See Appendix Figure F-3 for a sample transliteration.

Abstract and E-Mail Modes

One of the most convenient uses of transliteration is for e-mail messages. Currently, Internet mail does not support foreign (i.e., non-ASCII) character sets well [11]. Writing e-mail in Russian with the Roman alphabet is tedious and prone to bizarre spelling errors. As a sub-feature for users who commonly send e-mail in Russian, the program provides a simple way to create, transliterate, and paste Russian text into e-mail messages.

The program operates in either *abstract mode* or *e-mail mode*. Both offer the same features; they differ only in how they deal with errors in the source document:

- **Abstract Mode:** abstracts are the primary document type. Strict error checking is enforced since unknown characters, misspellings, English words, or other formatting problems interfere with translation.
- **E-Mail Mode:** e-mail messages are the primary document type. These are not intended to be translated, so error checking is minimal. This is especially useful because no attempt is made to transliterate embedded English words, etc.

CHAPTER 5

Bilingual Lexicon

Vocabulary plays an essential role in translation. Humans and machines are similar in that they both need to know the words they are translating. They differ, however, in how much grammatical information about the words they need. Humans rely heavily on context, common sense, and feeling to translate, with the underlying grammatical constructions often playing a secondary role. However, most machine translation systems—including this one—are still rigidly constrained to translate based mainly on grammar [21]. Therefore, the more grammatical information provided for each word, the better the translations are going to turn out.

The *bilingual lexicon* is the program’s vocabulary (see Appendix E for a full listing). Each Russian word has a separate entry with its grammatical information. Different parts of speech require different information, but each entry is structured identically (see Appendix Table B-6 for complete details):

Russian Word Information

- **Stem:** the root form of this entry without its inflections. Lexicon lookups are done on the stem only. This eliminates the need to have a separate lexicon entry for each inflected form of a word (up to 36).
- **Part of Speech Code:** an indicator of which of the 17 recognized parts of speech (e.g., noun, verb, adjective, adverb, etc.) this entry is. See Appendix Table B-2 for more details.
- **Primary Attributes Code:** a more detailed description of the part of speech. For example, a noun would be indicated as either masculine,

feminine, neuter, or plural-only. See Appendix Table B-2 for more details.

- **Secondary Attributes Code:** a description of how this word acts upon the word or words it modifies. For example, some verbs require objects in cases other than the usual accusative. Such a grammatical construction can then be expected with these verbs. Without this description, the program probably would not be able to resolve the role of the non-accusative objects. See Appendix Table B-2 for more details.
- **Inflection Pattern Number:** an indicator of which of the 400+ sets of inflections should be appended to the stem of this entry to derive all its inflected forms. See Appendix C for the inflection patterns.
- **Disambiguation Expression:** a logical expression indicating which translation of this entry should be chosen if more than one is possible. See Chapter 8, and Appendix Tables B-7 and B-8 for more details.

English Word Information

- **Translated Word(s):** the equivalent English word or word forms. This field depends on the part of speech of the entry. For example, adjectives have a single translation, but verbs require many translated forms (e.g., present, simple past, past participle, etc.) See Appendix Table B-4 for more details.
- **Transfer Attributes Code:** this field, which is applicable for nouns only, describes how to use this noun in an English sentence. Three types of information are indicated (see Chapter 8 and Appendix Table B-3 for full details):

1. **Associations:** whether this noun is a person, place, thing, animal, or figurative/idiomatic. This is used for disambiguation purposes (see Chapter 8, Homograph Disambiguation).
2. **Article Usage:** which articles are used with this noun. This essentially eliminates articles which *do not* apply (e.g., **an* electricity).
3. **Plural Form:** how this noun is rendered in the plural (e.g., dog dogs, mouse mice, etc.)

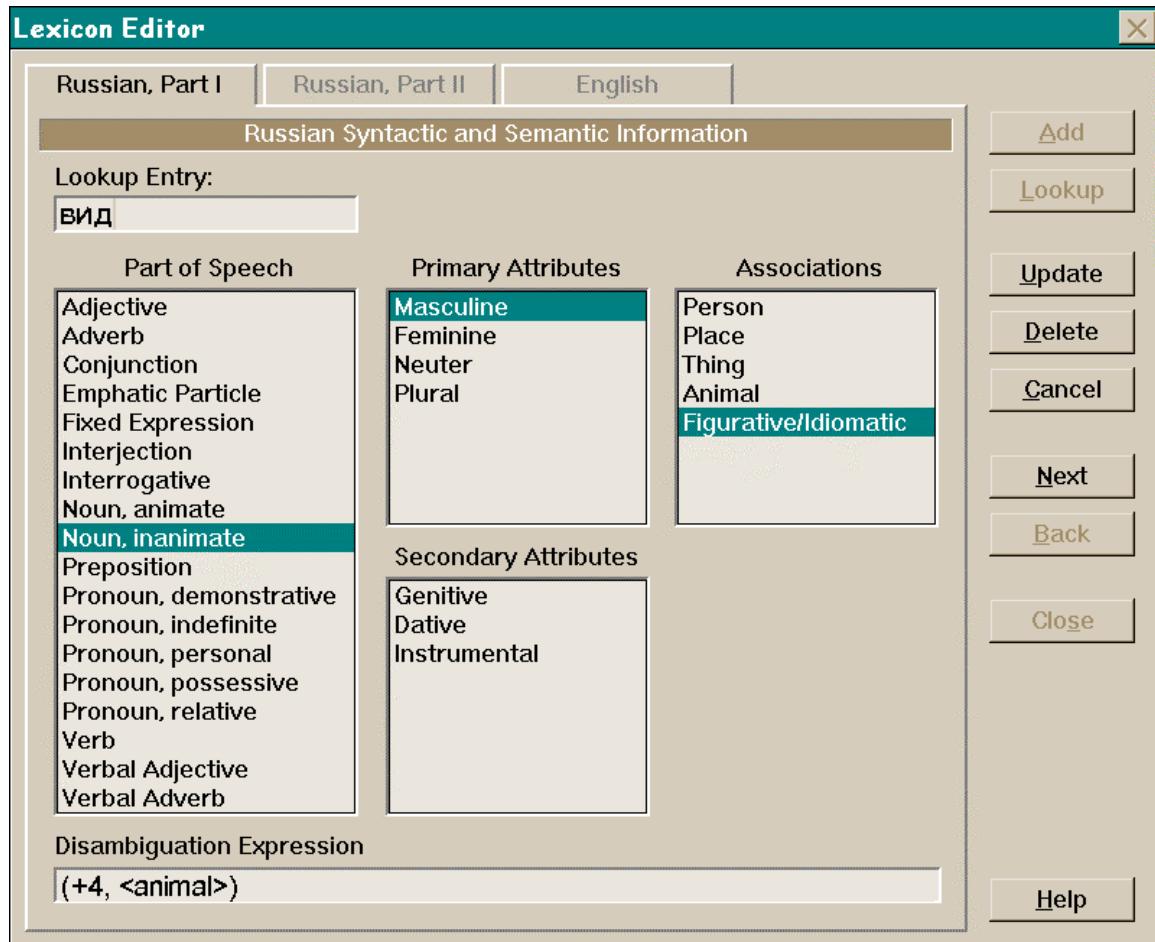
Lexicon Editor

The Lexicon Editor provides a simple interface for adding, looking up, and modifying lexicon entries. It hides the complexity of each entry's program-representation. The user selects graphically from available options and fills out simple forms of requested information. This is a three-stage process, with the options on each stage depending on the input to the previous stages.

Stage 1: Russian Attributes

In this stage, the Russian part of the entry is described. Its stem, part of speech, primary and secondary attributes, transfer attributes (for nouns), and any disambiguation expression are defined. Error checking is done to prevent invalid grammatical combinations. Figure 5-1 shows the first stage screen.

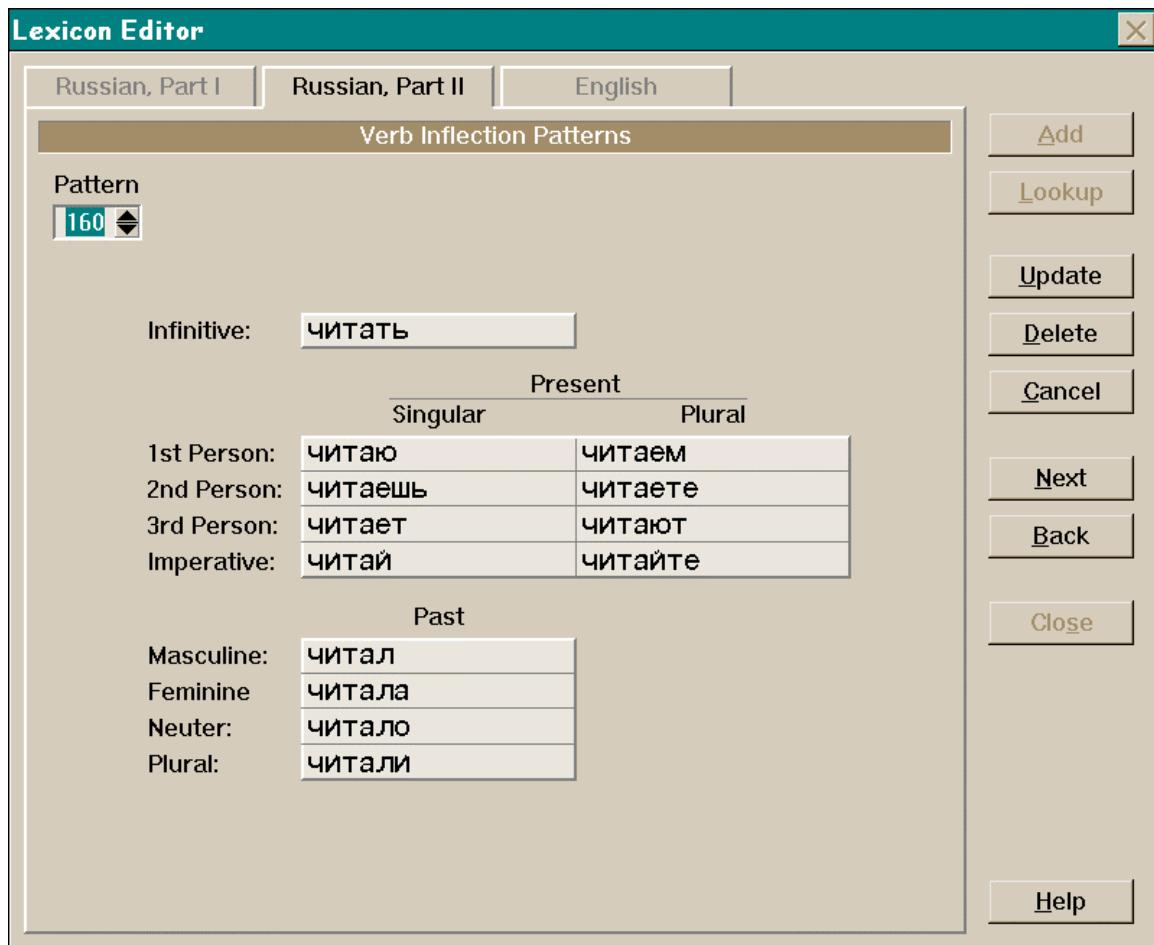
Figure 5-1 Lexicon Editor, Stage 1



Stage 2: Inflection Patterns

This stage has only one input: the inflection pattern number. All the inflected forms of the current entry are shown based on the chosen set of inflections. The structure of this entry depends on the part of speech. Figure 5-2 shows the screen for a verb entry.

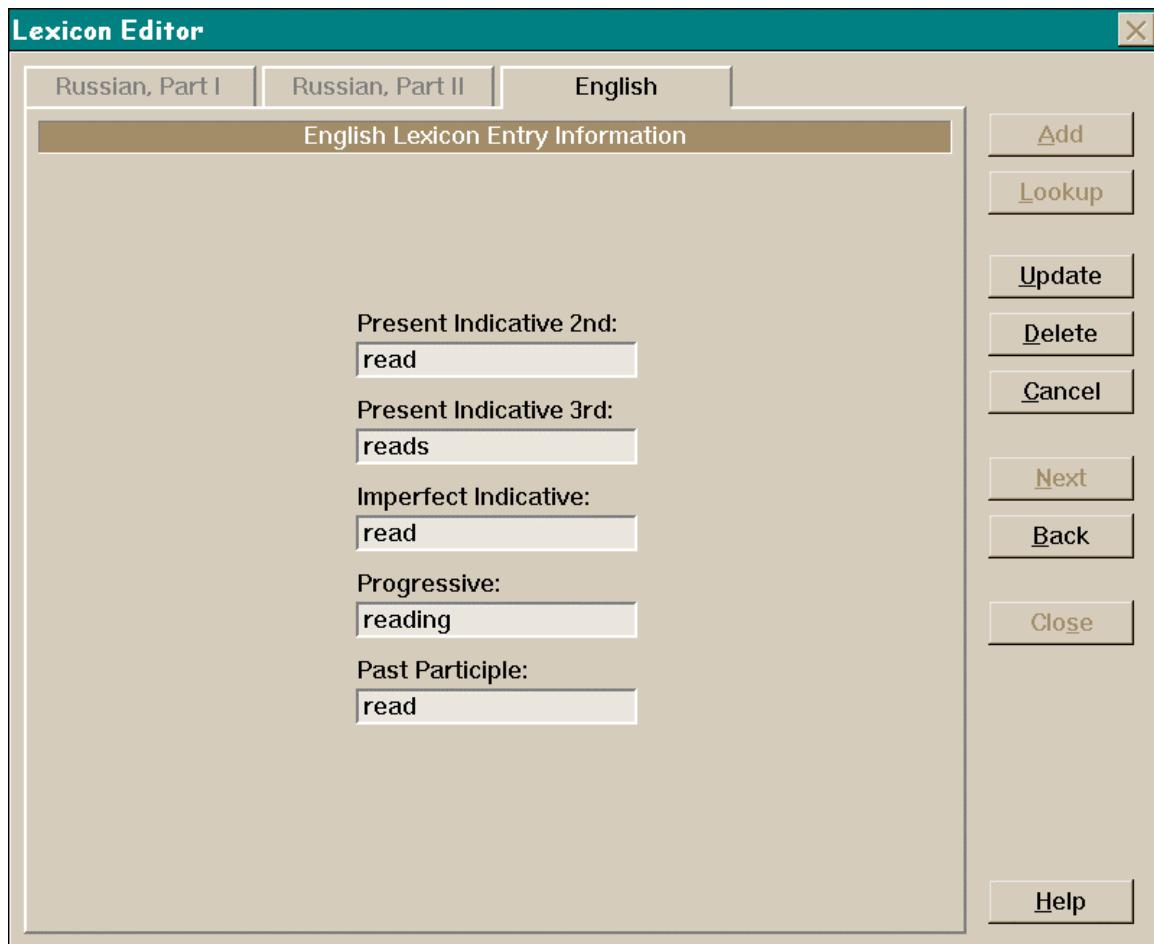
Figure 5-2 Lexicon Editor, Stage 2



Stage 3: English Attributes

This final stage describes the translated form or forms of the current entry. Depending on the part of speech, different English forms must be given. Figure 5-3 shows the screen for a verb entry.

Figure 5-3 Lexicon Editor, Stage 3



CHAPTER 6

Symbolic Constants

The grammatical information associated with each Russian word is most efficiently processed when it is in a form easily manipulated. To accommodate this, each word is assigned intermediate representations known as *symbolic constants*. Over 1,700 symbolic constants are defined, each of which concisely describes a unique syntactic form of a part of speech.

Symbolic Constant Usage

Many Russian words have complex syntactic descriptions and act upon other words. A symbolic constant representation simplifies determining the role of each word in the sentence. For example, “RV RI KUOTI ZNSdUV YS[` I NZ NSVKNRI ~VJ bgYUgf a NVVXI KOSI UNWYS[` UV-`YV JI RN” translates as “the cat is listening attentively to the person who is explaining the rules to the disobedient dog.” The fifth word, VJ bgYUgf a NV, is described by the symbolic constant **VJ_PA_A_M_D** as a present active verbal adjective modifying a singular masculine noun in the accusative case and itself demanding an accusative object and optionally a dative object. This means that VJ bgYUgf a NV will be translated as a present tense relative clause construction (e.g., who is explaining) which modifies something accusative and dative in the sentence. The subject of this verbal adjective is being acted upon by something else that requires an accusative object.

From this detailed description of just a single word, it is possible to decompose most of the sentence. For instance, the nearest unbound dative object

(i.e., UNWYS[` UV- YWJ | RN) is likely going to be the one modified by the verbal adjective VJ bgYUgf a NLV. An ‘unbound’ object is one whose modifier has not yet been determined. This verbal adjective also probably refers back to the closest accusative object _NSVKNRI . Symbolic constant analysis of other words will indicate that the verb YS[` INZ causes _NSVKNRI to be accusative.

As each symbolic constant is processed, the possible syntactic interpretations of the sentence decrease rapidly. Only one interpretation should be left after the entire sentence has been decomposed. If there is more than one, then each will be translated as a separate sentence, leaving it up to the user to decide which makes more sense.

Symbolic Constant Syntax

Each part of speech has a slightly different symbolic constant format. This format dictates the order of the components and their field position and length. The use of fixed-field strings makes symbolic constants very easy to dissect and compare. All symbolic constants for adjectives, for example, have **AJ** at the first position, a grammatical case indicator (i.e., **N**, **G**, **D**, **A**, **I**, **P**, or **L**) at the fourth position, a gender or number indicator (i.e., **M**, **F**, **N**, or **P**) at the sixth position, and a government indicator (i.e., **O**, **N**, **G**, **D**, **A**, **I**, or **P**) at the eighth position. Fields are delimited by an underscore. Table 6-1 shows the syntax for several parts of speech (for a complete listing of all symbolic constants, see Appendix Table B-10).

Table 6-1 Sample Symbolic Constant Syntax

Part of Speech	Component Fields				
	Field 1	Field 2	Field 3	Field 4	Field 5
Adjective	AJ	Case	Gender or Number	Government	
Adverb	AV	Type	Government		
Interrogative	IN	Case			
Noun	NO	Case	Gender or Number	Government	
Personal Pronoun	PP	Person	Gender or Number		
Preposition	EP	Government			
Relative Pronoun	PR	Case	Gender or Number		
Verb	VB	Person or Number	Gender or Number or Form	Government	
Verbal Adjective	VJ	Type	Case	Gender or Number	Government
Verbal Adverb	VV	Type	Government		

Symbolic Constant Generation

Most symbolic constant fields are derived from a word's bilingual lexicon entry. These are referred to as *static components* because they do not change depending on the form of the word in the sentence. For example, an adjective is always described by the symbolic constant component **AJ**, regardless of what it does in the sentence. The following lexicon entry fields generate static symbolic constant fields:

- **Part of Speech**: generates the *part of speech* component (i.e., first field).
- **Primary Attribute**: generates the *gender* component for nouns, and the *type* component for verbs.
- **Secondary Attribute**: generates the *government* component.

Dynamic components, on the other hand, depend on the form of the word in the sentence. These symbolic constant fields are derived from the inflections. For example, it is possible to determine the *case*, *gender*, and *number* components for nouns, or the *person*, *number*, or *form* components for verbs.

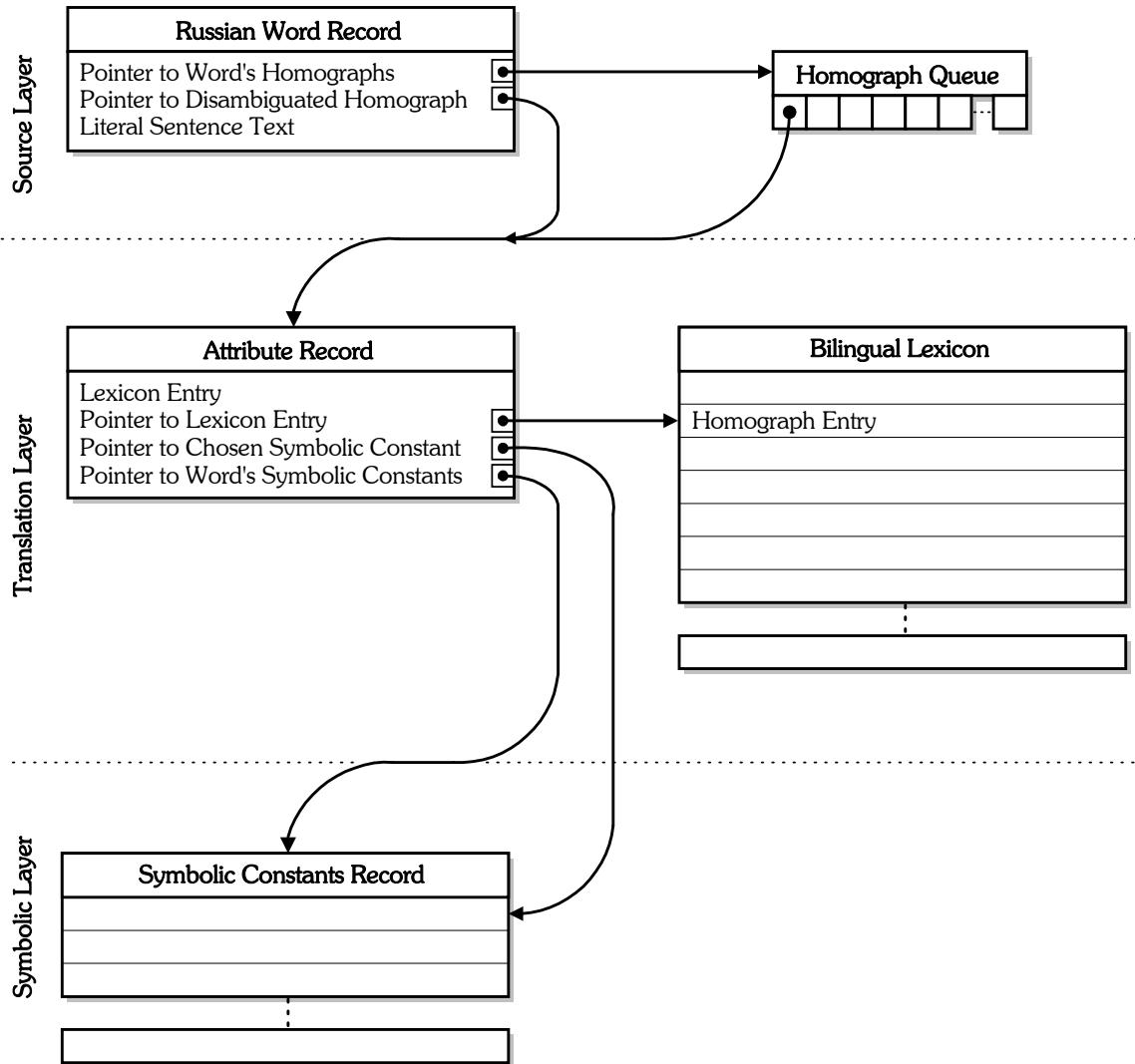
Sentence Representation Layers

Each Russian word in a sentence is described by three layers of information: the source layer, the translation layer, and the symbolic layer. Together the layers contain all the information extracted and generated for a single word:

- **Source Layer:** maintains pointers to all the possible translations of this word (i.e., homographs). It also keeps a record of the literal Russian text, including punctuation.
- **Translation Layer:** lists all homographs. Most words have a single translation, but some can have over a dozen. Each homograph is given a separate record with all its information. The *homograph queue* on the Source Layer keeps track of these records. During translation, the record which translates best will be chosen (see Chapter 8, Disambiguation).
- **Symbolic Layer:** lists all symbolic constants generated for each homograph. A pointer from the Translation Layer is assigned to the homograph chosen to describe this word's role in the sentence.

Figure 6-1 shows the three-layered word structure. In this example, there is only one translation of the word. If more were present, the homograph queue would have pointers to each translation, and the pointer to the disambiguated homograph would refer to the one chosen as the best.

Figure 6-1 Three-Layered Word Structure



While this structure is very efficient and convenient for the program, it often requires the programmer to jump through hoops to get to the desired field. The following statement returns the symbolic constant chosen to represent a single word:

```
SymbolicConstant =
    gSentence(ComponentPtr).Match(gSentence(ComponentPtr).MatchPtr).
    SymbolicConstants.SymbolicConstant(gSentence(ComponentPtr).
    Match(gSentence(ComponentPtr).MatchPtr).SymbolicConstantPtr)
```

where ComponentPtr points to the word in the sentence.

CHAPTER 7

Transfer Rules

The Babel fish is small, yellow, leech-like, and probably the oddest thing in the Universe. It feeds on brain-wave energy received not from its own carrier but from those around it. It absorbs all unconscious mental frequencies from this brain-wave energy to nourish itself with. It then excretes into the mind of its carrier a telepathic matrix formed by combining the conscious thought frequencies with nerve signals picked up from the speech centers of the brain which has supplied them. The practical upshot of all this is that if you stick a Babel fish in your ear, you can instantly understand anything said to you in any form of language. The speech patterns you actually hear decode the brain-wave matrix which has been fed into your mind by your Babel fish.

—Douglas Adams [1]



Alas, interfacing the computer with a Babel fish still remains unworkable. But the idea of using the source language to decode a translation matrix is quite feasible. No “brain-wave matrix” is employed, though; instead translation is done by using the symbolic constant representation of a sentence to decode a set of reorganization constructs known as *transfer rules*. These rules describe how a sentence is grammatically structured in Russian, and how it is restructured to form a rough English translation.

Transfer Rule Structure

Transfer rules can be very simple or extremely complex. Often it is more practical to break large, unwieldy rules into several smaller ones. Regardless of the rule complexity, however, each transfer rule consists of four components:

- **Comment Field:** an arbitrary English description of the transfer rule. This is not used for translation; it is simply helpful to keep the transfer rules organized.
- **Russian Expression:** a grammatical description of a Russian sentence or series of grammatically related sentences based on the symbolic constant representation.
- **English Expression:** the corresponding English grammatical description of the Russian sentence or sentences.
- **Frequency of Reference:** the number of times the transfer rule has been successfully applied to translate a sentence. The transfer rules are sorted by this field so more commonly used rules are tried first.

Transfer rules exist in two forms:

- **Compressed Form:** the rules as they are entered and modified from the Transfer Rule Editor, as well as how they are stored in the transfer rule file. Rules in this form can have nested optional parameters. See Appendix D for a complete listing of the compressed transfer rules.
- **Uncompressed Form:** the expanded form of each compressed rule. All combinations of required and optional parameters are generated. A single complex compressed rule can generate thousands of uncompressed rules. This is how they are represented in memory. When the program starts, the compressed rules are automatically uncompressed and written to the file T-RULES.LOG.

Transfer Rule Syntax

The *Russian expression* is used only to match a sentence to the appropriate transfer rule. This matching is done by comparing the structure of the current sentence to every defined sentence structure. The comparisons are done on two symbolic constant levels, both of which must pass to have a transfer rule selected. The first-level analysis quickly determines whether the more complex and time-consuming second-level analysis is warranted:

1. **Term Matching:** the order of the parts of speech from the sentence must correspond exactly to the order of the transfer rule. For example, the expression `1:AV_N_*` `2:AJ_(1)_(2)` `3:NO_(1)_(2)_*` would match on any adverb–adjective–noun constructions (e.g., the really cool dog, a terribly ferocious lion, etc.)
2. **Parameter Matching:** this is a more complex analysis to determine how the symbolic constants modify each other. In the above expression, the case and gender parameters, **(1)** and **(2)**, respectively, must be identical between the adjective and the noun it modifies. This parameter binding helps resolve more convoluted Russian sentences (see the “dog sees cat” example in Chapter 3).

The *English expression* describes how to form each translated word and where to place it in the English sentence. Each English term refers to an enumerated term in the Russian sentence. This is also referred to as a *slot grammar* [19]. The English expression for the above example would be: **3A 1% 2% 3N**. The first term, **3A**, indicates that the article associated with Russian Term #3, the noun, should be in English Slot #1. Terms **1%** and **2%** require no special processing of the translation since these refer to the adverb and the adjective of Russian Terms #1

and #2 and take English Slots #2 and #3, respectively. Finally, **3N** indicates that the proper form of the noun (i.e., singular or plural) should be placed in English Slot #4.

Translations of each term are processed according to the English term parameter. In this example, **A**, **%**, and **N** are used to process an article, anything requiring no processing (known as a *straight replacement*), and a noun, respectively. See Appendix Table B-9 for full syntax details.

Nesting of optional transfer rule terms is possible, but limited to two levels (i.e., one set of optional terms within another set). To simplify designing and processing nested sets, outer sets are enclosed in brackets (i.e., []), and any set nested within it uses braces (i.e., {}). Optional terms allow a single rule to describe many grammatically related Russian sentence structures.

Two levels proved to be sufficient to describe most Russian sentences; for any few exceptions, separate rules can be created. This decision has also been made in other machine translation systems for Russian: Sigurd and Gawronska-Werngren [36] write that “[f]ixed format rules with a restricted number of slots are preferred. Recursive rules allowing any number of infinitely long constituents at almost any place in the sentence, although mathematically interesting, are avoided.” Such constructions are extremely difficult to manage, especially since each transfer rule in this program has two separate expressions to process. Term errors in either compressed expression usually make all uncompressed forms of a rule unusable.

The following example shows each component of a transfer rule. Most rules are far more complex, usually describing various subject–verb–predicate constructions. This example is for illustrative purposes only:

Comment:

```
[ {adverb} + adjective ] + [adjective] + noun
```

Meaning: a noun with zero, one, or two adjectives, and possibly an adverb if at least one adjective is present.

Compressed Russian Expression:

[{AV_N_*} AJ_(1)_(2)_*] [AJ_(1)_(2)_*] NO_(1)_(2)_*

Compressed English Expression:

4A [{1%} 2%] [3%] 4N

Uncompressed Rules (with example translations):

1) 4:NO_(1)_(2)_* → 4A 4N

The/a collie.

2) 2:AJ_(1)_(2)_* 4:NO_(1)_(2)_* → 4A 2% 4N

The/a border collie.

3) 3:AJ_(1)_(2)_* 4:NO_(1)_(2)_* → 4A 3% 4N

The/an awesome collie.

Note that in this rule, the adjective refers to Term #3, whereas the previous rule refers to Term #2. Both rules process identical constructions.

4) 1:AV_N_* 2:AJ_(1)_(2)_* 4:NO_(1)_(2)_* → 4A 1% 2% 4N

The totally awesome collie.

5) 2:AJ_(1)_(2)_* 3:AJ_(1)_(2)_* 4:NO_(1)_(2)_* → 4A 2% 3% 4N

The/an awesome border collie.

6) 1:AV_N_* 2:AJ_(1)_(2)_* 3:AJ_(1)_(2)_* 4:NO_(1)_(2)_* →

4A 1% 2% 3% 4N

The/a totally awesome border collie.

Transfer rules are very good at reordering and translating components which already exist in the Russian sentence. Most components have a one-to-one translation correspondence (e.g., *WJ|RI* dog) or a one-to-many correspondence (e.g., *_OZI S* has been reading) which provides all the necessary information to form the English sentence properly. Transfer rules, however, do not deal well with none-to-one or none-to-many correspondences. This occurs because Russian rarely

uses the present tense form of the verb ‘to be.’ The sentence “*H’; I XPI U*” translates literally as “*I Tarzan”: the first word maps to ‘I’ and the second word to ‘Tarzan.’ Clearly, the verb form ‘am’ is necessary in the English sentence, but nothing in the Russian structure indicates that. In such cases, the English verb is omitted.

Luckily, scientific Russian often uses various other verbal constructions in place of ‘to be’ (referred to as *circumlocution*) [28]: to appear, to exist, to be located, to occur, etc. Furthermore, descriptions of location in Russian usually use more specific verbs than in English. For example, “the picture is on the wall,” and “the chair is against the wall” would often be rendered in Russian literally as “[the] picture hangs on [the] wall” and “[the] chair stands against [the] wall,” respectively. In any case, sentences like “*I Tarzan, you Jane” do occur with some frequency, even in scientific Russian. Although their translations might be more appropriate in the jungle, they are nevertheless completely understandable.

Another downside of transfer rules is that they rely entirely on grammar and syntax to translate. As a result, they are potentially capable of producing convoluted translations when the original sentence is structured in an unusual or unexpected manner. Such translations are often referred to as ‘word salads.’ Luckily, properly formed transfer rules usually prevent this from occurring.

Transfer Engine

Chapter 6 mentioned that each Russian word is assigned usually more than one symbolic constant which describes the word’s role in the sentence. Multiple symbolic constants are a result of not every different inflection having a unique spelling. For example, the word *YVJIRN* (dog) is in either the dative singular or prepositional singular case. At the time of symbolic constant assignment, no

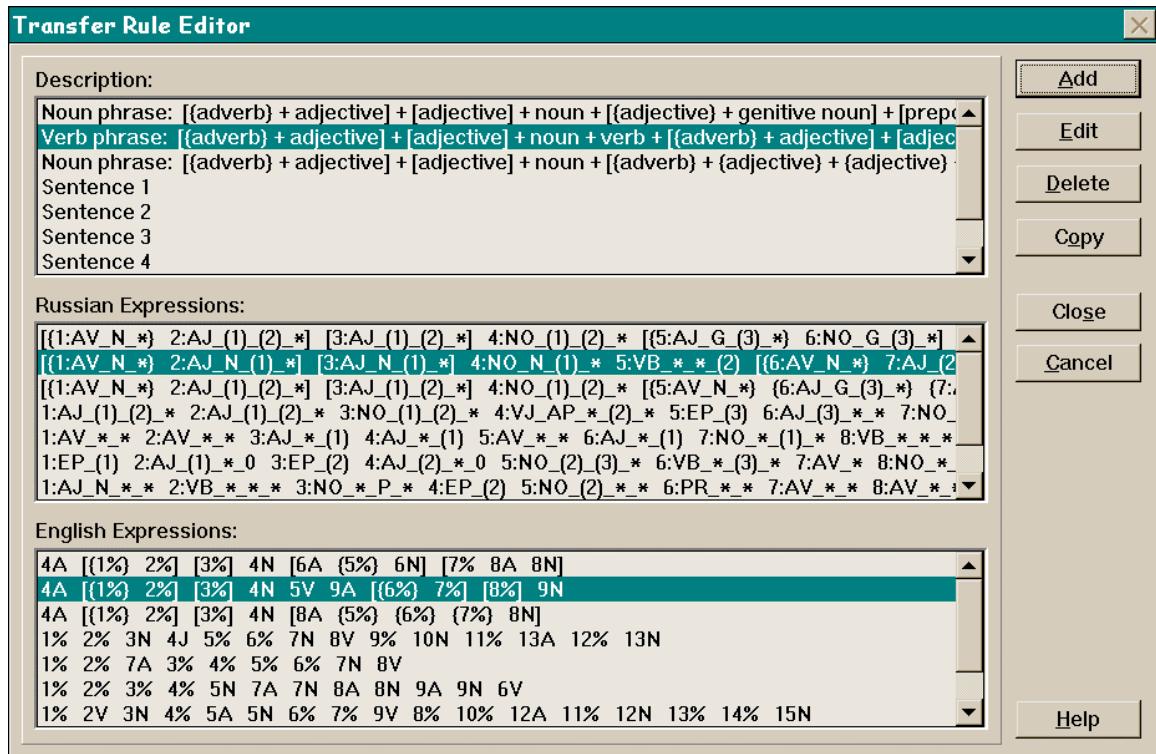
information was available to choose which constant fits best. It is the responsibility of the transfer engine to select the applicable symbolic constant.

The program uses a brute-force search method to resolve symbolic constant ambiguity: all possible combinations are generated and compared against every transfer rule. This method is computationally intensive, at one point employing 32 nested loops (32 is the maximum number of words allowed in a sentence). However, the list of transfer rules is ordered by frequency of reference, so more commonly used rules are encountered first. Typical Russian sentences require only a couple hundred iterations—less than a second of processing time—to find a match. The number of iterations is large only if no match can be found, in which case, every combination must be processed.

Transfer Rule Editor

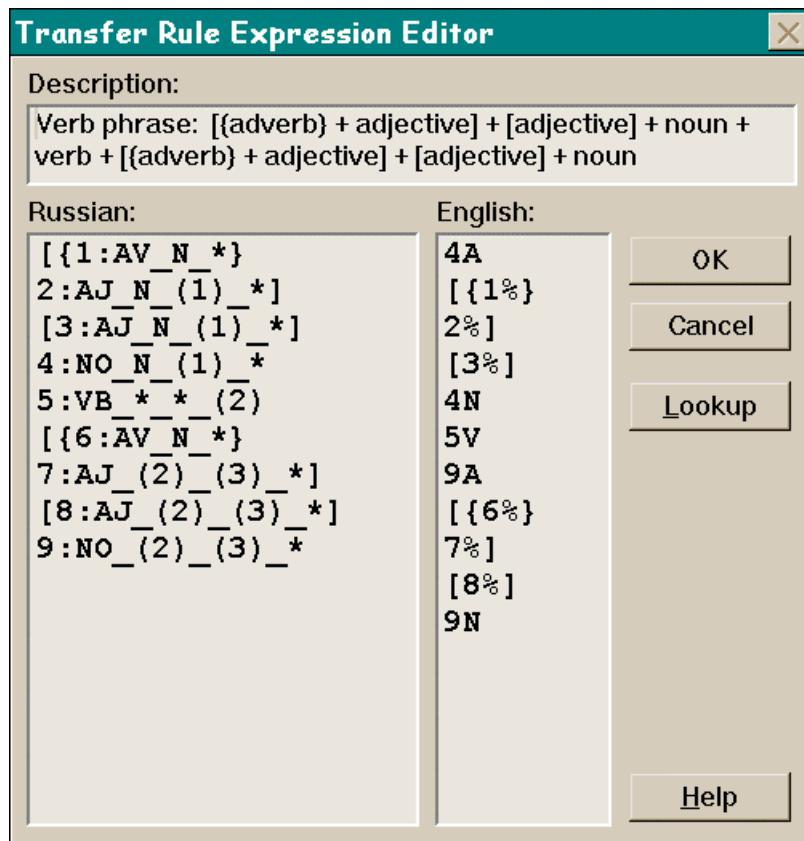
This editor provides an interface for creating and modifying transfer rules. The main screen displays the three components of every transfer rule: the comment field, the Russian expression, and the English expression. All three windows are linked together, so scrolling one correspondingly scrolls the other two.

Figure 7-1 Transfer Rule Editor



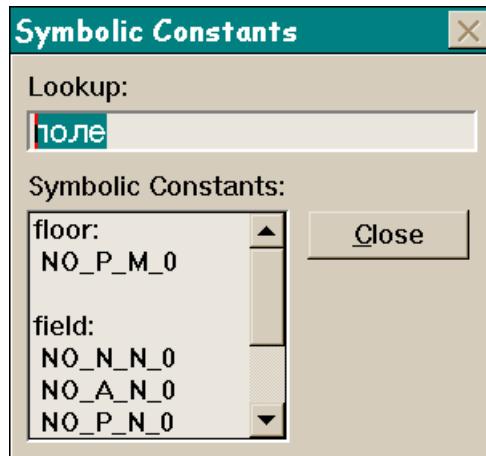
To create or modify a transfer rule, the Transfer Rule Expression Editor is used. Each transfer rule component appears in a separate field where the typical editing functions are available (i.e., insert, delete, cut, paste, etc.) Error checking ensures that the *syntax* of a transfer rule is correct; it cannot check whether a rule will work as intended, however.

Figure 7-2 Transfer Rule Expression Editor



Transfer rule terms are intimately coupled with the structure of the symbolic constants they process. These constants, however, are not in a particularly friendly form for the user. In an effort to simplify working with transfer rules, a special lookup can be done on any entry in the bilingual lexicon. This lookup returns the symbolic constants for the given form of the entry. All matches are returned, including any homographs. Figure 7-3 shows a symbolic lookup on the word form ВSN (floor, gender, or field).

Figure 7-3 Symbolic Constant Lookup



CHAPTER 8

Translation

The program translates an abstract sentence by sentence, and each sentence word by word. Chapter 7 discussed how each word is assigned an intermediate representation of symbolic constants, and how these are used to reorder a sentence. This chapter goes into more detail on the reordering process, especially on how the English words are formed.

English Verbal Constructions

Translating Russian verbs into English presents a difficult problem. Although both languages have many verb forms in common (e.g., past, present, future, etc.), their translations can be worded in different ways (see Appendix Table B-5 for a list of supported verb translations). For instance, the third person, plural, present tense form of the imperfective verb `_OZI Zd` (to read) can be translated as:

- they read (present indicative)
- they are reading (present progressive)
- they have been reading (present perfect progressive)

Each of these translations, while conveying the same idea of ‘reading,’ has a slightly different connotation. However, since the Russian verb does not distinguish between them, the transfer engine has no information from which to choose the best form for the English sentence. This problem has been solved partially by the use of pseudo-random selection based on the frequency of each construction in a small sample of translated Russian scientific text. The probabilities for this example are

roughly 0.6, 0.3, and 0.1, respectively. The sample size was approximately 7,500 words taken from personal translations of [7] and [8].

A better method for verb translation might be partial context processing of the Russian sentence. Although the verb itself does not generally provide enough information, nearby words may help narrow down the choices. This could improve the translation quality, but there would always be some instances where the wrong English construction would be chosen. Many choices in translation by humans are based on what sounds and feels good—abilities the program cannot rely on.

English Article Selection

Machine translation systems perform poorly on linguistic phenomena which cannot be formally described well [21]. Among these phenomena are articles, which are notoriously problematical in Russian to English translations [36]. Since Russian has no articles, and there are few grammatical rules for their use in English, this presents difficulties in generating smooth translations. Luckily, articles—or the lack thereof—do not undermine the content of a translation.

In an effort to provide a heuristic method of article selection, each English noun has articles associated with it in the bilingual lexicon (see Table B-3, Transfer Attribute Details). This association indicates which articles make sense with the noun (e.g., *a* or *the* computer), and which do not (e.g., **an* electricity). A pseudo-random number generator chooses between ‘*a/an*’ and ‘*the*’ when both are possible. Trial and error has shown that ‘*the*’ should be given a higher probability (about 0.66).

Homograph Disambiguation

If natural languages were like computer languages, there would never be any uncertainty in their interpretation. As Ratner [30] writes: “when was the last time you encountered a while loop that meant something other than what it always

means!” Ambiguity is common in natural language and manifests itself as either a lexical or structural problem [13]:

Lexical Ambiguity

Ambiguity of this type involves multiple interpretations of a single word:

- **Categorical:** a word is more than one part of speech. For example, in English, *light* can be a noun (i.e., source of illumination), an adjective (i.e., not heavy), or a verb (i.e., to ignite).
- **Homographical:** a word has more than one meaning. For example, *bank* can be a financial institution or the edge of a river.
- **Polysematical:** a word has a language-specific metaphorical relationship. For example: the *mouth* of a river. In Russian, this expression is written as a single word ‘[YZdN which has nothing to do with a mouth.
- **Translational:** a single source language word translates into more than one different target language word. See Table 8-1 for an example.

Structural Ambiguity

Ambiguity of this type involves multiple interpretations of an entire sentence:

- **Real:** a sentence has an unclear meaning. For example: the man saw the woman with the telescope. Did the man use the telescope to see the woman, or did he see the woman who has the telescope? Note that in Russian, this is rendered with two different constructions:
T[O a QU['KOMIS'ONJa QU['K'ZNSNYRVW and
T[O a QU['KOMIS'ONJa QU['Y'ZNSNYRVWWT.

- **Accidental:** parts of a sentence have categorical lexical ambiguities which make it unclear what agrees with or modifies what. For example: the man noticed her shaking hands. Was she giving someone a handshake, or were her hands unsteady? Again the Russian sentences are unambiguous: Т[O a QUI 'PI TNZOS`RI R'VUI 'WVOOTI SI 'X[RQ ([the] man noticed how she was shaking hands) versus Т[O a QUI 'PI TNZOS`RI R 'WVOI SQN X[RQ ([the] man noticed how her hands were shaking).

As these examples demonstrate, clarifying many ambiguities is difficult even for humans. The level of programmatic complexity necessary to deal with the more obscure problems would have been excessive for this project. Disambiguation, therefore, was limited to categorical and translational problems.

Categorical ambiguities were relatively easily solved with the use of symbolic constants. In nearly all Russian transfer rule constructions, only one part of speech correctly fits into a word slot. Also, since Russian parts of speech are identified by different sets of inflections, it is extremely rare for the role of a word to be confused.

Translational ambiguities presented a tougher problem. When a single Russian word has more than one possible English translation, the program must decide which translation to use. These decisions are based on contextual clues in the Russian text and its intermediate transfer representation. Each possible translation has an associated disambiguation expression which describes when it should be chosen over the other translations.

Disambiguation expressions work by searching forward, backward, or in both directions, from the word to be disambiguated (known as the *fulcrum word*). The distance (i.e., number of words) from the fulcrum word is known as the *search radius*. Disambiguation expression terms can be combined with AND/OR/XOR/NOT

operators to form compound logical expressions (see Table B-8 for the function operators). Three types of searches can be done within the given radius (see Table B-7 for the parameter syntax):

1. **Literal:** the Russian text is searched for the given string.
2. **Syntactic:** the symbolic constants are searched for the given part of speech or grammatical construction.
3. **Associative:** the Russian nouns are searched for the given association (i.e., person, place, thing, animal, or figurative/idiomatic).

Table 8-1 shows some possible translations of the word ‘КОМ’[14]. Each requires a separate bilingual lexicon entry and disambiguation expression.

Table 8-1 Some Translations of ‘КОМ’

Translates As	When Fulcrum Word
appearance	cannot be determined by any other disambiguation expression [†]
aspect (grammatical)	followed by the word 'LSI LVS' (verb)
condition	in the prepositional case AND preceded by an adjective
form	preceded by the preposition 'К' AND followed by a genitive noun
kind	followed by a genitive noun
mind	in the locative case AND preceded by the verb 'ОТНЗд' (to have)
prospects	in plural
sight	preceded by the preposition 'ВХО'
species	followed by an animal
view	followed immediately by the preposition 'У '

[†] Default translation

Transfer Details Log

One of the goals of this project was to demonstrate Machine Translation and Natural Language Processing principles. To this end, the program logs all important translation details:

- Each sentence.
- Each word and its symbolic constant representation(s).
- The set of symbolic constants chosen for the each sentence.

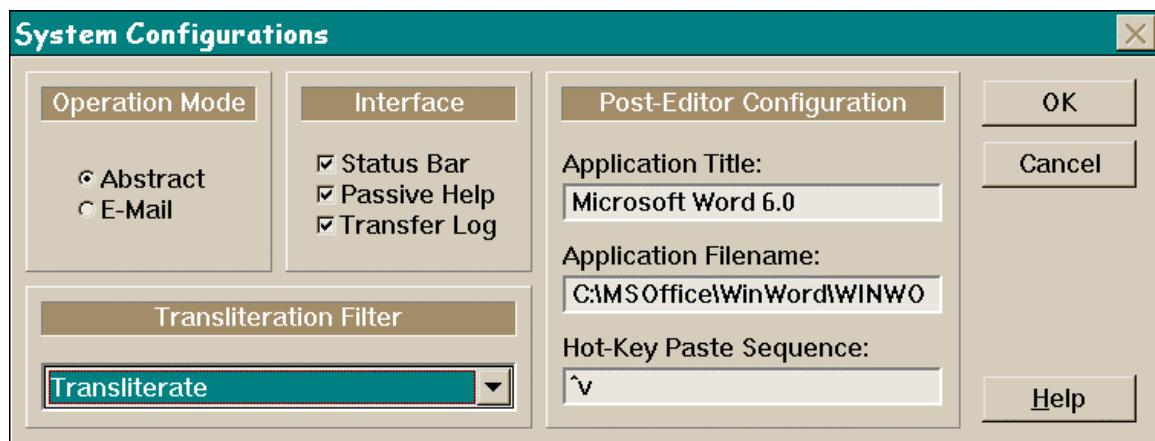
- Any disambiguation decisions.
- The transfer rule selected for each sentence.
- Any post-translation cleanup filter replacements.
- The final translation.
- Translation statistics (e.g., percent translated, translation time, etc.)

See Appendix Table F-5 for a complete listing of a transfer details log.

Translation Post-Editor

Translations can be edited, saved, and printed directly from the program; however, these functions are very limited. For added flexibility, the current translation can automatically be inserted into an external word processor. The default word processor is Microsoft Word® 6.0, but any Windows®-compatible program should work. The full filename of its executable program is necessary, as well as the sequence of hot-keys used to paste from the clipboard. Microsoft® products consistently use CONTROL-V (indicated as $\wedge V$). Figure 8-1 shows the Post-Editor Configuration dialog.

Figure 8-1 Post-Editor Configuration



CHAPTER 9

Post-Translation Cleanup Filters

Transfer rules are generally successful in translating content, but the English sentences they generate may be less than desirable; often they are choppy, verbose, or even partially unintelligible. *Post-translation cleanup filters* provide a simple, yet powerful way to improve raw translations. These are implemented using a straightforward search-and-replace algorithm. Two types of systematic transfer problems can be reduced or eliminated: cosmetic and idiomatic.

Cosmetic Problems

Russian scientific terms tend to be more descriptive in nature than their English equivalents. Since the bilingual lexicon does not support entries for compound words or fixed expressions, the program always generates word translations. For complex terms, this often results in very long-winded English. For example, the computer term ‘time-of-day clock’ could be written and translated at least three ways [45]:

- LNUNXI ZVX'QTW\ SdMVK'QYZQUJULV'KXNT NJQ
[a] generator of [the] impulses of [the] true time
- MIZ_OR'QYZQUJULV'KXNT NJQ
[an] indicator of [the] true time
- _I Yc 'QYZQUJULV'KXNT NJQ
[a] clock of [the] true time

Such wordy translations can be replaced with the proper English terms or phrases. Depending on the desired translation quality and the time a user is willing to invest in compiling cleanup filters, it is possible to create an entire phrase-replacement dictionary.

Idiomatic Problems

Cosmetic problems in a translation may make the text more difficult to read, but they generally do not undermine the content. Cleanup filters play a more important role in correcting improperly translated phrases and expressions: they rely on the fact that improper translation will always be translated the same incorrect way. These errors are then replaced with the appropriate English expressions.

Although scientific text is generally less idiomatic than other text, some idioms are still commonly used. Human translators usually perceive idioms as single units, not literally. The program, however, adheres strictly to the grammatical transfer rules and translates accordingly. This often results in nonsensical translations. For example, the idiomatic expression ‘K’RVU^N’RVU^VK’ means ‘finally’ or ‘ultimately.’ Literally, it translates as ‘*at [the] end of [the] ends’ (note that ‘K’ here has been correctly disambiguated to ‘at,’ not ‘in’).

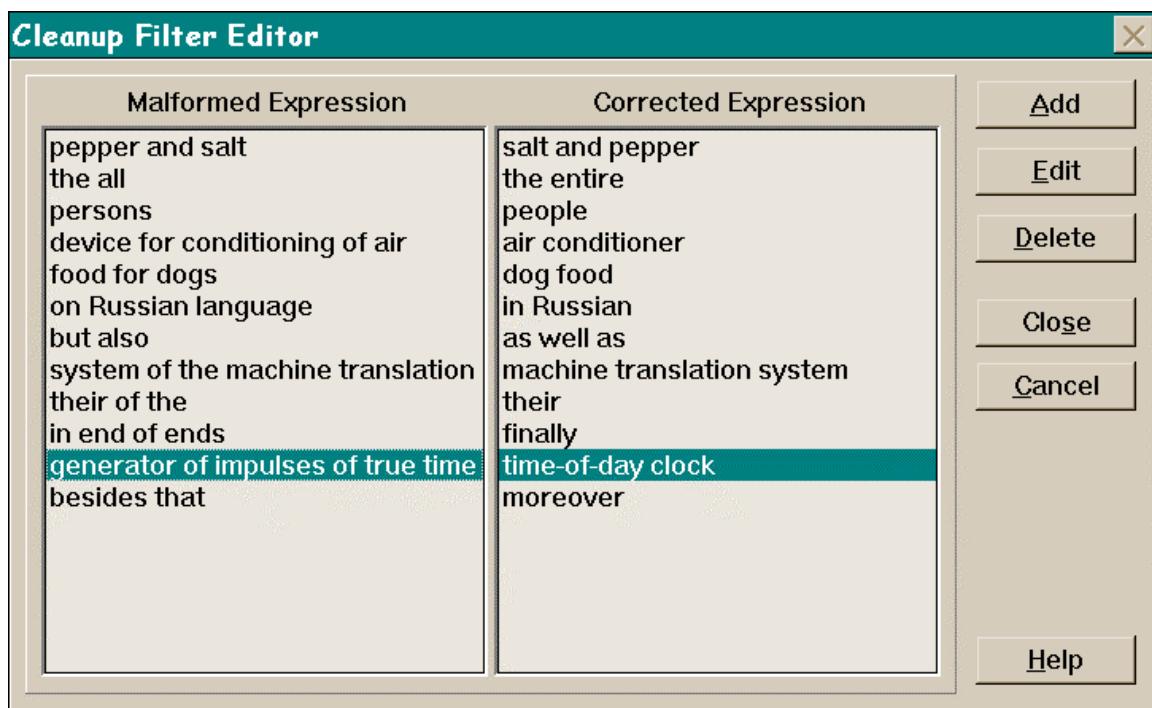
No transfer rule can correctly describe when such constructions should be taken literally, and when idiomatically. Consider ‘K’RVU^N’MVg,’ which has the exact same grammatical structure. Here literal translation works fine: ‘at [the] end of [the] day.’

Hard and Soft Cleanup Filters

Post-translation cleanup filters can be either *hard* or *soft*. Both types of filters function identically; they differ only in where they are defined. Hard cleanup filters are coded directly into the program and cannot be changed by the user. These filters take care of systematic translation problems which the user should never see or need to change. For example, English spelling rules dictate that the indefinite article ‘a’ should be written as ‘an’ if the following word begins with a vowel sound. A dedicated hard filter replaces the string ‘ a a’ with ‘ an a’. This takes care of cases

like ‘* a apple’ ‘ an apple’. Soft cleanup filters are user-definable through the Post-Translation Cleanup Filter Editor (Figure 9-1):

Figure 9-1 Post-Translation Cleanup Filter Editor



CHAPTER 10

Evaluating Machine Translations

Evaluating the quality of any translation is a subjective process. Judging a translation solely on its appearance is not a particularly effective method [36]. Perfectly smooth and grammatically correct translations may not be correct in meaning. Likewise, sloppy, grammatically weak translations may convey the content of the original very well. This chapter discusses some of the criteria used to evaluate translation quality.

Analysis of Quality

One popular method to evaluate quality is to look at sentence structure. Nagao [21] writes that sentence translations can be separated into the following categories from highest to lowest quality:

1. Properly formed sentences.
2. Properly formed sentences which include grammatical errors.
3. Sentences which are difficult to read unless certain portions are rearranged.
4. Sentences which are partly correct, but partly incorrect.
5. Sentences in which the word order is incorrect and a properly formed sentence is not produced.
6. Only fragmented translation with omissions.
7. No translated output.

Nagao [21] further evaluates a sentence for the following two characteristics, again in descending order of quality:

Grammaticality and Ease of Understanding

1. The sentence has a clear meaning, with no possibility of misunderstanding. Appropriate grammar, terminology, and sentence structure are employed, and post-editing is not necessary.
2. The meaning of the sentence is clear, but there are slight problems in the sentence structure, grammar, or terminology. Post-editing would easily be accomplished by human hand.
3. The overall meaning can be grasped, but there are small ambiguities due to grammar or terminology. Post-editing would best be done with reference to the original work.
4. The quality of the translation is poor, and there are many problems of grammar and terminology. Some understanding of the sentence can be inferred after lengthy study of the translation, but it would be better to undertake the translation anew by human translator than to post-edit the machine translation.
5. No understanding of the contents of the translated sentence is possible. Human translation is required.

Fidelity

1. The entire contents of the original text have been translated into an easily readable form.
2. The entire contents of the original text have been faithfully reproduced and [are] easily understood in the translation, but minor post-editing is required.
3. The translation is generally faithful to the original, but some reorganization of the word-order is required.

4. The translation is generally faithful to the original text, but there are errors in the relationships between phrases, tenses, singular/plural, position of adverbs, etc. Post-editing requires structural transformation.
5. The structure and contents of the original work are not well preserved in translation, with portions of the original text incorrectly translated or the referent of words and phrases incorrect.
6. The structure and contents of the original are poorly translated. Phrases and clauses are missing, but valid sentence structure is achieved.
7. The translation reflects neither the structure nor the contents of the original text. Valid sentence structure is not achieved because of missing subjects, predicates, etc.

Some degree of error in fidelity must be expected because translations, especially non-technical, are supposed to convey not only meaning, but emphasis, intensity, feeling, etc. Without direct consultation with the author, even human translations are based heavily on the translator's interpretation of the work [43].

Appendix F shows an example translation done by this program. Figure F-1 is the English abstract posted for the seminar presentation of this project. It was hand-translated into Russian (Figure F-2) so the program could translate it back (Figure F-4). Note that some slight differences are present between the back-translation and the original English text. This is to be expected with any translation, machine or human. In this case, the original text was changed on two occasions because it was translated from English to Russian and back to English. This was done to allow those not able to read Russian to judge the quality of the translation. A better demonstration of the program's abilities, however, is to compare Figures F-2 and F-4.

This program was designed to provide rough translations for users wanting to know the content of abstract. As such, small errors in translation, and choppy or wordy English constructions are acceptable, as long as the content is reasonably correct.

Modifying this System

No machine translation system is ever complete: it goes through a life-cycle much as any other software evolves [21]. Over time, features are added, improvements are made, and the system is continually fine-tuned to perform better. In this program, such modifications can be made in five places, the first three of which require no changes to the internal workings of the program:

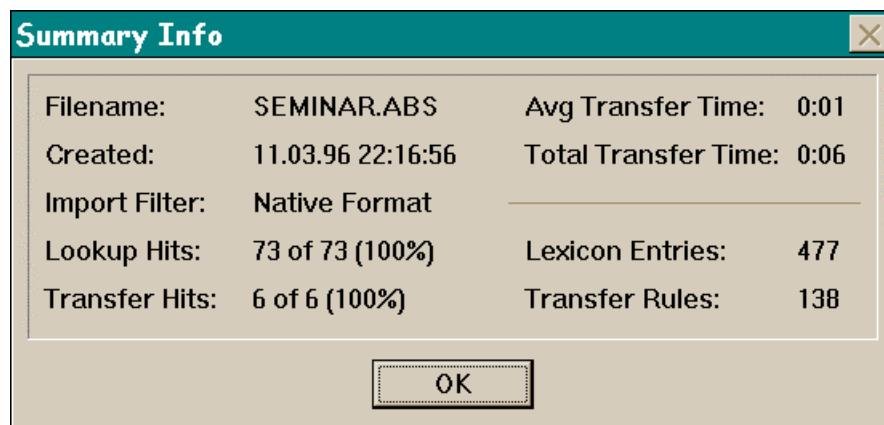
1. **Disambiguation Expressions:** words which are translated incorrectly in certain contexts can be given multiple lexicon entries, each with a specific disambiguation expression.
2. **Transfer Rules:** unusually constructed sentences which are translated badly can be described with special transfers rules. A substantial set of exception-processing rules can be built up over time.
3. **Soft Post-Translation Cleanup Filters:** these user-definable filters are extremely powerful in correcting badly translated idiomatic expressions or compound nouns. As with the transfer rules, a large set of cleanup filters can greatly improve overall translation quality.
4. **Hard Post-Translation Cleanup Filters:** these hard-coded cleanup filters are useful in correcting errors known at compile time.
5. **Transfer Engine Modifications:** this is the most radical type of change. Additional functionality can be designed into the system to take care of

cases where the above four methods are not applicable. Also, existing programming statements can be adjusted for better performance, such as the probabilities for pseudo-random selections.

System Statistics

The program monitors several performance characteristics (see Figure 10-1), allowing the user to see at a glance how well it is working. Most of the information pertains to the current abstract translated, such as the lookup and translation success rates, and the translation time. The only system information recorded is the number of lexicon entries and transfer rules. For more details on translation performance, see Chapter 6, Transfer Details Log and Appendix F.

Figure 10-1 Summary Info



CHAPTER 11

Future Enhancements

“If we knew what we were doing, it wouldn’t be called research.”

—Anonymous

Throughout the evolution of this research project, many decisions had to be made on which direction to take it, and, especially, how to get it there. Usually these were based on previous work, personal experience and intuition, and on the more-than-occasional “hmm, maybe this’ll work...” In retrospect, the choices made resulted in a system that, in many respects, greatly exceeded the original expectations. This chapter discusses some improvements that could be made to it.

Translation Improvements

The transfer engine is the heart of the translation system. Any improvements to it would be reflected at every level of the translation process.

Transfer Rules

- **Deeper Nesting of Terms:** current rules are limited to two levels of nesting. More levels would allow fewer transfer rules to describe more Russian sentence structures.
- **Embedded Sub-Rules:** common sentence constituents could be assigned head structures (e.g., noun phrase $NP \rightarrow [\{adverb\} + adjective] + [adjective] + noun$) These heads could then be referenced from other rules, eliminating the need to re-enter them. This is typical of others systems [33].

- **Use of Regular Expressions:** transfer rules must currently describe each term slot explicitly. The regular expression operators $*$ and $^+$ (i.e., zero-or-more and one-or-more, respectively) would allow repeating terms to be described more concisely. This would reduce the number of rules and their complexity, as well as increase their readability.
- **Use of Logical Operators:** transfer rules could use logical operators (i.e., AND/OR/XOR/NOT) to describe grammatical constructions.
- **Simplification of Rule Design:** creating a transfer rule currently requires a great deal of patience and intimate knowledge of Russian grammar. A better interface could be designed—possibly similar to the lexicon editor—where the user could be led through a series of building stages. Ideally, actual sentences could be used as the basis of a new rule.

Transfer Engine

- **On-the-Fly Transfer Rule Evaluation:** the current method of uncompressing all the transfer rules at program startup allocates a large amount of memory. Evaluating the compressed rules would use far less memory and probably reduce translation time.
- **Computational Complexity:** although portions of the major transfer algorithms have been redesigned five times already, they still could be greatly improved. Far too many nested loops are employed for the current system to be practical with a full-sized transfer rule base and lexicon.
- **Unknown Word Processing:** unknown words currently prevent the proper translation of an entire sentence. If the program could skip the unknown

slot, only that particular word would go untranslated. This would be especially useful for proper nouns (i.e., names, places, etc.), which typically need no translation or lexicon entry.

- **Rule Matching:** the current transfer rule matching algorithm is first-fit. Other algorithms, such as best-fit, second-best-fit, etc., might provide more flexibility in translating. A selection mechanism could be integrated in as another level of processing.
- **Verbal Constructions:** when more than one English verbal construction is possible, selection is made pseudo-randomly based on simple probability. Superficial context analysis of the Russian sentence components might help narrow down the choices.
- **Article Selection:** as with verbal constructions, article selection is also done pseudo-randomly, with the definite article ‘the’ being favored. Similar context analysis, but of the English sentence, might provide a better basis for selection.
- **Feedback:** improvements in translation are now made by manually identifying problems and refining parts of the transfer process. This could be semi-automated with a post-translation analysis interface. For example, the user could be prompted to identify problems and indicate corrections. The program could automatically generate exception-handling transfer rules for problem constructions, or re-adjust the pseudo-random selection weights [3].
- **Disambiguation:** the program could automatically keep track of how often a lexicon entry is chosen, especially with respect to surrounding

words [26]. This could be the basis of a statistical disambiguation algorithm which could augment the current method.

Post-Translation Cleanup Filters

The use of these filters to improve the raw translation has proven exceptionally powerful. However, currently they are limited to straight search-and-replaces on literal text only. Greater flexibility could be added to the post-translation cleanup process if the rules allowed expression evaluation with logical operators. Furthermore, searches could be done on more than just the literal text, similar to the way disambiguation expressions can do literal, symbolic, and associative searches.

Compound Word Processing

While post-translation cleanup filters do an adequate job of resolving compound Russian nouns (e.g., “time-of-day clock” from “[a] generator of [the] impulses of [the] true time) and idiomatic expressions (e.g., “finally” from “*in end of ends”), this is far from an ideal solution. More processing needs to be done in the earlier stages of translation. Specifically, the bilingual lexicon needs to be significantly redesigned to support compound entries. The Russian scientific word stock contains thousands of frequently used constructions which could be incorporated (Zimmerman and Vedeneeva [46] is an exceptional source).

CHAPTER 12

Conclusions

The direct approach to translation used for this project has shown favorable results. Its most significant advantages are the following:

Flexibility

The program will always generate translations for any sentence structure it recognizes, provided that it knows all the words. For sentences which it does not recognize, it provides a direct word translation which usually conveys the content of the original in rough form. A user with no knowledge of Russian should always be better off with the translation from this system than with the original Russian abstract.

Expandability

There is a finite number of ways to form typical Russian sentences in scientific abstracts. Each time a new transfer rule is added to recognize an unknown sentence, that particular structure and any grammatically related sentences become a permanent part of the program's memory. Eventually most sentence structures will be described. This ability to modify the system continually is extremely important, as Nagao [21] writes:

Stated bluntly, language is a massive conglomeration of exceptions and any competent machine translation system must therefore be able to incorporate the exceptional aspects of language simply and easily at every stage in its construction and function. In other words, the entire structure of the system must be open ended and evolutionary... During its construction and use, when a new or exceptional phenomenon is encountered, it is possible to insert that phenomenon directly into the system. The time required for improving the quality of such a system in this piecemeal fashion is of course extremely lengthy, and we anticipate that any rudimentary system will require years of refinement before it is truly useful. Such machine translation systems are virtually never fully completed.

Quality

Direct translations have relatively correct grammar with an acceptable English word order. Errors are generally cosmetic and require little or minor post-editing. Testing has shown that even badly translated abstracts still convey enough the original content to be useful.

Ambiguity

Translation by syntactic analysis naturally solves many complex problems of ambiguity, which is one of the major obstacles in the development of fully-functional machine translation systems [36]. This method of analysis, in combination with others, such as knowledge-based or statistical disambiguation, could form the basis of a very powerful disambiguation engine.

Far from being the ideal machine translation system, this project exhibits several disadvantages which make it unsuitable for practical use:

Lack of Flexibility

The fixed-form transfer rules are overly rigid. A sentence processed 99% correctly still fails if even a single word is unknown or in an unexpected position. Although a direct word-for-word translation is done in this case, it is essentially a ‘dump’ of everything extracted from the sentence. More leeway needs to be granted in matching transfer rules with sentence structures.

Lack of Expandability

Transfer rules are difficult to design and require intimate knowledge of Russian grammar. This prevents the typical user from expanding the system. Even adding new vocabulary—an extremely common procedure in machine translation

systems—requires the user to know the Russian words and to be able to describe them in grammatical terms.

Transfer rules do not lend themselves well to empirical designing and testing [3]. Usually rules are written in an *ad hoc* manner. As new rules are added, they may impact on existing rules, possibly degrading system performance. Thurmail [39] mentions this as a major concern: “One of the biggest problems in rule-based systems is that the application of rules has many side-effects, that they can feed or also block each other, and that rules written for a certain context fire in other contexts as well.” For the small, prototype system developed for this project, such problems did not present themselves. However, in a full-blown version, efficiency (i.e., translation quality and time) would surely suffer.

In conclusion, this project has been a worthwhile endeavor which fulfilled or exceeded all personal expectations. The time and effort put into its research, development, and discussion provided a wonderful opportunity to learn more about the many and varied aspects of work done in the field of Natural Language Processing and Machine Translation.

Dan Tappan
23 April 1996

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GLOSSARY

A

Adjective, compound comparative

two-word form of an adjective indicating that its quality is more than that of something else. For example: more interesting (J VSNN QUZNXNYUc-). See also *Adjective, simple comparative*.

Adjective, compound superlative

two-word form of an adjective conveying the meaning of *most of all*. For example: most beautiful (YI Tc- RXI YQKc-). See also *Adjective, simple superlative*.

Adjective, long form

adjective which can be declined to indicate case, gender, and number. See also *Adjective, short form; Case; and Inflections*.

Adjective, predicate

adjective, short or long form nominative, which appears in the predicate (non-subject) portion of a sentence. For example: The dog is *big* (meaning: the dog is a *big dog*). See also *Adjective, short form; Adjective, long form; Case; Declension; Inflection; and Predicate*.

Adjective, short form

predicate adjective which can indicate gender and number, but only in the nominative case. See also *Adjective, long form; Case; Inflections; and Predicate*.

Adjective, simple comparative

single word form of an adjective indicating that its quality is more than that of something else. For example: faster (J c YZXNN). See also *Adjective, compound comparative*.

Adjective, simple superlative

single word form of an adjective conveying the meaning of *most of all*. For example: greatest (KNSQ_I - ` Q-). See also *Adjective, compound superlative*.

Agreement

Russian enforces very strict grammatical requirements on its components. They must agree with each other in case, number, gender, and person. See also *Case, Gender, Government, Inflection, Number, and Person*.

Antecedent

word or phrase to which a pronoun refers back. For example: The dog is really friendly. She [i.e., the dog] also likes to play catch.

Article, definite

English determiner indicating specific reference to something (i.e., the). Compare: There is *the* house vs. there is *a* house. See also *Article, indefinite*; and *Target article*.

Article, indefinite

English determiner indicating non-specific reference to something (i.e., *a* and *an*). Compare: There is *a* house vs. there is *the* house. See also *Article, definite*; and *Target article*.

Aspect, imperfective

see *Verb, imperfective*.

Aspect, perfective

see *Verb, perfective*.

Attribute (code), primary

encoded form of syntactic information which differs for various parts of speech. For nouns, it indicates gender; for verbs, whether they are main or auxiliary, imperfective or perfective, reflexive or non-reflexive, determinate or indeterminate, etc. See Appendix Table B-2 for complete encoding details. See also *Attribute (code), secondary*.

Attribute (code), secondary

encoded form of the case(s) demanded by a preposition, noun, verb, adjective, adverb, verbal adjective, or verbal adverb. See Appendix Table B-2 for complete encoding details. See also *Attribute (code), primary*; *Cases*; and *Government*.

C

Case, accusative (direct object)

case of the agent being acted upon by a verb. For example: To throw the dog *a ball* (J X V Y O Z d T g _ Y V J I R N).

also used to indicate the object of prepositions demanding the accusative case: about (W X V), onto (U I), into (K), etc.

Case, dative (indirect object)

case of the agent receiving the action of a verb. For example: To throw *the dog* a ball (ЖХВЫОЗд'YVJ | RNTg_).

also used to indicate the object of prepositions demanding the dative case: toward (R), contrary to (КВВХНРQ), etc.

Case, genitive

Russian case indicating a relation of possession or ownership. Russian has no ‘apostrophe-s’ construction; instead, it uses the genitive case and an inverted word order. For example: The dog’s bone The bone of the dog (RVYZd'YVJ | RQ Literally: Bone dog-of).

also used to indicate the object of prepositions demanding the genitive case: near (VRVSV), from (QP, VZ), at ([), no (UNZ), etc.

Case, genitive partitive

infrequently used Russian case indicating small quantities. Whereas English requires support words like *some*, *a [wee] bit of*, *just a pinch of*, etc., Russian can render this idea with a single word in the genitive partitive case. Most commonly used with items like tea, milk, and sugar.

Case, instrumental

Russian case of the agent being used to perform the action of a verb. For example: To hit the dog *with the ball*. In Russian, *with the ball* can be rendered with just the word ball (Tg_) in the instrumental case (Tg_VT). English usually requires the prepositional phrase *with*, *using*, or *by means of* something.

also used to indicate the object of prepositions demanding the instrumental case: above (UI M), below (WWM), in front of (WXXNM), behind (P), with (Y), etc.

Case, locative

alternate Russian prepositional case used with some nouns to indicate location only. For example: UI 'WWS[(on the floor), not UI 'WWSN

Case, nominative (subject)

case of the agent performing the action of a verb. For example: *Lena* threw the dog a ball (Лена ЖХВЫОЗI Tg_YVJ | RN).

Case, oblique

any non-nominative case (i.e., genitive, genitive partitive, dative, accusative, instrumental, prepositional, or locative).

Case, prepositional

Russian case used with the prepositions about (V), on (UI), in (K), in the presence of (WKO), etc. Only prepositions can demand this case.

Conjugation

see *Verb, conjugation.*

Conjunction

any word, except a relative pronoun, used to connect words, phrases, or clauses (e.g., and, but, while, although, etc.)

Corpus (plural: Corpora)

for this project, a body of Russian scientific text from which examples of common sentence constructions were extracted. Most transfer rules are based on these examples. See also *Transfer rule*.

D

Declension

ending put onto nouns, adjectives, pronouns, etc. to indicate case, number, and gender. See also *Case; Inflection; Number; and Verb, conjugation.*

Declinable

noun, adjective, pronoun, etc. which can take a declension. See also *Case; Declension; Indeclinable; Inflection; Number; and Verb, conjugation.*

Diminutive

variation on a word conveying the meaning of small or unimportant, or to express affection. For example: cat kitty (RVZ RVZ•UVR).

Disambiguation expression

logical expression used to decide whether to choose one English word or phrase translation over another when there is ambiguity. For example, two translations of the Russian word КОМар: view and species. A disambiguation expression might dictate that *species* is the correct translation if there is an animal nearby in the sentence. See also *Source association*.

F

Fixed expression

group of words or phrase which is best considered a single unit and should not translated word for word. For example, KRVU^NRVU^VK taken as a fixed expression translates as *finally*. However, a literal word-for-word translation results in **in end of ends*.

G

Gender

set of three grammatical categories (masculine, feminine, and neuter) into which all Russian nouns fit. For living things, the gender is usually the same as its real-life gender (i.e., man is masculine, woman is feminine, etc.). However, for inanimate things, there is usually no pattern to gender assignments.

Government

all Russian prepositions, verbs, and some adjectives and nouns require that any word(s) they modify or act upon be in a certain case. See also *Agreement* and *Case*.

H

Homograph

words with the same spelling but different in meaning or part of speech. For example: bank (financial institution) versus bank (edge of a river), or saw (cutting tool) versus saw (to have seen).

I

Import filter

conversion table between different Cyrillic character sets and the one used internally by the program. Four import filters are built in: KOI-7, Native Format (KOI-8), Phonetic Unique, and Transliteration. See Appendix Table B-1 for complete mapping details.

Indeclinable

noun, adjective, pronoun, etc. which cannot take a declension. See also *Case*; *Declension*; *Declinable*; *Inflection*; *Number*; and *Verb, conjugation*.

Infinitive

non-conjugated (uninflected) form a verb, always preceded in English by *to*. For example: to say (LVKVOZd-YRI PI Zd). Nearly all Russian verbs come in pairs or triples, so their infinitive forms are usually written as imperfective-perfective, or indeterminate-determinate-perfective, respectively. See also *Inflection*; *Verb, conjugation*; *Verb, determinate*; *Verb, imperfective*; *Verb, indeterminate*; and *Verb, perfective*.

Inflections

ending put on words to indicate different forms, such as person, number, and tense for verbs, or case, number, and gender for nouns, adjectives, etc. See also *Case*; *Declension*; *Number*; *Person*; *Tense*; and *Verb, conjugation*.

Interjection

see *Emphatic particle*.

Interrogative

question word, either declinable (e.g., RZV, _ZV, RI RV-, etc.) or indeclinable (e.g., L_M, RVLM, RI R, etc.) See also *Declinable* and *Indeclinable*.

L

Lexicon

vocabulary of the program, with each entry's grammatical information and translation equivalents. See also *Attribute (code)*, *primary*; *Attribute (code)*, *secondary attribute*; *Source association*; and *Target*.

M

Mood, indicative

condition of a verb dealing with statements, assertions, and actual events (e.g., The dog never *bites*). See also *Mood, subjunctive*; and *Tense, present indicative*.

Mood, subjunctive

condition of a verb dealing with uncertainties, suppositions, and hypothetical statements (e.g., I doubt the dog *would bite*). See also *Mood, indicative*.

N

Negation

process of making a statement false, or eliminating the presence or existence of something (e.g., The dog *does not bite*, or, there *is no* mall in this town).

Number, plural

verb conjugation where there is more than one subject (e.g., we *are*, people *talk*). See also *Verb, conjugation*.

Number, singular

verb conjugation where there is just one subject (e.g., I *am*, the program *works*). See also *Verb, conjugation*.

O

Object, direct

see *Case, accusative (direct object)*.

Object, indirect

see *Case, indirect (indirect object)*.

P

Part of speech

grammatical role a word plays (e.g., noun, adjective, adverb, verb, etc.) See Appendix Table B-2 for complete encoding details.

Particle

word or short phrase (e.g., wow, holy cow, OH [O, etc.) used to intensify or add flavor to nearby words, or used in semi-idiomatic roles (to give up).

Past participle

verb used with the present and past perfect tenses, and adverbial participle expressions (e.g., The author has/had *written* a novel). See also *Tense*, *Verbal adjective*, and *Verbal adverb*.

Pattern (code)

unique set of inflections which are appended to the stem of a word to generate all its forms. See Appendix C for complete encoding details. See also *Declension*; *Inflection*; *Stem*; and *Verb, conjugation*.

Person

verb conjugation referring to the subject: *I/we* is first person, *you* second, and *he/she/it* third. See also *Verb, conjugation*.

Predicate

portion of a sentence not devoted to the subject. In the example, *the dog chased the cat all over the yard*, the subject is *the dog*, and the rest is the predicate. See also *Adjective*, *predicate*.

Preposition

word (non-verb) or group of words that governs the case of a noun and any words modifying it (e.g., *behind* the house, *under* the table, *in* the car, *on account of* rain, etc.) See also *Case*, *Government*, *Number*, and *Declension*.

Pronoun, demonstrative

determiner that references a specific item among more than one (e.g., *This* house, or *that* car, or *this* computer is faster than *that* one).

Pronoun, indefinite

word serving to replace an unknown noun or noun phrase (e.g., somebody, something, anybody, anything, etc.)

Pronoun, personal

word serving to replace a noun or noun phrase already mentioned (e.g., he, she, it, they, etc.) See also *Agreement*, *Case*, *Person*, and *Antecedent*.

Pronoun, possessive

noun modifier indicating ownership (e.g., my, your, his, her, etc.)

Pronoun, relative

word used to bind two clauses with a shared subject or object. English uses *who(m)* and *which (that)*, for people and things, respectively. Russian combines these into a single word, RVZVXc –. See also *Verbal adjective*.

R**Reflexive, active**

Russian reflexive verb which performs an action only on a non-accusative object. For example: [_ ZdYg X] YYRVT ['gPc R[(to study the Russian language). See also *Verb, non-reflexive*; and *Verb, reflexive*.

Reflexive, passive

Russian reflexive verb which performs an action on its subject(s) and has no objects (e.g., to wash *oneself*). See also *Verb, non-reflexive*; and *Verb, reflexive*.

S**Source abstract**

Russian abstract after conversion to the character set used internally by the program (Native Format or KOI-8).

Source association

general description of a Russian word's context used to disambiguate its translation (i.e., person, place, thing, animal, or figurative/idiomatic). More than one can be assigned to a word (e.g., *canyon* is both a place and a thing). See Appendix Table B-3 for complete encoding details. See also *Disambiguation Expression* and *Transfer attribute*.

Stem

base part of a word as it appears in the bilingual lexicon. By appending the appropriate inflection patterns to the stem, any form of the word can be generated. See also *Inflection* and *Pattern*.

Symbolic constant

concise encoded word description generated from the available syntactic information. For example: **VJ_PA_G_M_I** represents a present active verbal adjective modifying a masculine noun in the genitive case and itself demanding an instrumental object (e.g., KSI МИ a NV). See Appendix Table B-10 for complete encoding details. See also *Verbal adjective*.

T

Target (noun, adjective, etc.)

English translation of a Russian word. See also *Transfer*.

Target article (code)

valid article usage for a target noun (i.e., a, an, or the). Used mainly to eliminate non-existent combinations (e.g., *The Europe*, *An electricity*, etc.) Russian has no articles; therefore it is difficult for the program (and Russians!) to use the correct article(s) in English. See Appendix Table B-3 for complete encoding details. See also *Article*, and *Transfer attribute*.

Target plural (code)

inflection pattern appended to the stem of an English word to make it plural. The most common patterns are -s or -es. See Appendix Table B-3 for complete encoding details. See also *Transfer attribute*.

Tense, imperfect indicative

simple past tense form of a verb (e.g., *The dog ate my thesis*).

Tense, present indicative

simple present tense form of a verb, used mainly for making statements (e.g., *The dog sleeps all day*).

Tense, present perfect

compound past tense form of an English verb (e.g., *The dog has eaten my thesis*). See also *Past participle*.

Tense, progressive

verbal form conveying the meaning of an on-going process (e.g., *The dog has been chasing its tail for a week now*). Also known as the continuous tense.

Transfer

process by which the English target is generated from the Russian source. See also *Source* and *Target*.

Transfer attribute (code)

packed description of the context and syntax of a source and target word. See also *Source association*, *Target article*, and *Target plural*.

Transfer engine

part of the program which decides how to translate a sentence from Russian to English.

Transfer expression

modified regular expression describing how a sentence is structured. See also *Transfer rule*.

Transfer rule

set of transfer expressions combined to form the grammatical description of how to translate a sentence. See also *Transfer expression*.

Transfer rule base

ordered compilation of all uncompressed transfer rules which can be applied to translate a Russian document. See also *Transfer rule*.

Translation details

step-by-step account of the information extracted and the decisions made by the transfer engine in translating a Russian document. See also *Transfer Engine*.

Transliteration

transcription of the letters from one alphabet to another. See also *Import filter*.

V

Verb, auxiliary

verb used to indicate the voice, tense, or mood of another verb that cannot do it itself. In the example, *Lena will go to the shoe store*, the verb *to go* has no forms of its own by which a future tense can be indicated. For simple past tense, a form does exist (i.e., *went*); however, a form of the auxiliary verb *to have* is necessary to indicate present perfect tense (i.e., *Lena has gone to the shoe store*). See also *Verb, main*.

Verb, conjugation

ending put on verbs to indicate person, number, and tense. See also *Inflection*, *Number*, *Person*, and *Tense*.

Verb, determinate

Russian verb of locomotion conveying the meaning of motion in progress. See also *Tense, progressive*; *Verb, indeterminate*; and *Verb, perfective*.

Verb, imperative

verb form used for commands.

Verb, imperfective

Russian verb conveying the idea of a repeated, habitual, or general action, or an action that lasts for a specified duration. For example: For three days the dog did not eat (i.e., was not eating). See also *Verb, perfective*.

Verb, indeterminate

form of Russian verbs of locomotion conveying at least four meanings: general ability (e.g., the baby can walk), general or random motion, habitual motion (e.g., commuting), or a single round trip in the past tense. See also *Verb, determinate*; *Verb, imperfective*; and *Verb, perfective*.

Verb, intransitive

verb which cannot perform an action on any direct object (e.g., to sleep). See also *Verb, transitive*.

Verb, main

verb that does not function as an auxiliary verb. See *Verb, auxiliary*.

Verb, perfective

Russian verb used to indicate a simple action which comes to an end: For example: I read (i.e., finished) the book. See also *Verb, imperfective*.

Verb, support

verb which conveys very little or no meaning. For example, in *to take a walk*, *take* has nothing to do with gaining possession of something. Also known as light verbs.

Verb, reflexive

verb which performs an action on its subject(s). All Russian reflexive verbs end in -Yg or -Yd. For example: Tc ZdYg (to wash *oneself*). See also *Reflexive*.

Verb, transitive

verb which performs an action on an object (e.g., to write a letter). See also *Verb, intransitive*.

Verbal adjective, past active

single Russian word substitute for a past active relative clause construction. For example: The man who was photographing/photographed the dog... In Russian *who was photographing/photographed* can be rendered by a single word derived from the verb *to photograph* (i.e., \ VZVLXI \ OXVKI K Q-/M VZVLXI \ IOXVKI K Q-).

Verbal adjective, past passive

single Russian word substitute for a past passive relative clause construction. For example: The dog which was photographed/being photographed by the man... In Russian *which was photographed/being photographed* can be rendered by a single word derived from the verb *to photograph* (i.e., Y\ VZVLXI \ OXVKI UU g\ VZVLXI \ OXVKI UU g).

Verbal adjective, present active

single Russian word substitute for a present active relative clause construction. For example: The man who is photographing the dog... In Russian *who is photographing* can be rendered by a single word derived from the verb *to photograph* (i.e., \ VZVLXI \ OX[f a Q-).

Verbal adjective, present passive

single Russian word substitute for a present passive relative clause construction. For example: The dog which is being photographed by the man... In Russian *which is being photographed* can be rendered by a single word derived from the verb *to photograph* (i.e., \ VZVLXI \ OX[NTI g).

Verbal adverb, sequential

single Russian word substitute for an adverbial clause describing a sequence of events. For example: Having buried the bone, the dog fell asleep. In Russian, *having buried* can be rendered by a single word derived from the verb *to bury* (i.e., PI RVWK or PI RVWK Q).

Verbal adverb, simultaneous

single word substitute for an adverbial clause describing two events occurring at the same time. For example: While burying the bone, the dog often barked. In Russian, *while burying* can be rendered by a single word derived from the verb *to bury* (i.e., PI RI VT KI g).

Voice, active

verb construction where the subject is performing the action (e.g., The dog is eating the bone). See also *Voice, passive*.

Voice, passive

verb construction when the action is being performed by the subject, not necessarily named (e.g., The bone is being eaten [by the dog]). See also *Voice, active*.

APPENDIX A

User's Manual

File Menu

Open

Opens a Russian abstract or e-mail message. Supported character mappings are automatically converted to the program format.

How to...

Open an abstract

1. Make sure ‘Open Abstract’ appears on the title bar. If it does not, click **CANCEL** and choose **Configure** from the **Options** menu to switch to Abstract Mode.
2. Select the drive, directory, and document filename.
3. Click **OK**.
4. Wait while the default import filter is applied to the abstract. On slower computers, this may take 30 seconds or more. Progress is continually updated graphically in the lower-right corner of the screen.

If the abstract cannot be converted with the default import filter, the Manual Filter Selection dialog appears. Select any of the filters listed and click **OK**. If it is unclear which filter(s) to choose, click **SELECT ALL** and the correct filter, if it is defined, is applied automatically. If none of the selected filters succeeds in converting the abstract, a new import filter must be created (See **Import Filter Editor** on the **Edit** menu).

Open an e-mail message

1. Make sure ‘Open E-Mail Message’ appears on the title bar. If it does not, click **CANCEL** and choose **Configure** from the **Options** menu to switch to E-Mail Mode.
2. Select the drive, directory, and document filename.
3. Click **OK**.
4. Wait while the default import filter is applied to the e-mail message. On slower computers, this may take 30 seconds or more. Progress is continually updated graphically in the lower-right corner of the screen.

Commands

Open Abstract Dialog

OK

Opens the currently selected document and attempts to convert its character mappings to the program format.

CANCEL

Aborts trying to open a document.

HELP

Displays help on opening documents.

FILENAME

Enter the name of the Russian document to open, or click on any of the files listed.

LIST FILES OF TYPE*All Files (*.*)*

Lists all files in the current directory.

Source Abstract Files (.ABS)*

Lists all files with the .ABS extension in the current directory. Source abstracts are text files in any supported Cyrillic character set.

Converted Abstract Files (.CVT)*

Lists all files with the .CVT extension in the current directory. Converted abstracts are text files in the KOI-8 character set.

E-Mail Message Files (.TXT)*

Lists all e-mail message files with the .TXT extension in the current directory. The default import filter for e-mail messages is KOI-8.

Text Files (.TXT)*

Lists all text files with the .TXT extension in the current directory.

DRIVES

Lists the available drives.

DIRECTORIES

Lists the directories on the current drive.

Manual Filter Selection Dialog**FILTER LIST**

Shows all available import filters. More than one can be selected.

OK

Applies the selected import filter or filters to the current document. At least one import filter must be selected.

CANCEL

Aborts trying to apply any import filter to the current document. It cannot be read in or translated without the appropriate import filter.

HELP

Displays help on manually selecting an import filter.

SELECT ALL

Selects all available import filters. Use this when it is unclear which import filter(s) to apply to the current document.

C lose

Closes the current document and any associated windows (e.g., transliteration, translation details, etc.). It prompts to save any unsaved changes.

S ave

Individually saves components of the current document:

TRANSLATION

Saves the current translation.

TRANSLITERATION

Saves the current transliteration.

CONVERTED ABSTRACT

Saves the current abstract in the KOI-8 character set.

E-MAIL MESSAGE

Saves the current e-mail message in the KOI-8 character set.

TRANSLATION DETAILS

Saves a step-by-step account of information extracted and decisions made by the program during translation of the current document.

P rint Setup

Sets the default printer and its configurations for paper source, paper size, page orientation, etc.

P rint

Individually prints components of the current document:

TRANSLATION

Prints the current translation.

TRANSLITERATION

Prints the current transliteration.

CONVERTED ABSTRACT

Prints the current abstract in Russian.

E-MAIL MESSAGE

Prints the current e-mail message in Russian.

TRANSLATION DETAILS

Prints a step-by-step account of information extracted and decisions made by the program during translation of the current document.

Exit

Terminates the program. Its prompts to save any unsaved changes.

Edit Menu

Lexicon Editor

Provides a tool for describing and editing lexicon entries using the specific format and grammatical terms the program understands. For complete details on these terms, see the glossary, appendices, and thesis text.

How to...

Add a new lexicon entry

1. Click ADD.
2. Simultaneously press the CONTROL and SHIFT keys to change the keyboard layout to Russian. See Table B-1 for the key assignments.
3. In the *New Stem* field, enter the stem of the Russian entry.
4. Again simultaneously press the CONTROL and SHIFT keys to return the keyboard layout to English.
5. From the *Part of Speech* list, select the part of speech for this entry.
6. From the *Primary Attribute* list, select the primary attributes(s) for this entry. Some parts of speech have no primary attributes.
7. From the *Secondary Attribute* list, select the secondary attributes(s) for this entry. Some parts of speech have no secondary attributes.
8. For nouns, select from the *Associations* list the association(s) for this entry.
9. In the *Disambiguation Expression* field, enter an optional disambiguation expression.
10. Click NEXT.
11. In the *Pattern* field, enter the inflection pattern number. Use the up- and down-arrows on the keyboard or click on the arrow buttons to change the forms of the entry. Some inflection patterns are undefined.
12. Click NEXT.
13. In the fields shown, enter the English word forms requested. When all requirements are satisfied, the UPDATE button becomes available.
14. Click UPDATE.

Look up a lexicon entry

1. Click **ADD**.
2. Simultaneously press the CONTROL and SHIFT keys to change the keyboard layout to Russian. See Table B-1 for the key assignments.
3. In the *Lookup Entry* field, enter legal form of the Russian entry to find.
4. Again simultaneously press the CONTROL and SHIFT keys to return the keyboard layout to English.
5. If only one entry matches the given stem, its details are displayed immediately. The entry can now be modified or deleted.
6. If more than one entry matches the given stem, the *Lookup Results* dialog appears. From either the *Russian Entry* or *English Entry* list, select the unique entry to look up. Entries with inflections have ... appended. Inflections on ambiguous matches are displayed in square brackets.
7. Click **OK**.
8. The entry can now be modified or deleted.

Modify a lexicon entry

1. Follow the steps in ‘Look up a lexicon entry’ above.
2. Change any of the details for this entry. When all requirements are satisfied, the **UPDATE** button becomes available.
3. Click **UPDATE**.

Remove a lexicon entry

1. Follow the steps in ‘Look up a lexicon entry’ above.
2. Click **DELETE**.
3. Click **YES**.

Commands

Lexicon Editor

ADD

Adds a new entry to the lexicon.

LOOKUP

Searches the lexicon for the given entry and, if found, returns its record.
Lookups can be done on any legal form of an entry.

UPDATE

Completes the current operation and commits any changes.

DELETE

Removes the current lexicon entry.

CANCEL

Aborts the current operation and discards any changes.

NEXT

Opens the next folder.

BACK

Opens the previous folder.

CLOSE

Updates the lexicon, regenerates its index, and exits.

HELP

Displays help on editing lexicon entries.

Lookup Results Dialog**OK**

Looks up the selected entry.

CANCEL

Aborts the current lookup.

HELP

Displays help on selecting from multiple lexicon entries.

Transfer Rule Editor

Provides an editing environment for assembling the transfer rules used to translate Russian sentences to English. See Table B-9 for details on the syntax of transfer rules.

How to...**Add a new transfer rule**

1. Click **ADD**.
2. In the *Description* field, enter a brief description of the transfer rule.
3. In the *Russian* field, enter Russian expression of the transfer rule.
4. In the *English* field, enter English expression of the transfer rule.
5. Click **OK**.

Modify an existing transfer rule

1. Select from any list the transfer rule to modify.
2. Click **EDIT**.
3. Modify the description and Russian and English expressions.
4. Click **OK**.

Determine the symbolic constant(s) for a word

1. Click **LOOKUP**.
2. In the *Lookup* field, enter the word form in question.
3. All the symbolic constants matching this word and its inflections appear in the *Symbolic Constants* list. Double-click on any entry to paste it into the Russian expression of the transfer rule.

Copy an existing transfer rule

1. Select from any list the transfer rule to copy.
2. Click **COPY**.
3. Click **EDIT** to modify the copied transfer rule.

Remove an existing transfer rule

1. Select from any list the transfer rule to remove.
2. Click **DELETE**.
3. Click **YES**.

Commands

ADD

Adds a new transfer rule.

EDIT

Modifies the currently selected transfer rule.

DELETE

Removes the currently selected transfer rule.

COPY

Copies the currently selected transfer rule.

CLOSE

Saves any changes and exits.

CANCEL

Exits without saving any changes.

LOOKUP

Shows the symbolic constants for the lookup entry.

HELP

Displays help on editing transfer rules.

Import Filter Editor

Import filters are used to convert documents written with different Cyrillic character sets to the native program format. This editor allows the user to define and modify how characters sets are mapped.

How to...

Select a default import filter

1. Select the default import filter from the *Default Filter* list.
2. Click **OK**.

Create a new filter

1. From the *Default Filter* list, select a filter similar to the one to create. Filters usually have many mappings in common (e.g., numbers and punctuation), so the quickest and easiest way to create a new filter is to base it on a similar existing one.
2. Click **SAVE AS**.
3. In the *New Filter Name* field, enter the name of the new filter.
4. Click **OK**.
5. Define the mappings according to ‘Change how a filter is defined’ below.

Change how a filter is defined

1. From the *Default Filter* list, select the import filter to change.
2. Click the *Alphabet* or *Miscellaneous* folder tab to display its table of character mappings.
3. Click any of the mapping fields.
4. Enter or modify a mapping (see the Chapter 4 for format details). Use the CONTROL key plus the arrow keys to move between mappings.
5. Repeat steps 1 through 4 until all mappings are defined. Unused mappings must be assigned a zero.

Copy a filter

1. From the *Default Filter* list, select the filter to copy.
 2. Click **SAVE AS**.
 3. In the *New Filter Name* field, enter the name of the copy.
 4. Click **OK**.
- The copy automatically becomes the default filter. To change the default filter to another filter, see ‘Select a default import filter’ above.

Rename a filter

1. From the *Default Filter* list, select the filter to rename.

2. Click **SAVE AS**.
 3. In the *New Filter Name* field, enter the new name of the filter.
 4. Click **OK**.
 5. From the *Default Filter* list, select the old filter.
 6. Click **DELETE**.
 7. Click **YES**.
- No default filter is defined after a rename. To set the default filter, see ‘Select a default import filter’ above.

Remove a filter

1. From the *Default Filter* list, click on the filter to remove.
 2. Click **DELETE**.
 3. Click **YES**.
- No default filter is defined after a delete. To set the default filter, see ‘Select a default import filter’ above.
 - Although deleting a filter removes it immediately from the list of available filters, changes do not become permanent until **OK** is clicked. If a filter is accidentally deleted, click **CANCEL**. All other changes made during this filter setup session are also discarded.
 - Native Format (KOI-8), Phonetic Unique, Transliteration, and KOI-7 are built-in filters; they cannot be modified or deleted.

Commands

SAVE AS

Makes a copy of the default filter and assigns the copy a new name.

DELETE

Removes the default filter. A new default filter needs to be selected.

OK

Saves any changes and exits.

CANCEL

Exits without saving any changes.

HELP

Displays help on editing import filters.

AUTO-MAP

This function is not implemented in the current version. Its intended purpose is to determine the filter mapping automatically for unknown character sets.

DEFAULT FILTER

Shows the default filter automatically applied to all documents read in. The list shows all available filters.

ALPHABET

Upper Case and *Lower Case* are mapping tables of all uppercase and lowercase alphabetic characters, respectively.

MISCELLANEOUS

Special Characters is a mapping table of all numeric characters, plus punctuation, space, etc.

Extended Characters are mappings reserved for future expansion.

Cleanup Filter Editor

Provides a simple editor for commonly mistranslated expressions and their corrections.

How to...

Add a new filter

1. Click **ADD**.
2. In the *Malformed Expression* field, enter the incorrect expression exactly as it appears after translation.
3. In the *Corrected Expression* field, enter the properly constructed expression.
4. Click **OK**.

Modify an existing filter

1. Select from either list the expression to modify.
2. Click **EDIT**.
3. Modify the malformed and corrected expressions.
4. Click **OK**.

Remove an existing filter

1. Select from either list the expression to remove.
2. Click **DELETE**.
3. Click **YES**.

Commands

ADD

Adds a new expression to the list.

EDIT

Modifies the currently selected expression.

DELETE

Removes the currently selected expression.

CLOSE

Saves any changes and exits.

CANCEL

Exits without saving any changes.

HELP

Displays help on editing cleanup filters.

Post-Edit Translation

Opens the default external word processor to post-edit the current translation.

See **Configure** on the **Options** menu for details on how to change the default word processor.

Options Menu

Translate

Translates the current document into English.

Transliterate

Converts the current document from the Cyrillic to the Latin alphabet.

How to...

Transliterate a document

1. Choose **Transliterate** from the **Options** menu.

Change the transliteration filter

1. Choose **Configure** from **Options** the menu.
2. From the *Transliteration Filter* list, select a new transliteration filter.
3. Click **OK**.

Transliterate and send an e-mail message written in Cyrillic

1. Write the e-mail message using any word processor supporting Cyrillic characters (Microsoft Word® 6.0 with a KOI-8 font works well).
2. Save the e-mail message as ‘Text only with line breaks.’ If this is not available, save it as plain ‘ASCII Text.’

3. Choose Open from the File menu.
4. Choose Transliterate from the Options menu.
5. Click the right mouse button on the Transliteration window. From the pop-up menu, choose SelectAll
6. Again click the right mouse button on the Transliteration window. From the pop-up menu, choose Copy.
7. Paste the transliteration directly into the e-mail document. This procedure varies according the e-mail and terminal software used. Consult their user's manuals for help.

Summary Info

Displays information and performance statistics on the current abstract and the translation system. Most statistics are available only after the current abstract has been translated.

Filename

Shows the filename of the current abstract.

Created

Shows the time and date of the last modification to the current abstract.

Import Filter

Shows the import filter used to convert the current abstract.

Lookup Hits

Shows how many words in the current abstract were found in the lexicon.

Transfer Hits

Shows how many sentences of the current abstract were translated.

Transfer Time

Shows the total time taken to translate the current abstract.

Average Transfer Time

Shows the average time taken to translate a single sentence in the current abstract.

Lexicon Entries

Shows the number of entries in the lexicon.

Transfer Rules

Shows the number of uncompressed transfer rules defined.

Configure

Allows default system configurations and interface preferences to be modified.

How to...

Set the post-editor word processing package

1. In the *Application Title* field, enter the name of the word processor to use as the post-editor (e.g., Microsoft Word® 6.0, Word Perfect® 5.0, etc.).
2. In the *Application Filename* field, enter the full path and filename of the word processor's executable file.
3. In the *Hot-Key Paste Sequence* field, enter the string of characters used to paste clipboard contents into the selected word processor. For most Windows® applications, use ^v.
 - Control keys are indicated by +, ^, and %, for SHIFT, CONTROL, and ALT, respectively. Function keys are entered in braces: {F1}, {F2}, etc.

Commands

OK

Saves any changes and exits.

CANCEL

Exits without saving any changes.

HELP

Displays help on modifying system configurations.

Operation Mode

Abstract

Sets the primary document type to abstracts. Strict error checking is enforced on abstracts since unknown characters, misspellings, or formatting problems prevent translation.

E-Mail

Sets the primary document type to e-mail messages. These documents are intended to be transliterated, possibly edited, and pasted into an outgoing e-mail document. Error checking is minimal.

E-Mail messages are expected to be in KOI-8 (Native) format.

Interface

Status Bar

Shows or hides the status bar at the bottom of the main interface screen.

Passive Help

Shows or hides the passive help text on the status bar.

Transfer Log

Enables or disables the log of translation details. The translation process is marginally faster when the log is disabled.

Post-Editor Configuration

Application Title

Name of the post-editor word processing software.

Application Filename

Full path and filename of the post-editor's executable file.

Hot-Key Paste Sequence

String of hot-keys used to paste clipboard contents into the post-editor.

Transliteration Filter

Filter used to transliterate Cyrillic characters to Latin.

Window Menu

Transfer Details

Displays a step-by-step account of information extracted and decisions made by the program during translation.

Cascade

Sets all the currently open windows to the same size, then stacks them offset on top of each other starting at the top-left corner of the workspace. The currently active window appears on top.

Tile Horizontally

Resizes and repositions all the currently open windows so that they each occupy the entire workspace height, but do not overlap horizontally. If only one window is open, it occupies the entire workspace area.

Tile Vertically

Resizes and repositions all the currently open windows so that they each occupy the entire workspace width, but do not overlap vertically. If only one window is open, it occupies the entire workspace area.

Arrange Icons

Aligns the icons of all minimized windows into a single row at the bottom of the workspace.

Help Menu

Contents

Brings up the table of contents of this user's manual.

Search For Help On

Searches this user's manual for a specific word or phrase.

About Scientific Abstract Translator

Displays general information on this program.

APPENDIX B

Encoding Tables

Table B-1 Character Set Mappings

Cyrillic Alphabet ¹		Built-In Import Filters				Keyboard Assignment ⁴
Character	Pronunciation	Native Format ²	Phonetic Unique	KOI-7	Transliteration ³	
á Á	far	E1 C1	A a	A a	A a	A a
â Â	bat	E2 C2	B b	B b	B b	B b
÷ ×	vat	F7 D7	V v	W w	V v	V v
ç Ç	goose	E7 C7	G g	G g	G g	G g
ä Ä	dog	E4 C4	D d	D d	D d	D d
å Å	yet	E5 C5	E e	E e	E e	E e
³ £	yoke	B3 A3	YO yo	# \$	Jo jo	{ [
ö Ö	pleasure	F6 D6	ZH zh	V v	Zh zh]]
ú Ú	zero	FA DA	Z z	Z z	Z z	Z z
é É	tree	E9 C9	I i	I i	I i	I i
ê Ê	boy	EA CA	J j	J j	J j	J j
ë Ë	kangaroo	EB CB	K k	K k	K k	K k
í Í	ball	EC CC	L l	L l	L l	L l
í Í	monkey	ED CD	M m	M m	M m	M m
í Í	north	EE CE	N n	N n	N n	N n
í Í	open/October	EF CF	O o	O o	O o	O o
ð Ð	pencil	F0 D0	P p	P p	P p	P p
ð Ð	trust ^b	F2 D2	R r	R r	R r	R r
ð Ð	circle	F3 D3	S s	S s	S s	S s
ð Ð	town	F4 D4	T t	T t	T t	T t
ð Ð	stool	F5 D5	U u	U u	U u	U u
æ Å	fish	E6 C6	F f	F f	F f	F f
è È	hockey ^b	E8 C8	KH kh	H h	X x	X x
ã Ä	cats	E3 C3	TZ tz	C c	Ts ts	S s
þ þ	chicken	FE DE	CH ch	^ ~	Ch ch	H h
û Û	fish	FB DB	SH sh	[{	Sh sh	W w
ý Ý	fresh-cheese	FD DD	SHCH shch] }	Shch shch	Q q
ÿ ß	no sound ^c	FF DF	''	-	''	''
ù Ù	chop suey ^d	F9 D9	Y y	Y y	Y y	Y y
ø Ø	no sound ^d	F8 D8	''	X x	''	: ;
ü Ü	let	FC DC	EH eh	\	E e	- -
à À	unit	E0 C0	YU yu	@ `	Ju ju	+ =
ñ Ñ	yacht	F1 D1	YA ya	Q q	Ja ja	\

¹ Non-alphabetic characters generally need no conversion table.

² Hexidecimal representation of the KOI-8 font mapping.

³ Serves as the default export filter for transliteration.

⁴ Non-standard keyboard layout.

⁵ Rolled or trilled as a Scot would.

⁶ Coughed mildly from the back of the throat.

⁷ a) Enhances the sound of the preceding letter.

b) Capital forms are used only in titles.

⁸ Uttered quickly as a sea lion would.

Table B-2 Part of Speech Encoding

Part of Speech		Primary Attributes			Secondary Attributes	
Code	Description	Code [†]	Description		Code [†]	Description
1	Noun, inanimate	1	Masculine		1	Demands genitive
2	Noun, animate	2	Feminine		2	Demands dative
		3	Neuter		4	Demands instrumental
		4	Plural			
3	Pronoun, personal	1	1st person, singular			
		2	2nd person, singular			
		3	3rd person, singular, masculine			
		4	3rd person, singular, feminine			
		5	3rd person, singular, neuter			
		6	1st person, plural			
		7	2nd person, plural			
		8	3rd person, plural			
4	Pronoun, possessive	1	Declinable (Part of Speech Code 8, Primary Attribute 1)			
		2	3rd person, singular, masculine <i>or</i> neuter, indeclinable			
		3	3rd person, singular, feminine, indeclinable			
		4	3rd person, plural, indeclinable			
5	Pronoun, indefinite	1	Masculine			
		3	Neuter			
6	Pronoun, relative					
7	Pronoun, demonstrative					
8	Verb	1	Main		1	Demands nominative
		2	Auxiliary		2	Demands genitive
		4	Imperfective		4	Demands dative
		8	Perfective		8	Demands accusative
		16	Non-reflexive		16	Demands instrumental
		32	Reflexive, active			
		64	Reflexive, passive			
		128	Indeterminate (left-column verb of locomotion)			
		256	Determinate (middle-column verb of locomotion)			

Table B-2 Part of Speech Encoding, Continued

Part of Speech		Primary Attributes			Secondary Attributes	
Code	Description	Code	Description	Code	Description	
9	Adjective	1	Normal, long form	1	Demands genitive	
		2	Normal, short form	2	Demands dative	
		3	Comparative	4	Demands instrumental	
		4	Superlative (simple)			
10	Adverb	1	Normal	1	Demands genitive	
		2	Comparative	2	Demands dative	
		3	Superlative	4	Demands instrumental	
11	Preposition			1	Demands genitive	
				2	Demands dative	
				4	Demands accusative	
				8	Demands instrumental	
				16	Demands prepositional	
12	Interrogative	1	Masculine			
		2	Neuter			
		3	Indeclinable			
13	Interjection or Emphatic particle	1	Retain			
		2	Ignore			
14	Verbal adverb	1	Non-reflexive	1	Demands nominative	
		2	Reflexive, active	2	Demands genitive	
		4	Reflexive, passive	4	Demands dative	
		8	Imperfective	8	Demands accusative	
		16	Perfective	16	Demands instrumental	

Table B-2 Part of Speech Encoding, Continued

Part of Speech		Primary Attributes		Secondary Attributes	
Code	Description	Code [†]	Description	Code [†]	Description
15	Verbal adjective	1 2 4 8 16 32 64 128 256	Non-reflexive Reflexive, active Reflexive, passive Present active Present passive Past active Past passive Imperfective Perfective	1 2 4 8 16	Demands nominative Demands genitive Demands dative Demands accusative Demands instrumental
16	Conjunction				
17	Fixed expression				

[†] Combinations within a block are represented by summing the applicable codes.

Table B-3 Transfer Attribute Encoding

Category	Hex Code [†]	Description	Example
Source Associations	1	Person	
	2	Place	
	4	Thing	
	8	Animal	
	10	Figurative or Idiomatic	
Target Articles	20	None	
	40	A	
	80	An	
	1000	The	
Target Plurals	200	Plural same or not used	Species ⇒ Species
	300	Append 's'	Dog ⇒ Dogs
	400	Append 'es'	Dish ⇒ Dishes
	500	Drop last letter; append 'ies'	Party ⇒ Parties
	600	Drop last letter; append 'ves'	Leaf ⇒ Leaves
	700	Drop last 2 letters; append 'ves'	Knife ⇒ Knives
	800	Drop last 2 letters; append 'a'	Criterion ⇒ Criteria
	900	Drop last 2 letters; append 'i'	Alumnus ⇒ Alumni
	A00	Drop last 2 letters; append 'en'	Woman ⇒ Women
	B00	Drop last 4 letters; append 'ice'	Mouse ⇒ Mice
	C00	Drop last 4 letters; append 'eese'	Goose ⇒ Geese

[†] Combinations are represented by summing the applicable codes.

Table B-4 Target Verb Encoding

Part of Speech	Type	Part of Speech Code	Primary Attribute Code [†]	Encoding Scheme
Verb	Imperfective, non-reflexive	8	20	Present Indicative 2nd Person • Present Indicative 3rd Person • Imperfect Indicative • Progressive • Past Participle
	Perfective, non-reflexive	8	24	Present Indicative 2nd Person • Imperfect Indicative • Past Participle
	Active Reflexive	8	33	Present Indicative 2nd Person • Present Indicative 3rd Person • Imperfect Indicative • Progressive • Past Participle
	Passive Reflexive	8	65	Past Participle
Verbal Adverb	Non-reflexive	14	1	Progressive • Past Participle
	Active Reflexive	14	2	Progressive • Past Participle
	Passive Reflexive	14	4	Past Participle
Verbal Adjective	Non-reflexive	15	1	Present Indicative 2nd Person • Present Indicative 3rd Person • Imperfect Indicative • Progressive • Past Participle
	Active Reflexive	15	2	Present Indicative 2nd Person • Present Indicative 3rd Person • Imperfect Indicative • Progressive • Past Participle
	Passive Reflexive	15	4	Past Participle

[†] Bitwise logical OR.

Table B-5 Target Verb Constructions

Part of Speech	Type	Form	Aspect	Transfer Expression [†]
Verb	Any	Infinitive	Any	'to' + Present Indicative 2nd Person
	Non-reflexive	Present	Imperfective	a) {'am' 'is' 'are'} + Progressive b) {'has' 'have'} + 'been' + Progressive c) {Present Indicative 2nd Person Present Indicative 3rd Person}
			Indeterminate	{Present Indicative 2nd Person Present Indicative 3rd Person}
			Determinate	{'am' 'is' 'are'} + Progressive
		Past	Imperfective	{'was' 'were'} + Progressive
			Indeterminate	Imperfective Indicative
			Determinate	{'was' 'were'} + Progressive
			Perfective	a) {'has' 'have'} + Past Participle b) Imperfect Indicative
		Future	Imperfective or	a) 'will be' + Progressive
			Indeterminate	b) 'will' + Present Indicative 2nd Person
			Determinate	'will be' + Progressive
			Perfective	'will' + Present Indicative 2nd Person
	Active Reflexive	Present	Imperfective	a) {'am' 'is' 'are'} + Progressive b) {'has' 'have'} + 'been' Progressive c) {Present Indicative 2nd Person Present Indicative 3rd Person}
			Imperfective	{'was' 'were'} + Progressive
			Perfective	a) {'has' 'have'} + Past Participle b) Imperfect Indicative
		Future	Imperfective	a) 'will be' + Progressive b) 'will' + Present Indicative 2nd Person
			Perfective	'will' + Present Indicative 2nd Person
	Passive Reflexive	Present	Imperfective or	a) {'am' 'is' 'are'} + Past Participle
			Determinate	b) {'am' 'is' 'are'} + 'being' + Past Participle
		Past	Imperfective or	a) {'was' 'were'} + Past Participle
			Determinate	b) {'was' 'were'} + 'being' + Past Participle
			Perfective	{'was' 'were'} + Past Participle
		Future	Imperfective or Perfective	'will be' + Past Participle

Table B-5 Target Verb Constructions, Continued

Part of Speech	Type	Form	Aspect	Transfer Expression [†]	
Verbal Adverb	Non-reflexive	Simultaneous	Imperfective	'while' + Progressive	
		Sequential	Imperfective	'having been' + Progressive	
			Perfective	'having' + Past Participle	
	Active Reflexive	Simultaneous	Imperfective	'while' + Progressive	
		Sequential	Imperfective	'having been' + Progressive	
			Perfective	'having' + Past Participle	
	Passive Reflexive	Simultaneous	Imperfective	'while being' + Past Participle	
		Sequential	Imperfective or Perfective	'having been' + Past Participle	
Verbal Adjective	Non-reflexive	Present Active	Imperfective	a) Progressive	
				b) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'is' 'are'} + Progressive	
		Past Active		c) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'has' 'have'} + 'been' + Progressive	
				d) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {Present Indicative 2nd Person Present Indicative 3rd Person}	
	Active Reflexive	Present Active		{'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'was' 'were'} + Progressive	
				a) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + Imperfect Indicative	
		Past Active		b) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'has' 'have'} + Past Participle	
				a) Progressive	
		Present Active	Imperfective	b) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'is' 'are'} + Progressive	
				c) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'has' 'have'} + 'been' + Progressive	
				d) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {Present Indicative 2nd Person Present Indicative 3rd Person}	
				{'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'was' 'were'} + Progressive	
	Passive Reflexive	Past Active	Imperfective	a) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + Imperfect Indicative	
				b) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'has' 'have'} + Past Participle	
			Perfective	{'which' 'who'} + {'is' 'are'} + 'being' + Past Participle	
	Passive	Present Passive	Imperfective	{'which' 'who'} + {'was' 'were'} + 'being' + Past Participle	
				a) 'being' + Past Participle	
		Past Passive	Imperfective	b) {'which' 'who'} + {'is' 'are'} + 'being' + Past Participle	
				a) 'being' + Past Participle	
			Perfective	b) {'which' 'who'} + {'was' 'were'} + Past Participle	

Table B-5 Target Verb Constructions, Continued

Part of Speech	Type	Form	Aspect	Transfer Expression [†]
Relative Pronoun	Non-reflexive	Present	Imperfective	a) Progressive b) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'am' 'is' 'are'} + Progressive c) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'has' 'have'} + 'been' + Progressive d) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {Present Indicative 2nd Person Present Indicative 3rd Person}
			Indeterminate	{'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {Present Indicative 2nd Person Present Indicative 3rd Person}
			Determinate	{'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'am' 'is' 'are'} + Progressive
		Past	Imperfective	{'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'was' 'were'} + Progressive
			Indeterminate	{'which' 'who' 'whom'} + Imperfective Indicative
			Determinate	{'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'was' 'were'} + Progressive
			Perfective	a) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'has' 'have'} + Past Participle b) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + Imperfect Indicative
		Future	Imperfective or Indeterminate	a) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + 'will be' + Progressive b) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + 'will' + Present Indicative 2nd Person
			Determinate	{'which' 'who' 'whom'} + 'will be' + Progressive
			Perfective	{'which' 'who' 'whom'} + 'will' + Present Indicative 2nd Person
Active Reflexive		Present	Imperfective	a) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'am' 'is' 'are'} + Progressive b) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'has' 'have'} + 'been' Progressive c) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {Present Indicative 2nd Person Present Indicative 3rd Person}
			Past	Imperfective Perfective a) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'was' 'were'} + Progressive b) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + {'has' 'have'} + Past Participle b) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + Imperfect Indicative
			Future	Imperfective Perfective a) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + 'will be' + Progressive b) {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + 'will' + Present Indicative 2nd Person {'which' 'who' 'whom'} + 'will' + Present Indicative 2nd Person
		Past	Imperfective or Determinate	a) {'which' 'who'} + {'am' 'is' 'are'} + Past Participle b) {'which' 'who'} + {'am' 'is' 'are'} + 'being' + Past Participle
			Determinate	a) {'which' 'who'} + {'was' 'were'} + Past Participle b) {'which' 'who'} + {'was' 'were'} + 'being' + Past Participle
			Perfective	{'which' 'who'} + {'was' 'were'} + Past Participle
		Future	Imperfective or Perfective	{'which' 'who'} + 'will be' + Past Participle

[†] Where more than one verbal construction is possible, each has a slightly different connotation.

Table B-6 Lexicon Record Structures

Part of Speech	Field 1	Field 2 ¹	Field 3	Field 4	Field 5	Field 6	Field 7	Field 8
Noun	Stem	1,2	Target Noun	Pattern Code	Primary Attribute Code	Secondary Attribute Code	Transfer Attribute Code	Disambiguation Expression
Pronoun, personal	Stem	3	Target Pronoun	Pattern Code	Primary Attribute Code			Disambiguation Expression
Pronoun, possessive	Stem	4	Target Pronoun	Pattern Code	Primary Attribute Code			Disambiguation Expression
Pronoun, indefinite	Stem	5	Target Pronoun	Pattern Code	Primary Attribute Code			Disambiguation Expression
Pronoun, relative	Stem	6	Target Pronoun	Pattern Code				
Pronoun, demonstrative	Stem	7	Target Pronoun	Pattern Code				
Verb	Stem	8	Target Verb Encoding ²	Pattern Code	Primary Attribute Code	Secondary Attribute Code		Disambiguation Expression
Adjective	Stem	9	Target Adjective	Pattern Code	Primary Attribute Code	Secondary Attribute Code		Disambiguation Expression
Adverb	Full Entry	10	Target Adverb		Primary Attribute Code			Disambiguation Expression
Preposition	Full Entry	11	Target Preposition			Secondary Attribute Code		Disambiguation Expression
Interrogative	Stem	12	Target Interrogative	Pattern Code	Primary Attribute Code			Disambiguation Expression
Emphatic Particle or Interrogative	Full Entry	13	Target Particle		Primary Attribute Code			Disambiguation Expression
Participle, verbal adverb	Stem	14	Target Verb Encoding ²	Pattern Code	Primary Attribute Code	Secondary Attribute Code		Disambiguation Expression
Participle, verbal adjective	Stem	15	Target Verb Encoding ²	Pattern Code	Primary Attribute Code	Secondary Attribute Code		Disambiguation Expression
Conjunction	Full Entry	16	Target Conjunction					
Fixed Expression	Full Entry	17	Target Expression					Disambiguation Expression

¹ Part of speech codes from Table B-2.

² See Table B-4 for encoding scheme.

Table B-7 Disambiguation Parameters

Parameter	Search Type
' '	Literal string
< >	Association
[]	Symbolic constant

Table B-8 Disambiguation Operators

Operator	Function
&	AND
	OR
%	XOR
~	NOT

Table B-9 Transfer Rule Operators

Operator	Translation Type
V	Verb
A	Article
N	Noun
J	Verbal Adjective
D	Verbal Adverb
%	Straight replacement
~	Ignore term

Table B-10 Symbolic Constants

Part of Speech	Attribute	Number	Gender	Conjugation	Part of Speech Role	Symbol [†]	
Noun		Singular	Masculine		Nominative	NO_N_M_*	
					Genitive	NO_G_M_*	
					Dative	NO_D_M_*	
					Accusative	NO_A_M_*	
					Instrumental	NO_I_M_*	
					Prepositional	NO_P_M_*	
		Feminine			Nominative	NO_N_F_*	
					Genitive	NO_G_F_*	
					Dative	NO_D_F_*	
					Accusative	NO_A_F_*	
					Instrumental	NO_I_F_*	
					Prepositional	NO_P_F_*	
		Neuter			Nominative	NO_N_N_*	
					Genitive	NO_G_N_*	
					Dative	NO_D_N_*	
					Accusative	NO_A_N_*	
					Instrumental	NO_I_N_*	
					Prepositional	NO_P_N_*	
		Plural	Any		Nominative	NO_N_P_*	
					Genitive	NO_G_P_*	
					Dative	NO_D_P_*	
					Accusative	NO_A_P_*	
					Instrumental	NO_I_P_*	
					Prepositional	NO_P_P_*	
Pronoun		Personal	Singular	Any	1st person	Nominative	PP_N_1_S
						Genitive	PP_G_1_S
						Dative	PP_D_1_S
						Accusative	PP_A_1_S
						Instrumental	PP_I_1_S
						Prepositional	PP_P_1_S
		Masculine		3rd person	2nd person	Nominative	PP_N_2_S
						Genitive	PP_G_2_S
						Dative	PP_D_2_S
						Accusative	PP_A_2_S
						Instrumental	PP_I_2_S
						Prepositional	PP_P_2_S
		Feminine		3rd person	3rd person	Nominative	PP_N_3_M
						Genitive	PP_G_3_M
						Dative	PP_D_3_M
						Accusative	PP_A_3_M
						Instrumental	PP_I_3_M
						Prepositional	PP_P_3_M
		Neuter		3rd person	3rd person	Nominative	PP_N_3_F
						Genitive	PP_G_3_F
						Dative	PP_D_3_F
						Accusative	PP_A_3_F
						Instrumental	PP_I_3_F
						Prepositional	PP_P_3_F

Table B-10 Symbolic Constants, Continued

Part of Speech	Attribute	Number	Gender	Conjugation	Part of Speech Role	Symbol'
		Plural	Any	1st person	Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Instrumental Prepositional	PP_N_1_P PP_G_1_P PP_D_1_P PP_A_1_P PP_I_1_P PP_P_1_P
				2nd person	Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Instrumental Prepositional	PP_N_2_P PP_G_2_P PP_D_2_P PP_A_2_P PP_I_2_P PP_P_2_P
				3rd person	Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Instrumental Prepositional	PP_N_3_P PP_G_3_P PP_D_3_P PP_A_3_P PP_I_3_P PP_P_3_P
Possessive	Any	Any	Any		Declinable - see Adjective, normal	
	Singular	Masculine	3rd person		Indeclinable	PO_X_B
		Neuter	3rd person			PO_X_B
		Feminine	3rd person			PO_X_F
	Plural	Any	3rd person			PO_X_P
Indefinite		Masculine			Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Instrumental Prepositional	NO_N_M_0 NO_G_M_0 NO_D_M_0 NO_A_M_0 NO_I_M_0 NO_P_M_0
					Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Instrumental Prepositional	NO_N_N_0 NO_G_N_0 NO_D_N_0 NO_A_N_0 NO_I_N_0 NO_P_N_0
					Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Instrumental Prepositional	NO_N_F_0 NO_G_F_0 NO_D_F_0 NO_A_F_0 NO_I_F_0 NO_P_F_0
		Neuter			Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Instrumental Prepositional	NO_N_M_0 NO_G_M_0 NO_D_M_0 NO_A_M_0 NO_I_M_0 NO_P_M_0
					Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Instrumental Prepositional	NO_N_N_0 NO_G_N_0 NO_D_N_0 NO_A_N_0 NO_I_N_0 NO_P_N_0
					Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	PR_N_M PR_G_M PR_D_M PR_1_M PR_2_M PR_I_M PR_P_M
		Feminine			Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	PR_N_F PR_G_F PR_D_F PR_A_F PR_A_F PR_I_F PR_P_F
					Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	PR_N_M PR_G_M PR_D_M PR_1_M PR_2_M PR_I_M PR_P_M
					Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	PR_N_N_0 PR_G_N_0 PR_D_N_0 PR_A_N_0 PR_A_N_0 PR_I_N_0 PR_P_N_0
					Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	PR_N_F PR_G_F PR_D_F PR_A_F PR_A_F PR_I_F PR_P_F
Relative	Singular	Masculine			Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	PR_N_M PR_G_M PR_D_M PR_1_M PR_2_M PR_I_M PR_P_M
					Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	PR_N_F PR_G_F PR_D_F PR_A_F PR_A_F PR_I_F PR_P_F
					Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	PR_N_M PR_G_M PR_D_M PR_1_M PR_2_M PR_I_M PR_P_M
		Feminine			Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	PR_N_F PR_G_F PR_D_F PR_A_F PR_A_F PR_I_F PR_P_F
					Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	PR_N_M PR_G_M PR_D_M PR_1_M PR_2_M PR_I_M PR_P_M
					Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	PR_N_N_0 PR_G_N_0 PR_D_N_0 PR_A_N_0 PR_A_N_0 PR_I_N_0 PR_P_N_0
					Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	PR_N_F PR_G_F PR_D_F PR_A_F PR_A_F PR_I_F PR_P_F
	Neuter	17			Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	PR_N_M PR_G_M PR_D_M PR_1_M PR_2_M PR_I_M PR_P_M
					Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	PR_N_F PR_G_F PR_D_F PR_A_F PR_A_F PR_I_F PR_P_F
					Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	PR_N_M PR_G_M PR_D_M PR_1_M PR_2_M PR_I_M PR_P_M

Table B-10 Symbolic Constants, Continued

Part of Speech	Attribute	Number	Gender	Conjugation	Part of Speech Role	Symbol'			
Verb					Instrumental	PR_I_N			
					Prepositional	PR_P_N			
					Plural	Any			
					Nominative	PR_N_P			
					Genitive	PR_G_P			
					Dative	PR_D_P			
					Accusative Animate	PR_1_P			
					Accusative Inanimate	PR_2_P			
	Demonstrative				Instrumental	PR_I_P			
					Prepositional	PR_P_P			
	see Adjective, normal								
Adjective	Active				Infinitive	VB_I_*			
					Singular	Any			
					1st Person	VB_1_S_*			
					2nd Person	VB_2_S_*			
					3rd Person	VB_3_S_*			
					Imperative	VB_3_K_*			
			Masculine	Past		VB_P_M_*			
						VB_P_F_*			
						VB_P_N_*			
	Auxiliary				Plural	Any			
					1st Person	Normal			
						VB_1_P_*			
						VB_1_K_*			
					2nd Person	Normal			
						VB_2_P_*			
						VB_2_K_*			
					3rd Person	VB_3_P_*			
					Past	VB_P_P_*			
						VA_I_*			
Adjective	Normal		Singular	Masculine	Infinitive	VA_I_*			
					Singular	Any			
					1st Person	VA_1_S_*			
					2nd Person	VA_2_S_*			
					3rd Person	VA_3_S_*			
					Imperative	VA_3_K_*			
			Masculine	Past		VA_P_M_*			
						VA_P_F_*			
						VA_P_N_*			
	Feminine		Plural		Plural	Any			
					1st Person	Normal			
						VA_1_P_*			
						VA_1_K_*			
					2nd Person	Normal			
						VA_2_P_*			
						VA_2_K_*			
					3rd Person	VA_3_P_*			
					Past	VA_P_P_*			
						AJ_N_M_*			
Adjective	Normal		Singular	Masculine	Nominative	AJ_S_M_*			
					Nominative, short form	AJ_G_M_*			
					Genitive	AJ_D_M_*			
					Dative	AJ_1_M_*			
					Accusative Animate	AJ_2_M_*			
			Feminine	Past	Accusative Inanimate	AJ_I_M_*			
					Instrumental	AJ_P_M_*			
					Prepositional	AJ_N_F_*			
					Nominative	AJ_S_F_*			
					Nominative, short form	AJ_G_F_*			
Adjective	Feminine		Singular	Masculine	Genitive	AJ_D_F_*			
					Dative	AJ_A_F_*			
					Accusative Animate	AJ_A_F_*			
					Accusative Inanimate	AJ_I_F_*			
					Instrumental	AJ_P_F_*			
			Plural		Prepositional	AJ_N_F_*			
						AJ_S_F_*			
						AJ_G_F_*			
						AJ_D_F_*			
						AJ_A_F_*			
						AJ_I_F_*			
						AJ_P_F_*			

Table B-10 Symbolic Constants, Continued

Part of Speech	Attribute	Number	Gender	Conjugation	Part of Speech Role	Symbol ¹			
			Neuter		Nominative	AJ_N_N_*			
					Nominative, short form	AJ_S_N_*			
					Genitive	AJ_G_N_*			
					Dative	AJ_D_N_*			
					Accusative Animate	AJ_A_N_*			
					Accusative Inanimate	AJ_A_N_*			
					Instrumental	AJ_I_N_*			
					Prepositional	AJ_P_N_*			
	Plural	Any			Nominative	AJ_N_P_*			
					Nominative, short form	AJ_S_P_*			
					Genitive	AJ_G_P_*			
					Dative	AJ_D_P_*			
					Accusative Animate	AJ_1_P_*			
					Accusative Inanimate	AJ_2_P_*			
					Instrumental	AJ_I_P_*			
					Prepositional	AJ_P_P_*			
	Comparative					AJ_C			
	Superlative				see Adjective, normal				
Adverb	Normal					AV_N_*			
	Comparative					AV_C			
	Superlative					AV_S			
Preposition					Genitive	EP_G			
					Dative	EP_D			
					Accusative	EP_A			
					Instrumental	EP_I			
					Prepositional	EP_P			
Interrogative					Nominative	IN_N			
					Genitive	IN_G			
					Dative	IN_D			
					Accusative	IN_A			
					Instrumental	IN_I			
					Prepositional	IN_P			
Verbal Adverb	Simultaneous					VV_S_*			
	Sequential					VV_Q_*			
Verbal Adjective	Present Active	Singular	Masculine		Nominative	VJ_PA_N_M_*			
					Genitive	VJ_PA_G_M_*			
					Dative	VJ_PA_D_M_*			
					Accusative Animate	VJ_PA_1_M_*			
					Accusative Inanimate	VJ_PA_2_M_*			
					Instrumental	VJ_PA_I_M_*			
					Prepositional	VJ_PA_P_M_*			
	Feminine				Nominative	VJ_PA_N_F_*			
					Genitive	VJ_PA_G_F_*			
					Dative	VJ_PA_D_F_*			
	Neuter				Accusative Animate	VJ_PA_A_F_*			
					Accusative Inanimate	VJ_PA_A_F_*			
					Instrumental	VJ_PA_I_F_*			
					Prepositional	VJ_PA_P_F_*			
					Nominative	VJ_PA_N_N_*			
					Genitive	VJ_PA_G_N_*			
					Dative	VJ_PA_D_N_*			
					Accusative Animate	VJ_PA_A_N_*			
					Accusative Inanimate	VJ_PA_A_N_*			
					Instrumental	VJ_PA_I_N_*			

Table B-10 Symbolic Constants, Continued

Part of Speech	Attribute	Number	Gender	Conjugation	Part of Speech Role	Symbol ¹
	Plural	Any			Prepositional	VJ_PA_P_N_*
					Nominative	VJ_PA_N_P_*
					Genitive	VJ_PA_G_P_*
					Dative	VJ_PA_D_P_*
					Accusative Animate	VJ_PA_1_P_*
					Accusative Inanimate	VJ_PA_2_P_*
					Instrumental	VJ_PA_I_P_*
	Present Passive	Singular	Masculine		Prepositional	VJ_PA_P_P_*
					Nominative	VJ_PP_N_M_*
					Genitive	VJ_PP_G_M_*
					Dative	VJ_PP_D_M_*
					Accusative Animate	VJ_PP_1_M_*
					Accusative Inanimate	VJ_PP_2_M_*
					Instrumental	VJ_PP_I_M_*
	Past Active	Singular	Masculine		Prepositional	VJ_PP_P_M_*
					Nominative	VJ_PP_N_F_*
					Genitive	VJ_PP_G_F_*
					Dative	VJ_PP_D_F_*
					Accusative Animate	VJ_PP_A_F_*
					Accusative Inanimate	VJ_PP_A_N_*
					Instrumental	VJ_PP_I_N_*
	Plural	Any			Prepositional	VJ_PP_P_N_*
					Nominative	VJ_PP_N_P_*
					Genitive	VJ_PP_G_P_*
					Dative	VJ_PP_D_P_*
					Accusative Animate	VJ_PP_1_P_*
					Accusative Inanimate	VJ_PP_2_P_*
					Instrumental	VJ_PP_I_P_*
	Neuter				Prepositional	VJ_PP_P_P_*
					Nominative	VJ_AA_N_M_*
					Genitive	VJ_AA_G_M_*
					Dative	VJ_AA_D_M_*
					Accusative Animate	VJ_AA_1_M_*
					Accusative Inanimate	VJ_AA_2_M_*
					Instrumental	VJ_AA_I_M_*
	Feminine				Prepositional	VJ_AA_P_M_*
					Nominative	VJ_AA_N_F_*
					Genitive	VJ_AA_G_F_*
					Dative	VJ_AA_D_F_*
					Accusative Animate	VJ_AA_A_F_*
					Accusative Inanimate	VJ_AA_A_N_*
					Instrumental	VJ_AA_I_F_*
	Neuter			120	Prepositional	VJ_AA_P_F_*
					Nominative	VJ_AA_N_N_*
					Genitive	VJ_AA_G_N_*
					Dative	VJ_AA_D_N_*
					Accusative Animate	VJ_AA_A_N_*

Table B-10 Symbolic Constants, Continued

Part of Speech	Attribute	Number	Gender	Conjugation	Part of Speech Role	Symbol ¹
					Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	VJ_AA_A_N_* VJ_AA_I_N_* VJ_AA_P_N_*
	Plural	Any			Nominative Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	VJ_AA_N_P_* VJ_AA_G_P_* VJ_AA_D_P_* VJ_AA_1_P_* VJ_AA_2_P_* VJ_AA_I_P_* VJ_AA_P_P_*
Past Passive	Singular	Masculine			Nominative Nominative, short I Nominative, short II Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	VJ_AP_N_M_* VJ_AP_S_M_* AJ_S_M VJ_AP_G_M_* VJ_AP_D_M_* VJ_AP_1_M_* VJ_AP_2_M_* VJ_AP_I_M_* VJ_AP_P_M_*
		Feminine			Nominative Nominative, short I Nominative, short II Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	VJ_AP_N_F_* VJ_AP_S_F_* AJ_S_F VJ_AP_G_F_* VJ_AP_D_F_* VJ_AP_A_F_* VJ_AP_A_F_* VJ_AP_I_F_* VJ_AP_P_F_*
		Neuter			Nominative Nominative, short I Nominative, short II Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	VJ_AP_N_N_* VJ_AP_S_N_* AJ_S_N VJ_AP_G_N_* VJ_AP_D_N_* VJ_AP_A_N_* VJ_AP_A_N_* VJ_AP_I_N_* VJ_AP_P_N_*
	Plural	Any			Nominative Nominative, short I Nominative, short II Genitive Dative Accusative Animate Accusative Inanimate Instrumental Prepositional	VJ_AP_N_P_* VJ_AP_S_P_* AJ_S_P VJ_AP_G_P_* VJ_AP_D_P_* VJ_AP_1_P_* VJ_AP_2_P_* VJ_AP_I_P_* VJ_AP_P_P_*
Interjection						IJ
Emphatic Particle						IJ
Conjunction				121		CJ

Table B-10 Symbolic Constants, Continued

[†] Due to space restrictions, the following cases demanded by the given part of speech are not listed above with their respective entries. Any of these six symbols can replace an asterisk.

Government	Symbol
None	O
Nominative	N
Genitive	G
Dative	D
Accusative	A
Instrumental	I

APPENDIX C

Inflection Patterns

Table C-1 Hard Masculine Noun Patterns

		Pattern 1	Pattern 2	Pattern 3	Pattern 4	Pattern 5
Singular	Nominative	<u>пол</u>	<u>угол</u>	<u>лёд</u>	<u>глаз</u>	<u>лес</u>
	Genitive	поля	угла	льда	глаза	леса
	Dative	полу	углу	льду	глазу	лесу
	Accusative	пол	угол	лёд	глаз	лес
	Instrumental	полом	углом	льдом	глазом	лесом
	Prepositional	pole	угле	льде	глазе	лесе
	Locative	полу	углу	льду	глазу	лесу
Plural	Nominative	полы	углы	льды	глаза	леса
	Genitive	полов	углов	льдов	глаз	лесов
	Dative	полам	углам	льдам	глазам	лесам
	Accusative	полы	углы	льды	глаза	леса
	Instrumental	полами	углами	льдами	глазами	лесами
	Prepositional	полах	углах	льдах	глазах	лесах

		Pattern 6	Pattern 7	Pattern 8	Pattern 9	Pattern 10
Singular	Nominative	<u>стол</u>	<u>рынок</u>	<u>брать</u>	<u>врач</u>	<u>доктор</u>
	Genitive	стола	рынка	брата	врача	доктора
	Dative	столу	рынку	брату	врачу	доктору
	Accusative	стол	рынок	брата	врача	доктора
	Instrumental	столом	рынком	братом	врачом	доктором
	Prepositional	столе	рынке	брате	враче	докторе
Plural	Nominative	столы	рынки	братья	врачи	доктора
	Genitive	столов	рынков	братьев	врачей	докторов
	Dative	столам	рынкам	братьям	врачам	докторам
	Accusative	столы	рынки	братьев	врачей	докторов
	Instrumental	столами	рынками	братьями	врачами	докторами
	Prepositional	столах	рынках	братьях	врачах	докторах

		Pattern 11	Pattern 12	Pattern 13	Pattern 14	Pattern 15
Singular	Nominative	<u>друг</u>	<u>отец</u>	<u>тигр</u>	<u>индюк</u>	<u>римлянин</u>
	Genitive	друга	отца	тигра	индюка	римлянина
	Dative	другу	отцу	тигру	индюку	римлянию
	Accusative	друга	отца	тигра	индюка	римлянина
	Instrumental	другом	отцом	тигром	индюком	римлянином
	Prepositional	друге	отце	тигре	индюке	римлянине
Plural	Nominative	друзья	отцы	тигры	индюки	римляне
	Genitive	друзей	отцов	тигров	индюков	римлян
	Dative	друзьям	отцам	тиграм	индюкам	римлянам
	Accusative	друзей	отцов	тигров	индюков	римлян
	Instrumental	друзьями	отцами	тиграми	индюками	римлянами
	Prepositional	друзьях	отцах	тиграх	индюках	римлянах

Table C-1 Hard Masculine Noun Patterns, Continued

		Pattern 16	Pattern 17	Pattern 18	Pattern 19	Pattern 20
Singular	Nominative	<u>сын</u>	<u>муж</u>	<u>ковёр</u>	<u>мышонок</u>	<u>телёнок</u>
	Genitive	сына	мужа	ковра	мышонка	телёнка
	Dative	сыну	мужу	ковру	мышонку	телёнку
	Accusative	сына	мужа	ковёр	мышонка	телёнка
	Instrumental	сыном	мужем	ковром	мышонком	телёнком
	Prepositional	сыне	муже	ковре	мышонке	телёнке
Plural	Nominative	сыновья	мужья	ковры	мышата	телята
	Genitive	сыновей	мужей	ковров	мышат	телят
	Dative	сыновьям	мужьям	коврам	мышатам	телятам
	Accusative	сыновей	мужей	ковры	мышат	телят
	Instrumental	сыновьями	мужьями	коврами	мышатами	телятами
	Prepositional	сыновьях	мужьях	коврах	мышатах	телятах

		Pattern 21 [†]	Pattern 22	Pattern 23	Pattern 24	Pattern 25
Singular	Nominative	<u>человек</u>	<u>стул</u>	<u>шток</u>	<u>вечер</u>	<u>Даника</u>
	Genitive	человека	стула	што ^{ка}	вечера	Даника
	Dative	человеку	стулу	што ^{ку}	вечеру	Данику
	Accusative	человека	стул	што ^к	вечер	Даника
	Instrumental	человеком	стулом	што ^{ком}	вечером	Даником
	Prepositional	человеке	стуле	што ^{ке}	вечере	Данике
Plural	Nominative		стулья	што ^{ки}	вечера	Даники
	Genitive	человек	стульев	што ^{ков}	вечеров	Даников
	Dative		стульям	што ^{кам}	вечерам	Даникам
	Accusative		стулья	што ^{ки}	вечера	Даников
	Instrumental		стульями	што ^{ками}	вечерами	Даниками
	Prepositional		стульях	што ^{ках}	вечерах	Даниках

[†] Plural forms except the genitive after numbers are rendered by ЁАЁ (Pattern 112)

		Pattern 26 [†]
Singular	Nominative	<u>кенгуру</u>
	Genitive	кенгуру
	Dative	кенгуру
	Accusative	кенгуру
	Instrumental	кенгуру
	Prepositional	кенгуру
Plural	Nominative	кенгуру
	Genitive	кенгуру
	Dative	кенгуру
	Accusative	кенгуру
	Instrumental	кенгуру
	Prepositional	кенгуру

[†] Indeclinable

Table C-2 Soft Masculine Noun Patterns

		Pattern 30	Pattern 31	Pattern 32	Pattern 33	Pattern 34
Singular	Nominative	край	дождь	музей	киль	день
	Genitive	края	дождя	музея	киля	дня
	Dative	краю	дождю	музею	килю	дню
	Accusative	край	дождь	музей	киль	день
	Instrumental	краем	дождём	музеем	килем	днём
	Prepositional	крае	дожде	музее	киле	дне
	Locative	краю				
Plural	Nominative	краи	дожди	музеи	кили	дни
	Genitive	краёв	дождей	музеев	килей	дней
	Dative	краям	дождям	музеям	килям	дням
	Accusative	краи	дожди	музеи	кили	дни
	Instrumental	краями	дождями	музеями	килями	днями
	Prepositional	краях	дождях	музеях	килях	днях

		Pattern 35	Pattern 36	Pattern 37	Pattern 38	Pattern 39
Singular	Nominative	путь	кашель	гость	герой	уголь
	Genitive	пути	кашля	гостя	героя	угля
	Dative	пути	кашлю	гостю	герою	углю
	Accusative	путь	кашель	гостя	героя	уголь
	Instrumental	путём	кашлем	гостем	героем	углём
	Prepositional	пути	кашли	госте	герое	угли
Plural	Nominative	пути	каши	гости	герои	угли
	Genitive	путей	кашлей	гостей	героев	углей
	Dative	путям	кашлям	гостям	героям	углам
	Accusative	пути	каши	гостей	героев	угли
	Instrumental	путями	кашлями	гостями	героями	углами
	Prepositional	путях	кашлях	гостях	героях	углах

		Pattern 40
Singular	Nominative	судья
	Genitive	судьи
	Dative	судьё
	Accusative	судью
	Instrumental	судьёй
	Prepositional	судье
Plural	Nominative	судьи
	Genitive	судьей
	Dative	судьям
	Accusative	судьей
	Instrumental	судьями
	Prepositional	судьях

Table C-3 Hard Feminine Noun Patterns

		Pattern 50	Pattern 51	Pattern 52	Pattern 53	Pattern 54
Singular	Nominative	<u>газета</u>	<u>штанга</u>	<u>мама</u>	<u>собака</u>	<u>кошка</u>
	Genitive	газеты	штанги	мамы	собаки	кошки
	Dative	газете	штанге	маме	собаке	кошке
	Accusative	газету	штангу	маму	собаку	кошку
	Instrumental	газетой	штангой	мамой	собакой	кошкой
	Prepositional	газете	штанге	маме	собаке	кошке
Plural	Nominative	газеты	штанги	мамы	собаки	кошки
	Genitive	газет	штанг	мам	собак	кошек
	Dative	газетам	штангам	мамам	собакам	кошкам
	Accusative	газеты	штанги	мам	собак	кошек
	Instrumental	газетами	штангами	мамами	собаками	кошками
	Prepositional	газетах	штангах	мамах	собаках	кошках

		Pattern 55	Pattern 56	Pattern 57	Pattern 58	Pattern 59
Singular	Nominative	<u>сестра</u>	<u>жена</u>	<u>точка</u>	<u>покупка</u>	<u>щека</u>
	Genitive	сестры	жены	точки	покупки	щеки
	Dative	сестре	жене	точке	покупке	щеке
	Accusative	сестру	жену	точку	покупку	щёку
	Instrumental	сестрой	женой	точкой	покупкой	щекой
	Prepositional	сестре	жене	точке	покупке	щеке
Plural	Nominative	сёстры	жёны	точки	покупки	щёки
	Genitive	сестёр	жён	точек	покупок	щёк
	Dative	сёстрам	жёнам	точкам	покупкам	щекам
	Accusative	сестёр	жён	точки	покупки	щёки
	Instrumental	сёстрами	жёнами	точками	покупками	щеками
	Prepositional	сёстрах	жёнах	точках	покупках	щеках

		Pattern 60	Pattern 61
Singular	Nominative	<u>звезда</u>	<u>девица</u>
	Genitive	звезды	девицы
	Dative	звезде	девице
	Accusative	звезду	девицу
	Instrumental	звездой	девицей
	Prepositional	звезде	девице
Plural	Nominative	звёзды	девицы
	Genitive	звёзд	девиц
	Dative	звёздам	девицам
	Accusative	звёзды	девиц
	Instrumental	звёздами	девицами
	Prepositional	звёздах	девицах

Table C-4 Soft Feminine Noun Patterns

		Pattern 70	Pattern 71	Pattern 72	Pattern 73	Pattern 74
Singular	Nominative	<u>неделя</u>	<u>лекция</u>	<u>дверь</u>	<u>песня</u>	<u>тётя</u>
	Genitive	недели	лекции	двери	песни	тёти
	Dative	неделе	лекции	двери	песне	тёте
	Accusative	неделю	лекцию	дверь	песню	тёту
	Instrumental	неделей	лекцией	дверью	песней	тётей
	Prepositional	неделе	лекции	двери	песне	тёте
Plural	Nominative	недели	лекции	двери	песни	тёти
	Genitive	недель	лекций	дверей	песен	тётей
	Dative	неделям	лекциям	дверям	песням	тётям
	Accusative	недели	лекции	двери	песни	тётей
	Instrumental	неделями	лекциями	дверями	песнями	тётями
	Prepositional	неделях	лекциях	дверях	песнях	тётях

		Pattern 75	Pattern 76	Pattern 77	Pattern 78	Pattern 79
Singular	Nominative	<u>статья</u>	<u>дочь</u>	<u>мать</u>	<u>церковь</u>	<u>мышь</u>
	Genitive	статьи	дочери	матери	церкви	мыши
	Dative	статьи	дочери	матери	церкви	мыши
	Accusative	статью	дочь	мать	церковь	мышь
	Instrumental	статьёй	дочерью	матерью	церковью	мышью
	Prepositional	статьи	дочери	матери	церкви	мыши
Plural	Nominative	статьи	дочери	матери	церкви	мыши
	Genitive	статьей	дочерей	матерей	церквей	мышей
	Dative	статьям	дочерям	матерям	церквам	мышам
	Accusative	статьи	дочерей	матерей	церкви	мышей
	Instrumental	статьями	дочерьми	матерями	церквами	мышами
	Prepositional	статьях	дочерях	матерях	церквах	мышах

Table C-5 Neuter Noun Patterns

		Pattern 90	Pattern 91	Pattern 92	Pattern 93	Pattern 94
Singular	Nominative	место	здание	поле	кольцо	масло
	Genitive	места	здания	поля	кольца	масла
	Dative	месту	зданию	полю	кольцу	маслу
	Accusative	место	здание	поле	кольцо	масло
	Instrumental	местом	зданием	полем	кольцом	маслом
	Prepositional	месте	здании	поле	кольце	масле
Plural	Nominative	места	здания	поля	кольца	масла
	Genitive	мест	зданий	полей	колец	масел
	Dative	местам	зданиям	полям	кольцам	маслам
	Accusative	места	здания	поля	кольца	масла
	Instrumental	местами	зданиями	полями	кольцами	маслами
	Prepositional	местах	зданиях	полях	кольцах	маслах

		Pattern 95	Pattern 96	Pattern 97	Pattern 98	Pattern 99
Singular	Nominative	время	небо	село	дерево	яблоко
	Genitive	времени	неба	села	дерева	яблока
	Dative	времени	небу	селу	дереву	яблоку
	Accusative	время	небо	село	дерево	яблоко
	Instrumental	временем	небом	селом	деревом	яблоком
	Prepositional	времени	небе	селе	дереве	яблоке
Plural	Nominative	времена	небеса	сёла	деревья	яблоки
	Genitive	времён	небес	сёл	деревьев	яблок
	Dative	временам	небесам	сёлам	деревьям	яблокам
	Accusative	времена	небеса	сёла	деревья	яблоки
	Instrumental	временами	небесами	сёлами	деревьями	яблоками
	Prepositional	временах	небесах	сёлах	деревьях	яблоках

		Pattern 100 [†]	Pattern 101	Pattern 102	Pattern 103
Singular	Nominative	метро	обла́ко	ру́жьё	ущелье
	Genitive	метро	обла́ка	ру́жья	ущелья
	Dative	метро	обла́ку	ру́жью	ущелью
	Accusative	метро	обла́ко	ру́жьё	ущелье
	Instrumental	метро	обла́ком	ру́жьём	ущельем
	Prepositional	метро	обла́ке	ру́жье	ущелье
Plural	Nominative	метро	обла́ка	ру́жья	ущелья
	Genitive	метро	обла́ков	ру́жьей	ущелий
	Dative	метро	обла́кам	ру́жьям	ущельям
	Accusative	метро	обла́ка	ру́жья	ущелья
	Instrumental	метро	обла́ками	ру́жьими	ущельями
	Prepositional	метро	обла́ках	ру́жьях	ущельях

[†] Indeclinable

Table C-6 Plural Only Noun Patterns

	Pattern 110	Pattern 111	Pattern 112	Pattern 113	Pattern 114
Nominative	<u>очки</u>	<u>деньги</u>	<u>люди</u>	<u>ребята</u>	<u>трусы</u>
Genitive	очков	денег	людей	ребят	трусов
Dative	очкам	деньгам	людям	ребятам	трусам
Accusative	очки	деньги	людей	ребят	трусы
Instrumental	очками	деньгами	людьми	ребятами	трусами
Prepositional	очках	деньгах	людях	ребятах	трусах

Table C-7 Hard Adjective Patterns

	Pattern 120			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>красивый</u>	<u>красивая</u>	<u>красивое</u>	<u>красивые</u>
Genitive	красивого	красивой	красивого	красивых
Dative	красивому	красивой	красивому	красивым
Accusative Animate	красивого	красивую	красивое	красивых
Accusative Inanimate	красивый	красивую	красивое	красивые
Instrumental	красивым	красивой	красивым	красивыми
Prepositional	красивом	красивой	красивом	красивых
Short Form	красив	красива	красиво	красивы

	Pattern 121			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>хороший</u>	<u>хорошая</u>	<u>хорошее</u>	<u>хорошие</u>
Genitive	хорошего	хорошой	хорошего	хороших
Dative	хорошему	хорошой	хорошему	хорошим
Accusative Animate	хорошего	хорошую	хорошее	хороших
Accusative Inanimate	хороший	хорошую	хорошее	хорошие
Instrumental	хорошим	хорошой	хорошим	хорошими
Prepositional	хорошем	хорошой	хорошем	хороших
Short Form	хорош	хороша	хорошо	хороши

	Pattern 122			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>плохой</u>	<u>плохая</u>	<u>плохое</u>	<u>плохие</u>
Genitive	плохого	плохой	плохого	плохих
Dative	плохому	плохой	плохому	плохим
Accusative Animate	плохого	плохую	плохое	плохих
Accusative Inanimate	плохой	плохую	плохое	плохие
Instrumental	плохим	плохой	плохим	плохими
Prepositional	плохом	плохой	плохом	плохих
Short Form	плох	плоха	плохо	плохи

	Pattern 123			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>близкий</u>	<u>близкая</u>	<u>близкое</u>	<u>близкие</u>
Genitive	близкого	близкой	близкого	близких
Dative	близкому	близкой	близкому	близким
Accusative Animate	близкого	близкую	близкое	близких
Accusative Inanimate	близкий	близкую	близкое	близкие
Instrumental	близким	близкой	близким	близкими
Prepositional	близком	близкой	близком	близких
Short Form	близок	близка	близко	близки

Table C-7 Hard Adjective Patterns, Continued

Pattern 124				
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	важный	важная	важное	важные
Genitive	важного	важной	важного	важных
Dative	важному	важной	важному	важным
Accusative Animate	важного	важную	важное	важных
Accusative Inanimate	важный	важную	важное	важные
Instrumental	важным	важной	важным	важными
Prepositional	важном	важной	важном	важных
Short Form	важен	важна	важно	важны

Pattern 125				
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	широкий	широкая	широкое	широкие
Genitive	широкого	широкой	широкого	широких
Dative	широкому	широкой	широкому	широким
Accusative Animate	широкого	широкую	широкое	широких
Accusative Inanimate	широкий	широкую	широкое	широкие
Instrumental	широким	широкой	широким	широкими
Prepositional	широком	широкой	широком	широких
Short Form	широк	широка	широко	широки

Pattern 126				
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	сильный	сильная	сильное	сильные
Genitive	сильного	сильной	сильного	сильных
Dative	сильному	сильной	сильному	сильным
Accusative Animate	сильного	сильную	сильное	сильных
Accusative Inanimate	сильный	сильную	сильное	сильные
Instrumental	сильным	сильной	сильным	сильными
Prepositional	сильном	сильной	сильном	сильных
Short Form	силен	сильна	сильно	сильны

Table C-8 Soft Adjective Patterns

	Pattern 130			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>синий</u>	<u>синяя</u>	<u>синее</u>	<u>синие</u>
Genitive	синего	синей	синего	синих
Dative	синему	синей	синему	синим
Accusative Animate	синего	синюю	синее	синих
Accusative Inanimate	синий	синюю	синее	синие
Instrumental	синим	синей	синим	синими
Prepositional	синем	синей	синем	синих

	Pattern 131			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>третий</u>	<u>третья</u>	<u>третье</u>	<u>третьи</u>
Genitive	третьего	третьей	третьего	третьих
Dative	третьему	третьей	третьему	третьим
Accusative Animate	третьего	третью	третье	третьих
Accusative Inanimate	третий	третью	третье	третьи
Instrumental	третым	третей	третым	третими
Prepositional	третьем	третей	третьем	третьих

Table C-9 Miscellaneous Adjective Patterns

	Pattern 140			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	весь	вся	всё	все
Genitive	всего	всей	всего	всех
Dative	всему	всей	всему	всем
Accusative Animate	всего	всю	всё	всех
Accusative Inanimate	весь	всю	всё	все
Instrumental	всем	всей	всем	всеми
Prepositional	всём	всей	всём	всех

	Pattern 141			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	чей	чья	чёе	чьи
Genitive	чьего	чьей	чьего	чьих
Dative	чьему	чьей	чьему	чьим
Accusative Animate	чьего	чью	чёе	чьих
Accusative Inanimate	чей	чью	чёе	чьи
Instrumental	чьим	чьей	чьим	чьими
Prepositional	чьём	чьей	чьёе	чьих

	Pattern 142			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	один	одна	одно	одни
Genitive	одного	одной	одного	одних
Dative	одному	одной	одному	одним
Accusative Animate	одного	одну	одно	одних
Accusative Inanimate	один	одну	одно	одни
Instrumental	одним	одной	одним	одними
Prepositional	одном	одной	одном	одних

	Pattern 143		
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter
Nominative	оба	обе	оба
Genitive	обоих	обеих	обоих
Dative	обоим	обеим	обоим
Accusative Animate	обоих	обеих	оба
Accusative Inanimate	оба	обе	оба
Instrumental	обоими	обеими	обоими
Prepositional	обоих	обеих	обоих

Table C-10 Possessive Pronoun Patterns

	Pattern 150			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>МОЙ</u>	<u>МОЯ</u>	<u>МОЁ</u>	<u>МОИ</u>
Genitive	моего	моей	моего	моих
Dative	моему	моей	моему	моим
Accusative Animate	моего	мою	моё	моих
Accusative Inanimate	мой	мою	моё	мои
Instrumental	моим	моей	моим	моими
Prepositional	моём	моей	моём	моих

	Pattern 151			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>наш</u>	<u>наша</u>	<u>наше</u>	<u>наши</u>
Genitive	нашего	нашей	нашего	наших
Dative	нашему	нашей	нашему	нашим
Accusative Animate	нашего	нашу	наше	наших
Accusative Inanimate	наш	нашу	наше	наши
Instrumental	нашим	нашей	нашим	нашими
Prepositional	нашем	нашей	нашем	наших

Table C-11 Demonstrative Pronoun Patterns

	Pattern 155			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	этот	эта	это	эти
Genitive	этого	этой	этого	этих
Dative	этому	этой	этому	этим
Accusative Animate	этого	этую	этого	этих
Accusative Inanimate	этот	этую	это	эти
Instrumental	этим	этой	этим	этими
Prepositional	этом	этой	этом	этих

	Pattern 156			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	тот	та	то	те
Genitive	того	той	того	тех
Dative	тому	той	тому	тем
Accusative Animate	того	ту	того	тех
Accusative Inanimate	тот	ту	то	те
Instrumental	тем	той	тем	теми
Prepositional	том	той	том	тех

Table C-12 Personal Pronoun Patterns

	Pattern 390	Pattern 391	Pattern 392	Pattern 393	Pattern 394
Nominative	<u>я</u>		<u>ты</u>	<u>он</u>	
Genitive		<u>меня</u>	<u>тебя</u>		<u>его</u>
Dative		<u>мне</u>	<u>тебе</u>		<u>ему</u>
Accusative		<u>меня</u>	<u>тебя</u>		<u>его</u>
Instrumental		<u>мной</u>	<u>тобой</u>		
Prepositional		<u>мне</u>	<u>тебе</u>		

	Pattern 395	Pattern 396	Pattern 397	Pattern 398	Pattern 399
Nominative			<u>она</u>		
Genitive				<u>её</u>	
Dative				<u>ей</u>	
Accusative				<u>её</u>	
Instrumental	<u>им</u>			<u>ей</u>	
Prepositional		<u>нём</u>			<u>ней</u>

	Pattern 400	Pattern 401	Pattern 402	Pattern 403	Pattern 404
Nominative	<u>мы</u>		<u>они</u>		
Genitive		<u>нас</u>		<u>их</u>	
Dative		<u>нам</u>		<u>им</u>	
Accusative		<u>нас</u>		<u>их</u>	
Instrumental		<u>нами</u>		<u>ими</u>	
Prepositional		<u>нас</u>			<u>них</u>

Table C-13 Relative Pronoun Patterns

	Pattern 410			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>который</u>	<u>которая</u>	<u>которое</u>	<u>которые</u>
Genitive	которого	которой	которого	которых
Dative	которому	которой	которому	которым
Accusative Animate	которого	которую	которое	которых
Accusative Inanimate	который	которую	которое	которые
Instrumental	которым	которой	которым	которыми
Prepositional	котором	которой	котором	которых

Table C-14 Interrogative Patterns

	Pattern 380	Pattern 381
Nominative	кто	что
Genitive	кого	чего
Dative	кому	чему
Accusative	кого	что
Instrumental	кем	чем
Prepositional	ком	чём

Table C-15 Non-Reflexive Verb Patterns

		Pattern 160	Pattern 161	Pattern 162	Pattern 163
Singular	Infinitive	<u>читать</u>	<u>говорить</u>	<u>сказать</u>	<u>жить</u>
	1st Person	читаю	говорю	скажу	живу
	2nd Person	читаешь	говоришь	скажешь	живёшь
	3rd Person	читает	говорит	скажет	живёт
Plural	Imperative	читай	говори	скажи	живи
	1st Person	читаем	говорим	скажем	живём
	2nd Person	читаете	говорите	скажете	живёте
	3rd Person	читают	говорят	скажут	живут
Past	Masculine	читал	говорил	сказал	жил
	Feminine	читала	говорила	сказала	жила
	Neuter	читало	говорило	сказало	жило
	Plural	читали	говорили	сказали	жили

		Pattern 164	Pattern 165	Pattern 166	Pattern 167
Singular	Infinitive	<u>давать</u>	<u>ответить</u>	<u>писать</u>	<u>купить</u>
	1st Person	даю	отвечу	пишу	куплю
	2nd Person	даёшь	ответишь	пишешь	купишь
	3rd Person	даёт	ответит	пишет	купит
Plural	Imperative	дай	ответь	пиши	купи
	1st Person	даём	ответим	пишем	купим
	2nd Person	даёте	ответите	пишете	купите
	3rd Person	дают	ответят	пишут	купят
Past	Imperative	давай	ответьте	пишите	купите
	Masculine	давал	ответил	писал	купил
	Feminine	давала	ответила	писала	купила
	Neuter	давало	ответило	писало	купило
	Plural	давали	ответили	писали	купили

		Pattern 168	Pattern 169	Pattern 170	Pattern 171
Singular	Infinitive	<u>забыть</u>	<u>видеть</u>	<u>закрыть</u>	<u>класть</u>
	1st Person	забуду	вижу	закрою	кладу
	2nd Person	забудешь	видишь	закроешь	кладёшь
	3rd Person	забудет	видит	закроет	кладёт
Plural	Imperative	забудь	види	закрой	клади
	1st Person	забудем	видим	закроем	кладём
	2nd Person	забудете	видите	закроете	кладёте
	3rd Person	забудут	видят	закроют	кладут
Past	Imperative	забудьте	видите	закройте	кладите
	Masculine	забыл	видел	закрыл	клал
	Feminine	забыла	видела	закрыла	клала
	Neuter	забыло	видело	закрыло	клало
	Plural	забыли	видели	закрыли	клали

Table C-15 Non-Reflexive Verb Patterns, Continued

		Pattern 172	Pattern 173	Pattern 174	Pattern 175
Singular	Infinitive	<u>положить</u>	<u>дать</u>	<u>стать</u>	<u>помочь</u>
	1st Person	положу	дам	стану	помогу
	2nd Person	положишь	даш	станешь	поможешь
	3rd Person	положит	даст	станет	поможет
Plural	Imperative	положи	дай	стань	помоги
	1st Person	положим	дадим	станем	поможем
	2nd Person	положите	дадите	станете	поможете
	3rd Person	положат	дадут	станут	помогут
Past	Imperative	положите	дайте	станьте	помогите
	Masculine	положил	дал	стал	помог
	Feminine	положила	дала	стала	помогла
	Neuter	положило	дало	стало	помогло
	Plural	положили	дали	стали	помогли

		Pattern 176	Pattern 177	Pattern 178	Pattern 179
Singular	Infinitive	<u>понять</u>	<u>лечь</u>	<u>начать</u>	<u>есть</u>
	1st Person	пойму	лягу	начну	ем
	2nd Person	поймёшь	ляжешь	начнёшь	ешь
	3rd Person	поймёт	ляжет	начнёт	есть
Plural	Imperative	пойми	ляг	начни	ешь
	1st Person	поймём	ляжем	начнём	едим
	2nd Person	поймёте	ляжете	начнёте	едите
	3rd Person	поймут	лягут	начнут	едят
Past	Imperative	поймите	лягте	начните	ешьте
	Masculine	понял	лёг	начал	ел
	Feminine	поняла	легла	начала	ела
	Neuter	поняло	легло	начало	ело
	Plural	поняли	легли	начали	ели

		Pattern 180	Pattern 181	Pattern 182	Pattern 183
Singular	Infinitive	<u>пить</u>	<u>петь</u>	<u>сесть</u>	<u>послать</u>
	1st Person	пью	пою	сяду	пошлю
	2nd Person	пьёшь	поёшь	сядешь	пошлёшь
	3rd Person	пьёт	поёт	сядет	пошлёт
Plural	Imperative	пьей	пой	сядь	пошли
	1st Person	пьём	поём	сядем	пошлём
	2nd Person	пьёте	поёте	сядете	пошлёте
	3rd Person	пьют	поют	сядут	пошлют
Past	Imperative	пьейте	пойте	сядьте	пошлите
	Masculine	пил	пел	сел	послал
	Feminine	пила	пела	села	послала
	Neuter	пило	пело	село	послало
	Plural	пили	пели	сели	послали

Table C-15 Non-Reflexive Verb Patterns, Continued

		Pattern 184	Pattern 185	Pattern 186	Pattern 187
Singular	Infinitive	брать	взять	миновать	ночевать
	1st Person	беру	возьму	миную	ночую
	2nd Person	берёшь	возьмёшь	минуешь	ночуешь
	3rd Person	берёт	возьмёт	минует	ночует
Plural	Imperative	beri	возьми	минуй	ночуй
	1st Person	берём	возьмём	минуем	ночуем
	2nd Person	берёте	возьмёте	минуете	ночуете
	3rd Person	берут	возьмут	минуют	ночуют
Past	Imperative	берите	возьмите	минуйте	ночуйте
	Masculine	брал	взял	миновал	ночевал
	Feminine	брала	взяла	миновала	ночевала
	Neuter	брало	взяло	миновало	ночевало
Plural	Plural	брали	взяли	миновали	ночевали

		Pattern 188	Pattern 189	Pattern 190	Pattern 191
Singular	Infinitive	искать	спать	ходить	носить
	1st Person	ишу	сплю	хожу	ношу
	2nd Person	ищешь	спиши	ходишь	носишь
	3rd Person	ищет	спит	ходит	носит
Plural	Imperative	ищи	спи	ходи	носи
	1st Person	ищем	спим	ходим	носим
	2nd Person	ищете	спите	ходите	носите
	3rd Person	ищут	спят	ходят	носят
Past	Imperative	ищите	спите	ходите	носите
	Masculine	искал	спал	ходил	носил
	Feminine	искала	спала	ходила	носила
	Neuter	искало	спало	ходило	носило
Plural	Plural	искали	спали	ходили	носили

		Pattern 192 ¹	Pattern 193 ¹	Pattern 194 ²	Pattern 195
Singular	Infinitive	идти		ехать	вести
	1st Person	иду		еду	веду
	2nd Person	идёшь		едешь	ведёшь
	3rd Person	идёт		едет	ведёт
Plural	Imperative	иди			веди
	1st Person	идём		едим	ведём
	2nd Person	идёте		едите	ведёте
	3rd Person	идут		едут	ведут
Past	Imperative	идите			ведите
	Masculine		шёл	ехал	вёл
	Feminine		шла	ехала	вела
	Neuter		шло	ехало	вело
Plural	Plural		шли	ехали	вели

¹ Present and past tense forms have no common stem.

² Imperative ю та ю а ё (о ё) is not related to the stem.

Table C-15 Non-Reflexive Verb Patterns, Continued

		Pattern 196	Pattern 197	Pattern 198	Pattern 199
Singular	Infinitive	<u>леть</u>	<u>поднять</u>	<u>ждать</u>	<u>хотеть</u>
	1st Person	лечу	подниму	жду	хочу
	2nd Person	летишь	поднимешь	ждёжь	хочешь
	3rd Person	летит	поднимет	ждёт	хочет
Plural	Imperative	лети	подними	жди	хоти
	1st Person	летим	поднимем	ждём	хотим
	2nd Person	летите	поднимете	ждёте	хотите
	3rd Person	летят	поднимут	ждут	хотят
Past	Imperative	летите	поднимите	ждите	хотите
	Masculine	летел	поднял	жал	хотел
	Feminine	летела	подняла	ждала	хотела
	Neuter	летело	подняло	ждало	хотело
	Plural	летели	подняли	ждали	хотели

Table C-16 Non-Reflexive Verb Patterns

		Pattern 210	Pattern 211	Pattern 212
Singular	Infinitive	<u>читаться</u>	<u>говориться</u>	<u>сказаться</u>
	1st Person	читаюсь	говорюсь	скажусь
	2nd Person	читаешься	говоришься	скажешься
	3rd Person	читается	говорится	скажется
	Imperative	читайся	говорись	скажись
Plural	1st Person	читаемся	говоримся	скажемся
	2nd Person	читаетесь	говоритесь	скажетесь
	3rd Person	читаются	говорятся	скажутся
	Imperative	читайтесь	говоритесь	скажитесь
Past	Masculine	читался	говорился	сказался
	Feminine	читалась	говорилась	сказалась
	Neuter	читалось	говорилось	сказалось
	Plural	читались	говорились	сказались

		Pattern 213	Pattern 214	Pattern 215
Singular	Infinitive	<u>ужиться</u>	<u>отдаватьсь</u>	<u>писаться</u>
	1st Person	уживусь	отдаюсь	пишусь
	2nd Person	уживёшься	отдаёшься	пишешься
	3rd Person	уживётся	отдаётся	пишется
	Imperative	уживись	отдайся	пишись
Plural	1st Person	уживёмся	отдаёмся	пишемся
	2nd Person	уживёtesь	отдаёtesь	пишетесь
	3rd Person	уживутся	отдаются	пишутся
	Imperative	уживитеь	отдайтесь	пишитесь
Past	Masculine	ужился	отдался	писался
	Feminine	ужилась	отдалась	писалась
	Neuter	ужилось	отдалось	писалось
	Plural	ужились	отдались	писались

		Pattern 216	Pattern 217	Pattern 218
Singular	Infinitive	<u>видеться</u>	<u>закрыться</u>	<u>питься</u>
	1st Person	вижуясь	закроюсь	пьюсь
	2nd Person	видишься	закроешься	пьёшься
	3rd Person	видится	закроется	пьётся
	Imperative	видись	закройся	пейся
Plural	1st Person	видимся	закроемся	пьёмся
	2nd Person	видитесь	закроетесь	пьёtesь
	3rd Person	видятся	закроются	пьются
	Imperative	видитесь	закройтесь	пейтесь
Past	Masculine	виделся	закрылся	пился
	Feminine	виделась	закрылась	пилась
	Neuter	виделось	закрылось	пилось
	Plural	виделись	закрылись	пились

Table C-16 Non-Reflexive Verb Patterns, Continued

		Pattern 219	Pattern 220	Pattern 221
Singular	Infinitive	<u>положиться</u>	<u>отдаться</u>	<u>статься</u>
	1st Person	положусь	отдамся	станусь
	2nd Person	положишься	отдашся	станешься
	3rd Person	положится	отдастся	станется
	Imperative	положись	отдайся	станься
Plural	1st Person	положимся	отдадимся	станемся
	2nd Person	положитесь	отдадитесь	станетесь
	3rd Person	положатся	отдадутся	станутся
	Imperative	положитесь	отдайтесь	станьтесь
Past	Masculine	положился	отдался	стался
	Feminine	положилась	отдалась	сталась
	Neuter	положилось	отдалось	сталось
	Plural	положились	отдались	стались

		Pattern 222	Pattern 223	Pattern 224
Singular	Infinitive	<u>хотеться</u>	<u>начаться</u>	<u>носиться</u>
	1st Person	хочусь	начнусь	ношусь
	2nd Person	хочешься	начнёшься	носишься
	3rd Person	хочется	начнётся	носится
	Imperative	хотись	начнись	носись
Plural	1st Person	хотимся	начнёмся	носимся
	2nd Person	хотитесь	начнётесь	носитесь
	3rd Person	хотятся	начнутся	носятся
	Imperative	хотитесь	начнитесь	носитесь
Past	Masculine	хотелся	начался	носился
	Feminine	хотелась	началась	носилась
	Neuter	хотелось	началось	носилось
	Plural	хотелись	начались	носились

		Pattern 225	Pattern 226	Pattern 227
Singular	Infinitive	<u>выспаться</u>	<u>браться</u>	<u>взяться</u>
	1st Person	высплюсь	берусь	возьмусь
	2nd Person	выспишься	берёшься	возьмёшься
	3rd Person	выспится	берётся	возьмётся
	Imperative	выспись	берись	возьмись
Plural	1st Person	выспимся	берёмся	возьмёмся
	2nd Person	выспитесь	берётесь	возьмёtesь
	3rd Person	выспятся	берутся	возьмутся
	Imperative	выспитесь	беритесть	возьмитесть
Past	Masculine	выспался	брался	взялся
	Feminine	выспалась	браилась	взялась
	Neuter	выспалось	бралось	взялось
	Plural	выспались	брались	взялись

Table C-16 Non-Reflexive Verb Patterns, Continued

		Pattern 228	Pattern 229	Pattern 230
Singular	Infinitive	вестись	разлететься	подняться
	1st Person	ведусь	разлечусь	поднимусь
	2nd Person	ведёшься	разлетишься	поднимешься
	3rd Person	ведётся	разлетится	поднимется
	Imperative	ведись	разлетись	поднимись
Plural	1st Person	ведёмся	разлетимся	поднимемся
	2nd Person	ведётесь	разлетитесь	подниметесь
	3rd Person	ведутся	разлетятся	поднимутся
	Imperative	ведитесь	разлетитесь	поднимитесь
Past	Masculine	вёлся	разлетелся	поднялся
	Feminine	веласть	разлетелась	поднялась
	Neuter	велось	разлетелось	поднялось
	Plural	велись	разлетелись	поднялись

		Pattern 231	Pattern 232	Pattern 233
Singular	Infinitive	влюбиться	любоваться	водиться
	1st Person	влюблюсь	любуюсь	вожусь
	2nd Person	влюбишься	любуешься	водишься
	3rd Person	влюбитя	любуется	водится
	Imperative	влюбись	любуйся	водись
Plural	1st Person	влюбимся	любуемся	водимся
	2nd Person	влюбитесь	любуетесь	водитесь
	3rd Person	влюбятся	любуются	водятся
	Imperative	влюбитесь	любуйтесь	водитесь
Past	Masculine	влюбился	любовался	водился
	Feminine	влюбилась	любовалась	водилась
	Neuter	влюбилось	любовалось	водилось
	Plural	влюбились	любовались	водились

		Pattern 234	Pattern 235 [†]
Singular	Infinitive	разойтись	разъехаться
	1st Person	разойдусь	разъедусь
	2nd Person	разойдёшься	разъедешься
	3rd Person	разойдётся	разъедется
	Imperative	разойдись	
Plural	1st Person	разойдёмся	разъедимся
	2nd Person	разойдётесь	разъедитесь
	3rd Person	разойдутся	разъедутся
	Imperative	разойдитесь	
Past	Masculine	разошёлся	разъехался
	Feminine	разошлась	разъехалась
	Neuter	разошлось	разъехалось
	Plural	разошлись	разъехались

[†] Imperatives ဝါ၁၂၃၅၀၆၀၇ and ဝါ၁၂၃၅၀၉၁၀၀၀ are not related to the stem.

Table C-17 Non-Reflexive Verbal Adverb Patterns

	Pattern 250	Pattern 251	Pattern 252	Pattern 253
Infinitive [†]	читать	слышать	образовать	нести
Simultaneous	читая	слыша	образуя	неся
Sequential I	читав	слышав	образовав	
Sequential II	читавши	слышавши	образовавши	нёсши

	Pattern 254	Pattern 255	Pattern 256	Pattern 257
Infinitive [†]	говорить	видеть	спешать	выжить
Simultaneous	говоря	видя	спеша	выживя
Sequential I	говорив	видев	спешив	выжив
Sequential II	говоривши	видевши	спешивши	выживши

[†] Included here for reference to the lexicon entry stem, but not part of the pattern.

Table C-18 Reflexive Verbal Adverb Patterns

	Pattern 270	Pattern 271	Pattern 272	Pattern 273
Infinitive [†]	<u>стараться</u>	<u>видеться</u>	<u>образоваться</u>	<u>нестись</u>
Simultaneous	стараясь	видясь	образуясь	несясь
Sequential	старавшись	видевшись	образовавшись	нёсшиесь
	Pattern 274	Pattern 275		
Infinitive [†]	<u>мешаться</u>	<u>ужиться</u>		
Simultaneous	мешась	уживясь		
Sequential	мешившись	ужившиесь		

[†] Included here for reference to the lexicon entry stem, but not part of the pattern.

Table C-19 Non-Reflexive Present Active Verbal Adjective Patterns

Pattern 290				
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>спеша</u> щий	<u>спеша</u> щая	<u>спеша</u> щее	<u>спеша</u> щие
Genitive	спешащего	спешащей	спешащего	спешащих
Dative	спешащему	спешащей	спешащему	спешащим
Accusative Animate	спешащего	спешащую	спешащее	спешащих
Accusative Inanimate	спешащий	спешащую	спешащее	спешащие
Instrumental	спешащим	спешащей	спешащим	спешащими
Prepositional	спешащем	спешащей	спешащем	спешащих

Pattern 291				
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>гово</u> рящий	<u>гово</u> ряща	<u>гово</u> рящее	<u>гово</u> рящие
Genitive	гово ^р ящего	гово ^р ящей	гово ^р ящего	гово ^р ящих
Dative	гово ^р ящему	гово ^р ящей	гово ^р ящему	гово ^р ящим
Accusative Animate	гово ^р ящего	гово ^р ящую	гово ^р ящее	гово ^р ящих
Accusative Inanimate	гово ^р ящий	гово ^р ящую	гово ^р ящее	гово ^р ящие
Instrumental	гово ^р ящим	гово ^р ящей	гово ^р ящим	гово ^р ящими
Prepositional	гово ^р ящем	гово ^р ящей	гово ^р ящем	гово ^р ящих

Pattern 292				
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>пишущ</u> ий	<u>пишущ</u> ая	<u>пишущ</u> ее	<u>пишущ</u> ие
Genitive	пишущего	пишущей	пишущего	пишущих
Dative	пишущему	пишущей	пишущему	пишущим
Accusative Animate	пишущего	пишущую	пишущее	пишущих
Accusative Inanimate	пишущий	пишущую	пишущее	пишущие
Instrumental	пишущим	пишущей	пишущим	пишущими
Prepositional	пишущем	пишущей	пишущем	пишущих

Pattern 293				
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>читающ</u> ий	<u>читающ</u> ая	<u>читающ</u> ее	<u>читающ</u> ие
Genitive	читающе ^{го}	читающе ^й	читающе ^{го}	читающи ^х
Dative	читающему	читающе ^й	читающему	читающим
Accusative Animate	читающе ^{го}	читающе ^ю	читающе ^е	читающи ^х
Accusative Inanimate	читающий	читающе ^ю	читающе ^е	читающи ^е
Instrumental	читающим	читающе ^й	читающим	читающими
Prepositional	читающем	читающе ^й	читающем	читающих

Pattern 294				
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>образующ</u> ий	<u>образующ</u> ая	<u>образующ</u> ее	<u>образующ</u> ие
Genitive	образующе ^{го}	образующе ^й	образующе ^{го}	образующи ^х
Dative	образующему	образующе ^й	образующему	образующим
Accusative Animate	образующе ^{го}	образующе ^ю	образующе ^е	образующи ^х
Accusative Inanimate	образующий	образующе ^ю	образующе ^е	образующие
Instrumental	образующим	образующе ^й	образующим	образующими
Prepositional	образующем	образующе ^й	образующем	образующих

Table C-20 Non-Reflexive Present Passive Verbal Adjective Patterns

Pattern 310				
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	читаемый	читаемая	читаемое	читаемые
Genitive	читаемого	читаемой	читаемого	читаемых
Dative	читаемому	читаемой	читаемому	читаемым
Accusative Animate	читаемого	читаемую	читаемое	читаемых
Accusative Inanimate	читаемый	читаемую	читаемое	читаемые
Instrumental	читаемым	читаемой	читаемым	читаемыми
Prepositional	читаемом	читаемой	читаемом	читаемых

Pattern 311				
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	говоримый	говоримая	говоримое	говоримые
Genitive	говоримого	говоримой	говоримого	говоримых
Dative	говоримому	говоримой	говоримому	говоримым
Accusative Animate	говоримого	говоримую	говоримое	говоримых
Accusative Inanimate	говоримый	говоримую	говоримое	говоримые
Instrumental	говоримым	говоримой	говоримым	говоримыми
Prepositional	говоримом	говоримой	говоримом	говоримых

Pattern 312				
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	даваемый	даваемая	даваемое	даваемые
Genitive	даваемого	даваемой	даваемого	даваемых
Dative	даваемому	даваемой	даваемому	даваемым
Accusative Animate	даваемого	даваемую	даваемое	даваемых
Accusative Inanimate	даваемый	даваемую	даваемое	даваемые
Instrumental	даваемым	даваемой	даваемым	даваемыми
Prepositional	даваемом	даваемой	даваемом	даваемых

Pattern 313				
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	образуемый	образуемая	образуемое	образуемые
Genitive	образуемого	образуемой	образуемого	образуемых
Dative	образуемому	образуемой	образуемому	образуемым
Accusative Animate	образуемого	образуемую	образуемое	образуемых
Accusative Inanimate	образуемый	образуемую	образуемое	образуемые
Instrumental	образуемым	образуемой	образуемым	образуемыми
Prepositional	образуемом	образуемой	образуемом	образуемых

Table C-21 Non-Reflexive Past Active Verbal Adjective Patterns

	Pattern 320			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	читавший	читавшая	читавшее	читавшие
Genitive	читавшего	читавшей	читавшего	читавших
Dative	читавшему	читавшей	читавшему	читавшим
Accusative Animate	читавшего	читавшую	читавшее	читавших
Accusative Inanimate	читавший	читавшую	читавшее	читавшие
Instrumental	читавшим	читавшей	читавшим	читавшими
Prepositional	читавшем	читавшей	читавшем	читавших

	Pattern 321			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	говоривший	говорившая	говорившее	говорившие
Genitive	говорившего	говорившей	говорившего	говоривших
Dative	говорившему	говорившей	говорившему	говорившим
Accusative Animate	говорившего	говорившую	говорившее	говоривших
Accusative Inanimate	говоривший	говорившую	говорившее	говорившие
Instrumental	говорившим	говорившей	говорившим	говорившими
Prepositional	говорившем	говорившей	говорившем	говоривших

	Pattern 322			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	видевший	видевшая	видевшее	видевшие
Genitive	видевшего	видевшей	видевшего	видевших
Dative	видевшему	видевшей	видевшему	видевшим
Accusative Animate	видевшего	видевшую	видевшее	видевших
Accusative Inanimate	видевший	видевшую	видевшее	видевшие
Instrumental	видевшим	видевшей	видевшим	видевшими
Prepositional	видевшем	видевшей	видевшем	видевших

	Pattern 323			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	мешавший	мешавшая	мешавшее	мешавшие
Genitive	мешавшего	мешавшей	мешавшего	мешавших
Dative	мешавшему	мешавшей	мешавшему	мешавшим
Accusative Animate	мешавшего	мешавшую	мешавшее	мешавших
Accusative Inanimate	мешавший	мешавшую	мешавшее	мешавшие
Instrumental	мешавшим	мешавшей	мешавшим	мешавшими
Prepositional	мешавшем	мешавшей	мешавшем	мешавших

Table C-21 Non-Reflexive Past Active Verbal Adjective Patterns, Continued

	Pattern 324			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>живший</u>	<u>жившая</u>	<u>жившее</u>	<u>жившие</u>
Genitive	жившего	жившей	жившего	живших
Dative	жившему	жившей	жившему	жившим
Accusative Animate	жившего	жившую	жившее	живших
Accusative Inanimate	живший	жившую	жившее	жившие
Instrumental	жившим	жившей	жившим	жившими
Prepositional	жившем	жившей	жившем	живших

	Pattern 325			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>миновавший</u>	<u>миновавшая</u>	<u>миновавшее</u>	<u>миновавшие</u>
Genitive	миновавшего	миновавшей	миновавшего	миновавших
Dative	миновавшему	миновавшей	миновавшему	миновавшим
Accusative Animate	миновавшего	миновавшую	миновавшее	миновавших
Accusative Inanimate	миновавший	миновавшую	миновавшее	миновавшие
Instrumental	миновавшим	миновавшей	миновавшим	миновавшими
Prepositional	миновавшем	миновавшей	миновавшем	миновавших

Table C-22 Non-Reflexive Past Passive Verbal Adjective Patterns

	Pattern 340			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>разбитый</u>	<u>разбитая</u>	<u>разбитое</u>	<u>разбитые</u>
Genitive	разбитого	разбитой	разбитого	разбитых
Dative	разбитому	разбитой	разбитому	разбитым
Accusative Animate	разбитого	разбитую	разбитое	разбитых
Accusative Inanimate	разбитый	разбитую	разбитое	разбитые
Instrumental	разбитым	разбитой	разбитым	разбитыми
Prepositional	разбитом	разбитой	разбитом	разбитых
Short Form	разбит	разбита	разбито	разбиты

	Pattern 341			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>закрытый</u>	<u>закрытая</u>	<u>закрытое</u>	<u>закрытые</u>
Genitive	закрытого	закрытой	закрытого	закрытых
Dative	закрытому	закрытой	закрытому	закрытым
Accusative Animate	закрытого	закрытую	закрытое	закрытых
Accusative Inanimate	закрытый	закрытую	закрытое	закрытые
Instrumental	закрытым	закрытой	закрытым	закрытыми
Prepositional	закрытом	закрытой	закрытом	закрытых
Short Form	закрыт	закрыта	закрыто	закрыты

	Pattern 342			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>одетый</u>	<u>одетая</u>	<u>одетое</u>	<u>одетые</u>
Genitive	одетого	одетой	одетого	одетых
Dative	одетому	одетой	одетому	одетым
Accusative Animate	одетого	одетую	одетое	одетых
Accusative Inanimate	одетый	одетую	одетое	одетые
Instrumental	одетым	одетой	одетым	одетыми
Prepositional	одетом	одетой	одетом	одетых
Short Form	одет	одета	одето	одеты

	Pattern 343			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>раненый</u>	<u>раненная</u>	<u>раненное</u>	<u>раненные</u>
Genitive	раненного	раненной	раненного	раненных
Dative	раненному	раненной	раненному	раненным
Accusative Animate	раненного	раненную	раненное	раненных
Accusative Inanimate	раненный	раненную	раненное	раненные
Instrumental	раненным	раненной	раненным	раненными
Prepositional	раненном	раненной	раненном	раненных
Short Form I	ранен	ранена	ранено	ранены
Short Form II	ранен	раненна	раненно	раненны

Table C-22 Non-Reflexive Past Passive Verbal Adjective Patterns, Contined

	Pattern 344			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>купленный</u>	<u>купленная</u>	<u>купленное</u>	<u>купленные</u>
Genitive	купленного	купленной	купленного	купленных
Dative	купленному	купленной	купленному	купленным
Accusative Animate	купленного	купленную	купленное	купленных
Accusative Inanimate	купленный	купленную	купленное	купленные
Instrumental	купленным	купленной	купленным	купленными
Prepositional	купленном	купленной	купленном	купленных
Short Form I	куплен	куплена	куплено	куплены
Short Form II	куплен	купленна	купленно	купленны

	Pattern 345			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>увиденный</u>	<u>увиденная</u>	<u>увиденное</u>	<u>увиденные</u>
Genitive	увиденного	увиденной	увиденного	увиденных
Dative	увиденному	увиденной	увиденному	увиденным
Accusative Animate	увиденного	увиденную	увиденное	увиденных
Accusative Inanimate	увиденный	увиденную	увиденное	увиденные
Instrumental	увиденным	увиденной	увиденным	увиденными
Prepositional	увиденном	увиденной	увиденном	увиденных
Short Form I	увиден	увидена	увидено	увидены
Short Form II	увиден	увиденна	увиденно	увиденны

	Pattern 346			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>удивлённый</u>	<u>удивлённая</u>	<u>удивлённое</u>	<u>удивлённые</u>
Genitive	удивлённого	удивлённой	удивлённого	удивлённых
Dative	удивлённому	удивлённой	удивлённому	удивлённым
Accusative Animate	удивлённого	удивлённую	удивлённое	удивлённых
Accusative Inanimate	удивлённый	удивлённую	удивлённое	удивлённые
Instrumental	удивлённым	удивлённой	удивлённым	удивлёнными
Prepositional	удивлённом	удивлённой	удивлённом	удивлённых
Short Form I	удивлён	удивлёна	удивлёно	удивлёны
Short Form II	удивлён	удивлённа	удивлённо	удивлённы

	Pattern 347			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>образованный</u>	<u>образованная</u>	<u>образованное</u>	<u>образованные</u>
Genitive	образованного	образованной	образованного	образованных
Dative	образованному	образованной	образованному	образованным
Accusative Animate	образованного	образованную	образованное	образованных
Accusative Inanimate	образованный	образованную	образованное	образованные
Instrumental	образованным	образованной	образованным	образованными
Prepositional	образованном	образованной	образованном	образованных
Short Form I	образован	образована	образовано	образованы
Short Form II	образован	образована	образовано	образованы

Table C-23 Reflexive Present Active Verbal Adjective Patterns

	Pattern 360			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	учащийся	учащаяся	учащееся	учащиеся
Genitive	учащегося	учащейся	учащегося	учащихся
Dative	учащемуся	учащейся	учащемуся	учащимся
Accusative Animate	учащегося	учащуюся	учащееся	учащихся
Accusative Inanimate	учащийся	учащуюся	учащееся	учащиеся
Instrumental	учащимся	учащейся	учащимся	учащимися
Prepositional	учащемся	учащейся	учащемся	учащихся

	Pattern 361			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	длящийся	дляющаяся	дляющееся	длящиеся
Genitive	длящегося	дляющейся	длящегося	длящихся
Dative	длящемуся	дляющейся	длящемуся	длящимся
Accusative Animate	длящегося	дляющуюся	длящееся	длящихся
Accusative Inanimate	длящийся	дляющуюся	длящееся	длящиеся
Instrumental	длящимся	дляющейся	длящимся	длящимися
Prepositional	длящемся	дляющейся	длящемся	длящихся

	Pattern 362			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	пишущийся	пишущаяся	пишущееся	пишущиеся
Genitive	пишущегося	пишущейся	пишущегося	пишущихся
Dative	пишущемуся	пишущейся	пишущемуся	пишущимся
Accusative Animate	пишущегося	пишущуюся	пишущееся	пишущихся
Accusative Inanimate	пишущийся	пишущуюся	пишущееся	пишущиеся
Instrumental	пишущимся	пишущейся	пишущимся	пишущимися
Prepositional	пишущемся	пишущейся	пишущемся	пишущихся

	Pattern 363			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	занимающийся	занимающаяся	занимающееся	занимающиеся
Genitive	занимающегося	занимающейся	занимающегося	занимающихся
Dative	занимающемуся	занимающейся	занимающемуся	занимающимся
Accusative Animate	занимающегося	занимающуюся	занимающееся	занимающихся
Accusative Inanimate	занимающийся	занимающуюся	занимающееся	занимающиеся
Instrumental	занимающимся	занимающейся	занимающимся	занимающимися
Prepositional	занимающемся	занимающейся	занимающемся	занимающихся

	Pattern 364			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	образующийся	образующаяся	образующееся	образующиеся
Genitive	образующегося	образующейся	образующегося	образующихся
Dative	образующемуся	образующейся	образующемуся	образующимся
Accusative Animate	образующегося	образующуюся	образующееся	образующихся
Accusative Inanimate	образующийся	образующуюся	образующееся	образующиеся
Instrumental	образующимся	образующейся	образующимся	образующимися
Prepositional	образующемся	образующейся	образующемся	образующихся

Table C-24 Reflexive Past Active Verbal Adjective Patterns

	Pattern 370			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>учившийся</u>	<u>учившаяся</u>	<u>учившееся</u>	<u>учившиеся</u>
Genitive	учившегося	учившейся	учившегося	учившихся
Dative	учившемуся	учившейся	учившемуся	учившимся
Accusative Animate	учившегося	учившуюся	учившееся	учившихся
Accusative Inanimate	учившийся	учившуюся	учившееся	учившиеся
Instrumental	учившимся	учившейся	учившимся	учившимися
Prepositional	учившемся	учившейся	учившемся	учившихся

	Pattern 371			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>говорившийся</u>	<u>говорившаяся</u>	<u>говорившееся</u>	<u>говорившиеся</u>
Genitive	говорившегося	говорившейся	говорившегося	говорившихся
Dative	говорившемуся	говорившейся	говорившемуся	говорившимся
Accusative Animate	говорившегося	говорившуюся	говорившееся	говорившихся
Accusative Inanimate	говорившийся	говорившуюся	говорившееся	говорившиеся
Instrumental	говорившимся	говорившейся	говорившимся	говорившимися
Prepositional	говорившемся	говорившейся	говорившемся	говорившихся

	Pattern 372			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>решавшийся</u>	<u>решавшаяся</u>	<u>решавшееся</u>	<u>решавшиеся</u>
Genitive	решавшегося	решавшейся	решавшегося	решавшихся
Dative	решавшемуся	решавшейся	решавшемуся	решавшимся
Accusative Animate	решавшегося	решавшуюся	решавшееся	решавшихся
Accusative Inanimate	решавшийся	решавшуюся	решавшееся	решавшиеся
Instrumental	решавшимся	решавшейся	решавшимся	решавшимися
Prepositional	решавшемся	решавшейся	решавшемся	решавшихся

	Pattern 373			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>ужившийся</u>	<u>ужившаяся</u>	<u>ужившееся</u>	<u>ужившиеся</u>
Genitive	ужившегося	ужившейся	ужившегося	ужившихся
Dative	ужившемуся	ужившейся	ужившемуся	ужившимся
Accusative Animate	ужившегося	ужившуюся	ужившееся	ужившихся
Accusative Inanimate	ужившийся	ужившуюся	ужившееся	ужившиеся
Instrumental	ужившимся	ужившейся	ужившимся	ужившимися
Prepositional	ужившемся	ужившейся	ужившемся	ужившихся

	Pattern 374			
	Masculine	Feminine	Neuter	Plural
Nominative	<u>образовавшийся</u>	<u>образовавшаяся</u>	<u>образовавшееся</u>	<u>образовавшиеся</u>
Genitive	образовавшегося	образовавшейся	образовавшегося	образовавшихся
Dative	образовавшемуся	образовавшейся	образовавшемуся	образовавшимся
Accusative Animate	образовавшегося	образовавшуюся	образовавшееся	образовавшихся
Accusative Inanimate	образовавшийся	образовавшуюся	образовавшееся	образовавшиеся
Instrumental	образовавшимся	образовавшейся	образовавшимся	образовавшимися
Prepositional	образовавшемся	образовавшейся	образовавшемся	образовавшихся

APPENDIX D

Transfer Rules

- Noun phrase: [{adverb} + adjective] + [adjective] + noun + [{adjective} + genitive noun] + [preposition + noun]

$$\begin{matrix} \{1:AV_N_*\} & 2:AJ_1_(2)_* & [3:AJ_1_(2)_*] & 4:NO_1_(2)_* & \{5:AJ_G_3\}_* & 6:NO_G_3_* & [7:EP_4] & 8:NO_4_(5)_* \\ 4A & \{1\%> 2\% & [3\% & 4N & [6A & \{5\% & 6N] & [7\% & 8A & 8N] \end{matrix}$$
- Verb phrase: [{adverb} + adjective] + [adjective] + noun + verb + [{adverb} + adjective] + [adjective] + noun

$$\begin{matrix} \{1:AV_N_*\} & 2:AJ_N_1_* & [3:AJ_N_1_*] & 4:NO_N_1_* & 5:VB_*_*_(2) & \{6:AV_N_*\} & 7:AJ_2_(3)_* & [8:AJ_2_(3)_*] \\ 9:NO_2_(3)_* \\ 4A & \{1\% & 2\% & [3\% & 4N & 5V & 9A & \{6\% & 7\% & [8\% & 9N \end{matrix}$$
- Adverb + adverb + adjective + adjective + adverb + adjective + noun + verb

$$\begin{matrix} 1:AV_*_* & 2:AV_*_* & 3:AJ_*_(1) & 4:AJ_*_(1) & 5:AV_*_* & 6:AJ_*_(1) & 7:NO_*_(1)_* & 8:VB_*_*_* \\ 1\% & 2\% & 7A & 3\% & 4\% & 5\% & 6\% & 7N & 8V \end{matrix}$$
- Adjective + verb + noun + preposition + noun + relative pronoun + adverb + adverb + verb + preposition + adjective + noun + preposition + possessive pronoun + noun

$$\begin{matrix} 1:AJ_N_*_* & 2:VB_*_*_* & 3:NO_*_P_* & 4:EP_2 & 5:NO_2_*_* & 6:PR_*_* & 7:AV_*_* & 8:AV_*_* & 9:VB_*_*_* \\ 10:EP_4 & 11:AJ_4_*_* & 12:NO_4_*_* & 13:EP_5 & 14:PO_X_P & 15:NO_5_*_* \\ 1\% & 2V & 3N & 4\% & 5A & 5N & 6\% & 7\% & 9V & 8\% & 10\% & 12A & 11\% & 12N & 13\% & 14\% & 15N \end{matrix}$$
- Adjective + noun + adjective.genitive + noun.genitive + verb + noun + verb + adjective + noun

$$\begin{matrix} 1:AJ_1_(2)_* & 2:NO_1_(2)_* & 3:AJ_G_M_* & 4:NO_G_M_* & 5:VB_*_*_(3) & 6:NO_3_*_* & 7:VB_*_(4) & 8:AJ_5_*_* \\ 9:NO_5_*_* \\ 2A & 2N & 4A & 3\% & 4N & 1\% & 5V & 6A & 6N & 7V & 9A & 8\% & 9N \end{matrix}$$

- Noun phrase: [{adverb} + adjective] + [adjective] + noun + [{adverb} + {adjective} + {adjective} + genitive noun]

[{1:AV_N_*} 2:AJ_(1)_(2)_*] [3:AJ_(1)_(2)_*] 4:NO_(1)_(2)_* [{5:AV_N_*}] {6:AJ_G_(3)_*} {7:AJ_G_(3)_*} 8:NO_G_(3)_*]
 4A [{1%} 2%] [3%] 4N [8A {5%} {6%} {7%} 8N]

- Noun + adverb + verb + verb.infinitive + noun + noun.genitive + verb + noun + noun.genitive + adverb + adverb + preposition.prepositional + noun + adverb + verb + adjective + noun + adjective.genitive + noun.genitive

1:NO_N_*_* 2:AV_*_* 3:VB_*_*_* 4:VB_*_(1) 5:NO_(1)_*_* 6:NO_G_*_* 7:VB_*_(2) 8:NO_(2)_*_* 9:NO_G_*_*
 10:AV_*_* 11:AV_*_* 12:PO_X_P 13:NO_*_*_* 14:AV_*_* 15:VB_*_* 16:AJ_*_*_* 17:NO_*_*_* 18:AJ_G_*_*
 19:NO_G_M_*

1A 1N 2% 3V 4V 5A 5N 6A 6N 7V 8A 8N 9A 9N 10% 11% 12% 13A 13N 14% 15V 16%
 17N 19A 18% 19N

- Adjective + adjective + noun + verbal adjective.past passive + preposition + adjective + noun + verb + preposition + noun + adjective + adjective + noun

1:AJ_(1)_(2)_* 2:AJ_(1)_(2)_* 3:NO_(1)_(2)_* 4:VJ_AP_*_(2)_* 5:EP_(3) 6:AJ_(3)_*_* 7:NO_(3)_*_* 8:VB_*_*_* 9:EP_(4)
 10:NO_(4)_*_* 11:AJ_(5)_*_* 12:AJ_*_*_* 13:NO_*_P_*
 1% 2% 3N 4J 5% 6% 7N 8V 9% 10N 11% 13A 12% 13N

- Preposition + adjective + preposition + adjective + noun + verb + adverb + noun + noun.genitive

1:EP_(1) 2:AJ_(1)_*_0 3:EP_(2) 4:AJ_(2)_*_0 5:NO_(2)_(3)_* 6:VB_*_(3)_* 7:AV_* 8:NO_*_*_* 9:NO_G_*_*
 1% 2% 3% 4% 5N 7A 7N 8A 8N 9A 9N 6V

- Simple Noun phrase: [{adverb} + adjective] + [adjective] + noun

[{1:AV_N_*} 2:AJ_(1)_(2)_*] [3:AJ_(1)_(2)_*] 4:NO_(1)_(2)_*
 4A [{1%} 2%] [3%] 4N

APPENDIX E

Bilingual Lexicon

Source Stem	Part of Speech	Target Stem	Inflection Pattern	Primary Attribute	Secondary Attribute	Transfer Attribute	Disambiguation Expression
а	10	but	0	1	0	0	
абсолют	9	absolute	124	1	0	0	
абстракт	1	abstract	6	1	0	4996	
аппарат	1	apparatus	6	1	0	5252	
актив	9	active	124	1	0	0	
анализ	1	analysis	6	1	0	5268	
анализир	8	analyze.analyzes.analyzed.analyzing.analyzed	186	21	8	0	
американс	9	American	125	1	0	0	
англоговорящ	9	English-speaking	121	1	0	0	
амплитуд	1	amplitude	50	2	0	5044	
анод	1	anode	6	1	0	4996	
автомат	1	automatic device	6	1	0	4996	
автоматическ	9	automatic	125	1	0	0	
автомобил	1	automobile	33	1	0	4996	
атом	1	atom	6	1	0	4996	
б	8	take.takes.took.taking.taken	184	21	8	0	
бел	9	white	120	1	0	0	
бел	9	white	120	1	0	0	
биологическ	9	biological	125	1	0	0	
близ	9	near	123	1	0	0	
больш	9	big	122	1	0	0	
брать	2	brother	8	1	0	4929	
бумаг	1	paper	51	2	0	4900	
быва	8	happen.happens.happened.happening.happened	160	21	1	0	
быстро	10	quickly	0	1	0	0	
в	11	in	0	0	16	0	
в	8	conduct.conducts.conducted.conducting.conducted	195	273	8	0	
в	8	conducted	228	321	0	0	
в	8	take.took.taken	185	25	8	0	
в	9	all/entire	140	1	0	0	
ва	3	you	401	7	0	0	
велик	9	great	121	1	0	0	
вес	1	weight	6	1	0	4212	
важ	9	important	124	1	0	0	
веществ	1	substance	90	3	0	4932	
вечер	1	evening	24	1	0	5008	
ви	8	see.sees.saw.seeing.seen	169	21	8	0	
ви	8	seen	216	69	0	0	
вид	1	species	6	1	0	4176 (+4, <animal>)	
вид	1	view	1	1	0	4944 (+1, 'На')	
вид	14	seeing.seen	255	1	8	0	
вид	15	see.sees.saw.seeing.seen	322	33	8	0	
во	11	in	0	0	16	0	
во	8	conduct.conducts.conducted.conducting.conducted	190	145	8	0	
вод	1	water	50	2	0	4900	
вне	11	outside	0	0	1	0	
вопрос	1	question	6	1	0	4932	
волн	1	wave	50	2	0	4932	
воздух	1	air	6	1	0	4132	
всегда	10	always	0	1	0	0	
врем	1	time	95	3	0	4208	
врач	2	doctor	9	1	0	4929	
вы	3	you	400	7	0	0	
выжив	14	surviving.survived	257	1	0	0	
высок	9	high	125	1	0	0	
высот	1	height	50	2	0	4932	
выуч	8	learn.learned.learned	219	41	4	0	
выучив	15	learn.learns.learned.learning.learned	374	290	4	0	
вычислител	9	computational	126	1	0	0	
геро	2	hero	38	1	0	5185	
газ	1	gas	6	1	0	5220	
газет	1	newspaper	50	2	0	4932	
глав	9	main	124	1	0	0	
глаз	1	eye	4	1	0	4996	
говор	14	speaking.spoken	254	1	12	0	
говор	15	speak.speaks.spoke.speaking.spoken	291	9	12	0	
говор	15	speak.speaks.spoke.spoking.spoken	310	17	4	0	
говор	15	speak.speaks.spoke.spoking.spoken	311	17	12	0	
говор	8	speak.speaks.spoke.speaking.spoken	161	21	12	0	
город	1	city	10	1	0	5446	
гост	2	guest	37	1	0	4929	
градус	1	degree	6	1	0	4948	
групп	1	group	50	2	0	4932	
д	1	day	34	1	0	4944	
да	15	give.gives.gave.giving.given	312	17	4	0	
да	8	give.gave.given	173	25	12	0	
да	8	give.gives.gave.giving.given	164	21	12	0	

Source Stem	Part of Speech	Target Stem	Inflection Pattern	Primary Attribute	Secondary Attribute	Transfer Attribute	Disambiguation Expression
дела	8	do.does.did.doing.did	160	21	12	0	
даник	2	Danik	25	1	0	4961	
демонстрир	8	demonstrate.demonstrates.demonstrated.demonstrating.demonstrated	186	21	8	0	
девиц	2	girl	61	2	0	4929	
давно	10	long ago	0	1	0	0	
даже	10	even	0	1	0	0	
дерев	1	tree	98	3	0	4932	
дерев	1	wood	98	3	0	4132	
датчик	1	indicator	14	1	0	4996	
диск	1	disk	14	1	0	4964	
добр	9	nice	120	1	0	0	
длин	1	length	50	2	0	4976	
доктор	2	doctor	10	1	0	4929	
для	11	for	0	0	1	0	
довольно	10	quite	0	1	0	0	
дожд	1	rain	31	1	0	4900	
дорог	1	road	51	2	0	4934	
doch	2	daughter	76	2	0	4936	
двер	1	door	72	2	0	4932	
дру	2	friend	11	1	0	4929	
е	3	her	398	4	0	0	
е	3	him	394	3	0	0	
е	3	it	394	5	0	0	
е	8	eat.eats.ate.eating.eaten	179	21	8	0	
е	8	go.goes.went.going.gone	194	277	0	0	
если	12	if	0	3	0	0	
ж	2	wife	56	2	0	5953	
жд	8	wait.waits.waited.waiting.waited	198	21	10	0	
жи	8	live.lives.lived.living.lived	163	21	0	0	
жидкост	1	liquid	72	2	0	4964	
жив	15	live.lives.lived.living.lived	324	33	0	0	
журнал	1	journal	6	1	0	4164	
заб	8	forget.forgot.forgotten	168	25	8	0	
здани	1	building	91	3	0	4934	
запас	1	reserve	6	1	0	4932	
закр	15	close.closes.close.closing.closed	341	65	0	0	
закр	8	close.closed.closed	170	25	8	0	
заряд	1	charge	6	1	0	4948	
зачастую	10	often	0	1	0	0	
зна	8	know.knows.knew.knowing.knew	160	21	8	0	
зв	1	star	60	2	0	4934	
звук	1	sound	14	1	0	4932	
зрен	1	view	91	3	0	4948	
и	10	and	0	1	0	0	
и	8	search.searches.searched.searching.searched	188	21	10	0	
ид	8	go.goes.went.going.gone	192	277	0	0	
их	4	their	150	4	0	0	
им	3	him	395	3	0	0	
им	3	it	395	5	0	0	
инджюк	2	turkey	14	1	0	4936	
импульс	1	impulse	6	1	0	5012	
или	10	or	0	1	0	0	
иногда	10	sometimes	0	1	0	0	
интерес	9	interesting	124	1	0	0	
истинн	9	true	120	1	0	0	
исследовани	1	research work	91	3	0	4980	
исследовател	2	researcher	33	1	0	4929	
избыт	1	abundance	7	1	0	5008	
извест	9	well-known	124	1	0	0	
к	12	who	380	1	0	0	
кажд	9	every	120	1	0	0	
катод	1	cathode	6	1	0	4932	
каш	1	cough	36	1	0	4932	
кил	1	keel	33	1	0	4932	
кла	8	put.puts.put.putting.put	171	21	8	0	
книг	1	book	51	2	0	4932	
кон	1	end	12	1	0	5012	
кол	1	ring	93	3	0	4932	
колеба	8	oscillate.oscillates.oscillated.oscillating.oscillated	160	21	8	0	
колеба	8	oscillated	210	69	0	0	
ков	1	carpet	18	1	0	4964	
котор	6	which	410	0	0	~(5,<PERSON>)	
котор	6	who	410	0	0	0(5,<PERSON>)	
кош	2	cat	54	2	0	4936	
кра	1	edge	30	1	0	4870	
красив	9	beautiful	120	1	0	0	
куп	15	buy.buys.bought.buying.bought	340	65	0	0	

Source Stem	Part of Speech	Target Stem	Inflection Pattern	Primary Attribute	Secondary Attribute	Transfer Attribute	Disambiguation Expression
л	1	ice	3	1	0	4132	
л	8	lay.laid.lain	177	9	0	0	
ле	8	fly.flies.flew.flying.flown	196	277	0	0	
люд	2	people	112	4	0	4129	
лекци	1	lecture	71	2	0	4934	
Лен	2	Lena	50	2	0	4961	
лес	1	forest	5	1	0	4934	
линз	1	lens	50	2	0	5188	
литератур	1	literature	50	2	0	4100	
лун	1	moon	50	2	0	4934	
м	3	me	391	1	0	0	
мам	2	mom	52	2	0	865	
мальчик	2	boy	10	1	0	4929	
мас	1	oil	94	3	0	5028	
мат	2	mother	77	2	0	4961	
металл	1	metal	6	1	0	4964	
материал	1	material	6	1	0	4932	
масс	1	mass	50	2	0	5232	
мест	1	place	90	3	0	4930	
метро	1	subway	100	3	0	4868	
машин	1	machine	50	2	0	4932	
машинн	9	machine	120	1	0	0	
механизм	1	mechanism	6	1	0	4932	
мил	9	gentle	120	1	0	0	
мо	4	my	150	1	0	0	
мног	9	many	125	1	0	0	
мор	1	sea	92	3	0	4934	
мотор	1	motor	6	1	0	4932	
мощн	9	powerful	120	1	0	0	
муж	2	husband	17	1	0	4929	
музе	1	museum	32	1	0	4934	
мы	3	we	390	6	0	0	
мыш	2	baby mouse	19	1	0	6984	
мыш	2	mouse	79	2	0	6984	
н	14	carrying.carried	253	1	8	0	
нём	3	him	396	3	0	0	
нём	3	it	396	5	0	0	
не	10	not	0	1	0	0	
на	11	of	0	0	4	0	(-1,'вид')
на	11	on	0	0	16	0	(3,[_P_])
на	11	onto	0	0	4	0	
на	3	us	401	6	0	0	
неб	1	sky	96	3	0	5382	
неб	1	sky	96	3	0	5446	
недел	1	week	70	2	0	4944	
наблюдени	1	observation	91	3	0	5008	
недоступ	9	unattainable	124	1	0	0	
ней	3	her	399	4	0	0	
невыгод	9	unsuitable	124	1	0	0	
нет	10	there are no	0	1	0	0	(+3,[_G_P])
неудач	1	failure	51	2	0	4980	
наук	1	science	51	2	0	4208	
настоящ	9	present	121	1	0	0	
научн	9	scientific	120	1	0	0	
наш	4	our	151	1	0	0	
нач	8	begin.began.begun	178	25	8	0	
них	3	them	404	8	0	0	
но	8	carry.carries.carried.carrying.carried	191	149	8	0	
о	11	about	0	0	16	0	
од	15	dress.dresses.dressed.dressing.dressed	342	65	0	0	
об	9	both	143	1	0	0	
од	9	one	142	1	0	0	
облак	1	cloud	101	3	0	4932	
област	1	area	72	2	0	5012	
оформля	8	form.forms.formed.forming.formed	160	21	8	0	
образ	1	form	6	1	0	4948	
образ	14	forming.formed	252	1	8	0	
образ	15	form.forms.formed.forming.formed	294	9	8	0	
образ	15	form.forms.formed.forming.formed	313	17	0	0	
образ	15	form.forms.formed.forming.formed	325	33	8	0	
образ	15	form.forms.formed.forming.formed	340	65	0	0	
образ	15	formed	364	12	0	0	
образ	8	form.forms.formed.forming.formed	186	21	8	0	
образовав	15	formed	374	164	0	0	
обычно	10	normally	0	1	0	0	
опять	10	again	0	1	0	0	
определенн	9	established	120	1	0	0	

Source Stem	Part of Speech	Target Stem	Inflection Pattern	Primary Attribute	Secondary Attribute	Transfer Attribute	Disambiguation Expression
океан	1	ocean	6	1	0	4998	
он	3	he	390	3	0	0	
она	3	she	390	4	0	0	
оно	3	it	393	5	0	0	
от	2	father	12	1	0	4961	
отличи	1	difference	91	3	0	4944	
отличн	9	excellent	120	1	0	0	
основ	1	basis	50	2	0	4112	
основ	9	basic	122	1	0	0	
отве	8	answer.answered.answered	165	25	4	0	
оста	8	remain.remains.remained.remaining.remained	214	37	16	0	
отрицател	9	negative	126	1	0	0	
отсутств	8	missing	186	69	8	0	
ошибб	1	error	58	2	0	4996	
очень	10	very	0	1	0	0	
очевидно	10	obviously	0	1	0	0	
очки	1	glasses	110	4	0	4132	
п	8	drink.drinks.drank.drinking.drunk	180	21	8	0	
п	8	sing.sings.sang.singing.sung	181	21	8	0	
пес	1	song	73	2	0	4932	
перево	8	translate.translates.translated.translating.translated	190	145	8	0	
перево	8	translated	236	197	0	0	
перевод	1	translation	6	1	0	4980	
перв	9	first	120	1	0	0	
пи	8	write.writes.wrote.writing.written	166	21	12	0	
пищ	1	food	51	2	0	4196	
по	11	about	0	0	2	0	
по	8	send.sent.sent	183	25	12	0	
по	8	understand.understood.understood	176	25	8	0	
по-английски	10	in English	0	1	0	0	
поддержани	1	support	91	3	0	4944	
план	1	plan	6	1	0	4948	
подн	8	lift.lifted.lifted	197	25	8	0	
подобно	10	similar	0	1	2	0	
подтверждени	1	confirmation	91	3	0	4976	
популяр	9	popular	124	1	0	0	
покуп	1	purchase	58	2	0	4932	
пол	1	field	92	3	0	4934	
пол	1	floor	1	1	0	4934	
пол	1	gender	6	1	0	4880	
плох	9	bad	122	1	0	0	
помо	8	help.helped.helped	175	25	4	0	
половин	1	half	50	2	0	5716	
полож	8	put.put.put	172	25	8	0	
положител	9	positive	126	1	0	0	
помощ	1	help	72	2	0	4148	
пользовател	2	user	37	1	0	4929	
повышени	1	increase	91	3	0	5008	
пожалуй	10	perhaps	0	1	0	0	
потер	1	loss	70	2	0	5232	
последовател	9	successful	126	1	0	0	
поряд	1	order	7	1	0	5044	
постоянно	10	constantly	0	1	0	0	
поступател	9	progressive	126	1	0	0	
позволя	8	allow.allows.allowed.allowing.allowed	160	21	4	0	
почти	10	almost	0	1	0	0	
предел	1	limit	6	1	0	4948	
предмет	1	object	6	1	0	4996	
предложени	1	sentence	91	3	0	4932	
представлени	1	hypothesis	91	3	0	4180	
представля	8	present.presents.presented.presenting.presented	160	21	12	0	
правд	1	truth	50	2	0	4976	
превосходн	9	superb	120	1	0	0	
прибор	1	device	6	1	0	4932	
принцип	1	principle	6	1	0	4944	
принцип	1	principle	6	1	0	4944	
пример	1	example	6	1	0	4996	
примерно	10	approximately	0	1	2	0	
природ	1	nature	50	2	0	4134	
присоединени	1	combination	91	3	0	4928	
процесс	1	process	6	1	0	5200	
программ	1	program	50	2	0	4932	
провод	1	conductor	6	1	0	4932	
просматрыва	8	review.reviews.reviewed.reviewing.reviewed	160	21	8	0	
прост	9	simple	122	1	0	0	
просто	10	simply	0	1	0	0	
пространств	1	space	90	3	0	4902	

Source Stem	Part of Speech	Target Stem	Inflection Pattern	Primary Attribute	Secondary Attribute	Transfer Attribute	Disambiguation Expression
прочита	15	read.reads.read.reading.read	343	321	4	0	
прочита	8	read	210	73	0	0	
прочита	8	read.read.read	160	25	12	0	
прочитав	15	read	374	292	4	0	
пут	1	way	35	1	0	4944	
пут	1	way	35	1	0	4946	
ред	9	rare	123	1	0	0	
реакци	1	reaction	71	2	0	4948	
работ	1	work	50	2	0	4916	
ребят	2	children	113	4	0	4129	
ракет	1	rocket	50	2	0	4932	
ране	15	injure.injures.injured.injuring.injured	343	65	0	0	
рав	9	equal	124	1	0	0	
раствор	1	solution	6	1	0	4164	
разби	15	break.breaks.broke.breaking.broken	340	65	0	0	
размер	1	dimension	6	1	0	4880	
разнообраз	9	various	124	1	0	0	
разност	1	difference	72	2	0	4944	
разработанн	9	developed	120	1	0	0	
римлян	2	Roman	15	1	0	4929	
рол	1	role	33	1	0	4948	
ряд	1	series	1	1	0	4180	
ручь	1	rifle	102	3	0	4932	
русс	9	Russian	125	1	0	0	
рын	1	market	7	1	0	4946	
рыб	2	fish	52	2	0	5224	
с	1	village	97	3	0	4934	
с	2	sister	55	2	0	4929	
с	8	sit.sat.sat	182	25	0	0	
сам	9	most	120	1	0	0	
самолёт	1	airplane	6	1	0	4996	
середин	1	center	50	2	0	4870	
сп	8	sleep.sleeps.slept.sleeping.slept	189	21	0	0	
спеш	15	hurry.hurries.hurried.hurrying.hurried	290	9	0	0	
способ	1	means	6	1	0	4180	
ска	8	say.said.said	162	25	12	0	
схем	1	scheme	50	2	0	4932	
сил	1	strength	50	2	0	4912	
син	9	blue	130	1	0	0	
сил	9	strong	126	1	0	0	
систем	1	system	50	2	0	4932	
собак	2	dog	53	2	0	4936	
согласи	1	agreement	91	3	0	5008	
сохранени	1	conservation	91	3	0	4916	
слово	1	layer	38	1	0	4934	
слов	1	word	90	3	0	4932	
словар	1	dictionary	31	1	0	5444	
совсем	10	completely	0	1	0	0	
слуша	1	case	32	1	0	4944	
слыша	14	hearing.heard	251	1	8	0	
свет	1	light	1	1	0	4964	
сво	9	own	121	1	0	0	
свобод	9	free	124	1	0	0	
связ	1	connection	72	2	0	4948	
ста	8	become.became.become	174	25	16	0	
сред	1	medium	50	2	0	6228	
судь	2	judge	40	1	0	4929	
стать	1	article	75	2	0	4996	
стол	1	table	6	1	0	4932	
стул	1	chair	22	1	0	4932	
стро	8	build.builds.built.building.built	161	21	8	0	
структур	1	structure	50	2	0	4932	
структур	1	structure	50	2	0	4948	
сущност	1	essence	79	2	0	4912	
сын	2	son	16	1	0	4929	
т	3	you	392	2	0	0	
т	7	that	156	0	0	0	~(1,[_P_])
т	7	those	156	0	0	0	(1,[_P_])
тёт	2	aunt	74	2	0	4993	
так	10	so	0	1	0	0	
техник	1	technology	51	2	0	5424	
также	10	also	0	1	0	0	
тел	2	calf	20	1	0	5704	
температур	1	temperature	50	2	0	4884	
теори	1	theory	71	2	0	5460	
термин	1	term	6	1	0	4932	
тигр	2	tiger	13	1	0	4936	

Source Stem	Part of Speech	Target Stem	Inflection Pattern	Primary Attribute	Secondary Attribute	Transfer Attribute	Disambiguation Expression
только	10	only	0	1	0	0	
точ	1	point	54	2	0	4932	
точ	1	point	57	2	0	4948	
тяжёл	9	heavy	120	1	0	0	
трет	9	third	131	1	0	0	
труб	1	tube	58	2	0	4932	
трудност	1	difficulty	72	2	0	1392	
трусы	1	underwear	114	4	0	4132	
у	11	at	0	0	1	0	
удивл	15	surprise.surprises.surprised.surprising.surprised	346	65	4	0	
удоб	9	comfortable	124	1	0	0	
уг	1	coal	39	1	0	4900	
уг	1	corner	2	1	0	4932	
университет	1	university	6	1	0	5446	
увид	8	see.sees.saw.seeing.seen	216	73	0	0	
уже	15	see.sees.saw.seeing.seen	345	65	0	0	
успех	10	already	0	1	0	0	
уров	1	success	23	1	0	5232	
устойчив	9	stable	34	1	0	4948	
устройств	1	construction	120	1	0	0	
ущел	1	canyon	90	3	0	4932	
уч	15	study.studies.studied.studying.studied	103	3	0	4934	
уч	8	study.studies.studied.studying.studied	360	10	4	0	
уча	15	study.studies.studied.studying.studied	219	37	4	0	
участи	1	participation	370	162	4	0	
91	3	0	4132				
факт	1	fact	6	1	0	4944	
форм	1	form	50	2	0	4980	
функци	1	function	70	2	0	4932	
функционир	8	function.functions.functioned.functioning.functioned	186	21	8	0	
характер	9	characteristic	124	1	0	0	
химическ	9	chemical	125	1	0	0	
хо	8	go.goes.went.going.gone	190	145	0	0	
хо	8	want.wants.wanted.wanting.wanted	199	21	8	0	
холод	9	cold	124	1	0	0	
хорош	9	good	121	1	0	0	
цел	1	goal	72	2	0	4948	
церк	1	church	78	2	0	5222	
ч	12	what	381	2	0	0	
ч	9	whose	141	1	0	0	
чёрн	9	black	120	1	0	0	
человек	2	person	21	1	0	4929	
час	1	clock	114	4	0	4164	
черепах	2	turtle	51	2	0	4936	
частич	1	particle	50	2	0	4932	
часто	10	often	0	1	0	0	
частот	1	frequency	50	2	0	5444	
чита	14	reading.read	250	9	12	0	
чита	14	reading.read	270	12	4	0	
чита	15	read.reads.read.reading.read	293	137	12	0	
чита	15	read.reads.read.reading.read	310	145	4	0	
чита	15	read.reads.read.reading.read	320	161	12	0	
чита	15	read.reads.read.reading.read	343	193	4	0	
чита	8	read	210	69	0	0	
чита	8	read.reads.read.reading.read	160	21	12	0	
читав	15	read	374	164	4	0	
чист	9	pure	120	1	0	0	
что	16	that	0	0	0	0	(-2,')
щ	8	//./.went.gone	193	277	0	0	
шаг	1	step	1	1	0	4948	
ширина	1	width	50	2	0	4948	
широк	9	wide	125	1	0	0	
штанг	1	rod	51	2	0	4932	
шум	1	noise	6	1	0	4976	
шток	1	rod	23	1	0	4932	
щ	1	cheek	59	2	0	4932	
эксперимент	1	experiment	6	1	0	4996	
электрод	1	electrode	6	1	0	4996	
элемент	1	element	6	1	0	4996	
энергия	1	energy	70	2	0	5428	
эт	7	it	155	0	0	0	
эт	7	this	155	0	0	0	
я	3	I	390	1	0	0	
яблок	1	apple	99	3	0	4996	
явленни	1	phenomenon	91	3	0	6228	
ярк	9	bright	125	1	0	0	
ясн	9	clear	120	1	0	0	

APPENDIX F

Sample Translation

Figure F-1: Original English Abstract

A large volume of scientific work published in Russian remains essentially unavailable to the English-speaking world. Often only the most popular or well-known work is translated. Moreover, in many cases, even the abstracts remain untranslated. This presents a difficult situation for researchers who may not be aware of Russian work in their field. This machine translation system allows users to survey Russian abstracts. It also provides various tools to build the program's vocabulary, to design how sentences are structured and translated, and to demonstrate many machine translation concepts.

Figure F-2: Abstract in Russian

5 UVLQNU [_Uc NXI J VZc ^VWJ SORVKI UUc N'U 'X[YYRVT 'gPc RN'VYZI f ZYg'KY [a UVYZQ'UNWYZ[WLc TQ'I ULSVLVVKXga QT' QYYSNWKI ZNSgT/ '@ YZV ZVSdRV 'YI Tc NW VWgSgXUc N'OSQ'OPKNYZUc N'QYYSNWKI UQg'VWVNKVMgZYg' '3 XVTN'ZVLV' 'KV'TUVLQ] 'YS[_ I g] 'VZY[ZYZKf f Z'MIO N'WVNKVMt 'I J YZXI RZVK' 'F ZV'WVNWZI KSGNZ'ZX[N'JMYZQ'NSg'QY YSNWKI ZNSN- 'RVZVXc N'Pl _ YZ[f 'UN'PU f Z'V X[YYRQ] 'XI J VZI] 'KYKVQ] 'VJ SI YZg]/ '9I PXI J VZI UUI g'YQYZNTI 'TI ' QUUVLV'WVNKVM 'WPKVSgNZ'WVsdpVKI ZNSgT'WVNVYTIZX c KI Zd'X[YYRQNI J YZXI RZc/ : QYZNTI 'ZI RO N'WPKVSgNZ'YZXVOZd'YSVKI Xd'VWVLXI TTc ^\ VXTSgZd'YZX[RZ[X['WVNNSVO NUQ- 'I 'ZI RO NQ] 'WVNKVM'W'Q'MNTVUYZXOXVKI Zd'X I PUUVJ XI PUc N'WVNQ^QWt 'TI ' QUUVLV'WVNKVM/

Figure F-3: Program-Generated Transliteration from Russian

Mnogie nauchnye raboty, opublikovанные на русском языке, остаются в сушчности недоступными англоговорящим исследователям. Часто только самые популярные или известные исследования переводятся. Кроме того, во многих случаях отсутствуют даже переводы абстрактов. Это представляет трудности для исследователей, которые, как правило, не знают о русских работах в их областях. Развитая система машинного перевода позволяет пользователям просматривать русские абстракты. Система также позволяет строить словарь программы, оформлять структуру предложений, а также переводов и демонстрировать различные принципы машинного перевода.

Figure F-4: Program-Generated Translation from Russian

Many scientific works, being published in Russian, remain in essence unattainable to the English-speaking researchers. Often only the most popular or well-known research works are translated. Moreover, in many cases even the translations of the abstracts are missing. This presents difficulties for the researchers, who, often know not about the Russian work in their areas. The machine translation system developed allows to the users to review the Russian abstracts. The system also allows to build the dictionary of the program, to form the structure of the sentences, as well as their translations and to demonstrate various principles of a machine translation.

Figure F-5: Transfer Details

Transfer Details Log of 'SEMINAR.ABS' (11.03.96 22:22:28)

Sentence: Многие научные работы, опубликованные на русском языке, остаются в сущности недоступными англоговорящим исследователям.

[0:00]

Lookup: Многие

Got= мног (many)
SC= AJ_N_P_0 AJ_2_P_0

Lookup: научные

Got= научн (scientific)
SC= AJ_N_P_0 AJ_2_P_0

Lookup: работы

Got= работ (work)
SC= NO_G_F_0 NO_N_P_0 NO_A_P_0

Lookup: опубликованные

Got= опублик (publish.publishes.published.publishing.published)
SC= VJ_AP_N_P_0 VJ_AP_2_P_0

Lookup: на

Got= на (onto)
SC= EP_A

Got= на (of)
SC= EP_A

Got= на (on)
SC= EP_P

Lookup: русском

Got= русск (Russian)
SC= AJ_P_M_0 AJ_P_N_0

Lookup: языке

Got= язык (language)
SC= NO_P_M_0

Lookup: остаются

Got= оста (remain.remains.remained.remaining.remained)
SC= VB_3_P_I

Lookup: в

Got= в (in)
SC= EP_P

Lookup: сущности

Got= сущност (essence)
SC= NO_G_F_0 NO_D_F_0 NO_P_F_0 NO_N_P_0

Lookup: недоступными

Got= недоступ (unattainable)
SC= AJ_I_P_0

Lookup: англоговорящим

Got= англоговорящ (English-speaking)
SC= AJ_I_M_0 AJ_I_N_0 AJ_D_P_0

Lookup: исследователям

Got= исследовател (researcher)
SC= NO_D_P_0

Sentence disambiguation:

(на) disambiguated as (on).

Sentence has 576 possible symbolic constant interpretations.

Sentence transfer:

Symbolic Constants: [0:01]
AJ_N_P_0 AJ_N_P_0 NO_N_P_0 VJ_AP_N_P_0 EP_P AJ_P_M_0 NO_P_M_0
VB_3_P_I EP_P NO_G_F_0 AJ_I_P_0 AJ_I_M_0 NO_D_P_0

Transfer Rule #130 matched:

Russian= 1:AJ_(1)_(_2)_* 2:AJ_(1)_(_2)_* 3:NO_(1)_(_2)_* 4:VJ_AP_*_(2)_*
5:EP_(3) 6:AJ_(3)_*_ 7:NO_(3)_*_ 8:VB_*_*_* 9:EP_(4)
10:NO_(4)_*_ 11:AJ_(5)_*_ 12:AJ_*_*_* 13:NO_*_P_*
English= 1% 2% 3N 4J 5% 6% 7N 8V 9% 10N 11% 13A 12% 13N [0:01]

Raw Translation:

Many scientific works, being published on Russian language, remain in essence unattainable to the English-speaking researchers.

Sentence: Часто только самые популярные или известные исследования переводятся.

[0:01]

Lookup: Часто

Got= часто (often)
SC= AV_N_0

Lookup: только

Got= только (only)
SC= AV_N_0

Lookup: самые

Got= сам (most)
SC= AJ_N_P_0 AJ_2_P_0

Lookup: популярные

Got= популяр (popular)
SC= AJ_N_P_0 AJ_2_P_0

Lookup: или

Got= или (or)
SC= AV_N_0

Lookup: известные

Got= извест (well-known)
SC= AJ_N_P_0 AJ_2_P_0

Lookup: исследования

```
Got= исследовани (research work)
SC= NO_G_N_0  NO_N_P_0  NO_A_P_0
```

Lookup: переводятся

```
Got= перево (translated)
SC= VB_3_P_0
```

Sentence disambiguation:

No ambiguous words.

Sentence has 24 possible symbolic constant interpretations.

Sentence transfer:

```
Symbolic Constants: [0:02]
AV_N_0  AV_N_0  AJ_N_P_0  AJ_N_P_0  AV_N_0  AJ_N_P_0  NO_N_P_0
VB_3_P_0
```

Transfer Rule #126 matched:

```
Russian= 1:AV_*_* 2:AV_*_* 3:AJ_*_(1) 4:AJ_*_(1) 5:AV_*_* 6:AJ_*_(1)
7:NO_*_(1)_* 8:VB_*-*_
English= 1% 2% 7A 3% 4% 5% 6% 7N 8V [0:02]
```

Raw Translation:

Often only the most popular or well-known research works are translated.

```
Sentence: Кроме того, во многих случаях отсутствуют даже переводы
абстрактов.
```

[0:02]

Lookup: Кроме

```
Got= кроме (besides)
SC= EP_G
```

Lookup: того

```
Got= т (those)
SC= AJ_G_M_0  AJ_1_M_0  AJ_G_N_0  AJ_A_N_0
```

```
Got= т (that)
SC= AJ_G_M_0  AJ_1_M_0  AJ_G_N_0  AJ_A_N_0
```

Lookup: во

```
Got= во (in)
SC= EP_P
```

Lookup: многих

```
Got= мног (many)
SC= AJ_G_P_0  AJ_1_P_0  AJ_P_P_0
```

Lookup: случаях

```
Got= случа (case)
SC= NO_P_P_0
```

Lookup: отсутствуют

```
Got= отсутств (missing)
SC= VB_3_P_A
```

Lookup: даже

```
Got= даже (even)
```

```

SC= AV_N_0

Lookup: переводы

Got= перевод (translation)
SC= NO_N_P_0 NO_A_P_0

Lookup: абстрактов

Got= абстракт (abstract)
SC= NO_G_P_0

Sentence disambiguation:

(того,) disambiguated as (that).

Sentence has 24 possible symbolic constant interpretations.

Sentence transfer:

Symbolic Constants: [0:02]
EP_G AJ_G_M_0 EP_P AJ_G_P_0 NO_P_P_0 VB_3_P_A AV_N_0 NO_N_P_0
NO_G_P_0

Transfer Rule #127 matched:
Russian= 1:EP_(1) 2:AJ_(1)_*_0 3:EP_(2) 4:AJ_(2)_*_0 5:NO_(2)_(3)_*
6:VB_*_(3)_* 7:AV_* 8:NO_*_*_* 9:NO_G_*_*
English= 1% 2% 3% 4% 5N 7A 7N 8A 8N 9A 9N 6V [0:02]
Raw Translation:

Besides that, in many cases even the translations of the abstracts are
missing.

Sentence: Это представляет трудности для исследователей, которые, зачастую
не знают о русских работах в их областях. [0:02]
Lookup: Это

Got= эт (this)
SC= AJ_N_N_0 AJ_A_N_0

Got= эт (it)
SC= AJ_N_N_0 AJ_A_N_0

Lookup: представляет

Got= представля (present.presents.presented.presenting.presented)
SC= VB_3_S_D VB_3_S_A

Lookup: трудности

Got= трудност (difficulty)
SC= NO_G_F_0 NO_D_F_0 NO_P_F_0 NO_N_P_0 NO_A_P_0

Lookup: для

Got= для (for)
SC= EP_G

Lookup: исследователей

Got= исследовател (researcher)
SC= NO_G_P_0

Lookup: которые

Got= котоп (who)
SC= PR_N_P PR_2_P

```

```

Got= котоp (which)
SC= PR_N_P PR_2_P

Lookup: зачастую

Got= зачастую (often)
SC= AV_N_0

Lookup: не

Got= не (not)
SC= AV_N_0

Lookup: знают

Got= зна (know.knows.knew.knowing.knew)
SC= VB_3_P_A

Lookup: о

Got= о (about)
SC= EP_P

Lookup: русских

Got= русск (Russian)
SC= AJ_G_P_0 AJ_1_P_0 AJ_P_P_0

Lookup: работах

Got= работ (work)
SC= NO_P_P_0

Lookup: в

Got= в (in)
SC= EP_P

Lookup: их

Got= их (their)
SC= PO_X_P

Lookup: областях

Got= област (area)
SC= NO_P_P_0

Sentence disambiguation:

(Это) randomly disambiguated as (this).
(которые,) disambiguated as (who).

Sentence has 120 possible symbolic constant interpretations.

Sentence transfer:

Symbolic Constants: [0:03]
AJ_N_N_0   VB_3_S_D   NO_N_P_0   EP_G   NO_G_P_0   PR_N_P   AV_N_0   AV_N_0
VB_3_P_A   EP_P   AJ_P_P_0   NO_P_P_0   EP_P   PO_X_P   NO_P_P_0

Transfer Rule #128 matched:
Russian= 1:AJ_N_*_* 2:VB_*_*_* 3:NO_*_P_* 4:EP_(2) 5:NO_(2)_*_*_
          6:PR_*_*_* 7:AV_*_*_* 8:AV_*_*_* 9:VB_*_*_* 10:EP_(4) 11:AJ_(4)_*_*_
          12:NO_(4)_*_*_* 13:EP_(5) 14:PO_X_P 15:NO_(5)_*_*_

```

English= 1% 2V 3N 4% 5A 5N 6% 7% 9V 8% 10% 12A 11% 12N
13% 14% 15N

[0:03]

Raw Translation:

This presents difficulties for the researchers, who, often know not about the Russian works in their areas.

Sentence: Разработанная система машинного перевода позволяет пользователям просматривать русские абстракты.

[0:03]

Lookup: Разработанная

Got= разработанн (developed)
SC= AJ_N_F_0

Lookup: система

Got= систем (system)
SC= NO_N_F_0

Lookup: машинного

Got= машинн (machine)
SC= AJ_G_M_0 AJ_1_M_0 AJ_G_N_0

Lookup: перевода

Got= перевод (translation)
SC= NO_G_M_0

Lookup: позволяет

Got= позволя (allow.allows.allowed.allowing.allowed)
SC= VB_3_S_D

Lookup: пользователям

Got= пользовател (user)
SC= NO_D_P_0

Lookup: просматривать

Got= просматрыва (review.reviews.reviewed.reviewing.reviewed)
SC= VB_I_A

Lookup: русские

Got= русск (Russian)
SC= AJ_N_P_0 AJ_2_P_0

Lookup: абстракты

Got= абстракт (abstract)
SC= NO_N_P_0 NO_A_P_0

Sentence disambiguation:

No ambiguous words.

Sentence has 12 possible symbolic constant interpretations.

Sentence transfer:

Symbolic Constants: [0:03]
AJ_N_F_0 NO_N_F_0 AJ_G_M_0 NO_G_M_0 VB_3_S_D NO_D_P_0 VB_I_A
AJ_N_P_0 NO_N_P_0

Transfer Rule #131 matched:
Russian= 1:AJ_(1)_(2)_* 2:NO_(1)_(2)_* 3:AJ_G_M_* 4:NO_G_M_*
5:VB_*_*_(3) 6:NO_(3)_*_* 7:VB_*_(4) 8:AJ_(5)_*_*
9:NO_(5)_*_*
English= 2A 2N 4A 3% 4N 1% 5V 6A 6N 7V 9A 8% 9N

[0:03]

Raw Translation:

The system of the machine translation developed allows to the users to review the Russian abstracts.

Sentence: Система также позволяет строить словарь программы, оформлять структуру предложений, а также их переводов и демонстрировать разнообразные принципы машинного перевода.

[0:03]

Lookup: система

Got= систем (system)
SC= NO_N_F_0

Lookup: также

Got= также (also)
SC= AV_N_0

Lookup: позволяет

Got= позволяя (allow.allows.allowed.allowing.allowed)
SC= VB_3_S_D

Lookup: строить

Got= строю (build.builds.built.building.built)
SC= VB_I_A

Lookup: словарь

Got= словарь (dictionary)
SC= NO_N_M_0 NO_A_M_0

Lookup: программы

Got= программ (program)
SC= NO_G_F_0 NO_N_P_0 NO_A_P_0

Lookup: оформлять

Got= оформляя (form.forms.formed.forming.formed)
SC= VB_I_A

Lookup: структуру

Got= структур (structure)
SC= NO_A_F_0

Lookup: предложений

Got= предложения (sentence)
SC= NO_G_P_0

Lookup: a

Got= a (but)
SC= AV_N_0

Lookup: также

```

Got= также (also)
SC= AV_N_0

Lookup: их

Got= их (their)
SC= PO_X_P

Lookup: переводов

Got= перевод (translation)
SC= NO_G_P_0

Lookup: и

Got= и (and)
SC= AV_N_0

Lookup: демонстрировать

Got= демонстрир (demonstrate.demonstrates.demonstrated.demonstrating.
demonstrated)
SC= VB_I_A

Lookup: разнообразные

Got= разнообраз (various)
SC= AJ_N_P_0 AJ_2_P_0

Lookup: принципы

Got= принцип (principle)
SC= NO_N_P_0 NO_A_P_0

Lookup: машинного

Got= машинн (machine)
SC= AJ_G_M_0 AJ_1_M_0 AJ_G_N_0

Lookup: перевода

Got= перевод (translation)
SC= NO_G_M_0

Sentence disambiguation:

No ambiguous words.

Sentence has 72 possible symbolic constant interpretations.

Sentence transfer:

Symbolic Constants: [0:03]
NO_N_F_0 AV_N_0 VB_3_S_D VB_I_A NO_N_M_0 NO_G_F_0 VB_I_A
NO_A_F_0 NO_G_P_0 AV_N_0 AV_N_0 PO_X_P NO_G_P_0 AV_N_0 VB_I_A
AJ_N_P_0 NO_N_P_0 AJ_G_M_0 NO_G_M_0

Transfer Rule #129 matched:
Russian= 1:NO_N_*-* 2:AV_*-* 3:VB_*-* 4:VB_*-(1) 5:NO_(1)_*-* 
6:NO_G_*-* 7:VB_*-(2) 8:NO_(2)_*-* 9:NO_G_*-* 10:AV_*-* 
11:AV_*-* 12:PO_X_P 13:NO_*-* 14:AV_*-* 15:VB_*-* 
16:AJ_*-* 17:NO_*-* 18:AJ_G_*-* 19:NO_G_M_*
English= 1A 1N 2% 3V 4V 5A 5N 6A 6N 7V 8A 8N 9A 9N 10% 
11% 12% 13A 13N 14% 15V 16% 17N 19A 18% 19N [0:03]

Raw Translation:

A system also allows to build the dictionary of the program, to form the
structure of the sentences, but also their of the translations and to

```

demonstrate various principles of a machine translation.

Applying post-translation cleanup filters:

'on Russian language' replaced with 'in Russian'
'Besides that' replaced with 'Moreover'
'but also' replaced with 'as well as'
'system of the machine translation' replaced with 'machine translation system'
'their of the' replaced with 'their'

Translation complete:

[0:04]

Many scientific works, being published in Russian, remain in essence unattainable to the English-speaking researchers. Often only the most popular or well-known research works are translated. Moreover, in many cases even the translations of the abstracts are missing. This presents difficulties for the researchers, who, often know not about the Russian work in their areas. The machine translation system developed allows to the users to review the Russian abstracts. The system also allows to build the dictionary of the program, to form the structure of the sentences, as well as their translations and to demonstrate various principles of a machine translation.

Words Translated: 73 of 73 (100%)
Sentences Translated: 6 of 6 (100%)
Avg Transfer Time: 0:01
Total Transfer Time: 0:04

APPENDIX G

Support Files

Table G-1 File List

Filename [†]	Extension	Description
CLEANUP	CLN	Post-Translation Cleanup Filters
CONFIG	CNF	Configuration Settings
HELP1	XLP	Cleanup Filter Editor Help
HELP2	XLP	Configuration Settings Help
HELP3	XLP	Import Filter Editor Help
HELP4	XLP	Lexicon Editor Help
HELP5	XLP	Transfer Rule Editor Help
IMPORT FILTERS	FTR	Import Filters
K8ARIAL	TTF	Cyrillic True-Type Font
KBDUSX	KBD	Cyrillic Keyboard Layout
LEXICON	LEX	Bilingual Lexicon
T-RULES	LOG	Uncompressed Transfer Rule
TRANSFER RULES	TRR	Compressed Transfer Rules
XLATE	XLG	Translation Details Log

[†] Extended Windows 95® filenames.

APPENDIX H

Source Code

Dan Tappan
15 March 1996

CSEG Master's Thesis

Russian-to-English Scientific Abstract Translator

This program demonstrates a prototype translation system. It provides a variety of editors (e.g., lexicon, transfer rule, character mapping, etc.) Translation is done using the direct approach to reorganize Russian sentence components into English.

Option Explicit

```
'  
'  
'-----  
'  
'-----  
'-----  
'-----  
'  
CONSTANTS  
'-----  
  
'----- common dialog -----  
Global Const CMFILEDIALOG_HIDEREADONLY = &H4&  
Global Const CMFILEDIALOG_NOVALIDATE = &H100&  
Global Const CMFILEDIALOG_SHOWHELP = &H10&  
Global Const CMFILEDIALOG_PATHMUSTEXIST = &H800&  
Global Const CMFILEDIALOG_FILEMUSTEXIST = &H1000&  
Global Const CMFILEDIALOG_OVERWRITEPROMPT = &H2&  
Global Const CMDIALOG_CANCEL_ERROR = 32755  
  
Global Const CMPRINTDIALOG_NOPAGENUMS = &H8&  
Global Const CMPRINTDIALOG_NOSELECTION = &H4&  
Global Const CMPRINTDIALOG_PRINTSETUP = &H40&  
  
'----- label properties -----  
Global Const STYLE_TRANSPARENT = 0  
Global Const STYLE_OPAQUE = 1  
  
'----- error codes -----  
Global Const FILEACCESS_FILENOFOUND = 53  
Global Const FILEACCESS_PATHNOTFOUND = 76  
  
'----- message box -----  
Global Const MB_OK = 0  
Global Const MB_OKCANCEL = 1  
Global Const MB_ABORTRETRYIGNORE = 2  
  
'no READ-ONLY option  
'don't check filename validity (for Win95)  
'include Help button  
'path must exist for attempt to open  
'file must exist for attempt to open  
'confirm replace  
'error returned by Cancel click  
  
'don't prompt for page numbers to print  
'no range can be selected  
  
'sets label background color to whatever it's on  
'sets label background to given color  
  
'file not found error  
'path not found error  
  
'display OK button only.  
'display OK and Cancel buttons.  
'display Abort, Retry, and Ignore buttons.
```

```

Global Const MB_YESNOCANCEL = 3           'display Yes, No, and Cancel buttons.
Global Const MB_YESNO = 4                 'display Yes and No buttons.
Global Const MB_RETRYCANCEL = 5          'display Retry and Cancel buttons.

Global Const MB_ICONSTOP = 16             'stop icon
Global Const MB_ICONQUESTION = 32         'question mark icon
Global Const MB_ICONEXCLAMATION = 48      'exclamation point icon
Global Const MB_ICONINFORMATION = 64       'general information icon

Global Const MB_DEFBUTTON1 = 0            'first button default
Global Const MB_DEFBUTTON2 = 256          'second button default
Global Const MB_DEFBUTTON3 = 512          'third button default

Global Const ID_OK = 1                  'OK button selected.
Global Const ID_CANCEL = 2              'Cancel button selected.
Global Const ID_ABORT = 3              'Abort button selected.
Global Const ID_RETRY = 4              'Retry button selected.
Global Const ID_IGNORE = 5              'Ignore button selected.
Global Const ID_YES = 6                'Yes button selected.
Global Const ID_NO = 7                 'No button selected.

'____ colors _____
Global Const WHITE = &HFFFFFF
Global Const BLACK = &HO
Global Const DKGRAY = &H808080
Global Const LTGRAY = &HC0C0C0
Global Const LTSAND = &HBCCD5
Global Const CREAM = &H80000005
Global Const SAND = &H688DA2
Global Const BACKGROUND_COLOR = LTSAND   'background color on all forms

'____ program values _____
Global Const PROGRAM_TITLE = "Scientific Abstract Translator" 'program name

Global Const NUM_MAPPINGS = 98           'num characters-1 in mapping filter set
Global Const SUBSTITUTION_CHARACTER = "□" 'char to substitute for unknown mapping
Global Const INFLECTION_DELIMITER = "."
Global Const CONJUGATION_DELIMITER = "."
Global Const MAX_ABSTRACT_CHARS = 50000  'max chars in abstract
Global Const MAX_LEXICON_ENTRIES = 500    'max entries in lexicon

```

```

Global Const FILTER_NAME = 0
Global Const FILTER_MAP = 1

Global Const FULL_MATCH = 1
Global Const STEM_MATCH = 2

Global Const UNUSED = -1

Global Const IGNORE_WORD = -1

Global Const NUM_INFLECTION_PATTERNS = 410

Global Const TRANSLATION = 1
Global Const TRANSLITERATION = 2
Global Const CONVERTED_ABSTRACT = 3
Global Const TRANSLATION_DETAILS = 4

Global Const ABSTRACT_MODE = 1
Global Const EMAIL_MODE = 2

Global Const MAX_HEADER_LINES = 10

Global Const MAX_ASCII = 255

Global Const MAX_TRANSFER_RULES = 8192

Global Const MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS = 31

Global Const MAX_MATCHES = 15

Global Const RULE_COMPLEXITY = 2048

Global Const VERSION_NUMBER = "1.1"

____ part of speech codes before conversion to symbolic representation _____
Global Const NOUN_INANIMATE = 1           'nouns
Global Const NOUN_ANIMATE = 2

Global Const PRONOUN_PERSONAL = 3          'pronouns
Global Const PRONOUN_POSSESSIVE = 4
Global Const PRONOUN_INDEFINITE = 5
Global Const PRONOUN_RELATIVE = 6
Global Const PRONOUN_DEMONSTRATIVE = 7

Global Const VERB = 8                      'verbs

```

```

Global Const ADJECTIVE = 9                                'adjectives
Global Const ADVERB = 10                                 'adverbs
Global Const PREPOSITION = 11                            'prepositions
Global Const INTERROGATIVE = 12                          'interrogatives
Global Const INTERJECTION = 13                           'interjections
Global Const EMPHATIC_PARTICLE = 13                      'emphatic particles
Global Const VERBAL_ADVERB = 14                           'verbal adverbs
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE = 15                        'verbal adjectives
Global Const CONJUNCTION = 16                            'conjunctions
Global Const FIXED_EXPRESSION = 17                        'fixed expressions
'____ part of speech primary attributes before conversion to symbolic representation -----
Global Const NOUN_MASCULINE = 1                           'nouns
Global Const NOUN_FEMININE = 2
Global Const NOUN_NEUTER = 3
Global Const NOUN_PLURAL = 4

Global Const PERSONAL_PRONOUN_1ST_SINGULAR = 1           'personal pronouns
Global Const PERSONAL_PRONOUN_2ND_SINGULAR = 2
Global Const PERSONAL_PRONOUN_3RD_SINGULAR_MASCULINE = 3
Global Const PERSONAL_PRONOUN_3RD_SINGULAR_FEMININE = 4
Global Const PERSONAL_PRONOUN_3RD_SINGULAR_NEUTER = 5
Global Const PERSONAL_PRONOUN_1ST_PLURAL = 6
Global Const PERSONAL_PRONOUN_2ND_PLURAL = 7
Global Const PERSONAL_PRONOUN_3RD_PLURAL = 8

Global Const POSS_PRONOUN_DECLINABLE = 1                  'possessive pronouns
Global Const POSS_PRONOUN_INDECLINABLE_3RD_MASC_NEUT = 2
Global Const POSS_PRONOUN_INDECLINABLE_3RD_FEMININE = 3
Global Const POSS_PRONOUN_INDECLINABLE_3RD_PLURAL = 4

Global Const VERB_MAIN = 1                               'verbs
Global Const VERB_AUXILIARY = 2
Global Const VERB_IMPERFECTIVE = 4
Global Const VERB_PERFECTIVE = 8
Global Const VERB_NONREFLEXIVE = 16
Global Const VERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE = 32

```

```

Global Const VERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE = 64
Global Const VERB_1ST_IMPERATIVE = 6
Global Const VERB_INDETERMINATE = 128
Global Const VERB_DETERMINATE = 256

Global Const ADJECTIVE_LONG_FORM = 1                                'adjectives
Global Const ADJECTIVE_SHORT_FORM = 2
Global Const ADJECTIVE_COMPARATIVE = 3
Global Const ADJECTIVE_SUPERLATIVE = 4

Global Const ADVERB_NORMAL = 1                                       'adverbs
Global Const ADVERB_COMPARATIVE = 2
Global Const ADVERB_SUPERLATIVE = 3

Global Const INTERROGATIVE_NOMINATIVE = 1                           'interrogatives
Global Const INTERROGATIVE_GENITIVE = 2
Global Const INTERROGATIVE_DATIVE = 3
Global Const INTERROGATIVE_ACCUSATIVE = 4
Global Const INTERROGATIVE_INSTRUMENTAL = 5
Global Const INTERROGATIVE_PREPOSITIONAL = 6
Global Const INTERROGATIVE_MASCULINE = 1
Global Const INTERROGATIVE_NEUTER = 2
Global Const INTERROGATIVE_INDECLINABLE = 3

Global Const INTERJECTION_RETAIN = 1                                 'interjections
Global Const INTERJECTION_IGNORE = 2

Global Const VERBAL_ADVERB_SIMULTANEOUS = 1                         'verbal adverbs
Global Const VERBAL_ADVERB_SEQUENTIAL = 2
Global Const VERBAL_ADVERB_NON_REFLEXIVE = 1
Global Const VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE = 2
Global Const VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE = 4
Global Const VERBAL_ADVERB_IMPERFECTIVE = 8
Global Const VERBAL_ADVERB_PERFECTIVE = 16

Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_NON_REFLEXIVE = 1                      'verbal adjectives
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE = 2
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE = 4
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PRESENT_ACTIVE = 8
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PRESENT_PASSIVE = 16
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PAST_ACTIVE = 32
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PAST_PASSIVE = 64
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_IMPERFECTIVE = 128
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PERFECTIVE = 256

Global Const NOT_APPLICABLE = 0                                     'ignore (applies to any attribute)

```

```

'____ part of speech secondary attributes before conversion to symbolic representation _____
Global Const DEMAND1_NO_DEMANDS = 0                                'type 1 case demands (nouns, adjectives, adverbs)
Global Const DEMAND1_GENITIVE = 1
Global Const DEMAND1_DATIVE = 2
Global Const DEMAND1_INSTRUMENTAL = 4

Global Const DEMAND2_NO_DEMANDS = 0                                'type 2 case demands (verbs, verbal adjectives and
adverbs)
Global Const DEMAND2_NOMINATIVE = 1
Global Const DEMAND2_GENITIVE = 2
Global Const DEMAND2_DATIVE = 4
Global Const DEMAND2_ACCUSATIVE = 8
Global Const DEMAND2_INSTRUMENTAL = 16

Global Const DEMAND3_NO_DEMANDS = 0                                'type 3 case demands (prepositions)
Global Const DEMAND3_GENITIVE = 1
Global Const DEMAND3_DATIVE = 2
Global Const DEMAND3_ACCUSATIVE = 4
Global Const DEMAND3_INSTRUMENTAL = 8
Global Const DEMAND3_PREPOSITIONAL = 16

Global Const ADJECTIVE_SHORT_FORM_MASCULINE = 1                  'adjectives
Global Const ADJECTIVE_SHORT_FORM_FEMININE = 2
Global Const ADJECTIVE_SHORT_FORM_NEUTER = 3
Global Const ADJECTIVE_SHORT_FORM_PLURAL = 4

'____ article codes _____
Global Const ARTICLE_NONE = 32                                     'no article
Global Const ARTICLE_A = 64                                       'a
Global Const ARTICLE_AN = 128                                      'an
Global Const ARTICLE_THE = 4096                                     'the

'____ noun association codes _____
Global Const ASSOCIATION_PERSON = 1
Global Const ASSOCIATION_PLACE = 2
Global Const ASSOCIATION_THING = 4
Global Const ASSOCIATION_ANIMAL = 8
Global Const ASSOCIATION FIGURATIVE = 16

'____ plural nouns codes _____
Global Const PLURAL1 = 512                                         '$200, plural same or not used
Global Const PLURAL2 = 768                                         '$300, add 's'
Global Const PLURAL3 = 1024                                        '$400, add 'es'
Global Const PLURAL4 = 1280                                         '$500, add 'ies'

```

```

Global Const PLURAL5 = 1536                                '$600, drop last, add 'ves'
Global Const PLURAL6 = 1792                                '$700, drop last 2, add 'ves'
Global Const PLURAL7 = 2048                                '$800, drop last 2, add 'a'
Global Const PLURAL8 = 2304                                '$900, drop last 2, add 'i'
Global Const PLURAL9 = 2560                                '$A00, drop last 2, add 'en'
Global Const PLURAL10 = 2816                               '$B00, drop last 4, add 'ice'
Global Const PLURAL11 = 3072                               '$C00, drop last 4, add 'eese'

'____ symbol table ranges _____
Global Const MASCULINE_NOUN_START = 1                      'nouns
Global Const MASCULINE_NOUN_END = 40

Global Const FEMININE_NOUN_START = 50
Global Const FEMININE_NOUN_END = 79

Global Const NEUTER_NOUN_START = 90
Global Const NEUTER_NOUN_END = 103

Global Const PLURAL_NOUN_START = 110
Global Const PLURAL_NOUN_END = 114

Global Const ADJECTIVE_START = 120                         'adjectives
Global Const ADJECTIVE_END = 143

Global Const POSSESSIVE_PRONOUN_START = 150                'possessive pronouns
Global Const POSSESSIVE_PRONOUN_END = 151

Global Const DEMONSTRATIVE_PRONOUN_START = 155            'demonstrative pronouns
Global Const DEMONSTRATIVE_PRONOUN_END = 156

Global Const PERSONAL_PRONOUN_START = 390                  'personal pronouns
Global Const PERSONAL_PRONOUN_END = 404

Global Const INDEFINITE_PRONOUN_START = 380                'indefinite pronouns
Global Const INDEFINITE_PRONOUN_END = 381

Global Const VERB_START = 160                             'verbs
Global Const VERB_END = 236

Global Const VERBAL_ADVERB_NON_REFLEXIVE_START = 250      'verbal adverbs
Global Const VERBAL_ADVERB_NON_REFLEXIVE_END = 257

Global Const VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_START = 270
Global Const VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_END = 276

Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA1_START = 290             'verbal adjectives

```

```

Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA1_END = 294
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA2_START = 360
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA2_END = 364

Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PP_START = 310
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PP_END = 313

Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_AA1_START = 320
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_AA1_END = 325
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_AA2_START = 370
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_AA2_END = 375

Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_AP_START = 340
Global Const VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_AP_END = 347

Global Const INTERROGATIVE_START = 380           'interrogatives
Global Const INTERROGATIVE_END = 381

Global Const RELATIVE_PRONOUN_AT = 410          'relative pronoun

'____ program files _____
Global Const LEXICON_FILENAME = "C:\Transl~1\lexicon.LEX"      'bilingual lexicon

Global Const HELP1_FILENAME = "C:\Transl~1\Help1.XLP"           'topical help files
Global Const HELP3_FILENAME = "C:\Transl~1\Help2.XLP"
Global Const HELP4_FILENAME = "C:\Transl~1\Help3.XLP"
Global Const HELP5_FILENAME = "C:\Transl~1\Help4.XLP"
Global Const HELP7_FILENAME = "C:\Transl~1\Help5.XLP"

Global Const FILTER_FILENAME = "C:\Transl~1\import~1.FTR"        'import filter file
Global Const CLEANUP_FILTER_FILENAME = "C:\Transl~1\cleanup.CLN"  'cleanup filter file
Global Const CONFIG_FILENAME = "C:\Transl~1\config.CNF"          'configuration settings
Global Const TRANSFER_RULE_FILENAME = "C:\Transl~1\transf~1.TRR"   'transfer rules file
Global Const TRANSFER_RULE_LOG_FILENAME = "C:\Transl~1\t-rules.LOG" 'expanded transfer rules log
Global Const DETAILS_LOG_FILENAME = "c:\Transl~1\xlate.XLG"       'translation details log file

```

DATA STRUCTURES

```
Type FilterType           '-- import filter structure
```

```

    InCode          As String      'non-native character(s)
    OutCode         As String      'native cyrillic character
End Type

Type ConstantType
    SymbolicConstant(1 To MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS) As String
    NumSymbolicConstants As Integer
End Type

Type LexiconType
    Stem            As String      '-- lexicon structure
    PartOfSpeech    As Integer     'word stem
    Target          As String      'part of speech code
    InflectionPattern As Integer   'english stem
    PrimaryAttributes As Integer   'inflection pattern code
    SecondaryAttributes As Integer 'primary attributes
    TransferAttributes As Long     'secondary attributes
    Disambiguation   As String     'english syntax info (article,plurals,etc.)
End Type

Type TransferAttributeType
    LexiconEntry    As LexiconType '-- structure to accomodate multiple homonyms
    LexiconEntryPtr As Integer     'full lexicon entry for each homonym
    SymbolicConstants As ConstantType
End Type

Type RawRuleType
    rules
        Parameter(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS) As String      '-- internal temp structure for expanding transfer
        NumParameters As Integer     'single side of transfer expression
    End Type
        'number of terms in this side of expression

Type TransferType
    Match(1 To MAX_MATCHES) As TransferAttributeType
    attributes
        MatchPtr          As Integer      '-- symbolic constant structure for each word
        NumMatches        As Integer      'list of all possible matches found and their
        LiteralText       As String
    End Type
        'pointer to actual element to use in match list
        'pointer to last element of match list
        'word as it appear in abstract (punctuation, etc)

Type TransferRuleType
    NumRussianComponents As Integer      '-- transfer component structure for each word
    Russian(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS) As String      'num components of russian rule
    NumEnglishComponents As Integer      'russian expression of transfer rule
    English(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS) As String      'num components of english rule
    End Type
        'english expression of transfer rule

```

GLOBAL VARIABLES

Global gRawAbstract	As String	'unconverted abstract
Global gAbstract	As String	'converted abstract
Global gPackDelimiter frmMain_Load)	As String * 1	'delimiter constant for filter packing (see
Global gAbstractFilename	As String	'abstract full filename
Global gAbstractTitle	As String	'abstract filename without path, etc.
Global gAbstractDate	As String	'date of creation or last modification
Global gAbstractWords	As Integer	'num words in abstract
Global gLookups	As Integer	'num words looked up in document
Global gLookupHits	As Integer	'num words found in document
Global gTransferAttempts	As Integer	'num sentences in document
Global gTransferHits	As Integer	'num sentences in document translated
Global gTranslation	As String	'raw translation text
Global gAbort	As Integer	'flag indicating escape key hit
Global gShowHelp	As Integer	'config setting to display passive help
Global gTransferDetails	As Integer	'config setting to generate transfer log
Global gAbstractModified	As Integer	'flags indicating changes made
Global gTranslationModified	As Integer	
Global gTransliterationModified	As Integer	
Global gTransliterationFilter	As String	'default transliteration filter
Global gOperationMode	As Integer	'mode of operation {TRANSLATION_MODE,EMAIL_MODE}
Global gPostEditorAPIName	As String	'application name of post-translation editor
Global gPostEditorFilename	As String	'filename of post-translation editor executable
Global gPostEditorPasteSequence	As String	'escape sequence used to paste into post-edit document
Global gPattern(NUM_INFLECTION_PATTERNS)	As String	'inflection patterns
Global gInputFilter(NUM_MAPPINGS)	As FilterType	'active character set filter
Global gLexicon(MAX_LEXICON_ENTRIES)	As LexiconType	'resident bilingual lexicon

```

Global gLexiconEndPtr           As Integer      'pointer to end of lexicon structure
Global gLexiconIndex(MAX_ASCII)  As Integer      'index to lexicon entries
Global gSortOrder(MAX_ASCII)    As Integer      'lookup table for Cyrillic alphabet sort
Global gHeader(MAX_HEADER_LINES) As String       'header lines (comments) in lexicon. Stored
Global gHeaderPtr               As Integer      'so they can be written back at lexicon update.

Global gTransferRule(MAX_TRANSFER_RULES) As TransferRuleType 'transfer rule base
Global gTransferRulePtr          As Integer      'pointer to last transfer rule

Global gSentence(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS) As TransferType   'single sentence structure
Global gWordPtr                  As Integer      'num words in sentence

Global gEventTick                As Integer      'num seconds elapsed during translation
Global gEventTime                As String       'seconds time converted to minutes:seconds

Global MsgBoxAnswer
globally)                         As Integer      'reply to all message boxes (value not shared

Global gNounConstant(1 To 13)     As String       'symbolic constant structures
Global gAdjectiveConstant(1 To 33) As String
Global gAdverbConstant(1 To 3)    As String
Global gActiveVerbConstant(1 To 13) As String
Global gAuxiliaryVerbConstant(1 To 13) As String
Global gVerbalAdverbConstant(1 To 3) As String
Global gRelPronounConstant(1 To 28) As String
Global gPersPronounConstant(1 To 6) As String
Global gVAdjPresActConstant(1 To 28) As String
Global gVAdjPresPasConstant(1 To 28) As String
Global gVAdjPastActConstant(1 To 28) As String
Global gVAdjPastPasConstant(1 To 36) As String
Global gInterrogativeConstant(1 To 6) As String
Global gPrepositionCase(1 To 5)    As String
Global gConjunctionConstant(1 To 1) As String

'
'-----update transfer details
'
Sub AddDetail (Detail As String, TimeStamp As Integer)
    'process only if transfer details enabled
    If gTransferDetails Then
        'add detail

```

```

Print #5, Chr(34); Detail;

'indicate time
If TimeStamp Then
    Print #5, Tab(78); "["; gEventTime; "]"; Chr(34)
Else
    Print #5, Chr(34)
End If
End If

End Sub
'

'-----  

'do automatic cleanup of translation based on cleanup filters  

'-----  

Function ApplyCleanupFilters (ByVal DirtyText As String)

Dim NumFilters      As Integer
Dim TextPtr         As Integer
Dim FilterPtr       As Integer
Dim ComparePtr      As Integer
Dim Replacements   As Integer
Dim CompareText    As String
Dim ReplaceText    As String
Dim CleanText       As String

Const HARD_REPLACEMENTS = 5

Static CText(HARD_REPLACEMENTS) As String
Static RText(HARD_REPLACEMENTS) As String

'display status info during load
MousePointerWait
NumFilters = frmCleanupFilterEditor.lstCleanupFilter(0).ListCount - 1
DisplayWait -NumFilters, "Applying post-translation cleanup filters..."

'log details
AddDetail "", False
AddDetail "_____, False
AddDetail "_____, False
AddDetail "Applying post-translation cleanup filters:", False
AddDetail "", False

'compare each filter entry against dirty text
For FilterPtr = 0 To NumFilters
    'get filter entry

```

```

CompareText = frmCleanupFilterEditor.lstCleanupFilter(0).List(FilterPtr)
ReplaceText = frmCleanupFilterEditor.lstCleanupFilter(1).List(FilterPtr)
'until no more, replace
ComparePtr = 1
Do
    ComparePtr = InStr(ComparePtr, DirtyText, CompareText, 1)
    'replace
    If ComparePtr Then
        DirtyText = Left(DirtyText, ComparePtr - 1) & ReplaceText & Mid(DirtyText, ComparePtr + Len(CompareText))
        AddDetail " '" & CompareText & "' replaced with '" & ReplaceText & "'", False
        Replacements = Replacements + 1
        ComparePtr = ComparePtr + 1
    End If
Loop Until ComparePtr = 0
DisplayWait 1, ""
Next FilterPtr

'hard-coded replacements:
'articles
CText(0) = " a a": RText(0) = " an a"
CText(1) = " a e": RText(1) = " an e"
CText(2) = " a i": RText(2) = " an i"
CText(3) = " a o": RText(3) = " an o"
CText(4) = " a u": RText(4) = " an u"
'punctuation
CText(5) = ", that ": RText(5) = " that "

'compare each hard-coded filter entry against dirty text
For FilterPtr = 0 To HARD_REPLACEMENTS
    'get filter entry
    CompareText = CText(FilterPtr)
    ReplaceText = RText(FilterPtr)
    'until no more, replace
    ComparePtr = 1
    Do
        ComparePtr = InStr(ComparePtr, DirtyText, CompareText, 1)
        'replace
        If ComparePtr Then
            DirtyText = Left(DirtyText, ComparePtr - 1) & ReplaceText & Mid(DirtyText, ComparePtr + Len(CompareText))
            ComparePtr = ComparePtr + 1
        End If
    Loop Until ComparePtr = 0
Next FilterPtr

```

```

'hide status
DisplayWait 0, ""
MousePointerContinue

'log details
If Replacements = 0 Then
    AddDetail " No replacements made.", False
End If
AddDetail "", False

'return cleaned up text
ApplyCleanupFilters = DirtyText

End Function
'

'write final details to transfer log and close it
'
Sub CloseTransferLog ()
    Dim LookupRate As Integer
    On Error Resume Next

    'write final log details
    AddDetail "_____, False
    AddDetail "Translation complete:", True
    AddDetail "", False

    'write translation
    DumpFinalTranslation

    AddDetail "", False

    'lookup rate on this abstract
    If gLookups Then
        LookupRate = (gLookupHits / gLookups) * 100
    Else
        LookupRate = 0
    End If
    AddDetail " Words Translated:      " & gLookupHits & " of " & gLookups & " (" & LookupRate & "%)", False

    'transfer rate on this abstract
    If gTransferAttempts Then
        LookupRate = (gTransferHits / gTransferAttempts) * 100

```

```

Else
    LookupRate = 0
End If
AddDetail " Sentences Translated: " & gTransferHits & " of " & gTransferAttempts & " (" & LookupRate & "%)",
False

AddDetail " Avg Transfer Time: " & Mid(TimeSerial(0, 0, gEventTick / gTransferHits), 5), False
AddDetail " Total Transfer Time: " & gEventTime, False
AddDetail "", False

'terminate log session
frmMain.timerTranslation.Enabled = False

Close 5

End Sub

'_____
'proceed according to success of abstract conversion
'_____
Function ConversionOK (Abstract As String)

    'if conversion routine returned failure code, fail conversion process
    If Abstract = "[FAILED]" Then
        Abstract = ""
        ConversionOK = False
        Exit Function
    End If

    'conversion successful
    ConversionOK = True

End Function

'_____
'run abstract through selected available filters with intention of converting to native format
'_____
Function ConvertAbstract (InText As String, ShowStatus As Integer, InfoLine As String) As String

    Dim AbstractPtr      As Integer
    Dim FilterPtr        As Integer
    Dim InCode           As String
    Dim Found            As Integer
    Dim OutText          As String
    Dim UpdateTally      As Integer

```

```

Dim AbstractLen      As Integer
Dim NumChars         As Integer
Dim NumUnknownChars As Integer
Dim plural           As String
Dim Suggestion       As String
Dim PercentBad       As Single
Dim SourceChar        As String
Dim i                 As Integer

Const THRESHOLD = 3  'acceptable threshold of unknown characters
                     '(translation mode; email mode has no limit)

'set starting and ending points of abstract
AbstractPtr = 1
AbstractLen = Len(InText)

'reset word count
gAbstractWords = 1

'hide/display status info as conversion takes place
If ShowStatus Then
    DisplayWait -AbstractLen, InfoLine
End If

'for each character or character group in abstract...
Do
    Found = False

    '...try matching filter mappings
    For FilterPtr = 0 To NUM_MAPPINGS
        InCode = gInputFilter(FilterPtr).InCode
        'if found, stop looking
        SourceChar = Mid(InText, AbstractPtr, Len(InCode))

        If SourceChar = InCode And InCode <> "" Then
            Found = True
            'if space, increment word count (multiple spaces were already removed, so this is a valid count)
            If SourceChar = " " Then
                gAbstractWords = gAbstractWords + 1
            End If
            Exit For
        End If
    Next FilterPtr

    'if found, add converted character(s) to converted abstract and move to next character(s) in original...

```

```

If Found Then
    OutText = OutText & gInputFilter(FilterPtr).OutCode
    AbstractPtr = AbstractPtr + Len(InCode)
'...otherwise mark this character unknown and move on (translation cannot be done, though)
Else
    'deal with unknown characters:
    If gOperationMode = ABSTRACT_MODE Then
        'in translation mode, mark them as unknown
        OutText = OutText & SUBSTITUTION_CHARACTER
    Else
        'deal with carriage return (for text box, must also have linefeed)
        If SourceChar = Chr(13) Then
            SourceChar = Chr(13) & Chr(10)
        End If
        'in email mode, pass them right through untouched (ignores embedded English)
        OutText = OutText & SourceChar
    End If

    NumUnknownChars = NumUnknownChars + 1
    AbstractPtr = AbstractPtr + 1
End If
UpdateTally = UpdateTally + Len(InCode)
NumChars = NumChars + 1

'if status bar displayed, update at every 5% change in work done
If UpdateTally > (AbstractLen - 1) / 20 And ShowStatus Then
    DisplayWait UpdateTally, ""
    UpdateTally = 0
End If
Loop Until AbstractPtr > AbstractLen

'hide status, if shown
If ShowStatus Then
    DisplayWait 0, ""
End If

'determine if singular/plural unknown characters
If NumUnknownChars = 1 Then
    plural = ""
Else
    plural = "s"
End If

'if conversion successful or email mode engaged, return abstract;
If NumUnknownChars = 0 Or gOperationMode = EMAIL_MODE Then
    ConvertAbstract = OutText

```

```

'otherwise determine degree of conversion failure
Else
    'too many mapping errors
    If NumUnknownChars > THRESHOLD Then
        ConvertAbstract = "[FAILED]"
    'enough to continue, but inform user to clean them up
    Else
        Beep
        MsgBox ("This abstract contains " & NumUnknownChars & " character" & plural & " which could not be
converted. Unconverted characters are represented by the '" & SUBSTITUTION_CHARACTER & "' character and can be
fixed in the Source Abstract Editor. Translation is possible without fixing these characters, but it may not be
complete or correct."), MB_ICONINFORMATION, ("Incomplete Mapping")
        ConvertAbstract = OutText
    End If
End If

End Function

'_____
'map active filter to standardized internal program representation
Sub ConvertFilterMap ()

    Dim ColonAt As Integer
    Dim Temp As FilterType
    Dim IValue As String
    Dim IValue1 As String
    Dim IValue2 As String
    Dim i, j As Integer

    'map or convert three possible filter entries (letters, 1-byte codes, and 2-byte codes) to
    'single-byte internal program representation. 1-byte and 2-byte codes can be any combination
    'of hex and decimal formats
    For i = 0 To NUM_MAPPINGS
        ColonAt = InStr(frmFilter.txtLatin(i), ":")

        'map compound numeric decimal or hex 2-byte codes to single character
        If ColonAt > 0 Then
            IValue1 = Left(frmFilter.txtLatin(i), ColonAt - 1)
            IValue1 = Chr(HexToDecimal(IValue1))
            IValue2 = Mid(frmFilter.txtLatin(i), ColonAt + 1)
            IValue2 = Chr(HexToDecimal(IValue2))
            gInputFilter(i).InCode = IValue1 & IValue2

        'convert simple numeric decimal 1-byte code to single character

```

```

ElseIf IsNumeric(frmFilter.txtLatin(i)) Then
    gInputFilter(i).InCode = Chr(Val(frmFilter.txtLatin(i)))

'convert simple numeric hex 1-byte (lower nibble) code to single character
ElseIf Left(frmFilter.txtLatin(i), 1) = "$" And Len(frmFilter.txtLatin(i)) > 1 Then
    IValue = Chr(HexToDecimal("0" & frmFilter.txtLatin(i)))
    gInputFilter(i).InCode = IValue

'map letters(s) to single character
Else
    IValue = frmFilter.txtLatin(i)
    gInputFilter(i).InCode = IValue
End If

'assign mapping
gInputFilter(i).OutCode = frmFilter.lblCyrillic(i)
Next i

'sort mapping by size then alphabetized within groups of same size. This is done so that larger
'groupings are checked first in decoding. For example, the mapping 'shch > q' must be found
'before 's > c'; otherwise 'shch' would be interpreted as several separate characters, and not
'as a single group. This shell sort is not the most efficient algorithm, but only 66 entries
'need to be arranged
For i = 0 To NUM_MAPPINGS
    For j = i To NUM_MAPPINGS
        If ((Len(gInputFilter(j).InCode) > Len(gInputFilter(i).InCode)) Or ((Len(gInputFilter(j).InCode) =
Len(gInputFilter(i).InCode)) And (gInputFilter(j).InCode < gInputFilter(i).InCode))) Then
            Temp = gInputFilter(i)
            gInputFilter(i) = gInputFilter(j)
            gInputFilter(j) = Temp
        End If
    Next j
Next i

End Sub

'
'convert Windows 95 filenames to Windows 3.1 (ie. DOS) filenames. The DOS representation is
'referred to as augmented DOS 6+2 format here because extended Win95 filenames are reduced to
'first 6 characters plus the following: ~1. Some filenames may not be converted properly
'because of extraneous characters not supported by Visual Basic I/O. In this case, file access
'needs to be done using standard method of truncated entries in file list boxes.
'

Function ConvertWin95Filename (Win31Filename As String) As String

```

```

Dim FilenameChar As String * 1
Dim TempFileName As String
Dim TempFilePart As String
Dim Win95Filename As String
Dim FilenameStart As Integer
Dim ExtensionStart As Integer
Dim EntryLength As Integer
Dim CountOn As Integer
Dim i As Integer

'trim leading/trailing spaces from path and filename (lowercase conversion not nesc. for Win95)
Win31Filename = LCase(Trim(Win31Filename))

'remove spaces from path and filename
For i = 1 To Len(Win31Filename)
    FilenameChar = Mid(Win31Filename, i, 1)
    If FilenameChar <> " " Then
        TempFileName = TempFileName & FilenameChar
    End If
Next i

'check each path entry and condense extended Win95 entries to DOS 6+2 augmented entries
CountOn = False
For i = 1 To Len(TempFileName)
    FilenameChar = Mid(TempFileName, i, 1)
    'check for start of entry
    If FilenameChar = "\" Then
        If CountOn Then
            'reduce to augmented DOS name format if extended...
            If EntryLength > 8 Then
                Win95Filename = Win95Filename & "\" & Mid(TempFileName, i - EntryLength, 6) + "~1"
            '...otherwise take filename as is
            Else
                Win95Filename = Win95Filename & "\" & Mid(TempFileName, i - EntryLength, EntryLength)
            End If
            EntryLength = 0
        End If
        CountOn = True
    'count characters in entry
    ElseIf CountOn Then
        EntryLength = EntryLength + 1
    End If
Next i
'append path divider
Win95Filename = Win95Filename & "\"

```

```

'extract filename extension
ExtensionStart = InStr(TempFileName, ".")  

'search for start of filename working from end of full path
For i = Len(TempFileName) To 1 Step -1
    FilenameChar = Mid(TempFileName, i, 1)
    'if found, record position
    If FilenameChar = "\" Then
        FilenameStart = i + 1
        Exit For
    End If
Next i  

'if no paths given, whole entry is filename in current directory
If FilenameStart < 1 Then
    FilenameStart = 1
    Win95Filename = ""
End If  

'extract filename
TempFilePart = Mid(TempFileName, FilenameStart, ExtensionStart - FilenameStart)  

'condense filename if necessary
If Len(TempFilePart) > 8 Then
    TempFilePart = Left(TempFilePart, 6) + "~1"
End If  

'combine condensed pathnames, filename, and extension
TempFilePart = TempFilePart & Mid(TempFileName, ExtensionStart)
Win95Filename = Win95Filename & TempFilePart  

'return DOS filename from Windows 95 filename
ConvertWin95Filename = Win95Filename  

End Function  

'  



---


'take single sentence and extract symbolic constant(s) for each word  



---


Sub DecomposeSentence (ByVal Sentence As String)  

    Dim WordPtr          As Integer
    Dim BreakAt           As Integer
    Dim MatchPtr          As Integer
    Dim SymbolPtr         As Integer

```

```

Dim LogPtr1          As Integer
Dim LogPtr2          As Integer
Dim Word             As String
Dim FullWord         As String
Dim SymbolicDetails As String

Dim TransferDetails As TransferType

MousePointerWait
'reinitialize structures
For WordPtr = 0 To MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS
    gSentence(WordPtr).NumMatches = 0
    gSentence(WordPtr).MatchPtr = 0
    'blank words
    For MatchPtr = 1 To MAX_MATCHES
        gSentence(WordPtr).Match(MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.Stem = ""
        gSentence(WordPtr).Match(MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.Target = "<UNKNOWN WORD>"
        gSentence(WordPtr).Match(MatchPtr).SymbolicConstants.NumSymbolicConstants = 0
        'blank symbolic constants
        For SymbolPtr = 1 To MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS
            gSentence(WordPtr).Match(MatchPtr).SymbolicConstants.SymbolicConstant(SymbolPtr) = ""
        Next SymbolPtr
    Next MatchPtr
Next WordPtr

'strip leading/trailing spaces.  Append one to terminate do/loop
Sentence = Trim(Sentence) & " "

'update translation details
AddDetail "_____, False
AddDetail ("Sentence: " & Sentence), True
AddDetail "", False

'loop through sentence word by word
WordPtr = 1
gWordPtr = -1
Do
    'get end of word, skipping multiple spaces
    Do
        BreakAt = InStr(WordPtr, Sentence, " ")
        'multiple space, so skip this character
        If BreakAt = WordPtr Then
            WordPtr = WordPtr + 1
        'found actually end, so exit
    Else
        Exit Do

```

```

        End If
    Loop
    'if there's an end, extract word; otherwise...
    If BreakAt > 0 Then
        'strip whitespace, but leave punctuation
        Word = Trim(Mid(Sentence, WordPtr, BreakAt - WordPtr))

        'strip prepended punctuation
        If Left(Word, 1) < " " Then
            Word = Mid(Word, 2)
        End If

        'record punctuation
        FullWord = Word

        'strip appended punctuation
        If (Right(Word, 1) < " ") And (Len(Word)) Then
            Word = Left(Word, Len(Word) - 1)
        End If

    RetryLookup:
        'look up word
        LookupWord (Word), TransferDetails, True
        gLookups = gLookups + 1

        'AddDetail " _____", False
        'if word not found, get user to deal with it
        If TransferDetails.NumMatches = 0 Then
            AddDetail (" Lookup: " & Word & " (unknown)", False
            AddDetail "", False
            Beep
            MousePointerContinue
            frmUnknownWord.lblUnknownWord = Word
            frmUnknownWord.Show 1
            'if just added to lexicon, look up again; otherwise...
            If frmUnknownWord.Tag = "[ADD]" Then
                AddDetail "           Word added to lexicon", False
                AddDetail "", False
                GoTo RetryLookup 'ick, a GoTo!
            '...user opted to ignore, so tag this entry as unknown
            Else
                AddDetail "           Word ignored", False
                AddDetail "", False
                gWordPtr = gWordPtr + 1
                gSentence(gWordPtr).NumMatches = IGNORE_WORD
            End If

```

```

        MousePointerWait
    Else
        AddDetail (" Lookup: " & Word), False
        AddDetail "", False
        'record everything for this word
        gLookupHits = gLookupHits + 1
        gWordPtr = gWordPtr + 1
        gSentence(gWordPtr) = TransferDetails
        gSentence(gWordPtr).LiteralText = FullWord

        'write details to log, if active
        If gTransferDetails Then
            'write all matches
            For LogPtr1 = 1 To gSentence(gWordPtr).NumMatches
                AddDetail (" Got= " & TransferDetails.Match(LogPtr1).LexiconEntry.Stem & " (" &
TransferDetails.Match(LogPtr1).LexiconEntry.Target) & ") ", False
                SymbolicDetails = ""
                'write details of each match
                For LogPtr2 = 1 To gSentence(gWordPtr).Match(LogPtr1).SymbolicConstants.NumSymbolicConstants
                    SymbolicDetails = SymbolicDetails & gSentence(gWordPtr).Match(LogPtr1).SymbolicConstants.SymbolicConstant(LogPtr2) & " "
                Next LogPtr2
                AddDetail (" SC= " & SymbolicDetails), False
                AddDetail "", False
            Next LogPtr1
        End If
    End If

    'move to next word
    WordPtr = BreakAt + 1
    '...done processing
Else
    Exit Do
End If
Loop

End Sub
'

'define inflections for all Russian words.  Gaps in array for additional rare inflections
'overlooked at initial design time
'

Sub DefineInflectionPatterns ()
    'nouns:
    '(format "nom_s.gen_s.dat_s.acc_s.ins_s.pre_s.loc_s.

```

```

    nom_p.gen_p.dat_p.acc_p.ins_p.pre_p")

'hard masculine nouns
gPattern(1) = "#.а.у.#.ом.е.у.ы.ов.ам.ы.ами.ах"
gPattern(2) = "ол.ла.лу.ол.лом.ле.лу.лы.лов.лам.лы.лами.лах"
gPattern(3) = "ёд.ьда.ьду.ёд.ьдом.ьде.ьу.ьды.ьдов.ьдам.ьды.ьдами.ьдах"
gPattern(4) = "#.а.у.#.ом.е.у.а.#.ам.а.ами.ах"
gPattern(5) = "#.а.у.#.ом.е.у.а.ов.ам.а.ами.ах"
gPattern(6) = "#.а.у.#.ом.е./.ы.ов.ам.ы.ами.ах"
gPattern(7) = "ок.ка.ку.ок.ком.ке./.ки.ков.кам.ки.ками.ках"
gPattern(8) = "#.а.у.а.ом.е./.ъя.ьев.ъям.ъев.ъями.ъях"
gPattern(9) = "#.а.у.а.ом.е./.и.ей.ам.ей.ами.ах"
gPattern(10) = "#.а.у.а.ом.е./.а.ов.ам.ов.ами.ах"
gPattern(11) = "г.га.гу.га.гом.ге./.зья.зей.зьям.зей.зьями.зьях"
gPattern(12) = "ец.ца.цу.ца.цом.це./.цы.цов.цам.цов.цами.цах"
gPattern(13) = "#.а.у.а.ом.е./.ы.ов.ам.ов.ами.ах"
gPattern(14) = "#.а.у.а.ом.е./.и.ов.ам.ов.ами.ах"
gPattern(15) = "ин.ина.ину.ина.ином.ине./.е.#.ам.#.ами.ах"
gPattern(16) = "#.а.у.а.ом.е./.овъя.овей.овъям.овей.овъями.овъях"
gPattern(17) = "#.а.у.а.ем.е./.ъя.ей.ъям.ей.ъями.ъях"
gPattern(18) = "ёр.ра.ру.ёр.ром.ре./.ры.ров.рам.ры.рами.рах"
gPattern(19) = "онок.онка.онку.онка.онком.онке./.ата.ат.атам.ат.атами.атах"
gPattern(20) = "ёнок.ёнка.ёнку.ёнка.ёнком.ёнке./.ята.ят.ятам.ят.ятами.ятах"
gPattern(21) = "#.а.у.а.ом.е./.#./././.#"
gPattern(22) = "#.а.у.#.ом.е./.ъя.ьев.ъям.ъямы.ъях"
gPattern(23) = "#.а.у.#.ом.е./.и.ов.ам.и.ами.ах"
gPattern(24) = "#.а.у.#.ом.е./.а.ов.ам.а.ами.ах"
gPattern(25) = "а.а.у.а.ом.е./.и.ов.ам.ов.ами.ах"
gPattern(26) = "#.#.#.#.#./.#.#.#.#.#"

'soft masculine nouns
gPattern(30) = "й.я.ю.й.ем.е.ю.и.ёв.ям.и.ями.ях"
gPattern(31) = "ъ.я.ю.ъ.ём.е./.и.ей.ям.и.ями.ях"
gPattern(32) = "й.я.ю.й.ем.е./.и.ев.ям.и.ями.ях"
gPattern(33) = "ъ.я.ю.ем.е./.и.ей.ям.и.ями.ях"
gPattern(34) = "енъ.ня.ню.енъ.нём.не./.ни.ней.ням.ни.нями.нях"
gPattern(35) = "ъ.и.и.ъ.ём.и./.и.ей.ям.и.ями.ях"
gPattern(36) = "ель.ля.лю.ель.лем.ли./.ли.лей.лям.ли.лями.лях"
gPattern(37) = "ъ.я.ю.я.ем.е./.и.ей.ям.ей.ями.ях"
gPattern(38) = "й.я.ю.я.ем.е./.и.ев.ям.ев.ями.ях"
gPattern(39) = "оль.ля.лю.оль.лем.ли./.ли.лей.лям.ли.лями.лях"
gPattern(40) = "я.и.е.ю.ёй.е./.и.ей.ям.ей.ями.ях"

'hard feminine nouns
gPattern(50) = "а.ы.е.у.ой.е./.ы.#.ам.ы.ами.ах"
gPattern(51) = "а.и.е.у.ой.е./.и.#.ам.и.ами.ах"

```

```

gPattern(52) = "а.ы.е.у.ой.е./.ы.#.ам.#.ами.ах"
gPattern(53) = "а.и.е.у.ой.е./.и.#.ам.#.ами.ах"
gPattern(54) = "ка.ки.ке.ку.кой.ке./.ки.ек.кам.ек.ками.ках"
gPattern(55) = "естра.естры.естре.естру.естрой.естре./.ёстры.естёр.ёстрам.естёр.ёстрами.ёстрах"
gPattern(56) = "ена.ены.ене.ену.еной.ене./.ёны.ён.ёнам.ён.ёнами.ёнах"
gPattern(57) = "ка.ки.ке.ку.кой.ке./.ки.ек.кам.ки.ками.ках"
gPattern(58) = "ка.ки.ке.ку.кой.ке./.ки.ок.кам.ки.ками.ках"
gPattern(59) = "ека.еки.еке.ёку.екой.еке./.ёки.ёк.екам.ёки.еками.еках"
gPattern(60) = "ездя.езды.езде.езду.ездой.езде./.ёзды.ёзд.ёздам.ёзды.ёздами.ёздах"
gPattern(61) = "а.ы.е.у.ей.е./.ы.#.ам.#.ами.ах"

'soft feminine nouns
gPattern(70) = "я.и.е.ю.ей.е./.и.ъ.ям.и.ями.ях"
gPattern(71) = "я.и.и.ю.ей.и./.и.и.ям.и.ями.ях"
gPattern(72) = "ъ.и.и.ъ.ю.и./.и.ей.ям.и.ями.ях"
gPattern(73) = "ня.ни.не.ню.ней.не./.ни.ен.ням.ни.нями.нях"
gPattern(74) = "я.и.е.ю.ей.е./.и.ей.ям.ей.ями.ях"
gPattern(75) = "я.и.и.ю.ёй.и./.и.ей.ям.и.ями.ях"
gPattern(76) = "ъ.ери.ери.ъ.ерью.ери./.ери.ерей.ерям.ерей.ерьми.ерях"
gPattern(77) = "ъ.ери.ери.ъ.ерью.ери./.ери.ерей.ерям.ерей.ерьми.ерях"
gPattern(78) = "овь.ви.ви.овь.овью.ви./.ви.вей.вам.ви.вами.вах"
gPattern(79) = "ъ.и.и.ъ.ю.и./.и.ей.ам.ей.ами.ах"

'neuter nouns
gPattern(90) = "о.а.у.о.ом.е./.а.#.ам.а.ами.ах"
gPattern(91) = "е.я.ю.е.ем.и./.я.й.ям.я.ями.ях"
gPattern(92) = "е.я.ю.е.ем.е./.я.ей.ям.я.ями.ях"
gPattern(93) = "ъцо.ъца.ъцу.ъцо.ъцом.ъце./.ъца.ец.ъцам.ъца.ъцами.ъцах"
gPattern(94) = "ло.ла.лу.ло.лом.ле./.ла.ел.лам.ла.лами.лах"
gPattern(95) = "я.ени.ени.я.енем.ени./.ена.ён.енам.ена.енами.енах"
gPattern(96) = "о.а.у.о.ом.е./.еса.ес.есам.еса.есами.есах"
gPattern(97) = "ело.ела.елу.ело.елом.еле./.ёла.ёл.ёлам.ёла.ёлами.ёлах"
gPattern(98) = "о.а.у.о.ом.е./.ъя.ьев.ъям.ъя.ъями.ъях"
gPattern(99) = "о.а.у.о.ом.е./.и.#.ам.и.ами.ах"
gPattern(100) = "#.#.#.#.#./.##.#.#.#.#"
gPattern(101) = "о.а.у.о.ом.е./.а.ов.ам.а.ами.ах"
gPattern(102) = "ё.я.ю.ё.ём.е./.я.ей.ям.я.ями.ях"
gPattern(103) = "ъе.ъя.ью.ъе.ъем.ъе./.ъя.ий.ъям.ъя.ъями.ъях"

'plural only nouns
gPattern(110) = "/.//.//.//.//.и.ов.ам.и.ами.ах"
gPattern(111) = "/.//.//.//.//.ъги.ег.ъгам.ъги.ъгами.ъгах"
gPattern(112) = "/.//.//.//.//.и.ей.ям.ей.ъми.ях"
gPattern(113) = "/.//.//.//.//.а.#.ам.#.ами.ах"
gPattern(114) = "/.//.//.//.//.ы.ов.ам.ы.ами.ах"

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'demonstrative pronouns
gPattern(155) = "от.ого.ому.ого.от.им.ом./.а.ой.ой.у.у.ой.ой./.о.ого.ому.ого.о.им.ом./.и.их.им.их.и.ими.их./"
gPattern(156) = "от.ого.ому.ого.от.ем.ом./.а.ой.ой.у.у.ой.ой./.о.ого.ому.ого.о.ем.ом./.е.ех.ем.ех.е.еми.ех./"

'verbs:
'(format "inf.1st_s.2nd_s.3rd_s.imp_s.
'
      1st_p.2nd_p.3rd_p.imp_p.
      past_m.past_f.past_n.past_p")

'non-reflexive
gPattern(160) = "ть.ю.ешь.ет.й.ем.ете.ют.йт.е.л.ла.ло.ли"
gPattern(161) = "ить.ю.ишь.ит.и.им.ите.ят.ите.ил.ила.ило.или"
gPattern(162) = "зать.жу.жешь.жет.жи.жем.жете.жут.жите.зал.зала.зали"
gPattern(163) = "ть.ву.вёшь.вёт.ви.вём.вёте.вут.вите.л.ла.ло.ли"
gPattern(164) = "вать.ю.ёшь.ёт.й.ём.ёте.յт.йт.вал.вала.вало.вали"
gPattern(165) = "тить.чу.тишь.тиш.ти.ти.ти.ти.ти.тил.тила.тило.тили"
gPattern(166) = "сать.шу.шешь.шет.ши.шем.шете.шут.шите.сал.сала.сало.сали"
gPattern(167) = "ить.лю.ишь.ит.и.им.ите.ят.ите.ил.ила.ило.или"
gPattern(168) = "ыть.уду.удешь.удет.удь.удем.удете.удут.удьте.ыл.ыла.ыло.ыли"
gPattern(169) = "деть.жу.дишь.дит.ди.дим.дите.дят.дите.дел.дела.дело.дели"
gPattern(170) = "ыть.ю.оешь.оет.ой.оем.оете.оут.оите.ыл.ыла.ыло.ыли"
gPattern(171) = "сть.ду.дёшь.дёт.ди.дём.дёте.дут.дите.л.ла.ло.ли"
gPattern(172) = "ить.у.ишь.ит.и.им.ите.ат.ите.ил.ила.ило.или"
gPattern(173) = "ть.м.ш.ст.й.дим.дите.дут.йт.е.л.ла.ло.ли"
gPattern(174) = "ть.ну.нешь.нет.нь.нем.нете.нут.нүте.л.ла.ло.ли"
gPattern(175) = "чъ.гу.жешь.жет.ги.жем.жете.гут.гите.г.гла.гло.гли"
gPattern(176) = "нять.йму.ймёшь.ймёт.йми.ймём.ймёте.ймут.ймите.нял.няла.няло.няли"
gPattern(177) = "ечь.ягу.яжешь.яжет.яг.яжем.яжете.ягут.ягте.ёг.егла.егло.егли"
gPattern(178) = "ать.ну.нёшь.нёт.ни.нём.нёте.нут.ните.ал.ала.ало.али"
gPattern(179) = "сть.м.ш.ст.ш.дим.дите.дят.шьте.л.ла.ло.ли"
gPattern(180) = "ить.ью.бёшь.бёт.бей.бём.бёте.бют.бейте.ил.ила.ило.или"
gPattern(181) = "еть.ю.оёшь.оёт.ой.оём.оёте.оут.оите.ел.ела.ело.ели"
gPattern(182) = "есть.яду.ядешь.ядет.ядь.ядем.ядете.ядут.ядте.ел.ела.ело.ели"
gPattern(183) = "слать.шлю.шлёшь.шлёт.шли.шлём.шлёте.шлют.шлите.слал.слала.слало.слали"
gPattern(184) = "рать.еру.ерёшь.ерёт.ери.ерём.ерёте.ерут.ерите.рал.рала.рало.рали"
gPattern(185) = "зять.озьму.озьмёшь.озьмёт.озьми.озьмём.озьмёте.озьмите.зял.зяла.зяло.зали"
gPattern(186) = "овать.ую.уешь.ует.уй.uem.уете.уют.уйте.овал.овала.ovalo.ovali"
gPattern(187) = "евать.ую.уешь.ует.уй.uem.уете.уют.уйте.евал.евала.евало.евали"
gPattern(188) = "скать.шу.щешь.щет.ши.щем.щете.щут.шите.скал.скала.скало.скали"
gPattern(189) = "ать.лю.ишь.ит.и.им.ите.ят.ите.ал.ала.ало.али"
gPattern(190) = "дить.жу.дишь.дит.ди.дим.дите.дят.дите.дил.дила.дило.дили"
gPattern(191) = "сить.шу.сишь.сит.си.сим.сите.сят.сите.сил.сила.сило.сили"
gPattern(192) = "ти.у.ёшь.ёт.и.ём.ёте.ут.ите.//.//.//"
gPattern(193) = "//.//.//.//.//.//.ёл.ла.ло.ли"
gPattern(194) = "хать.ду.дешь.дет./.дим.дите.дут./.хал.хала.хало.хали"

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gPattern(195) = "ести.еду.едёшь.едёт.еди.едём.едёте.едут.едите.ёл.ела.ело.ели"
gPattern(196) = "теть.чу.тишь.ти.ти.ти.ти.ти.ти.тел.тела.тело.тели"
gPattern(197) = "ять.иму.имеши.имет.ими.имем.имете.имут.имите.ял.яла.яло.яли"
gPattern(198) = "ать.у.ёжь.ёт.и.ём.ёте.ут.ите.ал.ала.ало.али"
gPattern(199) = "теть.чу.чешь.чет.ти.ти.ти.ти.ти.тел.тела.тело.тели"

'reflexive
gPattern(210) = "ться.юсь.ешься.ется.йся.емся.етесь.ются.йтесь.лся.лась.лось.лись"
gPattern(211) = "иться.юсь.ишься.ится.ись.имся.итесь.ятся.итесь.илась.илюсь"
gPattern(212) = "заться.жуясь.жешься.жется.жись.жемся.жетесь.жутся.житесь.зался.залось.зались"
gPattern(213) = "ться.вусь.вёшься.вётся.вись.вёмся.вёте.вутся.витетс.лся.лась.лось.лись"
gPattern(214) = "ваться.юсь.ёшься.ётся.йся.ёмся.ётесь.ются.йтесь.лся.лась.лось.лись"
gPattern(215) = "саться.шусь.шешься.шется.шишься.шемся.шетесь.шутся.шитесь.сался.салась.салось.сались"
gPattern(216) = "деться.жуясь.дишься.дится.дись.димся.дитесь.дятся.дитесь.делось.делась.делось.делись"
gPattern(217) = "ться.ююсь.оешься.оется.ойся.оемся.оетесь.оются.ойтесь.ылся.ылась.ылось.ылись"
gPattern(218) = "иться.ьюсь.бёшься.бётся.бейся.бёмся.бётесь.бутся.бейтесь.ился.илюсь.илюсь.илюсь"
gPattern(219) = "иться.уюсь.ишься.ится.ись.имся.итесь.атся.итесь.ился.илюсь.илюсь.илюсь"
gPattern(220) = "ться.мся.шся.стся.йся.димся.дитесь.дутся.йтесь.лся.лась.лось.лись"
gPattern(221) = "ться.нусь.нешься.нется.нься.немся.нетесь.нутся.нтьесь.лся.лась.лось.лись"
gPattern(222) = "теться.чусь.чешься.чется.тись.тимся.титесь.тятся.титесь.телся.телась.телось.телись"
gPattern(223) = "аться.нусь.нёшься.нётся.нись.нёмся.нётесь.нутся.нитетс.ался.алась.алось.ались"
gPattern(224) = "ситься.шусь.сишься.сится.сись.симся.ситесь.сится.ситесь.сился.силась.силюсь"
gPattern(225) = "аться.люсь.ишься.ится.ись.имся.итесь.ятся.итесь.ался.алась.алось.ались"
gPattern(226) = "раться.ерусь.ерёшься.ерётся.ерись.ерёмся.ерётесь.етутся.еритесь.рался.ралась.ралось.рались"
gPattern(227)
"зяться.озымусь.озымёшься.озымётся.озымись.озымёмся.озымётесь.озымутся.озымите.зялся.зялась.зялось.зялись"
gPattern(228) = "естись.едусь.едёшься.едётся.едись.едёмся.едётесь.едутся.едите.ёлся.елась.елось.елись"
gPattern(229) = "теться.чусь.тишься.тится.тись.тимся.титесь.тятся.титесь.телся.телась.телось.телись"
gPattern(230) = "яться.имусь.имешься.имется.имись.имемся.иметься.имутся.имите.имите.ялся.ялась.ялюсь.ялись"
gPattern(231) = "иться.люсь.ишься.ится.ись.имся.итесь.ятся.итесь.ился.илюсь.илюсь.илюсь"
gPattern(232) = "оваться.уюсь.уешься.уется.уйся.uemся.уетесь.уются.уйтесь.овался.овалась.овалось.овались"
gPattern(233) = "ебаться.уюсь.уешься.уется.уйся.uemся.уетесь.уются.убался.ебалась.ебалось.ебались"
gPattern(234) = "йтись.йдусь.идёшься.идётся.йдись.идёмся.идётесь.йдутся.йдите.шёлся.шлось.шлись"
gPattern(235) = "хаться.дусь.дешься.дется.дись.димся.дитесь.дутся.дитесь.хался.халась.халось.хались"
gPattern(236) = "диться.жуясь.дишься.дится.дись.димся.дитесь.дятся.дитесь.дился.дилась.дилось.дились"

'verbal adverbs:
'(format "simultaneous.sequential1.sequential2")

'non-reflexive
gPattern(250) = "я.в.вши"
gPattern(251) = "#.в.вши"
gPattern(252) = "уя.овав.овавши"
gPattern(253) = "еся./.ёсши"
gPattern(254) = "я.ив.ивши"
gPattern(255) = "я.ев.евши"

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gPattern(256) = "а.ив.ивши"
gPattern(257) = "я.#.ши"

'reflexive
gPattern(270) = "ясь.ввшись./"
gPattern(271) = "ясь.еввшись./"
gPattern(272) = "уясь.оваввшись./"
gPattern(273) = "есясь.ёсвшись./"
gPattern(274) = "ясь.иввшись./"
gPattern(275) = "ась.иввшись./"
gPattern(276) = "ясь.шились./"

'verbal adjectives:
'(format "nom_m.gen_m.dat_m.aca_m.aci_m.ins_m.pre_m.
'           nom_f.gen_f.dat_f.aca_f.aci_f.ins_f.pre_f.
'           nom_n.gen_n.dat_n.aca_n.aci_n.ins_n.pre_n.")

'non-reflexive present active
gPattern(290) =
"аший.ащего.ащему.ащего.аший.ашим.ащем.ашая.ащей.ащю.ащую.ащей.ащей.ащее.ащего.ащему.ащее.ащим.ащем.ащие.аших
.ашим.аших.ащие.ащими.аших"
gPattern(291) =
"ящий.ящего.ящему.ящего.ящий.ящим.ящем.ящая.ящей.ящёй.ящую.ящую.ящей.ящей.ящее.ящего.ящему.ящее.ящее.ящим.ящем.ящие.яших
.ящим.ящих.ящие.ящими.яших"
gPattern(292) =
"ущий.ущего.ущему.ущего.ущий.ущим.ущем.ущая.ущей.ущей.ущую.ущую.ущей.ущей.ущее.ущего.ущему.ущее.ущее.ущим.ущем.ущие.ущи
х.ущим.ущих.ущие.ущими.ущих"
gPattern(293) =
"ющий.ющего.ющему.ющего.ющий.юшим.ющем.ющая.ющей.ющёй.ющую.ющую.ющей.ющее.ющего.ющему.ющее.ющее.юшим.ющем.ющие.юших
.юшим.юших.ющие.ющими.юших"
gPattern(294) =
"ующий.ующего.ующему.ующего.ующий.уюшим.ующем.ующа.ующей.ующую.ующую.ующей.ующей.ующее.ующего.ующему.ующее.ующе
е.уюшим.ующем.ующие.уюших.уюшим.уюющих.ующие.ующими.уюших"

'non-reflexive present passive
gPattern(310) =
"емый.емого.емому.емого.емый.емым.емом.емая.емой.емой.емую.емую.емой.емой.емое.емого.емому.емое.емое.емым.емом.емые.
емых.емым.емых.емые.емыми.емых"
gPattern(311) =
"имый.имого.имому.имого.имый.имым.имом.имая.имой.имой.имую.имую.имой.имой.имое.имого.имому.имое.имое.имым.имом.имые.
имых.имым.имых.имые.имыми.имых"
gPattern(312) =
"ваемый.ваемого.ваемому.ваемого.ваемый.ваемым.ваемом.ваемая.ваемой.ваемой.ваемую.ваемую.ваемой.ваемой.ваемое.ваемог
о.ваемому.ваемое.ваемое.ваемым.ваемом.ваемые.ваемых.ваемым.ваемые.ваемыми.ваемых"

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    gPattern(313) =
"уемый.уемого.уемому.уемого.уемый.уемым.уемом.уемая.уемой.уемой.уемую.уемой.уемой.уемое.уемого.уемому.уемое.у
емое.уемым.уемом.уемые.уемых.уемых.уемые.уемыми.уемых"

    'non-reflexive past active
    gPattern(320) =
"вший.вшего.вшему.вшего.вщий.вшим.вшем.вшая.вшая.вшей.вшей.вшую.вшую.вшей.вшей.вшее.вшее.вшее.вшим.вшем.вшие
.вших.вшим.вших.вшие.вшими.вших"
    gPattern(321) =
"ивший.ившего.ившему.ившего.ивший.ившим.ившем.ившая.ившей.ившей.ившую.ившую.ившей.ившей.ившее.ившего.ившему.ившее.и
вшее.ившим.ившем.ившие.ивших.ившим.ивших.ившие.ившими.ивших"
    gPattern(322) =
"евший.евшего.евшему.евшего.евший.евшим.евшем.евшая.евшей.евшей.евшую.евшую.евшей.евшей.евшее.евшего.евшему.евшее.е
вшее.евшим.евшем.евшие.евших.евшим.евших.евшие.евшими.евших"
    gPattern(323) =
"авший.авшего.авшему.авшего.авший.авшим.авшем.авшая.авшей.авшую.авшую.авшей.авшей.авшее.авшего.авшему.авшее.а
вшее.авшим.авшем.авшие.авших.авшим.авших.авшие.авшими.авших"
    gPattern(324) =
"ший.шего.шему.шего.ший.шим.шем.шая.шей.шую.шую.шей.шее.шее.шим.шем.шие.ших.шим.ших.шие.шими.ши
их"
    gPattern(325) =
"овавший.овавшего.овавшему.овавшего.овавший.овавшим.овавшем.овавшая.овавшай.овавшай.овавшую.овавшую.овавшай.овавше
й.овавшее.овавшего.овавшему.овавшее.овавшее.овавшим.овавшем.овавшие.овавших.овавшим.овавшую.овавшими.овавш
их"

    'past passive
    gPattern(340) =
"тый.того.тому.ого.тый.тым.том.т./.тая.той.той.тую.тую.той.той.та./.тое.того.тому.тое.тое.тым.том.то./.тые.тых.тым.т
ых.тые.тыми.тых.ты./"
    gPattern(341) =
"ытый.ытого.ытому.ытого.ытый.ытым.ытом.ыт./.ытая.ытой.ытой.ытую.ытой.ытой.ытой.ыта./.ытое.ытого.ытому.ытое.ытое.ытым
.ытом.ыт./.ытые.ытых.ытым.ытых.ытые.ытыми.ытых.ыты./"
    gPattern(342) =
"етый.етого.етому.етый.етым.етом.ет./.етая.етой.етой.етую.етую.етой.етой.ета./.етое.етого.етому.етое.етое.етым
.етом.ето./.етые.етых.етым.етых.етые.етыми.етых.еты./"
    gPattern(343) =
"нный.нного.нному.нного.нный.нны.нным.нном.н.н.нная.нной.нной.нну.нну.нной.нной.на.нна.нное.нного.нному.нное.нны
.нном.но.нно.нны.нны.нны.нны.нны.нны.нны.нны"
    gPattern(344) =
"ленный.ленного.ленному.ленного.ленный.ленным.ленном.лен.лен.ленная.ленной.ленной.ленную.ленной.ленной.лена.л
енна.ленное.ленного.ленному.ленное.ленное.ленным.ленном.лено.ленно.ленные.ленных.ленным.ленных.ленные.ленными.ленных
.лени.лени"
    gPattern(345) =
"енний.енного.енному.енного.енный.енным.енном.ен.ен.енная.енной.енной.енную.енную.енной.енной.ена.енна.енное.енного.
енному.енное.енное.енным.енном.ено.енно.енны.енные.енных.енны.енными.енных.ены.енны"

```

```

gPattern(346)
"ённый. ённого. ённому. ённого. ённый. ённым. ённом. ён. ён. ённая. ённой. ённую. ённой. ённой. ёна. ённа. ённое. ённого.
ённому. ённое. ённое. ённым. ённом. ёно. ённо. ённые. ённых. ённы. ённы. ённы"
gPattern(347)
"ованный. ованного. ованному. ованного. ованный. ованным. ованом. ован. ована. ованная. ованной. ованную. ованную. ован
ой. ованной. ована. ованна. ованное. ованного. ованному. ованное. ованное. ованным. ованном. овано. ованно. ованные. ованных. ован
ным. ованных. ованные. ованными. ованных. ованы. ованы"

'reflexive present active
gPattern(360)
"ащийся. ащегося. ащемуся. ащегося. ащийся. ащимся. ащемся. ащася. ащейся. ащуюся. ащуюся. ащейся. ащеется. ащегося. ащ
емуся. ащеется. ащеется. ашимся. ащемся. ащеется. ашихся. ашимся. ашихся. ащеется. ашимися. ашихся"
gPattern(361)
"ящийся. ящегося. ящемуся. ящегося. ящийся. ящимся. ящемся. ящася. ящейся. ящуюся. ящуюся. ящейся. ящеется. ящегося. ящ
емуся. ящеется. ящеется. яшимся. ящемся. ящеется. яшихся. яшимся. яшихся. ящеется. яшимися. яшихся"
gPattern(362)
"ущийся. ущегося. ущемуся. ущегося. ущийся. ущимся. ущемся. ущася. ущейся. ущайся. ущуюся. ущуюся. ущейся. ущайся. ущ
ееся. ущееся. ущимся. ущемся. ушияся. ушихся. ушимся. ушияся. ушихся. ушияся. ушимися. ушихся"
gPattern(363)
"ющийся. ющегося. ющемуся. ющегося. ющийся. ющимся. ющемся. ющася. ющейся. ющуюся. ющейся. ющеется. ющегося. ющ
емуся. ющеется. ющеется. юшимся. ющемся. ющеется. юшихся. юшимся. юшихся. ющеется. юшимися. юшихся"
gPattern(364)
"ующийся. ущегося. ущемуся. ущегося. ующийся. ущимся. ущемся. ущася. ующейся. ущайся. ущуюся. ующейся. ущайся. уу
щеется. ущегося. ущемуся. ущеется. ующеется. ущимся. ущемся. ущаляся. ущихся. ущимся. ушияся. уущеся. ущимися. ующихся"

'reflexive past active
gPattern(370)
"вшийся. вшегося. вешмуся. вшегося. вшийся. вшимся. вшемся. вшаяся. вшейся. вшайся. вшуюся. вшуюся. вшейся. вшейся. вшееся. вшегос
я. вшемуся. вшеется. вшеется. вшимся. вшемся. вшияся. вшился. вшими. вшияся. вшился. вшился. вшился"
gPattern(371)
"ившийся. ившегося. ивешмуся. ившегося. ивщийся. ившимся. ившемся. ившаяся. ивщейся. ившайся. ившуюся. ившияся. ивщейся.
"ищеется. ившегося. ивешмуся. ившеется. ившеется. ившимся. ившемся. ившияся. ившился. ившился. ившился. ившился. ившился"
gPattern(372)
"евшаяся. евшейся. евнейся. евшуюся. евшуюся. евнейся. евнейся. евнейся. евнейся. евнейся. евнейся. евнейся. ев
шееется. евшегося. евшемуся. евшеется. евшеся. евшимся. евшемся. евшияся. евшился. евшился. евшился. евшился. евшился"
gPattern(373)
"авшийся. авшегося. авешмуся. авшегося. авшийся. авшимся. авшемся. авшаяся. авшейся. авшуюся. авшейся. авшейся. авшайся
. авшееется. авшегося. авшемуся. авшеется. авшеся. авшимся. авшемся. авшияся. авшихся. авшимся. авшияся. авшимися. авшихся
"
gPattern(374)
"шился. шегося. ешмуся. шегося. шийся. шимся. шемся. шаяся. шейся. шейся. шуюся. шуюся. шейся. шейся. шеется. шегося. шемуся. ше
еется. шимся. шемся. шиеся. шихся. шимся. шихся. шиеся. шимися. шихся"
gPattern(375)
"овавшийся. овавшегося. овавешмуся. овавшегося. овавшийся. овавшимся. овавшемся. овавшаяся. овавшейся. овавшейся. овавшуюся. о

```

вавшуюся.овавшейся.овавшейся.овавшееся.овавшегося.овавшемуся.овавшееся.овавшееся.овавшимся.овавшемся.овавшился.овавшихся.овавшимся.овавшихся.овавшился.овавшимися.овавшихся"

```
'interrogatives:  
'(format "nom.gen.dat.acc.ins.pre")  
gPattern(380) = "то.ого.ому.ого.ем.ом"  
gPattern(381) = "то.его.ему.то.ем.ём"  
  
'personal pronouns:  
'(format "nom.gen.dat.acc.ins.pre")  
gPattern(390) = "#./././././"  
gPattern(391) = "/.ея.не.ея.ной.не"  
gPattern(392) = "ы.ебя.ебе.ебя.обой.ебе"  
gPattern(393) = "#./././././"  
gPattern(394) = "/.го.му.го."/"  
gPattern(395) = "/./././.#./"  
gPattern(396) = "/././././.#"  
gPattern(397) = "#./././././"  
gPattern(398) = "/.ё.й.ё.й."/"  
gPattern(399) = "/././././.#"  
gPattern(400) = "#././././."  
gPattern(401) = "/.с.м.с.ми.с"  
gPattern(402) = "#././././."  
gPattern(403) = "/.х.м.х.ми."/"  
gPattern(404) = "/././././.#"  
  
'relative pronoun  
gPattern(410) = "ый.ого.ому.ого.ый.ым.ом.ая.ой.ой.ую.ую.ой.ой.ое.ого.ому.ое.ое.ым.ом.ые.ых.ым.ых.ые.ыми.ых"  
  
'make sure no inflection patterns are duplicated  
VerifyUniqueInflectionPatterns
```

End Sub

```
'  
'define lookup table to order cyrillic characters  
'  
Sub DefineSortOrder ()  
  
'      lowercase      :      uppercase  
gSortOrder(Asc("а")) = 33: gSortOrder(Asc("А")) = 33  
gSortOrder(Asc("б")) = 32: gSortOrder(Asc("Б")) = 32  
gSortOrder(Asc("в")) = 31: gSortOrder(Asc("В")) = 31
```

```

gSortOrder(Asc("г")) = 30: gSortOrder(Asc("Г")) = 30
gSortOrder(Asc("д")) = 29: gSortOrder(Asc("Д")) = 29
gSortOrder(Asc("е")) = 28: gSortOrder(Asc("Е")) = 28
gSortOrder(Asc("ё")) = 27: gSortOrder(Asc("Ё")) = 27
gSortOrder(Asc("ж")) = 26: gSortOrder(Asc("Ж")) = 26
gSortOrder(Asc("з")) = 25: gSortOrder(Asc("З")) = 25
gSortOrder(Asc("и")) = 24: gSortOrder(Asc("И")) = 24
gSortOrder(Asc("й")) = 23: gSortOrder(Asc("Й")) = 23
gSortOrder(Asc("к")) = 22: gSortOrder(Asc("К")) = 22
gSortOrder(Asc("л")) = 21: gSortOrder(Asc("Л")) = 21
gSortOrder(Asc("м")) = 20: gSortOrder(Asc("М")) = 20
gSortOrder(Asc("н")) = 19: gSortOrder(Asc("Н")) = 19
gSortOrder(Asc("о")) = 18: gSortOrder(Asc("О")) = 18
gSortOrder(Asc("п")) = 17: gSortOrder(Asc("П")) = 17
gSortOrder(Asc("р")) = 16: gSortOrder(Asc("Р")) = 16
gSortOrder(Asc("с")) = 15: gSortOrder(Asc("С")) = 15
gSortOrder(Asc("т")) = 14: gSortOrder(Asc("Т")) = 14
gSortOrder(Asc("у")) = 13: gSortOrder(Asc("У")) = 13
gSortOrder(Asc("ф")) = 12: gSortOrder(Asc("Ф")) = 12
gSortOrder(Asc("х")) = 11: gSortOrder(Asc("Х")) = 11
gSortOrder(Asc("ц")) = 10: gSortOrder(Asc("Ц")) = 10
gSortOrder(Asc("ч")) = 9: gSortOrder(Asc("Ч")) = 9
gSortOrder(Asc("ш")) = 8: gSortOrder(Asc("Ш")) = 8
gSortOrder(Asc("щ")) = 7: gSortOrder(Asc("Щ")) = 7
gSortOrder(Asc("ь")) = 6: gSortOrder(Asc("Ь")) = 6
gSortOrder(Asc("ы")) = 5: gSortOrder(Asc("Ы")) = 5
gSortOrder(Asc("ъ")) = 4: gSortOrder(Asc("Ъ")) = 4
gSortOrder(Asc("э")) = 3: gSortOrder(Asc("Э")) = 3
gSortOrder(Asc("ю")) = 2: gSortOrder(Asc("Ю")) = 2
gSortOrder(Asc("я")) = 1: gSortOrder(Asc("Я")) = 1

```

End Sub

```
'define internal constants used to convert numeric inflection codes in lexicon file to internal
'symbolic representation. Symbolic is slower to process, but easier to understand and program
'
```

Sub DefineSymbolicConstantTable()

```

'define noun code table
gNounConstant(1) = "NO_N_"          'nominative singular (gender and demand case to
gNounConstant(2) = "NO_G_"          'genitive singular    be appended when determined)
gNounConstant(3) = "NO_D_"          'dative singular      "
gNounConstant(4) = "NO_A_"          'accusative singular   "
gNounConstant(5) = "NO_I_"          'instrumental singular   "
gNounConstant(6) = "NO_P_"          'prepositional singular   "

```

```

gNounConstant(7) = "NO_L_"           'locative singular          "
gNounConstant(8) = "NO_N_P"          'nominative plural
gNounConstant(9) = "NO_G_P"          'genitive plural
gNounConstant(10) = "NO_D_P"         'dative plural
gNounConstant(11) = "NO_A_P"         'accusative plural
gNounConstant(12) = "NO_I_P"         'instrumental plural
gNounConstant(13) = "NO_P_P"         'prepositional plural

'define adjective code table
gAdjectiveConstant(1) = "AJ_N_M_"   'nominative masculine
gAdjectiveConstant(2) = "AJ_G_M_"   'genitive masculine
gAdjectiveConstant(3) = "AJ_D_M_"   'dative masculine
gAdjectiveConstant(4) = "AJ_1_M_"    'accusative animate masculine
gAdjectiveConstant(5) = "AJ_2_M_"    'accusative inanimate masculine
gAdjectiveConstant(6) = "AJ_I_M_"    'instrumental masculine
gAdjectiveConstant(7) = "AJ_P_M_"    'prepositional masculine
gAdjectiveConstant(8) = "AJ_S_M_"    'short form masculine

gAdjectiveConstant(9) = "AJ_N_F_"    'nominative feminine
gAdjectiveConstant(10) = "AJ_G_F_"   'genitive feminine
gAdjectiveConstant(11) = "AJ_D_F_"   'dative feminine
gAdjectiveConstant(12) = "AJ_A_F_"   'accusative animate feminine
gAdjectiveConstant(13) = "AJ_A_F_"   'accusative inanimate feminine
gAdjectiveConstant(14) = "AJ_I_F_"   'instrumental feminine
gAdjectiveConstant(15) = "AJ_P_F_"   'prepositional feminine
gAdjectiveConstant(16) = "AJ_S_F_"   'short form feminine

gAdjectiveConstant(17) = "AJ_N_N_"   'nominative neuter
gAdjectiveConstant(18) = "AJ_G_N_"   'genitive neuter
gAdjectiveConstant(19) = "AJ_D_N_"   'dative neuter
gAdjectiveConstant(20) = "AJ_A_N_"   'accusative animate neuter
gAdjectiveConstant(21) = "AJ_A_N_"   'accusative inanimate neuter
gAdjectiveConstant(22) = "AJ_I_N_"   'instrumental neuter
gAdjectiveConstant(23) = "AJ_P_N_"   'prepositional neuter
gAdjectiveConstant(24) = "AJ_S_N_"   'short form neuter

gAdjectiveConstant(25) = "AJ_N_P_"   'nominative plural
gAdjectiveConstant(26) = "AJ_G_P_"   'genitive plural
gAdjectiveConstant(27) = "AJ_D_P_"   'dative plural
gAdjectiveConstant(28) = "AJ_1_P_"   'accusative animate plural
gAdjectiveConstant(29) = "AJ_2_P_"   'accusative inanimate plural
gAdjectiveConstant(30) = "AJ_I_P_"   'instrumental plural
gAdjectiveConstant(31) = "AJ_P_P_"   'prepositional plural
gAdjectiveConstant(32) = "AJ_S_P_"   'short form plural

```

```

gAdjectiveConstant(33) = "AJ_C"           'comparative

'define active verb code table
gActiveVerbConstant(1) = "VB_I_"

gActiveVerbConstant(2) = "VB_1_S_"          'infinitive (demand case to be appended when determined)
gActiveVerbConstant(3) = "VB_2_S_"
gActiveVerbConstant(4) = "VB_3_S_"
gActiveVerbConstant(5) = "VB_3_K_"

gActiveVerbConstant(6) = "VB_1_P_"          '1st person singular      "
gActiveVerbConstant(7) = "VB_2_P_"          '2nd person singular      "
gActiveVerbConstant(8) = "VB_3_P_"          '3rd person singular      "
gActiveVerbConstant(9) = "VB_2_K_"          'imperative singular      "

gActiveVerbConstant(10) = "VB_P_M_"         '1st person plural (+imperative) "
gActiveVerbConstant(11) = "VB_P_F_"         '2nd person plural         "
gActiveVerbConstant(12) = "VB_P_N_"         '3rd person plural         "
gActiveVerbConstant(13) = "VB_P_P_"         'imperative plural         "

'define auxilliary verb code table
gAuxiliaryVerbConstant(1) = "VA_I_"

gAuxiliaryVerbConstant(2) = "VA_1_S_"        'infinitive (demand case to be appended when determined)
gAuxiliaryVerbConstant(3) = "VA_2_S_"
gAuxiliaryVerbConstant(4) = "VA_3_S_"
gAuxiliaryVerbConstant(5) = "VA_3_K_"

gAuxiliaryVerbConstant(6) = "VA_1_P_"        '1st person singular      "
gAuxiliaryVerbConstant(7) = "VA_2_P_"        '2nd person singular      "
gAuxiliaryVerbConstant(8) = "VA_3_P_"        '3rd person singular      "
gAuxiliaryVerbConstant(9) = "VA_2_K_"        'imperative singular      "

gAuxiliaryVerbConstant(10) = "VA_P_M_"       '1st person plural (+imperative) "
gAuxiliaryVerbConstant(11) = "VA_P_F_"       '2nd person plural         "
gAuxiliaryVerbConstant(12) = "VA_P_N_"       '3rd person plural         "
gAuxiliaryVerbConstant(13) = "VA_P_P_"       'imperative plural         "

'define adverb code table
gAdverbConstant(1) = "AV_N"                 'normal
gAdverbConstant(2) = "AV_C"                 'comparative
gAdverbConstant(3) = "AV_S"                 'superlative

'define verbal adverb code table
gVerbalAdverbConstant(1) = "VV_S_"          'simultaneous
gVerbalAdverbConstant(2) = "VV_Q_"          'sequential, form I

```

```

gVerbalAdverbConstant(3) = "VV_Q_"           'sequential, form II

'define relative pronoun code table
gRelPronounConstant(1) = "PR_N_M"            'nominative masculine
gRelPronounConstant(2) = "PR_G_M"            'genitive masculine
gRelPronounConstant(3) = "PR_D_M"            'dative masculine
gRelPronounConstant(4) = "PR_1_M"             'accusative animate masculine
gRelPronounConstant(5) = "PR_2_M"             'accusative inanimate masculine
gRelPronounConstant(6) = "PR_I_M"             'instrumental masculine
gRelPronounConstant(7) = "PR_P_M"             'prepositional masculine

gRelPronounConstant(8) = "PR_N_F"            'nominative feminine
gRelPronounConstant(9) = "PR_G_F"            'genitive feminine
gRelPronounConstant(10) = "PR_D_F"            'dative feminine
gRelPronounConstant(11) = "PR_A_F"            'accusative animate feminine
gRelPronounConstant(12) = "PR_A_F"            'accusative inanimate feminine
gRelPronounConstant(13) = "PR_I_F"             'instrumental feminine
gRelPronounConstant(14) = "PR_P_F"             'prepositional feminine

gRelPronounConstant(15) = "PR_N_N"            'nominative neuter
gRelPronounConstant(16) = "PR_G_N"            'genitive neuter
gRelPronounConstant(17) = "PR_D_N"            'dative neuter
gRelPronounConstant(18) = "PR_A_N"            'accusative animate neuter
gRelPronounConstant(19) = "PR_A_N"            'accusative inanimate neuter
gRelPronounConstant(20) = "PR_I_N"             'instrumental neuter
gRelPronounConstant(21) = "PR_P_N"             'prepositional neuter

gRelPronounConstant(22) = "PR_N_P"            'nominative plural
gRelPronounConstant(23) = "PR_G_P"            'genitive plural
gRelPronounConstant(24) = "PR_D_P"            'dative plural
gRelPronounConstant(25) = "PR_1_P"             'accusative animate plural
gRelPronounConstant(26) = "PR_2_P"             'accusative inanimate plural
gRelPronounConstant(27) = "PR_I_P"             'instrumental plural
gRelPronounConstant(28) = "PR_P_P"             'prepositional plural

'define personal pronoun code table
gPersPronounConstant(1) = "PP_N_"             'nominative (person, gender, and number to be appended when determined)
gPersPronounConstant(2) = "PP_G_"             'genitive
gPersPronounConstant(3) = "PP_D_"             'dative
gPersPronounConstant(4) = "PP_A_"             'accusative
gPersPronounConstant(5) = "PP_I_"             'instrumental
gPersPronounConstant(6) = "PP_P_"             'prepositional

'define verbal adjective code table
'present active

```

```

gVAdjPresActConstant(1) = "VJ_PA_N_M_" 'nominative masculine
gVAdjPresActConstant(2) = "VJ_PA_G_M_" 'genitive masculine
gVAdjPresActConstant(3) = "VJ_PA_D_M_" 'dative masculine
gVAdjPresActConstant(4) = "VJ_PA_1_M_" 'accusative animate masculine
gVAdjPresActConstant(5) = "VJ_PA_2_M_" 'accusative inanimate masculine
gVAdjPresActConstant(6) = "VJ_PA_I_M_" 'instrumental masculine
gVAdjPresActConstant(7) = "VJ_PA_P_M_" 'prepositional masculine

gVAdjPresActConstant(8) = "VJ_PA_N_F_" 'nominative feminine
gVAdjPresActConstant(9) = "VJ_PA_G_F_" 'genitive feminine
gVAdjPresActConstant(10) = "VJ_PA_D_F_" 'dative feminine
gVAdjPresActConstant(11) = "VJ_PA_A_F_" 'accusative animate feminine
gVAdjPresActConstant(12) = "VJ_PA_A_F_" 'accusative inanimate feminine
gVAdjPresActConstant(13) = "VJ_PA_I_F_" 'instrumental feminine
gVAdjPresActConstant(14) = "VJ_PA_P_F_" 'prepositional feminine

gVAdjPresActConstant(15) = "VJ_PA_N_N_" 'nominative neuter
gVAdjPresActConstant(16) = "VJ_PA_G_N_" 'genitive neuter
gVAdjPresActConstant(17) = "VJ_PA_D_N_" 'dative neuter
gVAdjPresActConstant(18) = "VJ_PA_A_N_" 'accusative animate neuter
gVAdjPresActConstant(19) = "VJ_PA_A_N_" 'accusative inanimate neuter
gVAdjPresActConstant(20) = "VJ_PA_I_N_" 'instrumental neuter
gVAdjPresActConstant(21) = "VJ_PA_P_N_" 'prepositional neuter

gVAdjPresActConstant(22) = "VJ_PA_N_P_" 'nominative plural
gVAdjPresActConstant(23) = "VJ_PA_G_P_" 'genitive plural
gVAdjPresActConstant(24) = "VJ_PA_D_P_" 'dative plural
gVAdjPresActConstant(25) = "VJ_PA_1_P_" 'accusative animate plural
gVAdjPresActConstant(26) = "VJ_PA_2_P_" 'accusative inanimate plural
gVAdjPresActConstant(27) = "VJ_PA_I_P_" 'instrumental plural
gVAdjPresActConstant(28) = "VJ_PA_P_P_" 'prepositional plural

'present passive
gVAdjPresPasConstant(1) = "VJ_PP_N_M_" 'nominative masculine
gVAdjPresPasConstant(2) = "VJ_PP_G_M_" 'genitive masculine
gVAdjPresPasConstant(3) = "VJ_PP_D_M_" 'dative masculine
gVAdjPresPasConstant(4) = "VJ_PP_1_M_" 'accusative animate masculine
gVAdjPresPasConstant(5) = "VJ_PP_2_M_" 'accusative inanimate masculine
gVAdjPresPasConstant(6) = "VJ_PP_I_M_" 'instrumental masculine
gVAdjPresPasConstant(7) = "VJ_PP_P_M_" 'prepositional masculine

gVAdjPresPasConstant(8) = "VJ_PP_N_F_" 'nominative feminine
gVAdjPresPasConstant(9) = "VJ_PP_G_F_" 'genitive feminine
gVAdjPresPasConstant(10) = "VJ_PP_D_F_" 'dative feminine
gVAdjPresPasConstant(11) = "VJ_PP_A_F_" 'accusative animate feminine
gVAdjPresPasConstant(12) = "VJ_PP_A_F_" 'accusative inanimate feminine

```

```

gVAdjPresPasConstant(13) = "VJ_PP_I_F_" 'instrumental feminine
gVAdjPresPasConstant(14) = "VJ_PP_P_F_" 'prepositional feminine

gVAdjPresPasConstant(15) = "VJ_PP_N_N_" 'nominative neuter
gVAdjPresPasConstant(16) = "VJ_PP_G_N_" 'genitive neuter
gVAdjPresPasConstant(17) = "VJ_PP_D_N_" 'dative neuter
gVAdjPresPasConstant(18) = "VJ_PP_A_N_" 'accusative animate neuter
gVAdjPresPasConstant(19) = "VJ_PP_A_N_" 'accusative inanimate neuter
gVAdjPresPasConstant(20) = "VJ_PP_I_N_" 'instrumental neuter
gVAdjPresPasConstant(21) = "VJ_PP_P_N_" 'prepositional neuter

gVAdjPresPasConstant(22) = "VJ_PP_N_P_" 'nominative plural
gVAdjPresPasConstant(23) = "VJ_PP_G_P_" 'genitive plural
gVAdjPresPasConstant(24) = "VJ_PP_D_P_" 'dative plural
gVAdjPresPasConstant(25) = "VJ_PP_1_P_" 'accusative animate plural
gVAdjPresPasConstant(26) = "VJ_PP_2_P_" 'accusative inanimate plural
gVAdjPresPasConstant(27) = "VJ_PP_I_P_" 'instrumental plural
gVAdjPresPasConstant(28) = "VJ_PP_P_P_" 'prepositional plural

'past active
gVAdjPastActConstant(1) = "VJ_AA_N_M_" 'nominative masculine
gVAdjPastActConstant(2) = "VJ_AA_G_M_" 'genitive masculine
gVAdjPastActConstant(3) = "VJ_AA_D_M_" 'dative masculine
gVAdjPastActConstant(4) = "VJ_AA_1_M_" 'accusative animate masculine
gVAdjPastActConstant(5) = "VJ_AA_2_M_" 'accusative inanimate masculine
gVAdjPastActConstant(6) = "VJ_AA_I_M_" 'instrumental masculine
gVAdjPastActConstant(7) = "VJ_AA_P_M_" 'prepositional masculine

gVAdjPastActConstant(8) = "VJ_AA_N_F_" 'nominative feminine
gVAdjPastActConstant(9) = "VJ_AA_G_F_" 'genitive feminine
gVAdjPastActConstant(10) = "VJ_AA_D_F_" 'dative feminine
gVAdjPastActConstant(11) = "VJ_AA_A_F_" 'accusative animate feminine
gVAdjPastActConstant(12) = "VJ_AA_A_F_" 'accusative inanimate feminine
gVAdjPastActConstant(13) = "VJ_AA_I_F_" 'instrumental feminine
gVAdjPastActConstant(14) = "VJ_AA_P_F_" 'prepositional feminine

gVAdjPastActConstant(15) = "VJ_AA_N_N_" 'nominative neuter
gVAdjPastActConstant(16) = "VJ_AA_G_N_" 'genitive neuter
gVAdjPastActConstant(17) = "VJ_AA_D_N_" 'dative neuter
gVAdjPastActConstant(18) = "VJ_AA_A_N_" 'accusative animate neuter
gVAdjPastActConstant(19) = "VJ_AA_A_N_" 'accusative inanimate neuter
gVAdjPastActConstant(20) = "VJ_AA_I_N_" 'instrumental neuter
gVAdjPastActConstant(21) = "VJ_AA_P_N_" 'prepositional neuter

gVAdjPastActConstant(22) = "VJ_AA_N_P_" 'nominative plural
gVAdjPastActConstant(23) = "VJ_AA_G_P_" 'genitive plural

```

```

gVAdjPastActConstant(24) = "VJ_AA_D_P_" 'dative plural
gVAdjPastActConstant(25) = "VJ_AA_1_P_" 'accusative animate plural
gVAdjPastActConstant(26) = "VJ_AA_2_P_" 'accusative inanimate plural
gVAdjPastActConstant(27) = "VJ_AA_I_P_" 'instrumental plural
gVAdjPastActConstant(28) = "VJ_AA_P_P_" 'prepositional plural

'past passive
gVAdjPastPasConstant(1) = "VJ_AP_N_M_" 'nominative masculine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(2) = "VJ_AP_G_M_" 'genitive masculine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(3) = "VJ_AP_D_M_" 'dative masculine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(4) = "VJ_AP_1_M_" 'accusative animate masculine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(5) = "VJ_AP_2_M_" 'accusative inanimate masculine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(6) = "VJ_AP_I_M_" 'instrumental masculine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(7) = "VJ_AP_P_M_" 'prepositional masculine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(8) = "VJ_AP_S_M_" 'short form I masculine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(9) = "AJ_S_M" 'short form II masculine (given adjective symbol)

gVAdjPastPasConstant(10) = "VJ_AP_N_F_" 'nominative feminine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(11) = "VJ_AP_G_F_" 'genitive feminine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(12) = "VJ_AP_D_F_" 'dative feminine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(13) = "VJ_AP_A_F_" 'accusative animate feminine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(14) = "VJ_AP_A_F_" 'accusative inanimate feminine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(15) = "VJ_AP_I_F_" 'instrumental feminine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(16) = "VJ_AP_P_F_" 'prepositional feminine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(17) = "VJ_AP_S_F_" 'short form I feminine
gVAdjPastPasConstant(18) = "AJ_S_F" 'short form II feminine (given adjective symbol)

gVAdjPastPasConstant(19) = "VJ_AP_N_N_" 'nominative neuter
gVAdjPastPasConstant(20) = "VJ_AP_G_N_" 'genitive neuter
gVAdjPastPasConstant(21) = "VJ_AP_D_N_" 'dative neuter
gVAdjPastPasConstant(22) = "VJ_AP_A_N_" 'accusative animate neuter
gVAdjPastPasConstant(23) = "VJ_AP_A_N_" 'accusative inanimate neuter
gVAdjPastPasConstant(24) = "VJ_AP_I_N_" 'instrumental neuter
gVAdjPastPasConstant(25) = "VJ_AP_P_N_" 'prepositional neuter
gVAdjPastPasConstant(26) = "VJ_AP_S_N_" 'short form neuter
gVAdjPastPasConstant(27) = "AJ_S_N" 'short form II neuter (given adjective symbol)

gVAdjPastPasConstant(28) = "VJ_AP_N_P_" 'nominative plural
gVAdjPastPasConstant(29) = "VJ_AP_G_P_" 'genitive plural
gVAdjPastPasConstant(30) = "VJ_AP_D_P_" 'dative plural
gVAdjPastPasConstant(31) = "VJ_AP_1_P_" 'accusative animate plural
gVAdjPastPasConstant(32) = "VJ_AP_2_P_" 'accusative inanimate plural
gVAdjPastPasConstant(33) = "VJ_AP_I_P_" 'instrumental plural
gVAdjPastPasConstant(34) = "VJ_AP_P_P_" 'prepositional plural
gVAdjPastPasConstant(35) = "VJ_AP_S_P_" 'short form plural
gVAdjPastPasConstant(36) = "AJ_S_P" 'short form II plural (given adjective symbol)

```

```

'define interrogative code table
gInterrogativeConstant(1) = "IN_N"           'nominative
gInterrogativeConstant(2) = "IN_G"           'genitive
gInterrogativeConstant(3) = "IN_D"           'dative
gInterrogativeConstant(4) = "IN_A"           'accusative
gInterrogativeConstant(5) = "IN_I"           'instrumental
gInterrogativeConstant(6) = "IN_P"           'prepositional

'define preposition code table
gPrepositionCase(1) = "EP_G"           'genitive
gPrepositionCase(2) = "EP_D"           'dative
gPrepositionCase(3) = "EP_A"           'accusative
gPrepositionCase(4) = "EP_I"           'instrumental
gPrepositionCase(5) = "EP_P"           'prepositional

'define conjunction code
gConjunctionConstant(1) = "CJ"           'conjunction

End Sub
'

'-----  

'delete lexicon entry and regenerate lexicon index  

'-----  

Sub DeleteLexiconEntry (DeletePtr As Integer)

    Dim LexiconPtr As Integer

    'decrease lexicon length by one element
    gLexiconEndPtr = gLexiconEndPtr - 1

    'delete entry
    For LexiconPtr = DeletePtr To gLexiconEndPtr
        gLexicon(LexiconPtr) = gLexicon(LexiconPtr + 1)
    Next LexiconPtr

    'regenerate index
    GenerateLexiconIndex

End Sub
'

'for words where more than one translation possible, try to pick correct one  

'-----
```

```

Sub DisambiguateSentence ()
    Dim WordPtr      As Integer
    Dim MatchPtr     As Integer
    Dim WordChoice   As Integer
    Dim AmbiguousWords As Integer

    Dim i0, i1, i2, i3, i4, i5, i6, i7, i8, i9, i10, i11, i12, i13, i14, i15, i16 As Integer
    Dim i17, i18, i19, i20, i21, i22, i23, i24, i25, i26, i27, i28, i29, i30, i31 As Integer

    'log details
    AddDetail " Sentence disambiguation:", False
    AddDetail "", False

    'check each word for multiple translations
    For WordPtr = 0 To MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS
        If gSentence(WordPtr).NumMatches > 1 Then
            'evaluate each disambiguation expression
            WordChoice = 0
            AmbiguousWords = AmbiguousWords + 1
            For MatchPtr = 1 To gSentence(WordPtr).NumMatches
                'evaluate disambiguation expression:
                'choose this word; otherwise, don't choose this word
                If EvaluateDisambiguationExpression(gSentence(WordPtr).Match(MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.Disambiguation,
                    WordPtr) Then
                    WordChoice = MatchPtr
                    Exit For
                End If
            Next MatchPtr
            'not decision made, so make random choice; otherwise...
            If WordChoice = 0 Then
                Randomize
                WordChoice = Int(Rnd * (gSentence(WordPtr).NumMatches - 1)) + 1
                AddDetail " (" & gSentence(WordPtr).LiteralText & ") randomly disambiguated as (" &
                    gSentence(WordPtr).Match(WordChoice).LexiconEntry.Target & ")", False
                '...take chosen word
            Else
                AddDetail " (" & gSentence(WordPtr).LiteralText & ") disambiguated as (" &
                    gSentence(WordPtr).Match(WordChoice).LexiconEntry.Target & ")", False
            End If

            'mark chosen word
            gSentence(WordPtr).MatchPtr = WordChoice
        Else
            'no disambiguation necessary word

```

```

        gSentence(WordPtr).MatchPtr = 1
    End If
Next WordPtr

'log details
If AmbiguousWords = 0 Then
    AddDetail "      No ambiguous words.", False
End If
AddDetail "", False

End Sub

'_____
'put up status information for time-consuming processes.  Multiple operations are supported here by
'varying parameters
'_____
Sub DisplayWait (Instruction As Integer, WaitLabel As String)

On Error Resume Next

Static EndPoint          As Integer
Static CurrentPoint      As Integer
Static ScrollLockStatus As Integer

Dim Percent As Single
Dim i       As Integer

'passing in negative number sets range for percent bar and displays Wait indicator
'with message
DoEvents
If Instruction < 0 Then
    MousePointerWait
    EndPoint = -Instruction
    CurrentPoint = 0
    'describe wait period, unless suppressed
    PassiveHelp WaitLabel

    frmMain.pnlStatus.FloodPercent = 0
    frmMain.pnlStatus.FloodShowPct = True
    DoEvents
'zero deactivates Wait indicator
ElseIf Instruction = 0 Then
    frmMain.pnlStatus.FloodPercent = 100
    PassiveHelp ""

```

```

'slight delay to allow 100% to be shown
For i = 1 To 7000
    DoEvents
Next i
frmMain.pnlStatus.FloodShowPct = False
frmMain.pnlStatus.FloodPercent = 0
MousePointerContinue
'positive updates percent as (CurrentPoint/EndPoint)*100 by incrementing CurrentPoint
'with Instruction value passed in
Else
    CurrentPoint = CurrentPoint + Instruction
    Percent = (CurrentPoint / EndPoint) * 100
    'keep percent within legal range
    If Percent > 100 Then
        Percent = 100
    End If
    frmMain.pnlStatus.FloodPercent = Percent
End If

End Sub
'
'write final translation to log file
'
Sub DumpFinalTranslation ()
    Dim CharPtr      As Integer
    Dim StartPtr     As Integer
    Dim Char         As String
    Dim Sentence     As String
    Dim TRANSLATION As String

    'get final translation
    TRANSLATION = frmTranslation.txtTranslation & Chr(1)

    'don't dump empty translation
    If TRANSLATION = "" Then
        Exit Sub
    End If

    'dump each sentence
    StartPtr = 1
    Do
        'extract sentence
        For CharPtr = StartPtr To Len(TRANSLATION)

```

```

Char = Mid(TRANSLATION, CharPtr, 1)
If Char = Chr(1) Then
    Exit Do
End If
Sentence = Sentence & Char
'found sentence terminator
If InStr(".!?", Char) Then
    StartPtr = CharPtr + 1
    Exit For
End If
Next CharPtr

'dump sentence
AddDetail " " & Trim(Sentence), False
Sentence = ""
Loop Until StartPtr >= Len(TRANSLATION) - 2

End Sub
'



---


'evaluate logical expression describing when to choose this translation of a word


---


Function EvaluateDisambiguationExpression (Expression As String, CurrentWordPtr As Integer) As Integer

Dim CharPtr      As Integer
Dim CharPtr2     As Integer
Dim WordPtr      As Integer
Dim SymbolPtr    As Integer
Dim MatchPtr     As Integer
Dim Range        As Integer
Dim Direction    As Integer
Dim ParameterCode As Integer
Dim ParameterStart As Integer
Dim ParameterEnd  As Integer
Dim ParameterType As Integer
Dim TermEvaluation As Integer
Dim TempEvaluation As Integer
Dim StartPtr      As Integer
Dim EndPtr        As Integer
Dim Char          As String * 1
Dim Parameter     As String
Dim Operation     As String

Const BACKWARD = 1
Const FORWARD = 2
Const BOTH = 3

```

```

Const LITERAL = 1
Const SYMBOLIC = 2
Const ASSOCIATIVE = 3

On Error GoTo ExpressionError

'default is to fail
TempEvaluation = False

'evaluate expression character by character
For CharPtr = 1 To Len(Expression)
    Char = Mid(Expression, CharPtr, 1)

    'build logical operation
    Operation = Operation & Trim(Char)

    'start of term
    If Char = "(" Then
        ParameterStart = 0
        ParameterEnd = 0

        Operation = Left(Operation, Len(Operation) - 1)
        Range = Abs(Val(Mid(Expression, CharPtr + 1)))
        Char = Mid(Expression, CharPtr + 1, 1)
        'check 'Range' words after
        If Char = "+" Then
            Direction = FORWARD
        'check 'Range' words before
        ElseIf Char = "-" Then
            Direction = BACKWARD
        'check 'Range' words before and after
        Else
            Direction = BOTH
        End If

        'get compare parameter
        For CharPtr2 = CharPtr + 2 To Len(Expression)
            Char = Mid(Expression, CharPtr2, 1)
            'literal compare
            If Char = "'" Then
                'term start
                If ParameterStart = 0 Then
                    ParameterType = LITERAL
                    ParameterStart = CharPtr2 + 1

```

```

'term end
Else
    ParameterEnd = CharPtr2
    Exit For
End If
'symbolic compare:
'parameter start
ElseIf Char = "[" Then
    ParameterType = SYMBOLIC
    ParameterStart = CharPtr2 + 1
'parameter end
ElseIf Char = "]" Then
    ParameterEnd = CharPtr2
    Exit For
'associative compare:
'parameter start
ElseIf Char = "<" Then
    ParameterType = ASSOCIATIVE
    ParameterStart = CharPtr2 + 1
'parameter end
ElseIf Char = ">" Then
    ParameterEnd = CharPtr2
    Exit For
End If
Next CharPtr2

'expression error
If (ParameterStart = 0) Or (ParameterEnd = 0) Or (ParameterStart >= ParameterEnd) Then
    Error 32767
End If

'extract compare parameter
Parameter = Mid(Expression, ParameterStart, ParameterEnd - ParameterStart)

'find end of term
For CharPtr2 = ParameterEnd + 1 To Len(Expression)
    If Mid(Expression, CharPtr2, 1) = ")" Then
        CharPtr = CharPtr2 + 1
        Exit For
    End If
Next CharPtr2

;set search radius from current word:
'forward
If Direction = FORWARD Then
    StartPtr = CurrentWordPtr

```

```

        EndPtr = CurrentWordPtr + Range
'backward
ElseIf Direction = BACKWARD Then
    StartPtr = CurrentWordPtr - Range
    EndPtr = CurrentWordPtr
'backward and forward
Else
    StartPtr = CurrentWordPtr - Range
    EndPtr = CurrentWordPtr + Range
End If

'don't start before sentence
If StartPtr < 0 Then
    StartPtr = 0
End If
'don't end beyond sentence limit
If EndPtr > MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS Then
    EndPtr = MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS
End If

'generate transfer attribute code from associative parameter
If ParameterType = ASSOCIATIVE Then
    Select Case UCase(Parameter):
        Case "PERSON":      ParameterCode = 1
        Case "PLACE":       ParameterCode = 2
        Case "THING":       ParameterCode = 4
        Case "ANIMAL":      ParameterCode = 8
        Case "FIGURATIVE": ParameterCode = 16
        Case Else
            Error 32767
    End Select
End If

'evaluate expression terms
TermEvaluation = False
For WordPtr = StartPtr To EndPtr
    Select Case ParameterType
        Case LITERAL:
            'match literal string against all word combinations within search radius
            For MatchPtr = 1 To gSentence(WordPtr).NumMatches
                If      (InStr(gSentence(WordPtr).Match(MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.Stem,      Parameter)) Or
                    (InStr(gSentence(WordPtr).LiteralText, Parameter)) Then
                    TermEvaluation = True
                    Exit For
                End If
            Next MatchPtr
    End If
End If

```

```

Case SYMBOLIC:
    'match symbolic string against all word/symbolic constant combinations within search radius
    For MatchPtr = 1 To gSentence(WordPtr).NumMatches
        For SymbolPtr = 1 To gSentence(WordPtr).Match(MatchPtr).SymbolicConstants.NumSymbolicConstants
            If InStr(gSentence(WordPtr).Match(MatchPtr).SymbolicConstants.SymbolicConstant(SymbolPtr), Parameter) Then
                TermEvaluation = True
                Exit For
            End If
            Next SymbolPtr
        Next MatchPtr

Case ASSOCIATIVE:
    'match association code against all word association combinations within search radius
    For MatchPtr = 1 To gSentence(WordPtr).NumMatches
        If (gSentence(WordPtr).Match(MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.TransferAttributes And ParameterCode)
Then
        TermEvaluation = True
        Exit For
    End If
    Next MatchPtr

Case Else
    Error 32767
End Select
Next WordPtr

'evaluate no operation (implied OR)
If (Operation = "") Then
    If TermEvaluation Then
        TempEvaluation = True
    End If

'evaluate AND operation
ElseIf (Operation = "&") Then
    If TermEvaluation Then
        EvaluateDisambiguationExpression = False
        Exit Function
    End If

'evaluate AND-NOT operation
ElseIf (Operation = "&~") Then
    If Not (TermEvaluation) Then
        EvaluateDisambiguationExpression = False

```

```

        Exit Function
    End If

    'evaluate OR operation
    ElseIf (Operation = "|") Then
        If TermEvaluation Then
            EvaluateDisambiguationExpression = True
            Exit Function
        End If

    'evaluate OR-NOT operation
    ElseIf (Operation = "|~") Then
        If Not (TermEvaluation) Then
            EvaluateDisambiguationExpression = True
            Exit Function
        End If

    'evaluate NOT operation
    ElseIf (Operation = "~") Then
        EvaluateDisambiguationExpression = Not TermEvaluation
        Exit Function

    'evaluate XOR operation
    ElseIf (Operation = "%") Then
        EvaluateDisambiguationExpression = True

    'unknown operation
    Else
        Error 32767
    End If

    'reset operation string
    Operation = ""
End If

Next CharPtr

'return expression as evaluate
EvaluateDisambiguationExpression = TempEvaluation

Exit Function

ExpressionError:
    'error handler

```

```

        Beep
        MsgBox ("Syntax error in disambiguation expression" & Chr(13) & """ & Expression & '.'), MB_ICONEXCLAMATION,
        ("Lexicon Entry Error")
        Exit Function

    End Function

    '-----  

'explode modified regular expression rules to full form
'-----  

Sub ExpandCompressedTransferRule (Term() As String, NumTerms As Integer, IsRussianExpression As Integer)

    Dim TermPtr          As Integer
    Dim InnerTermPtr     As Integer
    Dim RawRulePtr       As Integer
    Dim BlockPtr         As Integer
    Dim NextBindPtr      As Integer
    Dim ParameterPtr     As Integer
    Dim RulePtr          As Integer
    Dim Matched          As Integer
    Dim DuplicateRule    As Integer
    Dim IterationCount   As Integer
    Dim j, k, l           As Integer
    Dim CurrentTerm      As String
    Dim Rule              As String

    Const UNBOUND = -7
    Const UNRESOLVED = -24

    Static RawRule(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS)          As String
    Static SiblingBinder(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS)    As Integer
    Static ParentBinder(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS)     As Integer
    Static TermIteration(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS)    As Integer
    Static i(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS)                 As Integer
    Static FinalRule(RULE_COMPLEXITY)                 As RawRuleType

    Dim i0, i1, i2, i3, i4, i5, i6, i7, i8, i9, i10, i11, i12, i13, i14, i15, i16 As Integer
    Dim i17, i18, i19, i20, i21, i22, i23, i24, i25, i26, i27, i28, i29, i30, i31 As Integer

    On Error GoTo ErrorOnRuleDecode

    'build rule string
    For TermPtr = 0 To NumTerms - 1
        Rule = Rule & Term(TermPtr) & " "
    Next TermPtr
    Rule = Rule & Term(TermPtr)

```

```

'initialize terms
For TermPtr = 0 To MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS
    TermIteration(TermPtr) = 1
    SiblingBinder(TermPtr) = UNBOUND
    ParentBinder(TermPtr) = UNBOUND
Next TermPtr

'set term iteration counts and bind parent siblings
NextBindPtr = 0
For TermPtr = 0 To NumTerms
    'start of optional block; otherwise...
    Matched = False
    If InStr(Term(TermPtr), "[") Then
        'mark all terms through end of block
        For BlockPtr = TermPtr To NumTerms
            'bind as siblings
            SiblingBinder(BlockPtr) = NextBindPtr
            'mark as variable
            TermIteration(NextBindPtr) = 0
            CurrentTerm = Term(BlockPtr)
            'end of optional block
            If InStr(Term(BlockPtr), "]") Then
                NextBindPtr = NextBindPtr + 1
                TermPtr = BlockPtr
                Matched = True
                Exit For
            End If
        Next BlockPtr
        'syntax error in transfer expression
        If Not Matched Then
            Error 32600
        End If
        '....not member of block
    Else
        'bind to self
        SiblingBinder(TermPtr) = NextBindPtr
        NextBindPtr = NextBindPtr + 1
    End If
Next TermPtr

'resolve child siblings, first pass
For TermPtr = 0 To NumTerms
    'start of embedded optional block
    Matched = False

```

```

If InStr(Term(TermPtr), "(") Then
    'mark all terms through end of block
    For BlockPtr = TermPtr To NumTerms
        'pre-bind to parent
        ParentBinder(BlockPtr) = UNRESOLVED
        'bind as siblings
        SiblingBinder(BlockPtr) = NextBindPtr
        'mark as variable
        TermIteration(NextBindPtr) = 0
        'end of optional block
        If InStr(Term(BlockPtr), ")") Then
            Matched = True
            Exit For
        End If
    Next BlockPtr
    NextBindPtr = NextBindPtr + 1
    'syntax error in transfer expression
    If Not Matched Then
        Error 32600
    End If
    TermPtr = BlockPtr
End If
Next TermPtr

'bind child siblings, second pass
For TermPtr = 0 To NumTerms
    'start of optional block
    If InStr(Term(TermPtr), "[") Then
        'find first unbound term in block
        For BlockPtr = TermPtr To NumTerms
            'got it, or end of optional block
            If (ParentBinder(BlockPtr) = UNBOUND) Or (InStr(Term(BlockPtr), "]")) Then

                'set each unresolved term in block to unbound parent
                For InnerTermPtr = TermPtr To NumTerms
                    If ParentBinder(InnerTermPtr) = UNRESOLVED Then
                        ParentBinder(InnerTermPtr) = SiblingBinder(BlockPtr)
                    End If
                    'end of block reached, so all resolved
                    If InStr(Term(InnerTermPtr), "]") Then
                        Exit For
                    End If
                Next InnerTermPtr
                Exit For
            End If
        Next BlockPtr
    End If
Next TermPtr

```

```

    TermPtr = BlockPtr
End If
Next TermPtr

'loop through all combinations of terms, both required and optional
IterationCount = 0
For i0 = 1 To TermIteration(0) Step -1
    i(0) = i0
    For i1 = 1 To TermIteration(1) Step -1
        i(1) = i1
        For i2 = 1 To TermIteration(2) Step -1
            i(2) = i2
            For i3 = 1 To TermIteration(3) Step -1
                i(3) = i3
                For i4 = 1 To TermIteration(4) Step -1
                    i(4) = i4
                    For i5 = 1 To TermIteration(5) Step -1
                        i(5) = i5
                        For i6 = 1 To TermIteration(6) Step -1
                            i(6) = i6
                            For i7 = 1 To TermIteration(7) Step -1
                                i(7) = i7
                                For i8 = 1 To TermIteration(8) Step -1
                                    i(8) = i8
                                    For i9 = 1 To TermIteration(9) Step -1
                                        i(9) = i9
                                        For i10 = 1 To TermIteration(10) Step -1
                                            i(10) = i10
                                            For i11 = 1 To TermIteration(11) Step -1
                                                i(11) = i11
                                                For i12 = 1 To TermIteration(12) Step -1
                                                    i(12) = i12
                                                    For i13 = 1 To TermIteration(13) Step -1
                                                        i(13) = i13
                                                        For i14 = 1 To TermIteration(14) Step -1
                                                            i(14) = i14
                                                            For i15 = 1 To TermIteration(15) Step -1
                                                                i(15) = i15
                                                                For i16 = 1 To TermIteration(16) Step -1
                                                                    i(16) = i16
                                                                    For i17 = 1 To TermIteration(17) Step -1
                                                                        i(17) = i17
                                                                        For i18 = 1 To TermIteration(18) Step -1
                                                                            i(18) = i18
                                                                            For i19 = 1 To TermIteration(19) Step -1
                                                                                i(19) = i19

```

```

For i20 = 1 To TermIteration(20) Step -1
    i(20) = i20
    For i21 = 1 To TermIteration(21) Step -1
        i(21) = i21
        For i22 = 1 To TermIteration(22) Step -1
            i(22) = i22
            For i23 = 1 To TermIteration(23) Step -1
                i(23) = i23
                For i24 = 1 To TermIteration(24) Step -1
                    i(24) = i24
                    For i25 = 1 To TermIteration(25) Step -1
                        i(25) = i25
                        For i26 = 1 To TermIteration(26) Step -1
                            i(26) = i26
                            For i27 = 1 To TermIteration(27) Step -1
                                i(27) = i27
                                For i28 = 1 To TermIteration(28) Step -1
                                    i(28) = i28
                                    For i29 = 1 To TermIteration(29) Step -1
                                        i(29) = i29
                                        For i30 = 1 To TermIteration(30) Step -1
                                            i(30) = i30
                                            For i31 = 1 To TermIteration(31) Step -1
                                                i(31) = i31
'build transfer rule from current combination of parameters
ParameterPtr = -1
For TermPtr = 0 To NumTerms
    '...current term on
    If i(SiblingBinder(TermPtr)) Then
        'if bound to parent...
        If ParentBinder(TermPtr) <> UNBOUND Then
            '...generate only if parent on
            If i(ParentBinder(TermPtr)) Then
                ParameterPtr = ParameterPtr + 1
                RawRule(ParameterPtr) = RemoveJunk(Term(TermPtr))
            End If
            '...otherwise fixed term, so always generate
        Else
            ParameterPtr = ParameterPtr + 1
            RawRule(ParameterPtr) = RemoveJunk(Term(TermPtr))
        End If
    End If
Next TermPtr
'determine if current rule already in rule base
DuplicateRule = False

```

```

For RulePtr = 0 To RawRulePtr - 1
    'check only rules with same number of parameters
    If FinalRule(RulePtr).NumParameters = ParameterPtr Then
        DuplicateRule = True
        'compare each parameter
        For TermPtr = 0 To ParameterPtr
            If FinalRule(RulePtr).Parameter(TermPtr) <> RawRule(TermPtr) Then
                DuplicateRule = False
                Exit For
            End If
        Next TermPtr
        'exit when duplicate found
        If DuplicateRule Then
            Exit For
        End If
    End If
    Next RulePtr

    'if this rule unique, add it to temporary rule base
    If Not DuplicateRule Then
        For TermPtr = 0 To ParameterPtr
            FinalRule(RawRulePtr).Parameter(TermPtr) = RawRule(TermPtr)
        Next TermPtr
        FinalRule(RawRulePtr).NumParameters = ParameterPtr
        RawRulePtr = RawRulePtr + 1
    End If

    'keep track of computational complexity
    IterationCount = IterationCount + 1

Next i31: Next i30: Next i29: Next i28: Next i27: Next i26: Next i25: Next i24
Next i23: Next i22: Next i21: Next i20: Next i19: Next i18: Next i17: Next i16
Next i15: Next i14: Next i13: Next i12: Next i11: Next i10: Next i9: Next i8
Next i7: Next i6: Next i5: Next i4: Next i3: Next i2: Next i1: Next i0

'export final rules from simplest to most complex:
'russian expression; otherwise...
If IsRussianExpression Then
    'write each rule
    For RulePtr = RawRulePtr - 1 To 0 Step -1
        'don't process blank rules
        'If FinalRule(RulePtr).Parameter(0) <> "" Then
            gTransferRule(gTransferRulePtr).NumRussianComponents = FinalRule(RulePtr).NumParameters
            'write each parameter of current rule
            For TermPtr = 0 To FinalRule(RulePtr).NumParameters
                gTransferRule(gTransferRulePtr).Russian(TermPtr) = FinalRule(RulePtr).Parameter(TermPtr)

```

```

        Next TermPtr

        'increment transfer rule pointer
        gTransferRulePtr = gTransferRulePtr + 1
    'End If
    Next RulePtr
    ...english expression
Else
    'write each rule
    For RulePtr = RawRulePtr - 1 To 0 Step -1
        'don't process blank rules
        'If FinalRule(RulePtr).Parameter(0) <> "" Then
            gTransferRule(gTransferRulePtr).NumEnglishComponents = FinalRule(RulePtr).NumParameters
            'write each parameter of current rule
            For TermPtr = 0 To FinalRule(RulePtr).NumParameters
                gTransferRule(gTransferRulePtr).English(TermPtr) = FinalRule(RulePtr).Parameter(TermPtr)
            Next TermPtr

            'increment transfer rule pointer
            gTransferRulePtr = gTransferRulePtr + 1
        'End If
        Next RulePtr
    End If
Exit Sub

ErrorOnRuleDecode:
Beep

'rule too complex; otherwise...
If Err = 9 Then
    If RulePtr >= RULE_COMPLEXITY Then
        MsgBox ("Formula too complex in transfer rule:" & Chr(13) & " '" & Rule & "'." & Chr(13) & Chr(13) & "It
was only partially decoded."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Transfer Rule Error")
    Else
        MsgBox ("The maximum number of transfer rules has been exceeded. Some rules will not be available."),
MB_ICONEXCLAMATION, ("Program Limitation")
        'dump current rule
        Exit Sub
    End If
    'dump currently decoded forms
    RawRulePtr = 0
    ...general error in decoding
Else

```

```

    MsgBox ("Syntax error in transfer rule:" & Chr(13) & """ & Rule & """.), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Transfer Rule Error")
End If

Resume Next

End Sub

'
'determine start of each letter segment in resident flat-file lexicon. Lexicon sorted by first letter
'only since inflected entries mess up sort order
'

Sub GenerateLexiconIndex ()

    Dim LexiconPtr As Integer
    Dim IndexPtr As Integer
    Dim IndexChar As String * 1

    'indicate delay
    PassiveHelp "Regenerating lexicon index..."

    'initialize index
    For IndexPtr = 0 To MAX_ASCII
        gLexiconIndex(IndexPtr) = UNUSED
    Next IndexPtr

    'loop through entire lexicon
    For LexiconPtr = 0 To gLexiconEndPtr
        'get first char of entry
        IndexChar = LowerCase(Left(gLexicon(LexiconPtr).Stem, 1))
        'determine position in index array
        IndexPtr = Asc(IndexChar)
        'if not defined yet, this is first, so set segment starting position (ignore entries marked for deletion)
        If (gLexiconIndex(IndexPtr) = UNUSED) Then
            gLexiconIndex(IndexPtr) = LexiconPtr
        End If
    Next LexiconPtr

    PassiveHelp ""

End Sub

'
'return if valid noun and extract all possible cases and number
'

```

```

Function GetSymbolicConstant (ByVal StemWord As String, ByVal AbstractWord As String, Word As LexiconType, WordCase
As ConstantType) As Integer

Dim CasePtr          As Integer
Dim Ending           As String
Dim FieldPtr         As Integer
Dim BreakStart       As Integer
Dim BreakEnd         As Integer
Dim DelimiterAt     As Integer
Dim InflectionField As String
Dim InflectionString As String
Dim Augment          As String
Dim DemandAugment   As String
Dim i, j             As Integer

'string whitespace from start and end of words
StemWord = LowerCase(Trim(StemWord))
AbstractWord = LowerCase(Trim(AbstractWord))

'if stem split (inflection between stem and suffix)
If InStr(AbstractWord, "-") Then
    'strip suffix of stem word
    DelimiterAt = InStr(StemWord, "~")
    If DelimiterAt > 0 Then
        StemWord = Left(StemWord, DelimiterAt - 1)
    End If
    'strip suffix of abstract word
    AbstractWord = Left(AbstractWord, InStr(AbstractWord, "-") - 1)
End If

'extract case ending from stem and abstract word
Ending = Mid(AbstractWord, Len(StemWord) + 1)

'initialize list of symbols to empty
WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = 0

'decode preposition and assign case requirement(s); otherwise...
If Word.PartOfSpeech = PREPOSITION Then

    'genitive
    If Word.SecondaryAttributes And DEMAND3_GENITIVE Then
        WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
        WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = "EP_G"
    End If

```

```

'dative
If Word.SecondaryAttributes And DEMAND3_DATIVE Then
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = "EP_D"
End If

'accusative
If Word.SecondaryAttributes And DEMAND3_ACCUSATIVE Then
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = "EP_A"
End If

'instrumental
If Word.SecondaryAttributes And DEMAND3_INSTRUMENTAL Then
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = "EP_I"
End If

'prepositional
If Word.SecondaryAttributes And DEMAND3_PREPOSITIONAL Then
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = "EP_P"
End If

'...if indeclinable possessive pronoun, decode (use NOT_APPLICABLE as InflectionPattern); otherwise...
ElseIf Word.PartOfSpeech = PRONOUN_POSSESSIVE And Word.PrimaryAttributes <> POSS_PRONOUNDECLINABLE Then
    Select Case Word.PrimaryAttributes

        '3rd person masculine or neuter singular indeclinable
        Case POSS_PRONOUN_INDECLINABLE_3RD_MASC_NEUT:
            WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
            WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = "PO_X_B"

        '3rd person feminine singular indeclinable
        Case POSS_PRONOUN_INDECLINABLE_3RD_FEMININE:
            WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
            WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = "PO_X_F"

        '3rd person plural indeclinable
        Case POSS_PRONOUN_INDECLINABLE_3RD_PLURAL:
            WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
            WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = "PO_X_P"

        'error in attribute record
        Case Else:
            Beep

```

```

        MsgBox ("Illegal POS attribute (" & Word.PrimaryAttributes & ") on possessive pronoun '" &
AbstractWord & "'."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Lexicon Entry Error")
    End Select

'...if interjection/emphatic particle, assign symbol; otherwise...
ElseIf Word.PartOfSpeech = INTERJECTION Then
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = "IJ"

'...if conjunction, assign symbol; otherwise...
ElseIf Word.PartOfSpeech = CONJUNCTION Then
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = "CJ"

'...if comparative adjective, assign symbol; otherwise...
ElseIf Word.PartOfSpeech = ADJECTIVE And Word.PrimaryAttributes = ADJECTIVE_COMPARATIVE Then
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = "AJ_C"

'...if adverb, decode and assign symbol; otherwise...
ElseIf Word.PartOfSpeech = ADVERB Then
    Select Case Word.PrimaryAttributes

        Case ADVERB_NORMAL:      Augment = "AV_N_"
            GoSub DecodeSecondaryAttribute
        Case ADVERB_COMPARATIVE: WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
            WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = "AV_C"
        Case ADVERB_SUPERLATITIVE: WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
            WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = "AV_S"

        'error in attribute record
        Case Else:
            Beep
            MsgBox ("Illegal primary attribute (" & Word.PrimaryAttributes & ") on adverb '" & AbstractWord &
".'"), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Lexicon Entry Error")
    End Select

'...decode inflection patterns
Else

    'verify that valid inflection pattern chosen
    If (Word.InflectionPattern = NOT_APPLICABLE) Or (Word.InflectionPattern > NUM_INFLECTION_PATTERNS) Then
        Beep
        MsgBox ("Invalid inflection pattern selected (" & Word.InflectionPattern & ") for '" & AbstractWord &
".'"), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Lexicon Entry Error")
    End If

```

```

'verify that defined inflection pattern chosen (pattern array not contiguous)
If gPattern(Word.InflectionPattern) = "" Then
    Beep
    MsgBox ("Unused inflection pattern selected (" & Word.InflectionPattern & ") for '" & AbstractWord & "'."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Lexicon Entry Error")
End If

'modify inflection pattern to allow easy searching
InflectionString = INFLECTION_DELIMITER & gPattern(Word.InflectionPattern) & INFLECTION_DELIMITER
FieldPtr = 1
CasePtr = 1
WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = 0

'find enumerated position of all occurrences of ending
Do
    BreakStart = InStr(FieldPtr, InflectionString, INFLECTION_DELIMITER) + 1
    BreakEnd = InStr(BreakStart, InflectionString, INFLECTION_DELIMITER) - 1
    'if inflection pattern exhausted, exit loop
    If BreakEnd < 0 Then
        Exit Do
    End If
    'extract next field from inflection pattern
    InflectionField = Mid(InflectionString, BreakStart, BreakEnd - BreakStart + 1)
    'if extracted field matches pattern, add this case/number to compiled list for this abstract word
    If (Ending = InflectionField) Or (Ending = "" And InflectionField = "#") Then
        'determine which symbolic constant table to reference
        Select Case Word.PartOfSpeech
            'nouns
            Case NOUN_INANIMATE, NOUN_ANIMATE, PRONOUN_INDEFINITE:

                'decode demand augment on non-special nouns only...
                If Word.PartOfSpeech <> PRONOUN_INDEFINITE Then
                    'append demand case
                    Select Case Word.SecondaryAttributes
                        Case DEMAND1_NO_DEMANDS: DemandAugment = "_0"
                        Case DEMAND1_GENITIVE: DemandAugment = "_G"
                        Case DEMAND1_DATIVE: DemandAugment = "_D"
                        Case DEMAND1_INSTRUMENTAL: DemandAugment = "_I"
                        Case Else:
                            Beep
                            MsgBox ("Illegal secondary attribute (" & Word.SecondaryAttributes & ") on noun '" & AbstractWord & "'."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Lexicon Entry Error")
                    End Select
                    '...special nouns all receive no demand code
                Else

```

```

        DemandAugment = "_0"
End If
Augment = ""
'append gender only if not already determined as plural
If CasePtr <= 7 Then
    Select Case Word.PrimaryAttributes
        Case NOUN_MASCULINE: Augment = "M"
        Case NOUN_FEMININE: Augment = "F"
        Case NOUN_NEUTER: Augment = "N"
        Case NOUN_PLURAL: Augment = "P"
        Case Else:
            Beep
            MsgBox ("Illegal primary attribute (" & Word.PrimaryAttributes & ") on noun '" &
AbstractWord & "'."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Lexicon Entry Error")
            End Select
    End If
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = gNounConstant(CasePtr) & Augment &
DemandAugment

'demonstative and possessive pronouns
Case PRONOUN_POSSESSIVE, PRONOUN_DEMONSTRATIVE:
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = gAdjectiveConstant(CasePtr) & "0"

'adjectives
Case ADJECTIVE:
    'decode adjective type
    Select Case Word.PrimaryAttributes:

        Case ADJECTIVE_LONG_FORM, ADJECTIVE_SUPERLATIVE:
            Augment = gAdjectiveConstant(CasePtr)
            GoSub DecodeSecondaryAttribute
        Case ADJECTIVE_SHORT_FORM:
            'decode gender/number of short form adjective
            Select Case Word.SecondaryAttributes:

                Case ADJECTIVE_SHORT_FORM_MASCULINE:
                    Augment = "AJ_S_M_"

                Case ADJECTIVE_SHORT_FORM_FEMININE:
                    Augment = "AJ_S_F_"

                Case ADJECTIVE_SHORT_FORM_NEUTER:
                    Augment = "AJ_S_N_"

```

```

Case ADJECTIVE_SHORT_FORM_PLURAL:
    Augment = "AJ_S_P_"

Case Else
    Beep
    MsgBox ("Illegal secondary attribute (" & Word.SecondaryAttributes & ") on
short form adjective '" & AbstractWord & "'."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Lexicon Entry Error")
    End Select
    GoSub DecodeSecondaryAttribute

Case ADJECTIVE_COMPARATIVE:
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = "AJ_C"

'error in attribute record
Case Else
    Beep
    MsgBox ("Illegal primary attribute (" & Word.PrimaryAttributes & ") on adjective '" &
AbstractWord & "'."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Lexicon Entry Error")
    End Select

'personal pronouns
Case PRONOUN_PERSONAL:
    'append person, gender, and number
    Select Case Word.PrimaryAttributes
        Case PERSONAL_PRONOUN_1ST_SINGULAR: Augment = "1_S"
        Case PERSONAL_PRONOUN_2ND_SINGULAR: Augment = "2_S"
        Case PERSONAL_PRONOUN_3RD_SINGULAR_MASCULINE: Augment = "3_M"
        Case PERSONAL_PRONOUN_3RD_SINGULAR_FEMININE: Augment = "3_F"
        Case PERSONAL_PRONOUN_3RD_SINGULAR_NEUTER: Augment = "3_N"
        Case PERSONAL_PRONOUN_1ST_PLURAL: Augment = "1_P"
        Case PERSONAL_PRONOUN_2ND_PLURAL: Augment = "2_P"
        Case PERSONAL_PRONOUN_3RD_PLURAL: Augment = "3_P"
        Case Else:
            Beep
            MsgBox ("Illegal primary attribute (" & Word.PrimaryAttributes & ") on personal
pronoun '" & AbstractWord & "'."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Lexicon Entry Error")
    End Select
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = gPersPronounConstant(CasePtr) &
Augment

'verb
Case VERB:
    'decode primary attribute
    'active (non-auxiliary)

```

```

If Word.PrimaryAttributes And VERB_MAIN Then
    Augment = gActiveVerbConstant(CasePtr)
    'decode secondary attribute
    GoSub DecodeSecondaryAttribute
    '1st person plural plays dual role: 'my' and imperative
    If CasePtr = VERB_1ST_IMPERATIVE Then
        Augment = "VB_1_K"
        'decode secondary attribute again
        WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1      '??????
        GoSub DecodeSecondaryAttribute
    End If
    'auxiliary
ElseIf Word.PrimaryAttributes And VERB_AUXILIARY Then
    Augment = gAuxiliaryVerbConstant(CasePtr)
    'decode secondary attribute
    GoSub DecodeSecondaryAttribute
    '1st person plural plays dual role: 'my' and imperative
    If CasePtr = VERB_1ST_IMPERATIVE Then
        Augment = "VA_1_K"
        'decode secondary attribute again
        WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1      '??????
        GoSub DecodeSecondaryAttribute
    End If
Else
    Beep
    MsgBox ("Illegal primary attribute (" & Word.PrimaryAttributes & ") on verb '" &
AbstractWord & ". "), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Lexicon Entry Error")
End If

'verbal adverbs
Case VERBAL_ADVERB:
    Augment = gVerbalAdverbConstant(CasePtr)
    'decode secondary attribute
    GoSub DecodeSecondaryAttribute

'verbal adjectives
Case VERBAL_ADJECTIVE:
    'decode primary attribute
    If (Word.PrimaryAttributes And VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PRESENT_ACTIVE) Then
        Augment = gVAdjPresActConstant(CasePtr)
    ElseIf (Word.PrimaryAttributes And VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PRESENT_PASSIVE) Then
        Augment = gVAdjPresPasConstant(CasePtr)
    ElseIf (Word.PrimaryAttributes And VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PAST_ACTIVE) Then
        Augment = gVAdjPastActConstant(CasePtr)
    ElseIf (Word.PrimaryAttributes And VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PAST_PASSIVE) Then
        Augment = gVAdjPastPasConstant(CasePtr)

```

```

'error in attribute record
Else
    Beep
    MsgBox ("Illegal primary attribute (" & Word.PrimaryAttributes & ") on verbal adjective '" &
AbstractWord & "'."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Lexicon Entry Error")
End If

'check if true verbal adjective selected (forms expected to be appended to
'all terminate with underscore); otherwise...
If Right(Augment, 1) = "_" Then
    'decode secondary attribute
    GoSub DecodeSecondaryAttribute
'...short form adjective derived from verbal adjective selected
Else
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = Augment
End If

'interrogatives
Case INTERROGATIVE:
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = gInterrogativeConstant(CasePtr)

'relative pronoun
Case PRONOUN_RELATIVE:
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = gRelPronounConstant(CasePtr)

'error in attribute record
Case Else:
    Beep
    MsgBox ("Illegal primary attribute (" & Word.PrimaryAttributes & ") on '" & AbstractWord &
".'"), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Lexicon Entry Error")
End Select
End If

'move pointers to next field and compiled list slot
FieldPtr = BreakEnd + 1
CasePtr = CasePtr + 1
'fail-safe loop exit for when no case found (ie. error in word or inflection pattern)
Loop Until FieldPtr > Len(InflectionString)
End If

'remove any duplicate symbols
If WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants Then
    'tag duplicates for removal

```

```

For i = 1 To WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants
    For j = i + 1 To WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants
        If WordCase.SymbolicConstant(i) = WordCase.SymbolicConstant(j) Then
            WordCase.SymbolicConstant(j) = "*"
        End If
    Next j
Next i
'removed tagged entries
For i = 1 To WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants
    If WordCase.SymbolicConstant(i) = "*" Then
        For j = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants To i Step -1
            WordCase.SymbolicConstant(j) = WordCase.SymbolicConstant(j + 1)
            WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants - 1
        Next j
    End If
Next i
End If

'return result of symbol generation
GetSymbolicConstant = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants

Exit Function

DecodeSecondaryAttribute:

'decode secondary attribute
'none
If Word.SecondaryAttributes = DEMAND2_NO_DEMANDS Then
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = Augment & "0"
End If

'nominative
If Word.SecondaryAttributes And DEMAND2_NOMINATIVE Then
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = Augment & "N"
End If

'genitive
If Word.SecondaryAttributes And DEMAND2_GENITIVE Then
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = Augment & "G"
End If

'dative

```

```

If Word.SecondaryAttributes And DEMAND2_DATIVE Then
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = Augment & "D"
End If

'accusative
If Word.SecondaryAttributes And DEMAND2_ACCUSATIVE Then
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = Augment & "A"
End If

'instrumental
If Word.SecondaryAttributes And DEMAND2_INSTRUMENTAL Then
    WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants = WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants + 1
    WordCase.SymbolicConstant(WordCase.NumSymbolicConstants) = Augment & "I"
End If

Return

End Function

'-----
'convert hex string to decimal value
'-----
Function HexToDecimal (HexValue As String) As Long

Dim HValue As String
Dim DValue As Integer
Dim Sum      As Long
Dim i        As Integer

'if no value given, return zero (null)
If Len(HexValue) = 0 Then
    HexToDecimal = 0
    Exit Function
End If

'convert hex value to uppercase
HexValue = UCase(HexValue)

'strip hex indicator if present
If Left(HexValue, 1) = "$" Then
    HexValue = Mid(HexValue, 2)
'otherwise don't convert to decimal; just return value since it's already decimal

```

```

Else
    HexToDecimal = Val(HexValue)
    Exit Function
End If

'prepend zeros to make it 4-digit hex
Do Until Len(HexValue) = 4
    HexValue = "0" & HexValue
Loop

'convert each nibble to hex
Sum = 0
For i = 1 To 4
    HValue = Mid(HexValue, i, 1)
    'convert A..F to 10..15
    If Not IsNumeric(HValue) Then
        DValue = Asc(HValue) - 55
    'leave 0..9 alone
    Else
        DValue = Val(HValue)
    End If
    'sum values in place to build decimal result
    Sum = Sum + DValue * 2 ^ ((4 - i) * 4)
Next i

HexToDecimal = Sum

End Function

'-----
'perform insertion sort of new entry into lexicon
Sub InsertLexiconEntry (Entry As LexiconType)

Dim LexiconPtr As Integer
Dim InsertPtr As Integer

'deal with first insertion into empty lexicon
If gLexiconEndPtr <= 0 Then
    gLexicon(0) = Entry
    gLexiconEndPtr = 1
    Exit Sub
End If

'append trailer node for insertion at end

```

```

gLexicon(gLexiconEndPtr + 1).Stem = ""

'search entire lexicon
For LexiconPtr = 0 To gLexiconEndPtr + 1
    'if insert entry is larger than current lexicon entry...
    If SortLookup(Entry.Stem) > SortLookup(gLexicon(LexiconPtr).Stem) Then
        'increase lexicon length by one element
        gLexiconEndPtr = gLexiconEndPtr + 1

        'make room for insertion
        For InsertPtr = gLexiconEndPtr To LexiconPtr + 1 Step -1
            gLexicon(InsertPtr) = gLexicon(InsertPtr - 1)
        Next InsertPtr

        'insert entry
        gLexicon(LexiconPtr) = Entry

        'done with this entry
        Exit Sub
    End If
    Next LexiconPtr

End Sub

'_____
''load post-translation cleanup filters
'_____
Sub LoadCleanupFilters ()

    Dim Source      As String
    Dim Destination As String
    Dim i           As Integer

    On Error GoTo ErrorOnCleanupRead

    'clear current filters
    frmCleanupFilterEditor.lstCleanupFilter(0).Clear
    frmCleanupFilterEditor.lstCleanupFilter(1).Clear

    'load filters and build resident list
    MousePointerWait
    PassiveHelp "Loading post-translation cleanup filters..."
    Open CLEANUP_FILTER_FILENAME For Input As 1
    Do Until EOF(1)
        Input #1, Source, Destination

```

```

frmCleanupFilterEditor.lstCleanupFilter(0).AddItem Source
frmCleanupFilterEditor.lstCleanupFilter(1).AddItem Destination
Loop
Close 1
MousePointerContinue
PassiveHelp ""

Exit Sub

ErrorOnCleanupRead:

'prompt user to deal with store fail
Beep
MousePointerContinue
MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Unable to read the cleanup filter file '" & UCase(CLEANUP_FILTER_FILENAME) & "' :" &
Chr(13) & Error Err) & ".", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
'retry attempts to store it again; otherwise...
If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
    Resume
'don't load filters
Else
    MsgBox ("No post-translation cleanup can be performed."), MB_ICONINFORMATION, ("Cleanup Filters Missing")
    Exit Sub
End If

End Sub

'_____
'get system configuration settings
'_____
Sub LoadConfigSettings ()

Dim StatusBar As Integer

On Error GoTo ErrorOnConfigLoad:

'read config file
MousePointerWait
Open CONFIG_FILENAME For Input As 1
Input #1, StatusBar
Input #1, gShowHelp
Input #1, gTransferDetails
Input #1, gTransliterationFilter
Input #1, gPostEditorAPIName

```

```

Input #1, gPostEditorFilename
Input #1, gPostEditorPasteSequence
Close 1
MousePointerContinue

'initialize interface and primary system operation
frmMain.pnlStatusBar.Visible = StatusBar
gOperationMode = ABSTRACT_MODE

Exit Sub

ErrorOnConfigLoad:

MousePointerContinue
Beep

MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Unable to load configuration settings:" & Chr(13) & Error Err, MB_ICONSTOP +
MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
'if user wants to try again, attempt to re-execute operation...
If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
    Resume
'...otherwise abort operation and set defaults
Else
    'initialize help options
    gShowHelp = True

    'set primary mode to translation
    gOperationMode = ABSTRACT_MODE

    'set default transliteration filter
    gTransliterationFilter = "Transliterate"

    Exit Sub
End If

End Sub

'_____
'load bilingual lexicon from file and build internal lexicon structure
'_____
Sub LoadLexicon ()

Dim UpdateAt      As Single
Dim LexiconLen    As Long
Dim LexiconEntry  As LexiconType

```

```

On Error GoTo LoadLexiconError

'display status info during load
MousePointerWait
LexiconLen = FileLen(LEXICON_FILENAME)
UpdateAt = LexiconLen / 400
DisplayWait -LexiconLen / UpdateAt, "Loading Russian-English lexicon..."

'load header
gHeaderPtr = -1
Open LEXICON_FILENAME For Input As 1
Do While Not EOF(1)
    gHeaderPtr = gHeaderPtr + 1
    Line Input #1, gHeader(gHeaderPtr)
    'exit loop when header terminator detected
    If gHeader(gHeaderPtr) = "#" Then
        Exit Do
    End If
Loop

'load lexicon entries
gLexiconEndPtr = 0
Do While Not EOF(1)
    'get record line
    Input #1, LexiconEntry.Stem

    'check for record sequencing error
    If IsNumeric(LexiconEntry.Stem) Then
        Beep
        MousePointerContinue
        MsgBox ("The bilingual lexicon is corrupted:" & Chr(13) & "Sequencing error detected at line " &
gLexiconEndPtr & "."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Lexicon Entry Error")
        End
    End If

    'ignore blank lines
    If LexiconEntry.Stem <> "" Then
        Input #1, LexiconEntry.PartOfSpeech, LexiconEntry.Target, LexiconEntry.InflectionPattern,
LexiconEntry.PrimaryAttributes, LexiconEntry.SecondaryAttributes, LexiconEntry.TransferAttributes,
LexiconEntry.Disambiguation

        'insert entry into resident lexicon (uses insertion sort which is acceptable since
        'lexicon file should already be sorted)
        InsertLexiconEntry LexiconEntry

```

```

'update status by average lexicon line length (not exact, but good enough for status bar)
If gLexiconEndPtr Mod UpdateAt = 0 Then
    DisplayWait 33, ""
End If
End If
Loop
Close 1

'move pointer back to last entry
gLexiconEndPtr = gLexiconEndPtr - 1

'index lexicon
GenerateLexiconIndex

'hide status
DisplayWait 0, ""
MousePointerContinue

Exit Sub

'_____
LoadLexiconError:

'prompt user to deal with missing lexicon
Beep
MousePointerContinue
MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Unable to load the bilingual lexicon '" & UCase(LEXICON_FILENAME) & "' :" & Chr(13) &
Error(Err) & ".", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_ABORTRETRYIGNORE, "File Error")
'retry attempts to load it again;
If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
    Resume
'ignore skips problem (may result other problems later, though)
ElseIf MsgBoxAnswer = ID_IGNORE Then
    Resume Next
'otherwise program cannot run
Else
    End
End If

End Sub

'_____
'load transfer rules from file
'
```

```

Sub LoadTransferRules ()

    Dim Component      As String
    Dim TempRulePtr   As Integer
    Dim NumRules       As Integer
    Dim NumTerms       As Integer
    Dim RulePtr        As Integer
    Dim TermPtr        As Integer
    Dim Writing         As Integer

    Static Term(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS) As String

    On Error GoTo ErrorOnTransferRuleRead

    'load transfer rules and build resident list
    MousePointerWait
    Writing = False
    Open TRANSFER_RULE_FILENAME For Input As 1
    Input #1, NumRules
    DisplayWait -NumRules * 1.2, "Loading and expanding transfer rules...""

    gTransferRulePtr = 0
    For RulePtr = 0 To NumRules

        'get russian components of current rule
        Input #1, NumTerms
        For TermPtr = 0 To NumTerms
            Input #1, Component
            Term(TermPtr) = Component
        Next TermPtr

        'expand compressed rule
        TempRulePtr = gTransferRulePtr
        ExpandCompressedTransferRule Term(), (NumTerms), True

        'get english components of current rule
        Input #1, NumTerms
        For TermPtr = 0 To NumTerms
            Input #1, Component
            Term(TermPtr) = Component
        Next TermPtr

        'expand compressed rule
        gTransferRulePtr = TempRulePtr
        ExpandCompressedTransferRule Term(), (NumTerms), False

```

```

'get comments
Input #1, Component

    DisplayWait 1, ""
Next RulePtr
Close 1

'set rule pointer to last rule
gTransferRulePtr = gTransferRulePtr - 1

'hide status
DisplayWait 0, ""
MousePointerContinue

'write log of all transfer rules generated
Writing = True
PassiveHelp "Writing transfer rule log..."
Open TRANSFER_RULE_LOG_FILENAME For Output As 7
For RulePtr = 0 To gTransferRulePtr
    'write russian expression
    Print #7, RulePtr; Tab(8);
    For TermPtr = 0 To gTransferRule(RulePtr).NumRussianComponents
        Print #7, gTransferRule(RulePtr).Russian(TermPtr); ", ";
    Next TermPtr
    Print #7, "=>";
    'write english expression
    For TermPtr = 0 To gTransferRule(RulePtr).NumEnglishComponents
        Print #7, gTransferRule(RulePtr).English(TermPtr); ", ";
    Next TermPtr
    Print #7,
Next RulePtr
PassiveHelp ""
Close 7

Exit Sub

ErrorOnTransferRuleRead:

'prompt user to deal with store fail
Beep
MousePointerContinue
PassiveHelp ""
'error on read
If Not Writing Then

```

```

    MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Unable to read the transfer rule file '" & UCase(TRANSFER_RULE_FILENAME) & ":" &
Chr(13) & Error Err) & ".", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
    'retry attempts to store it again; otherwise...
    If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
        Resume
    'don't load rules
    Else
        MsgBox ("No translation can be performed."), MB_ICONINFORMATION, ("Transfer Rules Missing")
        Close 1
        Exit Sub
    End If
    Else
        MsgBox ("Unable to write transfer rule log file '" & UCase(TRANSFER_RULE_LOG_FILENAME) & ":" & Chr(13) &
Error Err) & ".", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION, ("File Error")
        Close 7
        Exit Sub
    End If
End Sub

```

'look up selected word and return symbolic constants

```
Sub LookupWord (SearchWord As String, TransferDetails As TransferType, FullLookup As Integer)
```

```

Dim Symbols      As ConstantType
Dim MatchType    As Integer
Dim Stem         As String
Dim LexiconPtr   As Integer
Dim SegmentStart As Integer
Dim SegmentID    As String * 1

```

```

'convert search word to lowercase
SearchWord = LowerCase(Trim(SearchWord))

'index into appropriate segment of lexicon
SegmentID = Left(SearchWord, 1)
SegmentStart = gLexiconIndex(Asc(SegmentID))
'if no segment, word cannot be in lexicon, so fail immediately
If SegmentStart = UNUSED Then
    Exit Sub
End If

'loop through segment
TransferDetails.NumMatches = 0
For LexiconPtr = SegmentStart To gLexiconEndPtr

```

```

Stem = LowerCase(gLexicon(LexiconPtr).Stem)
'if no longer in lexicon letter segment, stop searching
If Left(Stem, 1) <> SegmentID Then
    Exit For
End If
DoEvents
'determine type of match to make (full or stem)
Select Case gLexicon(LexiconPtr).PartOfSpeech
    Case PREPOSITION, INTERJECTION, EMPHATIC_PARTICLE, ADVERB, CONJUNCTION:
        MatchType = FULL_MATCH
    Case Else:
        MatchType = STEM_MATCH
End Select
'attempt match
If StemMatch(SearchWord, Stem, MatchType) Then
    '...during full lookup, all info retrieved
    If FullLookup Then
        'if complete entry produces valid noun pattern(s), success
        If GetSymbolicConstant(Stem, SearchWord, gLexicon(LexiconPtr), Symbols) Then
            'record all details for this match
            TransferDetails.NumMatches = TransferDetails.NumMatches + 1
            TransferDetails.Match(TransferDetails.NumMatches).SymbolicConstants = Symbols
            TransferDetails.Match(TransferDetails.NumMatches).LexiconEntry = gLexicon(LexiconPtr)
            TransferDetails.Match(TransferDetails.NumMatches).LexiconEntryPtr = LexiconPtr
        End If
        'during Lexicon Editor lookup, symbolic constant info not retrieved, just lexicon record entry;
    otherwise...
        Else
            'record partial details for this match
            TransferDetails.NumMatches = TransferDetails.NumMatches + 1
            TransferDetails.Match(TransferDetails.NumMatches).LexiconEntry = gLexicon(LexiconPtr)
            TransferDetails.Match(TransferDetails.NumMatches).LexiconEntryPtr = LexiconPtr
        End If
    End If
    Next LexiconPtr
End Sub
'


---


'convert uppercase cyrillic characters in string to lowercase
'
Function LowerCase (InString As String) As String
    Dim TempString As String

```

```

Dim CharCode As Integer
Dim i As Integer

'don't process empty string
If InString = "" Then
    LowerCase = ""
    Exit Function
End If

'loop through all characters in string
For i = 1 To Len(InString)
    'extract single character
    CharCode = Asc(Mid(InString, i, 1))
    'special case to convert 'YO' to 'yo'
    If CharCode = 179 Then
        CharCode = 163
    'if uppercase, convert to lower and copy to output string;
    ElseIf CharCode >= 224 Then
        TempString = TempString & Chr(CharCode - 32)
    'otherwise just copy as is
    Else
        TempString = TempString & Chr(CharCode)
    End If
Next i

'return converted string
LowerCase = TempString

End Function

'_____
'enable or disable menu controls dealing with MDI child forms depending on their presence
'_____
Sub MDIChildControls (State As Integer)

    'dis/enable child form controls
    frmMain.menuCascade.Enabled = State
    frmMain.menuTileHorizontally.Enabled = State
    frmMain.menuTileVertically.Enabled = State
    frmMain.menuArrangeIcons.Enabled = State

End Sub

'_____
Sub MousePointerContinue ()

```

```

'set mouse pointer to normal (ie. arrow)
Screen.MousePointer = 0

End Sub
'

Sub MousePointerWait ()
    'set mouse pointer to hourglass to indicate wait
    Screen.MousePointer = 11
End Sub
'

Sub OpenTransferLog ()
    On Error GoTo ErrorOnWriteDetails

    frmMain.menuTransferDetails.Enabled = True
    'begin log session
    Open DETAILS_LOG_FILENAME For Output As 5

    'write log header
    Write #5, "Transfer Details Log of '" & gAbstractTitle & "' (" & Date & " " & Time & ")"
    Write #5,
    If Not gTransferDetails Then
        Write #5, "[Transfer Details Logging DISABLED]"
    End If

    'reset translation events
    gLookups = 0
    gLookupHits = 0
    gTransferHits = 0
    gTransferAttempts = 0
    gEventTick = 0
    gEventTime = "0:00"

    'enable event timer
    frmMain.timerTranslation.Enabled = True

    Exit Sub
End Sub

ErrorOnWriteDetails:

```

```

'prompt user to deal with write fail
Beep
Close 5
MousePointerContinue
MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Unable to write to the transfer details log file '" & UCase(DETAILS_LOG_FILENAME) & "' :"
& Chr(13) & Error Err) & ".", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
'retry attempts to open it again;
If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
    Resume
'otherwise abort log, but continue translation
Else
    Exit Sub
End If

End Sub
'

'_____
'strip leading parenthesis from parameter string if present; otherwise just return parameter string
'leave trailing parenthesis to indicate this is still variable parameter and not literal
'_____
Function Parameterize (Parameter As String) As String

    'strip
    If Left(Parameter, 1) = "(" Then
        Parameterize = Mid(Parameter, 2)
    'ignore
    Else
        Parameterize = Parameter
    End If

End Function
'

'_____
'write to the status line help info for object pointer currently on
'_____
Sub PassiveHelp (HelpString As String)

    'display if help line enabled
    If gShowHelp Then
        frmMain.pnlInfo.Caption = " " & HelpString
    End If

End Sub
'

```

```

'remove formatting characters from exploded transfer rules
'
Function RemoveJunk (Term As String) As String
    Dim JunkAt As Integer

    JunkAt = InStr(Term, "[ ")
    If JunkAt Then
        Mid(Term, JunkAt) = " "
    End If
    JunkAt = InStr(Term, "] ")
    If JunkAt Then
        Mid(Term, JunkAt) = " "
    End If
    JunkAt = InStr(Term, "{ ")
    If JunkAt Then
        Mid(Term, JunkAt) = " "
    End If
    JunkAt = InStr(Term, "} ")
    If JunkAt Then
        Mid(Term, JunkAt) = " "
    End If
    RemoveJunk = Trim(Term)
End Function

'
'compare first letter of cyrillic string against sort lookup table
'
Function SortLookup (EntryWord As String) As Integer
    'perform lookup
    SortLookup = gSortOrder(Asc(Left(EntryWord & " ", 1) & ""))
End Function

'
'order transfer rules by description. Ordering by rule frequency would be more efficient, but at this time
'frequency data have not been determined
'
Sub SortTransferRules ()
    Dim TempRule As TransferRuleType

```

```

Dim i          As Integer
Dim j          As Integer

MsgBox ("SOMEBODY IS SORTING TRANSFER RULES!")

Exit Sub

'shell sort since number of transfer rules relatively small and this need be done only once
For i = 0 To gTransferRulePtr
    For j = i + 1 To gTransferRulePtr
        'swap entries
        'If gTransferRule(i).Description > gTransferRule(j).Description Then
            TempRule = gTransferRule(i)
            gTransferRule(i) = gTransferRule(j)
            gTransferRule(j) = TempRule
        'End If
    Next j
Next i

End Sub
'

'compare search word with stem. Takes into account split words like что-нибудь where inflections
'appear between stem and suffix
'

Function StemMatch (ByVal SearchWord As String, ByVal Stem As String, Compare As Integer) As Integer

    Static SearchWordDelimiterAt As Integer
    Static StemDelimiterAt      As Integer
    Static SearchWordStem       As String
    Static SearchWordSuffix     As String
    Static StemStem              As String
    Static StemSuffix            As String

    'full match (all chars must match)
    If Compare = FULL_MATCH Then
        StemMatch = (SearchWord = Stem)

    'stem match (only stem must match)
    Else
        'if search word split, do compound match (stem and suffix, ignoring imbedded inflection); otherwise...
        SearchWordDelimiterAt = InStr(SearchWord, "-")
        If SearchWordDelimiterAt Then
            'check that stem splits also

```

```

StemDelimiterAt = InStr(Stem, "~")
If StemDelimiterAt Then
    'extract stem stem (yeah, this sounds goofy, but think about it!)
    StemStem = Left(Stem, StemDelimiterAt - 1)
    'extract stem suffix
    StemSuffix = Mid(Stem, StemDelimiterAt + 1)
    'if this fails, return no match
Else
    StemMatch = False
    Exit Function
End If

'extract search word stem
SearchWordStem = Left(SearchWord, Len(StemStem))
'extract search word suffix
SearchWordSuffix = Mid(SearchWord, SearchWordDelimiterAt + 1)

'compare stems and suffixes
StemMatch = (SearchWordStem = StemStem) And (SearchWordSuffix = StemSuffix)

'...try matching just the stems
Else
    StemMatch = (Left(SearchWord, Len(Stem)) = Stem)
End If
End If

End Function

'_____
'write sorted and updated lexicon back to file
'_____
Sub StoreLexicon ()
    Dim EntryPtr As Integer
    Dim UpdateAt As Single

    On Error GoTo StoreLexiconError

    'determine update frequency
    UpdateAt = gLexiconEndPtr / 10

    'display status info during store
    DisplayWait -(gLexiconEndPtr / UpdateAt), "Storing the Russian-to-English lexicon..."

    'rewrite header

```

```

MousePointerWait
Open LEXICON_FILENAME For Output As 1
For EntryPtr = 0 To gHeaderPtr
    'stamp update date and time on second line; otherwise...
    If EntryPtr = 1 Then
        Print #1, "# Last updated: " & Date & " " & Time
    '...write old header info
    Else
        Print #1, gHeader(EntryPtr)
    End If
Next EntryPtr

'store lexicon entries
For EntryPtr = 0 To gLexiconEndPtr
    'if entry not marked for deletion, write it
    If gLexicon(EntryPtr).Stem <> "" Then
        Write #1, gLexicon(EntryPtr).Stem, gLexicon(EntryPtr).PartOfSpeech, gLexicon(EntryPtr).Target,
gLexicon(EntryPtr).InflectionPattern, gLexicon(EntryPtr).PrimaryAttributes, gLexicon(EntryPtr).SecondaryAttributes,
gLexicon(EntryPtr).TransferAttributes, gLexicon(EntryPtr).Disambiguation
    End If

    'update status periodically
    If EntryPtr Mod UpdateAt = 0 Then
        DisplayWait 1, ""
    End If
Next EntryPtr
Close 1

'hide status
DisplayWait 0, ""
MousePointerContinue

Exit Sub

StoreLexiconError:

'prompt user to deal with store fail
Beep
MousePointerContinue
MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Unable to store the bilingual lexicon '" & UCase(LEXICON_FILENAME) & ":" & Chr(13) &
Error(Err) & ".", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_ABORTRETRYIGNORE, "File Error")
'retry attempts to store it again;
If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
    Resume
'ignore skips problem (may result other problems later, though)

```

```

ElseIf MsgBoxAnswer = ID_IGNORE Then
    Resume Next
'otherwise program cannot run
Else
    End
End If

End Sub
'
'collapse multiple spaces to single space and convert tabs to single spaces
'
Function StripWhitespace (InString As String) As String

    Dim SpacesAt As Integer
    Dim i            As Integer

    'trim spaces off both ends of string
    InString = Trim(InString)

    'replace tabs with single space
    For i = 1 To Len(InString)
        If Mid(InString, i, 1) = Chr(9) Then
            Mid(InString, i, 1) = " "
        End If
    Next i

    'collapse multiple-space substrings into single space
    Do
        SpacesAt = InStr(InString, " ")
        'if no such substrings, exit
        If SpacesAt = 0 Then
            Exit Do
        End If
        InString = Left(InString, SpacesAt) & Mid(InString, SpacesAt + 2)
    Loop Until SpacesAt >= Len(InString)

    'return string
    StripWhitespace = InString

End Function
'
'generate English from Russian sentence (such a simple explanation for ALL THIS!)

```

```
'

---

Function TransferSentence () As String  
Dim WordPtr As Integer  
Dim RulePtr As Integer  
Dim ComponentPtr As Integer  
Dim Success As Integer  
Dim i As Integer  
Dim ColonAt As Integer  
Dim ExtractPtr As Integer  
Dim DelimiterAt As Integer  
Dim ParameterPtr As Integer  
Dim MatchPtr As Integer  
Dim RegisterPtr As Integer  
Dim TermReferent As Integer  
Dim TermPreReferent As Integer  
Dim ReferentBinder As Integer  
Dim SingularLength As Integer  
Dim AssociationCode As Integer  
Dim SCCombinations As Integer  
Dim VerbPrimaryAttribute As Integer  
Dim VerbCode As Integer  
Dim ArticleNone As Integer  
Dim ArticleThe As Integer  
Dim ArticleA As Integer  
Dim ArticleAn As Integer  
Dim SearchPtr As Integer  
Dim TermFunction As String * 1  
Dim Gender As String * 1  
Dim VerbalAdjectiveType As String  
Dim VerbalAdjectiveCase As String  
Dim VerbalAdjectiveGender As String  
Dim Article As String  
Dim TempTarget As String  
Dim Noun As String  
Dim VerbSymbolicConstant As String  
Dim VERB As String  
Dim VerbPerson As String  
Dim VerbNumber As String  
Dim VerbPresent2nd As String  
Dim VerbPresent3rd As String  
Dim VerbImperfect As String  
Dim VerbProgressive As String  
Dim VerbParticiple As String  
Dim Sentence As String  
Dim SecondarySentence As String
```

```

Dim Parameter          As String
Dim Pronoun            As String
Dim Rule               As String
Dim Detail              As String
Dim TransferComponent  As String
Dim SentenceComponent  As String
Dim SymbolicConstantPOS As String
Dim TransferRule        As String
Dim SingularForm        As String

Dim i0, i1, i2, i3, i4, i5, i6, i7, i8, i9, i10, i11, i12, i13, i14, i15, i16 As Integer
Dim i17, i18, i19, i20, i21, i22, i23, i24, i25, i26, i27, i28, i29, i30, i31 As Integer

Static CombinationPtr(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS)    As Integer
Static NumCombinations(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS)   As Integer
Static Parameters(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS)         As String
Static RegisterStore(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS)      As String
Static SymbolicConstant(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS)   As String

Const DEFINITE_ARTICLE_PROBABILITY = .75

On Error GoTo TransferError

MousePointerWait

'record number of symbolic constants generated for each word calculate number of symbolic constant combinations
SCCombinations = 1
DoEvents
For WordPtr = 0 To MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS
    NumCombinations(WordPtr)
gSentence(WordPtr).Match(gSentence(WordPtr).MatchPtr).SymbolicConstants.NumSymbolicConstants
    'unused word slots must be processed because of rigid looping constraints
    If NumCombinations(WordPtr) = 0 Then
        NumCombinations(WordPtr) = 1
    End If
    'record combinational complexity
    SCCombinations = SCCombinations * NumCombinations(WordPtr)
Next WordPtr
= &
'build contingency sentence in case no translation possible
SecondarySentence = ""
For WordPtr = 0 To gWordPtr
    SecondarySentence = SecondarySentence & gSentence(WordPtr).Match(gSentence(WordPtr).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.Target & " "
Next WordPtr

```

```

'log details
Sentence = " Sentence has " & SCCombinations & " possible symbolic constant interpretation"
If SCCombinations > 1 Then
    Sentence = Sentence & "s"
End If
AddDetail (Sentence & "."), False
AddDetail "", False

'compare all combinations sentence structure against every transfer rule
'(talk about nesting! This is why max 32-word sentences are supported!)
'All unused word slots add just one iteration each to the loop complexity, so this isn't at all
'as bad as it looks
Do
    For i0 = 1 To NumCombinations(0)
        CombinationPtr(0) = i0
    For i1 = 1 To NumCombinations(1)
        CombinationPtr(1) = i1
        For i2 = 1 To NumCombinations(2)
            CombinationPtr(2) = i2
            For i3 = 1 To NumCombinations(3)
                CombinationPtr(3) = i3
                For i4 = 1 To NumCombinations(4)
                    CombinationPtr(4) = i4
                    For i5 = 1 To NumCombinations(5)
                        CombinationPtr(5) = i5
                        For i6 = 1 To NumCombinations(6)
                            CombinationPtr(6) = i6
                            For i7 = 1 To NumCombinations(7)
                                CombinationPtr(7) = i7
                                For i8 = 1 To NumCombinations(8)
                                    CombinationPtr(8) = i8
                                    For i9 = 1 To NumCombinations(9)
                                        CombinationPtr(9) = i9
                                        For i10 = 1 To NumCombinations(10)
                                            CombinationPtr(10) = i10
                                            For i11 = 1 To NumCombinations(11)
                                                CombinationPtr(11) = i11
                                                For i12 = 1 To NumCombinations(12)
                                                    CombinationPtr(12) = i12
                                                    For i13 = 1 To NumCombinations(13)
                                                        CombinationPtr(13) = i13
                                                        For i14 = 1 To NumCombinations(14)
                                                            CombinationPtr(14) = i14
                                                            For i15 = 1 To NumCombinations(15)
                                                                CombinationPtr(15) = i15

```

```

For i16 = 1 To NumCombinations(16)
    CombinationPtr(16) = i16
For i17 = 1 To NumCombinations(17)
    CombinationPtr(17) = i17
For i18 = 1 To NumCombinations(18)
    CombinationPtr(18) = i18
For i19 = 1 To NumCombinations(19)
    CombinationPtr(19) = i19
For i20 = 1 To NumCombinations(20)
    CombinationPtr(20) = i20
For i21 = 1 To NumCombinations(21)
    CombinationPtr(21) = i21
For i22 = 1 To NumCombinations(22)
    CombinationPtr(22) = i22
For i23 = 1 To NumCombinations(23)
    CombinationPtr(23) = i23
For i24 = 1 To NumCombinations(24)
    CombinationPtr(24) = i24
For i25 = 1 To NumCombinations(25)
    CombinationPtr(25) = i25
For i26 = 1 To NumCombinations(26)
    CombinationPtr(26) = i26
For i27 = 1 To NumCombinations(27)
    CombinationPtr(27) = i27
For i28 = 1 To NumCombinations(28)
    CombinationPtr(28) = i28
For i29 = 1 To NumCombinations(29)
    CombinationPtr(29) = i29
For i30 = 1 To NumCombinations(30)
    CombinationPtr(30) = i30
For i31 = 1 To NumCombinations(31)
    CombinationPtr(31) = i31

'escape key aborts translation
If gAbort Then
    TransferSentence = "[TRANSLATION ABORTED]"
    Exit Function
End If

'compare each symbolic sentence representation against each transfer rule
DoEvents
For RulePtr = 0 To gTransferRulePtr
    'clear register store
    For RegisterPtr = 0 To MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS
        RegisterStore(RegisterPtr) = ""
    Next RegisterPtr

```

```

'compare each component for part of speech matches
Rule = ""
Success = True
For ComponentPtr = 0 To gWordPtr
    MatchPtr = gSentence(ComponentPtr).MatchPtr
    'if part of speech component of transfer rule match fails, skip rest of this rule
    SymbolicConstantPOS
Left(gSentence(ComponentPtr).Match(MatchPtr).SymbolicConstants.SymbolicConstant(CombinationPtr(ComponentPtr)), 2)
    TransferRule = gTransferRule(RulePtr).Russian(ComponentPtr)
    If InStr(TransferRule, SymbolicConstantPOS) = 0 Then
        Success = False
        Exit For
    End If
    'record rule building
    Rule = Rule & gTransferRule(RulePtr).Russian(ComponentPtr) & " "
Next ComponentPtr

'initial matching successful; now do in-depth matching
If Success Then
    'clear variable slots
    For i = 0 To MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS
        Parameters(i) = ""
    Next i

    Success = True
    'try to match all components
    For ComponentPtr = 0 To gTransferRule(RulePtr).NumRussianComponents
        TransferComponent = gTransferRule(RulePtr).Russian(ComponentPtr)
        ColonAt = InStr(TransferComponent, ":")
        'strip parameter binder
        If ColonAt Then
            TransferComponent = Mid(TransferComponent, ColonAt + 1)
        'if none present, indicate error
        Else
            Beep
            MsgBox ("Syntax error in transfer rule" & Chr(13) & "!" & Rule & "."), MB_ICONEXCLAMATION,
("Translation Failure")
        End If
        SentenceComponent
gSentence(ComponentPtr).Match(gSentence(ComponentPtr).MatchPtr).SymbolicConstants.SymbolicConstant(CombinationPtr(Co
mponentPtr))

    'extract sentence component slices
    ExtractPtr = 1
    ParameterPtr = -1
    Do

```

```

DelimiterAt = InStr(ExtractPtr, SentenceComponent & "_", "_")
'process slice; otherwise...
If DelimiterAt Then
    ParameterPtr = ParameterPtr + 1
    Parameters(ParameterPtr) = Mid(SentenceComponent, ExtractPtr, DelimiterAt - ExtractPtr)
    ExtractPtr = DelimiterAt + 1
    '...all done with this component
Else
    Exit Do
End If
Loop

'extract transfer component slices
ExtractPtr = 1
ParameterPtr = -1
Do
    DelimiterAt = InStr(ExtractPtr, TransferComponent & "_", "_")
    'process slice; otherwise...
    If DelimiterAt Then
        ParameterPtr = ParameterPtr + 1
        Parameter = Parameterize(Mid(TransferComponent, ExtractPtr, DelimiterAt - ExtractPtr))

        'if parameter is variable, bind it to sentence component slice; otherwise...
        If Right(Parameter, 1) = ")" Then
            'if variable not in use, assign it to its slot; otherwise...
            If RegisterStore(Val(Parameter)) = "" Then
                RegisterStore(Val(Parameter)) = Parameters(ParameterPtr)
                '...if slot not already assigned this variable, flag mismatch
            ElseIf RegisterStore(Val(Parameter)) <> Parameters(ParameterPtr) Then
                Success = False
                Exit Do
            End If
            '...compare parameter as literal; otherwise parameter is wildcard, so don't compare at all
        ElseIf Parameter <> "*" Then
            'if literals don't match, flag mismatch
            If Parameter <> Parameters(ParameterPtr) Then
                Success = False
                Exit Do
            End If
        End If
        ExtractPtr = DelimiterAt + 1
        '...all done with this component
    Else
        Exit Do
    End If
Loop

```

```

'stop matching if anything fails
If Not Success Then
    Exit For
End If
Next ComponentPtr

'if still success, rule has matched
If Success Then

    'log details
    AddDetail (" Sentence transfer:"), False
    AddDetail "", False

    'detail symbolic constants chosen
    Detail = ""

    'list chosen symbolic constants
    For ComponentPtr = 0 To gTransferRule(RulePtr).NumRussianComponents
        Detail = Detail & SymbolicConstant(CombinationPtr(ComponentPtr)) & " "
    Next ComponentPtr

    If gTransferDetails Then
        AddDetail (" Symbolic Constants: "), True
        AddDetail (" " & Detail), False
        AddDetail "", False

        'detail russian side string
        AddDetail (" Transfer Rule #" & RulePtr & " matched:"), False
        AddDetail (" Russian= " & Rule), False
        Rule = ""

        'build english side string
        For ComponentPtr = 0 To gTransferRule(RulePtr).NumEnglishComponents
            Rule = Rule & gTransferRule(RulePtr).English(ComponentPtr) & " "
        Next ComponentPtr
        Rule = Trim(Rule)
        AddDetail (" English= " & Rule), False
    End If

    'exit alls loops gracefully

```

```

        Exit Do
    End If
End If
Next RulePtr

Next i31: Next i30: Next i29: Next i28: Next i27: Next i26: Next i25: Next i24
Next i23: Next i22: Next i21: Next i20: Next i19: Next i18: Next i17: Next i16
Next i15: Next i14: Next i13: Next i12: Next i11: Next i10: Next i9: Next i8
Next i7: Next i6: Next i5: Next i4: Next i3: Next i2: Next i1: Next i0

'provide a properly structured looping arrangement that doesn't corrupt the stack when exited
Loop Until True

'no applicable transfers rules found; this sentence cannot be translated
gTransferAttempts = gTransferAttempts + 1
If Not Success Then
    AddDetail (" ** No applicable transfer rule found -- This sentence was translated literally **"), True
    'end untranslated sentence with period
    TransferSentence = "[" & Left(SecondarySentence, Len(SecondarySentence) - 1) & ".]"
    Exit Function

'continue transfer
Else

    'process each term of english side
    Sentence = ""
    For ComponentPtr = 0 To gTransferRule(RulePtr).NumEnglishComponents

        'decode current english side term for russian term referent and function
        TermPreReferent = Val(gTransferRule(RulePtr).English(ComponentPtr))
        TermFunction = Right(gTransferRule(RulePtr).English(ComponentPtr), 1)

        'bind term pre-referent to actual term
        TermReferent = -1
        For ReferentBinder = 0 To gTransferRule(RulePtr).NumEnglishComponents
            If TermPreReferent = Val(gTransferRule(RulePtr).Russian(ReferentBinder)) Then
                TermReferent = ReferentBinder
                Exit For
            End If
        Next ReferentBinder
        'flag error if not bind made
        If TermReferent = -1 Then
            Beep
            MsgBox ("Unresolved parameter reference in English expression of rule" & Chr(13) & "''" & Rule & "'.'"),
            MB_ICONEXCLAMATION, ("Translation Failure")
            TermReferent = 0

```

```

End If

'for nouns and articles, decode transfer associations
If (TermFunction = "A") Or (TermFunction = "N") Then
    'get gender or plural
    Gender
    = Mid(gSentence(TermReferent).Match(gSentence(TermReferent).MatchPtr).SymbolicConstants.SymbolicConstant(CombinationPtr(TermReferent)), 6, 1)

    'get articles
    AssociationCode
    =
gSentence(TermReferent).Match(gSentence(TermReferent).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.TransferAttributes

    'set target article 'none'
    ArticleNone = False
    If (gSentence(TermReferent).Match(gSentence(TermReferent).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.TransferAttributes And
ARTICLE_NONE) Then
        'decrement extracted code from transfer code
        AssociationCode = AssociationCode - ARTICLE_NONE
        ArticleNone = True
    End If

    'plurals are always optional
    If (Gender = "P") Then
        ArticleNone = True
    End If

    'set target article 'the'
    If (gSentence(TermReferent).Match(gSentence(TermReferent).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.TransferAttributes And
ARTICLE_THE) Then
        'decrement extracted code from transfer code
        AssociationCode = AssociationCode - ARTICLE_THE
        ArticleThe = True
    Else
        ArticleThe = False
    End If

    'set target article 'a'
    ArticleA = False
    ArticleAn = False
    If (gSentence(TermReferent).Match(gSentence(TermReferent).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.TransferAttributes And
ARTICLE_A) And (Gender <> "P") Then
        'decrement extracted code from transfer code
        AssociationCode = AssociationCode - ARTICLE_A
        ArticleA = True
    'set target article 'an'

```

```

        ElseIf (gSentence(TermReferent).Match(gSentence(TermReferent).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.TransferAttributes
And ARTICLE_AN) And (Gender <> "P") Then
            'decrement extracted code from transfer code
            AssociationCode = AssociationCode - ARTICLE_AN
            ArticleAn = True
        End If

        'prepare to generate plural form of noun
        SingularForm = gSentence(TermReferent).Match(gSentence(TermReferent).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.Target
        SingularLength = Len(SingularForm)

        'decode plural by subtraction since bitwise operations not applicable; otherwise...
        If Gender = "P" Then
            If (AssociationCode - PLURAL11) >= 0 Then
                Noun = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 4) & "eese"
            ElseIf (AssociationCode - PLURAL10) >= 0 Then
                Noun = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 4) & "ice"
            ElseIf (AssociationCode - PLURAL9) >= 0 Then
                Noun = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 2) & "en"
            ElseIf (AssociationCode - PLURAL8) >= 0 Then
                Noun = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 2) & "i"
            ElseIf (AssociationCode - PLURAL7) >= 0 Then
                Noun = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 2) & "a"
            ElseIf (AssociationCode - PLURAL6) >= 0 Then
                Noun = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 2) & "ves"
            ElseIf (AssociationCode - PLURAL5) >= 0 Then
                Noun = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 1) & "ves"
            ElseIf (AssociationCode - PLURAL4) >= 0 Then
                Noun = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 1) & "ies"
            ElseIf (AssociationCode - PLURAL3) >= 0 Then
                Noun = SingularForm & "es"
            ElseIf (AssociationCode - PLURAL2) >= 0 Then
                Noun = SingularForm & "s"
            ElseIf (AssociationCode - PLURAL1) >= 0 Then
                Noun = SingularForm
        End If

        '...noun is singular
        Else
            Noun = SingularForm
        End If

        'set articles
        Article = ""
        Randomize
        'randomly pick from the/a when both present

```

```

If (ArticleThe) And ((ArticleA) Or (ArticleAn)) Then
    If (Rnd > 1 - DEFINITE_ARTICLE_PROBABILITY) Then
        Article = Article & "the"
    Else
        If ArticleA Then
            Article = Article & "a"
        Else
            Article = Article & "an"
        End If
    End If
ElseIf ArticleThe Then
    Article = Article & "the"
End If

'set indefinite article
If (ArticleA) And (Article = "") Then
    Article = Article & "a"
ElseIf (ArticleAn) And (Article = "") Then
    Article = Article & "an"
End If
'set none
If (ArticleNone) And (Article <> "") Then
    'Article = "[" & Article & "]"
End If

'for verbs, decode forms and generate correct english
ElseIf (TermFunction = "V") Or (TermFunction = "D") Or (TermFunction = "J") Then
    VERB = gSentence(TermReferent).Match(gSentence(TermReferent).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.Target
    'extract verbal information
    VerbSymbolicConstant = SymbolicConstant(TermReferent)
    VerbPrimaryAttribute
    gSentence(TermReferent).Match(gSentence(TermReferent).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.PrimaryAttributes
    'extract verb forms:
    'passive reflexive
    If ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And VERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE) And TermFunction = "V") Or ((VerbPrimaryAttribute
    And VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE) And TermFunction = "J") Then
        VerbParticiple = gSentence(TermReferent).Match(gSentence(TermReferent).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.Target
    'imperfective or indeterminate verb
    ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And VERB_IMPERFECTIVE) Or (VerbPrimaryAttribute And VERB_INDETERMINATE))
    And (TermFunction <> "D") Or (((VerbPrimaryAttribute And VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE) = 0) And (TermFunction
    = "J")) Then
        'extract field 1
        TempTarget = gSentence(TermReferent).Match(gSentence(TermReferent).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.Target

```

```

DelimiterAt = InStr(TempTarget, CONJUGATION_DELIMITER)
VerbPresent2nd = Left(TempTarget, DelimiterAt - 1)

'extract field 2
TempTarget = Mid(TempTarget, DelimiterAt + 1)
DelimiterAt = InStr(TempTarget, CONJUGATION_DELIMITER)
VerbPresent3rd = Left(TempTarget, DelimiterAt - 1)

'extract field 3
TempTarget = Mid(TempTarget, DelimiterAt + 1)
DelimiterAt = InStr(TempTarget, CONJUGATION_DELIMITER)
VerbImperfect = Left(TempTarget, DelimiterAt - 1)

'extract field 4
TempTarget = Mid(TempTarget, DelimiterAt + 1)
DelimiterAt = InStr(TempTarget, CONJUGATION_DELIMITER)
VerbProgressive = Left(TempTarget, DelimiterAt - 1)

'extract field 5
TempTarget = Mid(TempTarget, DelimiterAt + 1)
VerbParticiple = TempTarget

'perfective verb
ElseIf (VerbPrimaryAttribute And VERB_PERFECTIVE) And (TermFunction <> "D") Then
    'extract field 1
    TempTarget = gSentence(TermReferent).Match(gSentence(TermReferent).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.Target
    DelimiterAt = InStr(TempTarget, CONJUGATION_DELIMITER)
    VerbPresent2nd = Left(TempTarget, DelimiterAt - 1)

    'extract field 2
    TempTarget = Mid(TempTarget, DelimiterAt + 1)
    DelimiterAt = InStr(TempTarget, CONJUGATION_DELIMITER)
    VerbImperfect = Left(TempTarget, DelimiterAt - 1)

    'extract field 3
    TempTarget = Mid(TempTarget, DelimiterAt + 1)
    VerbParticiple = TempTarget
Else
    'extract field 1
    TempTarget = gSentence(TermReferent).Match(gSentence(TermReferent).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.Target
    DelimiterAt = InStr(TempTarget, CONJUGATION_DELIMITER)
    VerbProgressive = Left(TempTarget, DelimiterAt - 1)

    'extract field 2
    TempTarget = Mid(TempTarget, DelimiterAt + 1)
    VerbParticiple = TempTarget

```

```

End If

'get person/tense
VerbPerson = Mid(VerbSymbolicConstant, 4, 1)

'get number
VerbNumber = Mid(VerbSymbolicConstant, 6, 1)

'get verbal adjective attributes
VerbalAdjectiveType = Mid(VerbSymbolicConstant, 4, 2)
VerbalAdjectiveCase = Mid(VerbSymbolicConstant, 7, 1)
VerbalAdjectiveGender = Mid(VerbSymbolicConstant, 9, 1)

'verb processing, stage 1: generate verb codes:
Randomize
If (TermFunction = "V") Then

    '---- verb, infinitive
    If (VerbPerson = "I") Then
        VerbCode = 14

    '---- verb, non-reflexive, present, imperfective
    ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE + VERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) = (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE +
    VERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson <> "P") Then
        'randomly choose between type A, B, and C
        If Rnd < .2 Then
            VerbCode = 1
        ElseIf Rnd < .2 Then
            VerbCode = 2
        Else
            VerbCode = 3
        End If

    '---- verb, non-reflexive, present, indeterminate
    ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE + VERB_INDETERMINATE)) = (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE +
    VERB_INDETERMINATE)) And (VerbPerson <> "P") Then
        VerbCode = 3

    '---- verb, non-reflexive, present, determinate
    ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE + VERB_DETERMINATE)) = (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE +
    VERB_DETERMINATE)) And (VerbPerson <> "P") Then
        VerbCode = 1

    '---- verb, non-reflexive, past, imperfective
    ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE + VERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) = (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE +
    VERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson = "P") Then

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```

VerbCode = 4

'----- verb, non-reflexive, past, indeterminate
ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE + VERB_INDETERMINATE)) = (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE +
VERB_INDETERMINATE)) And (VerbPerson = "P") Then
    VerbCode = 5

'----- verb, non-reflexive, past, determinate
ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE + VERB_DETERMINATE)) = (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE +
VERB_DETERMINATE)) And (VerbPerson = "P") Then
    VerbCode = 4

'----- verb, non-reflexive, past, perfective
ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE + VERB_PERFECTIVE)) = (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE +
VERB_PERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson = "P") Then
    'choose between type A and B
    If Rnd < .5 Then
        VerbCode = 5
    Else
        VerbCode = 6
    End If

'----- verb, non-reflexive, future, imperfective or indeterminate
' unsupported

'----- verb, non-reflexive, future, determinate
' unsupported

'----- verb, non-reflexive, future, perfective
ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE + VERB_PERFECTIVE)) = (VERB_NONREFLEXIVE +
VERB_PERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson <> "P") Then
    VerbCode = 8

'----- verb, active reflexive, present, imperfective
ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE + VERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) = (VERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE +
VERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson <> "P") Then
    'randomly choose between type A, B, and C
    If Rnd < .2 Then
        VerbCode = 1
    ElseIf Rnd < .2 Then
        VerbCode = 2
    Else
        VerbCode = 3
    End If

'----- verb, active reflexive, past, imperfective

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        ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE + VERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) = (VERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE + VERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) Then
        VerbCode = 4

        '----- verb, active reflexive, past, perfective
        ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE + VERB_PERFECTIVE)) = (VERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE + VERB_PERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson = "P") Then
            'choose between type A and B
            If Rnd < .5 Then
                VerbCode = 5
            Else
                VerbCode = 6
            End If

        '----- verb, active reflexive, future, imperfective
        ' unsupported

        '----- verb, active reflexive, future, perfective
        ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE + VERB_PERFECTIVE)) = (VERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE + VERB_PERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson <> "P") Then
            VerbCode = 8

        '----- verb, passive reflexive, present, imperfective
        ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) = (VERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson <> "P") Then
            'choose between type A and B
            If Rnd < .75 Then
                VerbCode = 10
            Else
                VerbCode = 11
            End If

        '----- verb, passive reflexive, present, determinate
        ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERB_DETERMINATE)) = (VERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERB_DETERMINATE)) And (VerbPerson <> "P") Then
            'choose between type A and B
            If Rnd < .75 Then
                VerbCode = 10
            Else
                VerbCode = 11
            End If

        '----- verb, passive reflexive, past, imperfective
        ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) = (VERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson = "P") Then
            'choose between type A and B

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If Rnd < .5 Then
    VerbCode = 15
Else
    VerbCode = 12
End If

'----- verb, passive reflexive, past, determinate
ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERB_DETERMINATE)) = 
(VERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERB_DETERMINATE)) And (VerbPerson = "P") Then
    'choose between type A and B
    If Rnd < .5 Then
        VerbCode = 10
    Else
        VerbCode = 12
    End If

'----- verb, passive reflexive, past, perfective
ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERB_PERFECTIVE)) = 
(VERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERB_PERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson = "P") Then
    VerbCode = 12

'----- verb, passive reflexive, future, perfective
ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERB_PERFECTIVE)) = 
(VERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERB_PERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson <> "P") Then
    VerbCode = 13
End If

'verbal adverbs
ElseIf (TermFunction = "D") Then

'----- verbal adverb, non-reflexive, simultaneous
If (VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADVERB_NON_REFLEXIVE)) And (VerbPerson = "S") Then
    VerbCode = 20

'----- verbal adverb, non-reflexive, sequential, imperfective
ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADVERB_NON_REFLEXIVE + VERBAL_ADVERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) = 
(VERBAL_ADVERB_NON_REFLEXIVE + VERBAL_ADVERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson = "Q") Then
    VerbCode = 21

'----- verbal adverb, non-reflexive, sequential, perfective
ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADVERB_NON_REFLEXIVE + VERBAL_ADVERB_PERFECTIVE)) = 
(VERBAL_ADVERB_NON_REFLEXIVE + VERBAL_ADVERB_PERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson = "Q") Then
    VerbCode = 22

'----- verbal adverb, active reflexive, simultaneous, imperfective
ElseIf (VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE)) And (VerbPerson = "S") Then

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VerbCode = 20

'----- verbal adverb, active reflexive, sequential, imperfective
ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE + VERBAL_ADVERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) =
(VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE + VERBAL_ADVERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson = "Q") Then
    VerbCode = 21

'----- verbal adverb, non-reflexive, sequential, imperfective
ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE + VERBAL_ADVERB_PERFECTIVE)) =
(VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE + VERBAL_ADVERB_PERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson = "Q") Then
    VerbCode = 22

'----- verbal adverb, passive reflexive, simultaneous, imperfective
ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERBAL_ADVERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) =
(VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERBAL_ADVERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson = "S") Then
    VerbCode = 23

'----- verbal adverb, passive reflexive, sequential, imperfective
ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERBAL_ADVERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) =
(VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERBAL_ADVERB_IMPERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson = "Q") Then
    VerbCode = 24

'----- verbal adverb, passive reflexive, sequential, perfective
ElseIf ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERBAL_ADVERB_PERFECTIVE)) =
(VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERBAL_ADVERB_PERFECTIVE)) And (VerbPerson = "Q") Then
    VerbCode = 24
End If

'verbal adjectives
ElseIf (TermFunction = "J") Then
    '----- verbal adjective, non-reflexive, present active, imperfective
    If (VerbalAdjectiveType = "PA") And (VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_NON_REFLEXIVE)) Then
        'choose between type A, B, C, and D
        If Rnd < .25 Then
            VerbCode = 30
        ElseIf Rnd < .25 Then
            VerbCode = 31
        ElseIf Rnd < .25 Then
            VerbCode = 32
        Else
            VerbCode = 33
        End If

    '----- verbal adjective, non-reflexive, past active, imperfective
    ElseIf (VerbalAdjectiveType = "AA") And ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_NON_REFLEXIVE +
VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_IMPERFECTIVE)) = (VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_NON_REFLEXIVE + VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_IMPERFECTIVE)) Then

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VerbCode = 34

'----- verbal adjective, non-reflexive, past active, perfective
ElseIf (VerbalAdjectiveType = "AA") And ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_NON_REFLEXIVE +
VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PERFECTIVE)) = (VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_NON_REFLEXIVE + VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PERFECTIVE)) Then
    'choose between type A, B, C, and D
    If Rnd < .5 Then
        VerbCode = 35
    Else
        VerbCode = 36
    End If

'----- verbal adjective, active reflexive, present active, imperfective
ElseIf (VerbalAdjectiveType = "PA") And (VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE))
Then
    'choose between type A, B, C, and D
    If Rnd < .25 Then
        VerbCode = 30
    ElseIf Rnd < .25 Then
        VerbCode = 31
    ElseIf Rnd < .25 Then
        VerbCode = 32
    Else
        VerbCode = 33
    End If

'----- verbal adjective, active reflexive, past active, imperfective
ElseIf (VerbalAdjectiveType = "AA") And ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE +
VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_IMPERFECTIVE)) = (VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE + VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_IMPERFECTIVE)) Then
    VerbCode = 34

'----- verbal adjective, active reflexive, past active, perfective
ElseIf (VerbalAdjectiveType = "AA") And ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE +
VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PERFECTIVE)) = (VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE + VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PERFECTIVE)) Then
    'choose between type A and B
    If Rnd < .5 Then
        VerbCode = 35
    Else
        VerbCode = 36
    End If

'----- verbal adjective, passive, present passive, imperfective
ElseIf (VerbalAdjectiveType = "PP") And (VerbPrimaryAttribute And VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_IMPERFECTIVE) Then
    'choose between type A and B
    If Rnd < .5 Then
        VerbCode = 37

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        Else
            VerbCode = 38
        End If

'----- verbal adjective, passive, past passive, imperfective
ElseIf (VerbalAdjectiveType = "AP") And (VerbPrimaryAttribute And VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_IMPERFECTIVE) Then
    'choose between type A and B
    If Rnd < .5 Then
        VerbCode = 37
    Else
        VerbCode = 38
    End If

'----- verbal adjective, passive, past passive, perfective
ElseIf (VerbalAdjectiveType = "AP") And (VerbPrimaryAttribute And VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PERFECTIVE) Then
    'choose between type A and B
    If Rnd < .5 Then
        VerbCode = 40
    Else
        VerbCode = 41
    End If

'----- verbal adjective, passive reflexive, present active, imperfective
ElseIf (VerbalAdjectiveType = "PA") And (VerbPrimaryAttribute And VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE) Then
    VerbCode = 38

'----- verbal adjective, passive reflexive, past active, imperfective
ElseIf (VerbalAdjectiveType = "AA") And ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_IMPERFECTIVE)) = (VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_IMPERFECTIVE)) Then
    VerbCode = 39

'----- verbal adjective, passive reflexive, past active, perfective
ElseIf (VerbalAdjectiveType = "AA") And ((VerbPrimaryAttribute And (VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PERFECTIVE)) = (VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE + VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PERFECTIVE)) Then
    VerbCode = 40
End If
End If

'verb processing, stage 2: generate verb forms:
Select Case VerbCode
    'verbs
    Case 1: {'am'|'is'|'are'} + Progressive
        If (VerbPerson = "1") And (VerbNumber = "S") Then
            VERB = "am " & VerbProgressive
        ElseIf (VerbPerson = "3") And (VerbNumber = "S") Then

```

```

        VERB = "is " & VerbProgressive
    Else
        VERB = "are " & VerbProgressive
    End If

Case 2:  {'has'|'have'} + 'been' + Progressive
If (VerbPerson = "3") And (VerbNumber = "S") Then
    VERB = "has been " & VerbProgressive
Else
    VERB = "have been " & VerbProgressive
End If

Case 3:  {'Present Indicative 2nd|Present Indicative 3rd}
If (VerbPerson = "3") And (VerbNumber = "S") Then
    VERB = VerbPresent3rd
Else
    VERB = VerbPresent2nd
End If

Case 4:  {'was'|'were'} + Progressive
If (VerbNumber = "P") Then
    VERB = "were " & VerbProgressive
Else
    VERB = "was " & VerbProgressive
End If

Case 5:  'imperfect indicative
VERB = VerbImperfect

Case 6:  {'has'|'have'} + Past Participle
If (VerbNumber = "P") Then
    VERB = "have " & VerbParticiple
Else
    VERB = "has " & VerbParticiple
End If

Case 7:  'will be' + Progressive
VERB = "will be " & VerbProgressive

Case 8:  'will' + Present Indicative 2nd
VERB = "will " & VerbPresent2nd

Case 10: {'am'|'is'|'are'} + Past Participle
If (VerbPerson = "1") And (VerbNumber = "S") Then
    VERB = "am " & VerbParticiple
ElseIf (VerbPerson = "3") And (VerbNumber = "S") Then

```

```

        VERB = "is " & VerbParticiple
    Else
        VERB = "are " & VerbParticiple
    End If

Case 11: {'am' | 'is' | 'are'} + 'being' + Past Participle
If (VerbPerson = "1") And (VerbNumber = "S") Then
    VERB = "am being " & VerbParticiple
ElseIf (VerbPerson = "3") And (VerbNumber = "S") Then
    VERB = "is being " & VerbParticiple
Else
    VERB = "are being " & VerbParticiple
End If

Case 12: {'was' | 'were'} + 'being' + Past Participle
If (VerbNumber = "P") Then
    VERB = "were being " & VerbParticiple
Else
    VERB = "was being " & VerbParticiple
End If

Case 13: 'will be' + Past Participle
VERB = "will be " & VerbParticiple

Case 14: VERB = "to " & VerbPresent2nd

Case 15: {'was' | 'were'} + Past Participle
If (VerbNumber = "P") Then
    VERB = "were " & VerbParticiple
Else
    VERB = "was " & VerbParticiple
End If

'verbal adverbs
Case 20: 'while' + Progressive
VERB = "while " & VerbProgressive

Case 21: 'having been' + Progressive
VERB = "having been " & VerbProgressive

Case 22: 'having' + Past Participle
VERB = "having " & VerbParticiple

Case 23: 'while being' + Past Participle
VERB = "while being " & VerbParticiple

```

```

Case 24: 'having been' + Past Participle
VERB = "having been " & VerbParticiple

'vertical adjectives
Case 30: 'Progressive
VERB = VerbProgressive

Case 31: {'which'|'who'|'whom'} + {'is|are'} + Progressive
If (VerbalAdjectiveGender <> "P") Then
    VERB = "is " & VerbProgressive
Else
    VERB = "are " & VerbProgressive
End If

Case 32: {'which'|'who'|'whom'} + {'has'|'have'} + 'been' + Progressive
If (VerbalAdjectiveGender <> "P") Then
    VERB = "has been " & VerbProgressive
Else
    VERB = "have been " & VerbProgressive
End If

Case 33: {'which'|'who'|'whom'} + {Present Indicative 2nd|Present Indicative 3rd}
If (VerbalAdjectiveGender <> "P") Then
    VERB = VerbPresent3rd
Else
    VERB = VerbPresent2nd
End If

Case 34: {'which'|'who'|'whom'} + {'was'|'were'} + Progressive
If (VerbalAdjectiveGender = "P") Then
    VERB = "were " & VerbProgressive
Else
    VERB = "was " & VerbProgressive
End If

Case 35: {'which'|'who'|'whom'} + Imperfect Indicative
VERB = VerbImperfect

Case 36: {'which'|'who'|'whom'} + {'has'|'have'} + Past Participle
If (VerbalAdjectiveGender = "P") Then
    VERB = "have " & VerbParticiple
Else
    VERB = "has " & VerbParticiple
End If

Case 37: 'being' + Past Participle

```

```

        VERB = "being " & VerbParticiple

Case 38: {'which'|'who'} + {'is|are'} + 'being' + Past Participle
If (VerbalAdjectiveGender = "P") Then
    VERB = "are being " & VerbParticiple
Else
    VERB = "is being " & VerbParticiple
End If

Case 39: {'which'|'who'} + {'was'|'were'} + 'being' + Past Participle
If (VerbalAdjectiveGender = "P") Then
    VERB = "were being " & VerbParticiple
Else
    VERB = "was being " & VerbParticiple
End If

Case 40: {'which'|'who'} + {'was'|'were'} + Past Participle
If (VerbalAdjectiveGender = "P") Then
    VERB = "were " & VerbParticiple
Else
    VERB = "was " & VerbParticiple
End If

Case 41: 'Past Participle
VERB = VerbParticiple

'unknown verbal construction
Case Else
    Beep
    MsgBox ("Illegal verb code '" & VerbCode & "'.", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION, ("Encoding Error"))
End Select
End If

Select Case TermFunction
Case "~": 'ignore term

Case "%": 'straight-through literal transfer
    'form dative construction
    If InStr(SymbolicConstant(TermReferent), "_D_") Then
        If TermReferent > 0 Then
            If (Left(SymbolicConstant(TermReferent - 1), 2) <> "EP") Then
                Sentence = Sentence & "to "
            End If
        End If
    End If
End If

```

```

Sentence = Sentence
gSentence(TermReferent).Match(gSentence(TermReferent).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.Target
GoSub InsertPunctuation

Case "A": 'article transfer
    'don't insert prepositions if one already present
    If TermReferent > 0 Then
        If Left(SymbolicConstant(TermReferent - 1), 2) <> "EP" Then
            'form dative construction
            If InStr(SymbolicConstant(TermReferent), "NO_D_") Then
                Sentence = Sentence & "to "
            'form genitive construction
            ElseIf InStr(SymbolicConstant(TermReferent), "NO_G_") Then
                Sentence = Sentence & "of "
            End If
        End If
    End If

    'add article(s)
    Sentence = Sentence & Article

Case "N": 'noun transfer
    Sentence = Sentence & Noun
    GoSub InsertPunctuation

    'verb and verbal adverb transfer
Case "V", "D":
    Sentence = Sentence & VERB
    GoSub InsertPunctuation

Case "J": 'verbal adjective transfer
    If (VerbCode <> 30) And (VerbCode <> 37) And (VerbCode <> 41) Then
        'determine whether person or non-person
        Pronoun = ""
        For SearchPtr = TermReferent - 5 To TermReferent + 5
            'observe limits
            If SearchPtr < 0 Then
                SearchPtr = 0
            ElseIf SearchPtr > MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS Then
                SearchPtr = MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS
            End If
            'look for person nearby
            If
                (gSentence(SearchPtr).Match(gSentence(SearchPtr).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.TransferAttributes And ASSOCIATION_PERSON)
Then
                Pronoun = "who "

```

```

        Exit For
    End If
Next SearchPtr
'no person found, so assign non-person
If Pronoun = "" Then
    Pronoun = "which "
End If
Else
    Pronoun = ""
End If
Sentence = Sentence & Pronoun & VERB
GoSub InsertPunctuation

Case "R": 'relative pronoun transfer
Pronoun
gSentence(TermReferent).Match(gSentence(TermReferent).MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.Target
    'form dative construction
    If InStr(SymbolicConstant(TermReferent), "_D_") Then
        'don't insert prepositions if one already present
        If TermReferent > 0 Then
            If Left(SymbolicConstant(TermReferent - 1), 2) <> "EP" Then
                Sentence = Sentence & "to "
            End If
        End If
    'form object case of who if person
    If Pronoun = "who" Then
        Pronoun = "whom"
    End If
    'form genitive construction
    ElseIf InStr(SymbolicConstant(TermReferent), "_G_") Then
        'don't insert prepositions if one already present
        If TermReferent > 0 Then
            If Left(SymbolicConstant(TermReferent - 1), 2) <> "EP" Then
                Sentence = Sentence & "of "
            End If
        End If
    'form object case of who if person
    If Pronoun = "who" Then
        Pronoun = "whom"
    End If
End If
Sentence = Sentence & Pronoun

Case Else: 'unknown function
Beep

```

```

    MsgBox ("Invalid Function '" & TermFunction & "' on Term " & ComponentPtr & " of transfer rule:
" & Chr(13) & Rule), MB_ICONEXCLAMATION, ("Transfer Rule Syntax Error")
End Select

'capitalize first word of sentence
Sentence = Sentence & " "
If ComponentPtr = 0 Then
    'skip bracket and capitalize second letter; otherwise...
    If Left(Sentence, 1) = "[" Then
        Mid(Sentence, 2, 1) = UCASE(Mid(Sentence, 2, 1))
    '...capitalize first letter
    Else
        If Sentence <> "" Then
            Mid(Sentence, 1, 1) = UCASE(Mid(Sentence, 1, 1))
        End If
    End If
End If
Next ComponentPtr

'end sentence with period if none
Sentence = Trim(Sentence)
If Right(Sentence, 1) <> "." Then
    Sentence = Sentence & "."
End If
Sentence = Sentence & "  "

'write transfer details
gTransferHits = gTransferHits + 1
AddDetail (""), True
AddDetail (" Raw Translation:"), False
AddDetail (""), False
AddDetail ("    " & Sentence), False

'return translation
TransferSentence = Sentence
End If

Exit Function

```

InsertPunctuation:

```

'don't place period in middle of sentence
If      (Right(gSentence(TermReferent).LiteralText,      1)      =      ".")      And      (ComponentPtr      <>
gTransferRule(RulePtr).NumEnglishComponents) Then
    Return

```

```

End If

'insert punctuation
If InStr(",.!?:;,>)-]}:", Right(gSentence(TermReferent).LiteralText, 1)) Then
    Sentence = Sentence & Right(gSentence(TermReferent).LiteralText, 1)
End If
Return

TransferError:

'return complete failure
AddDetail " ** [SENTENCE GENERATED RUN-TIME ERROR: " & Error(Err) & "]", False
TransferSentence = "[COMPLETELY UNTRANSLATABLE SENTENCE OMITTED]"
Exit Function

End Function

'-----
'translate current document
'-----
Sub Translate ()

'reset statistical counters
gTransferAttempts = 0
gTransferHits = 0
gLookupHits = 0
gLookups = 0
gAbort = False

'initiate log session
MousePointerWait
OpenTransferLog

'translate sentence by sentence
TranslateSentences

'clean raw translation
frmTranslation.txtTranslation = ApplyCleanupFilters(gTranslation)

'terminate log session
CloseTransferLog

End Sub

'-----
'isolate each sentence and translate

```

```
'

---

  
Sub TranslateSentences ()  
  
    Dim CharPtr As Integer  
    Dim StartPtr As Integer  
    Dim Progress As Integer  
    Dim Char As String  
    Dim Sentence As String  
  
    'don't process empty abstract  
    gAbstract = Trim(gAbstract)  
    If gAbstract = "" Then  
        Exit Sub  
    End If  
  
    'display status info as transliteration takes place  
    frmMain.pnlStatus.FloodPercent = 0  
    frmMain.pnlStatus.FloodShowPct = True  
    PassiveHelp "Translating..."  
  
    'if abstract doesn't end with period, append one  
    If Right(gAbstract, 1) <> "." Then  
        gAbstract = gAbstract & ".  
    End If  
  
    'process each sentence  
    gTranslation = ""  
    StartPtr = 1  
    Do  
        'escape key aborts translation  
        If gAbort Then  
            Exit Do  
        End If  
  
        'extract sentence  
        For CharPtr = StartPtr To Len(gAbstract)  
            Char = Mid(gAbstract, CharPtr, 1)  
            Sentence = Sentence & Char  
            'found sentence terminator  
            If InStr(".!?", Char) Then  
                StartPtr = CharPtr + 1  
                Exit For  
            End If  
        Next CharPtr
```

```

'strip leading and trailing whitespace
Sentence = Trim(Sentence)

'extract symbolic constants from sentence
DecomposeSentence (Sentence)

'disambiguate sentence
DisambiguateSentence

'translate sentence
gTranslation = gTranslation & TransferSentence() & " "
Sentence = ""

'update status bar after every sentence
Progress = (StartPtr / Len(gAbstract)) * 100
If Progress > 100 Then
    Progress = 100
End If
frmMain.pnlStatus.FloodShowPct = True
frmMain.pnlStatus.FloodPercent = Progress
Loop Until StartPtr >= Len(gAbstract)

'hide status
DisplayWait 0, ""

End Sub

'_____
'apply import filter backwards to transliterate Cyrillic text into Roman
'_____
Function Transliterate (InText As String) As String

Dim FilterPtr      As Integer
Dim Found          As Integer
Dim AbstractPtr    As Integer
Dim AbstractLen    As Integer
Dim UpdateTally    As Integer
Dim DefaultFilter  As Integer
Dim CurrentChar    As String
Dim InCode          As String
Dim OutText         As String

'set starting and ending points of abstract
AbstractLen = Len(InText)

```

```

'display status info as transliteration takes place
DisplayWait -AbstractLen, "Transliterating from the Cyrillic alphabet to the Roman alphabet...""

'remember default filter for this abstract
DefaultFilter = frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex

'locate selected transliteration filter in import filter list
Found = False
For FilterPtr = 0 To frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListCount - 1
    If frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(FilterPtr) = gTransliterationFilter Then
        Found = True
        Exit For
    End If
Next FilterPtr

'abort if filter not located; otherwise...
If Not Found Then
    Beep
    MsgBox ("Cannot locate import filter '" & gTransliterationFilter & "'."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Transliteration
Error")

'...proceed with transliteration
Else
    'temporarily change default filter to selected filter
    frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex = FilterPtr
    UnpackCurrentFilter
    ConvertFilterMap

'for each Cyrillic character in abstract...
For AbstractPtr = 1 To AbstractLen
    Found = False
    '...find its Transliterate equivalent filter mapping
    For FilterPtr = 0 To NUM_MAPPINGS
        InCode = gInputFilter(FilterPtr).OutCode
        'if found, stop looking
        CurrentChar = Mid(InText, AbstractPtr, 1)
        If CurrentChar = InCode And InCode <> "" Then
            Found = True
            Exit For
        End If
    Next FilterPtr

    'if found, add transliterated character(s) to transliterated abstract and move to next character(s) in
original...
    If Found Then
        'only transliterate mapped characters (ie. ignore null)

```

```

If gInputFilter(FilterPtr).InCode > Chr(0) Then
    OutText = OutText & gInputFilter(FilterPtr).InCode
End If
'...otherwise pass unknown character straight through untransliterated (it must be Roman already)
Else
    OutText = OutText & CurrentChar
End If

'update status bar at every 5% change in work done
UpdateTally = UpdateTally + 1
If UpdateTally > (AbstractLen - 1) / 20 Then
    DisplayWait UpdateTally, ""
    UpdateTally = 0
End If
Next AbstractPtr

'reset default filter
frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex = DefaultFilter
End If

'hide status
DisplayWait 0, ""

'return transliterated text
Transliterate = OutText

End Function
'



---


'take packed string representation of character set mappings from filter list box and expand
'them into edit fields. Packed form eliminates external data structures and their management
'
Sub UnpackCurrentFilter ()

Dim i As Integer
Dim FieldEnd As Integer
Dim Entry As String
Dim PackLine As String

'skip over filter name. It's present only for alphabetization purposes.
PackLine = Mid(frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_MAP), InStr(frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_MAP), ":")) + 1) &
gPackDelimiter

'pull out each entry and load respective text box with it

```

```

For i = 0 To NUM_MAPPINGS
    FieldEnd = InStr(PackLine, gPackDelimiter)
    Entry = Left(PackLine, FieldEnd - 1)
    PackLine = Mid(PackLine, FieldEnd + 1)
    frmFilter.txtLatin(i) = Entry
Next i

End Sub

'_____
'make sure each noun pattern is unique (exceptions allowed)
'_____
Sub VerifyUniqueInflectionPatterns ()

    Dim i As Integer
    Dim j As Integer

    MousePointerWait

    'compare each noun inflection pattern against all others
    For i = 1 To NUM_INFLECTION_PATTERNS
        For j = i + 1 To NUM_INFLECTION_PATTERNS
            'if match, display message. Don't check upper patterns (personal pronouns have intentional duplicates)
            If (gPattern(i) = gPattern(j)) And (gPattern(i) <> "") And i < 390 And j <> 410 And j <> 26 And j <> 100
Then
                Beep
                MsgBox ("Inflection patterns " & i & " and " & j & " are identical."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Duplicate
Entries")
                End
            End If
        Next j
    Next i

    MousePointerContinue

End Sub

'_____
'perform page formatting and print text
'_____
Sub WordWrap (TextBody As String, LeftMargin As Integer, TopMargin As Integer, LineWidth As Integer)

    Dim CharPtr      As Integer
    Dim BackPtr      As Integer

```

```

Dim LineStartPtr As Integer
Dim TextSpan      As Integer
Dim TextHigh      As Integer
Dim LineCounter   As Integer

Const PAGE_HEIGHT = 12250
Const HOT_ZONE_FLUFF = 350  'num twips allowed past right margin before forced wrap

'set left margin
Printer.CurrentX = LeftMargin

'loop through text to print
LineStartPtr = 1
For CharPtr = 1 To Len(TextBody)

    'get size of current line
    TextSpan = Printer.TextWidth(Mid(TextBody, LineStartPtr, CharPtr - LineStartPtr))
    TextHigh = Printer.TextHeight("A")

    'if current line goes into hot-zone and can be broken, do it; otherwise...
    If (TextSpan > LineWidth) And (Mid(TextBody, CharPtr, 1) = " " Or Mid(TextBody, CharPtr, 1) = "-") Then
        'print current line
        Printer.Print Trim(Mid(TextBody, LineStartPtr, CharPtr - LineStartPtr + 1))

        'reset left margin
        Printer.CurrentX = LeftMargin

        'insert page break if nesc.
        GoSub PageBreak
        LineStartPtr = CharPtr + 1

    'if it can't be broken in hot-zone, find where it can be broken
    ElseIf TextSpan > LineWidth + HOT_ZONE_FLUFF Then

        'back search from current character
        For BackPtr = CharPtr To CharPtr - 25 Step -1

            'when space found, make this end of line
            If (Mid(TextBody, BackPtr, 1) = " ") Or (Mid(TextBody, CharPtr, 1) = "-") Then
                'print as much of current line as possible
                Printer.Print Trim(Mid(TextBody, LineStartPtr, BackPtr - LineStartPtr + 1))

            'reset left margin
            Printer.CurrentX = LeftMargin

```

```

    'insert page break if nesc.
    GoSub PageBreak

    'update pointers
    LineStartPtr = BackPtr + 1
    CharPtr = BackPtr + 1
    Exit For
    End If
    Next BackPtr
End If
Next CharPtr

'print last line
Printer.CurrentX = LeftMargin
Printer.Print Trim(Mid(TextBody, LineStartPtr))

Exit Sub

PageBreak:
    'increment vertical position
    LineCounter = LineCounter + TextHigh
    'force new page if current one exceeded
    If LineCounter > PAGE_HEIGHT Then
        Printer.NewPage
        'reset for new page
        LineCounter = 0
        Printer.CurrentY = TopMargin
    End If
    Return

End Sub

'
'(frmAbout): shows general program and copyright information
'

Option Explicit

'
Sub cmdOK_Click ()

    'close About form
    PassiveHelp ""
    frmAbout.Hide

End Sub

```

```

'_____
Sub Form_Activate ()
    'set form colors according to user preferences
    pnlRoot.BackColor = BACKGROUND_COLOR
    pnlTitle.BackColor = BACKGROUND_COLOR
    cmdOK.BackColor = BACKGROUND_COLOR

    'center modal About form on MDI parent space
    Left = frmMain.Left + frmMain.ScaleWidth / 2 - Width / 2
    Top = frmMain.Top + frmMain.ScaleHeight / 2 - Height / 2.6
    lblVersion = "Version " & VERSION_NUMBER

End Sub
'_____
Sub Form_Deactivate ()
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'_____
'(frmCleanupFilterEditor): provides method of fixing consistent translation errors
'_____
Option Explicit

Dim fChangesMade As Integer      'flag indicating whether changes made
'_____
Sub cmdAdd_Click ()

    'init and bring up cleanup expression dialog editor
    frmCleanupExpressionEditor.txtMalformedExpression = ""
    frmCleanupExpressionEditor.txtCorrectedExpression = ""
    frmCleanupExpressionEditor.Show 1

    'if expression not canceled, add it to filter lists
    If frmCleanupExpressionEditor.Tag <> "[CANCEL]" Then
        lstCleanupFilter(0).AddItem frmCleanupExpressionEditor.txtMalformedExpression
        lstCleanupFilter(1).AddItem frmCleanupExpressionEditor.txtCorrectedExpression
    'update editor
    cmdCancel.Enabled = True
    fChangesMade = True
End Sub

```

```

    End If
End Sub
'_____
Sub cmdAdd_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Add a new malformed expression and its correction."
End Sub
'_____
Sub cmdCancel_Click ()
    'if changes made, prompt to confirm cancel
    If fChangesMade Then
        Beep
        MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Cancel will discard all the changes made." & Chr(13) & "Continue?", MB_ICONQUESTION +
        MB_YESNO + MB_DEFBUTTON2, "Confirm Cancel")
        If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_NO Then
            Exit Sub
        End If
    End If

    'overwrite changes
    LoadCleanupFilters

    'close cleanup editor and return to main interface
    timerScroll.Enabled = False
    cmdCancel.Enabled = False
    PassiveHelp ""
    Hide
End Sub
'_____
Sub cmdCancel_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Discard any changes made here and return to the main interface."
End Sub
'_____

```

```

Sub cmdClose_Click ()
    Dim i As Integer
    On Error GoTo ErrorOnCleanupWrite

    'update changes only if any made
    If fChangesMade Then
        fChangesMade = False
        MousePointerWait
        Open CLEANUP_FILTER_FILENAME For Output As 1
        For i = 0 To lstCleanupFilter(0).ListCount - 1
            Write #1, lstCleanupFilter(0).List(i), lstCleanupFilter(1).List(i)
        Next i
        Close 1
        MousePointerContinue
    End If

    'close cleanup editor and return to main interface
    timerScroll.Enabled = False
    cmdCancel.Enabled = False
    PassiveHelp ""
    Hide

    Exit Sub

ErrorOnCleanupWrite:
    'prompt user to deal with store fail
    Beep
    Close 1
    MousePointerContinue
    MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Unable to write to the cleanup filter file '" & UCase(CLEANUP_FILTER_FILENAME) & "' :" &
Chr(13) & Error Err) & ".", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
    'retry attempts to store it again;
    If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
        Resume
    'otherwise sacrifice changes
    Else
        Exit Sub
    End If

End Sub

```

```

'_____
Sub cmdClose_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Save any changes made here and return to the main interface."
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdDelete_Click ()
    'confirm delete
    Beep
    MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Are you sure you want to delete the current entry?", MB_ICONQUESTION + MB_YESNO +
    MB_DEFBUTTON2, "Confirm Delete")
    If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_YES Then
        'delete current entry
        lstCleanupFilter(0).RemoveItem lstCleanupFilter(0).ListIndex
        lstCleanupFilter(1).RemoveItem lstCleanupFilter(1).ListIndex
        'update editor
        cmdEdit.Enabled = False
        cmdDelete.Enabled = False
        cmdCancel.Enabled = True
        fChangesMade = True
    End If
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdDelete_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Delete the selected malformed expression and its correction."
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdEdit_Click ()
    'init and bring up cleanup expression dialog editor
    frmCleanupExpressionEditor.txtMalformedExpression = lstCleanupFilter(0)
    frmCleanupExpressionEditor.txtCorrectedExpression = lstCleanupFilter(1)
    frmCleanupExpressionEditor.Show 1

    'if expression not canceled, process it

```

```

If frmCleanupExpressionEditor.Tag <> "[CANCEL]" Then
    'delete current entry
    lstCleanupFilter(0).RemoveItem lstCleanupFilter(0).ListIndex
    lstCleanupFilter(1).RemoveItem lstCleanupFilter(1).ListIndex
    'add modified entry
    lstCleanupFilter(0).AddItem frmCleanupExpressionEditor.txtMalformedExpression
    lstCleanupFilter(1).AddItem frmCleanupExpressionEditor.txtCorrectedExpression
    'update editor
    cmdEdit.Enabled = False
    cmdDelete.Enabled = False
    cmdCancel.Enabled = True
    fChangesMade = True
End If

End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdEdit_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Edit the selected malformed expression and its correction."
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdHelp_Click ()
    'bring up help
    frmHelp.Tag = HELP1_FILENAME
    frmHelp.Show 1
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdHelp_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Display help on Cleanup Filter Editor."
End Sub

'_____
Sub Form_Activate ()
    'set default command availability

```

```

cmdClose.Enabled = True
timerScroll.Enabled = True
cmdAdd.SetFocus

End Sub
'
Sub lstCleanupFilter_Click (Index As Integer)
    'set focus to both lists simultaneously
    lstCleanupFilter(1 - Index).ListIndex = lstCleanupFilter(Index).ListIndex

    'edit and delete now available
    cmdEdit.Enabled = True
    cmdDelete.Enabled = True

End Sub
'
Sub lstCleanupFilter_DblClick (Index As Integer)
    cmdEdit_Click
End Sub
'
Sub lstCleanupFilter_MouseDown (Index As Integer, Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'set focus to both lists simultaneously
    lstCleanupFilter(1 - Index).ListIndex = lstCleanupFilter(Index).ListIndex

End Sub
'
Sub lstCleanupFilter_MouseMove (Index As Integer, Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Select an existing malformed expression and its correction."
End Sub
'
Sub pnlRoot_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""

```

```

End Sub
'
Sub pnlRoot2_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'
'deal with scrolling both lists simultaneously
'
Sub timerScroll_Timer ()
    Static PrevTop0 As Integer
    Static PrevTop1 As Integer

    'if first list changed, reposition second
    If lstCleanupFilter(0).TopIndex <> PrevTop0 Then
        PrevTop0 = lstCleanupFilter(0).TopIndex
        lstCleanupFilter(1).TopIndex = lstCleanupFilter(0).TopIndex
    'if second list changed, reposition first
    ElseIf lstCleanupFilter(1).TopIndex <> PrevTop1 Then
        PrevTop1 = lstCleanupFilter(1).TopIndex
        lstCleanupFilter(0).TopIndex = lstCleanupFilter(1).TopIndex
    End If
End Sub
'
'(frmConvert): manual conversion dialog requires user to select import filter from list
'
Option Explicit
'
Sub cmdCancel_Click ()
    'confirm Cancel
    Beep
    PassiveHelp "'Yes' returns to the main interface without loading the abstract; 'No' allows you to select new filter(s)."
    MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Without an input filter, this abstract cannot be read in and translated." & Chr(13) & Chr(13) & "Do you really want to cancel?", MB_ICONINFORMATION + MB_YESNO + MB_DEFBUTTON2, "Info")

```

```

PassiveHelp ""

'if user does not want to continue, then abort Open
If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_YES Then
    'return to main form with failure
    Tag = "[CANCEL]"
    frmConvert.Hide
End If

End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdCancel_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Cancel trying to load this abstract."
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdHelp_Click ()
    'bring up help
    frmHelp.Tag = HELP4_FILENAME
    frmHelp.Show 1

End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdHelp_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Display help on converting abstracts from unknown formats."
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdOK_Click ()
    Dim Found As Integer
    Dim i      As Integer

    'determine if any filters chosen
    Found = False

```

```

For i = 0 To lstFilters.ListCount - 1
    If lstFilters.Selected(i) Then
        Found = True
        Exit For
    End If
Next i

'if no filters chosen, display error message
If Not Found Then
    Beep
    PassiveHelp "Only those filters which you select will be applied to the abstract. You must select at least one."
    MsgBox ("You must select at least one filter." & Chr(13) & Chr(13) & "If you are unsure of which filter to apply, click Select All and the correct filter (if available) for this abstract format will be determined automatically."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Missing Input")
    PassiveHelp ""
    Exit Sub
End If

'apply selected filters to abstract
MousePointerWait
Found = False
For i = 0 To lstFilters.ListCount - 1
    If lstFilters.Selected(i) Then
        frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex = i
        UnpackCurrentFilter
        ConvertFilterMap

        'apply filter to convert abstract to internal format
        gAbstract = Trim(ConvertAbstract(gRawAbstract, True, "Applying filter " & frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(i) & "' to the abstract in an attempt to convert it to a readable format..."))

        'check first few abstract words against lexicon to verify correct conversion
        If ConversionOK(gAbstract) Then
            Found = True
            Exit For
        End If
    End If
Next i
MousePointerContinue

'if conversion still failed, prompt user for next step
If Not Found Then
    Beep

```

```

    PassiveHelp "'Retry' allows you to reselect the filters to apply; 'Cancel' aborts trying to load this
abstract."
    MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("None of the selected filters resulted in successful conversion.", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION +
MB_RETRYCANCEL, "Conversion Unsuccessful")
    PassiveHelp ""
    If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
        'return to select filter(s)
        Tag = "[RETRY]"
        Exit Sub
    End If
    'return to main form with cancel code
    Tag = "[CANCEL]"
    frmConvert.Hide
    Exit Sub
End If

'return to main form with success
PassiveHelp ""
Tag = "[OK]"
frmConvert.Hide

End Sub
'

Sub cmdOK_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Apply the selected filter(s) to the abstract in an attempt to convert it to a readable format."
End Sub

'

Sub cmdSelectAll_Click ()
    Dim i As Integer

    'select all available filters
    For i = 0 To lstFilters.ListCount - 1
        lstFilters.Selected(i) = True
    Next i

End Sub
'

Sub cmdSelectAll_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)

```

```

'show topical help on info line
PassiveHelp "Select all the available filters shown. Use this if you are unsure of which filters to apply."
End Sub
'
Sub Form_Activate ()
    Dim i As Integer

    Beep
    MousePointerContinue

    'get available filter names
    lstFilters.Clear
    For i = 0 To frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListCount - 1
        lstFilters.AddItem frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(i)
    Next i

    'deselect all filters
    For i = 0 To lstFilters.ListCount - 1
        lstFilters.Selected(i) = False
    Next i

End Sub
'
Sub lstFilters_DblClick ()
    'double-click selects filter and OK
    cmdOK_Click
End Sub
'
Sub lstFilters_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Select the filter(s) which might be used to convert the unknown format."
End Sub
'

```

```

Sub pnlRoot_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub

'_____
'(frmCustomize): allows general program settings to be modified
'_____
Option Explicit
'_____

Sub chkClock_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Hide or display the clock on the status bar."
End Sub

'_____
Sub chkPassiveHelp_Click ()
    'if passive help selected, make sure status bar enabled
    If chkPassiveHelp Then
        chkStatusBar = 1
    End If
End Sub

'_____
Sub chkPassiveHelp_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Hide or display this type of passive help message on the status bar."
End Sub

'_____
Sub chkStatusBar_Click ()
    'if no status bar selected, disable passive help and clock
    If chkStatusBar = 0 Then
        chkPassiveHelp = 0
    End If

```

```
End Sub
'
Sub chkStatusBar_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Hide or display the status bar at the bottom of the screen."
End Sub
'
Sub chkTransferLog_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Enable or disable logging of translation details. When disabled, translation is moderately faster."
End Sub
'
Sub cmdCancel_Click ()
    'close customize dialog
    Hide
End Sub
'
Sub cmdCancel_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Discard any changes made to the system configuration settings and return to the main interface."
End Sub
'
Sub cmdHelp_Click ()
    'bring up help
    frmHelp.Tag = HELP3_FILENAME
    frmHelp.Show 1
End Sub
```

```

'_____
Sub cmdHelp_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Display help on setting system configurations."
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdOK_Click ()
    On Error GoTo ErrorOnConfigWrite

    'update changes:
    'status bar
    frmMain.pnlStatusBar.Visible = (chkStatusBar = 1)

    'passive help
    PassiveHelp ""
    gShowHelp = (chkPassiveHelp = 1)

    'transfer details log
    gTransferDetails = (chkTransferLog = 1)

    'have list box to select transliterate filter
    gTransliterationFilter = lstTransliterationFilter.Text

    'operation mode
    If optOperationMode(0) Then
        gOperationMode = ABSTRACT_MODE
        frmMain.menuSaveConvertedAbstract.Caption = "Converted &Abstract"
        frmMain.menuPrintConvertedAbstract.Caption = "Converted &Abstract"
    Else
        gOperationMode = EMAIL_MODE
        frmMain.menuSaveConvertedAbstract.Caption = "&E-Mail Message"
        frmMain.menuPrintConvertedAbstract.Caption = "&E-Mail Message"
    End If

    'post-editor configurations
    gPostEditorAPIName = txtApplicationTitle
    gPostEditorFilename = txtApplicationFilename
    gPostEditorPasteSequence = txtPasteSequence

    'save changes
    MousePointerWait

```

```

Open CONFIG_FILENAME For Output As 1
Print #1, (chkStatusBar = 1)
Print #1, gShowHelp
Print #1, gTransferDetails
Write #1, gTransliterationFilter
Write #1, gPostEditorAPIName
Write #1, gPostEditorFilename
Write #1, gPostEditorPasteSequence
Close 1
MousePointerContinue

'close customize dialog
Hide

Exit Sub

ErrorOnConfigWrite:

MousePointerContinue
Beep

MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Unable to write configuration settings:" & Chr(13) & Error(Err), MB_ICONSTOP +
MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
'if user wants to try again, attempt to re-execute operation...
If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
    Resume
'...otherwise abort operation
Else
    cmdOK.Enabled = False
    Exit Sub
End If

End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdOK_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Accept these system configuration settings and return to the main interface."
End Sub

'_____
Sub Form_Activate ()

```

```

Dim i As Integer

'get current filter list
lstTransliterationFilter.Clear
For i = 0 To frmFilter.lstFilters(0).ListCount - 1
    lstTransliterationFilter.AddItem frmFilter.lstFilters(0).List(i)
Next i

'initialize form components
cmdOK.Enabled = True

'status bar
chkStatusBar = Abs(frmMain.pnlStatusBar.Visible)

'transfer log
chkTransferLog = Abs(gTransferDetails)

'passive help
PassiveHelp ""
chkPassiveHelp = Abs(gShowHelp)

'search list box for transliterate filter
lstTransliterationFilter.ListIndex = -1
For i = 0 To lstTransliterationFilter.ListCount - 1
    If lstTransliterationFilter.List(i) = gTransliterationFilter Then
        lstTransliterationFilter.ListIndex = i
        Exit For
    End If
Next i

'deal with missing filter
If lstTransliterationFilter.ListIndex = -1 Then
    Beep
    MsgBox ("Unable to find transliteration filter '" & gTransliterationFilter & "'."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Missing Filter")
End If

'operation mode
If gOperationMode = ABSTRACT_MODE Then
    optOperationMode(0) = True
Else
    optOperationMode(1) = True
End If

'post-editor configurations

```

```

txtApplicationTitle = gPostEditorAPIName
txtApplicationFilename = gPostEditorFilename
txtPasteSequence = gPostEditorPasteSequence

End Sub
'
Sub optOperationMode_MouseMove (Index As Integer, Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    If Index = 0 Then
        PassiveHelp "Set up the system primarily for translating abstracts."
    Else
        PassiveHelp "Set up the system primarily for transliterating e-mail messages."
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub pnlFilter_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'
Sub pnlFilterShadow_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Select the filter for transliterating Cyrillic to Latin characters."
End Sub
'
Sub pnlInterface_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'
Sub pnlOperationMode_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""

```

```

End Sub
'
Sub pnlPostEditor_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'
Sub pnlRoot_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'
Sub txtApplicationFilename_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If

    'carriage return move to next field
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        txtPasteSequence.SetFocus
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub txtApplicationFilename_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Enter the path and executable filename (.exe) of the post-editor software."
End Sub
'
Sub txtApplicationTitle_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then

```

```

        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
End If

'carriage return move to next field
If KeyAscii = 13 Then
    KeyAscii = 0
    txtApplicationFilename.SetFocus
End If

End Sub
'

Sub txtApplicationTitle_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Enter the name of the post-editor software (i.e. Microsoft Word 6.0, Word Perfect 5.0, etc.)."
End Sub
'

Sub txtPasteSequence_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If

    'carriage return move to ok button
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        cmdOK.SetFocus
    End If

End Sub
'

Sub txtPasteSequence_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Enter the sequence of hotkeys used to paste from the clipboard into the post-editor document."
End Sub
'

'(frmCleanupExpressionEditor): simple entry dialog for cleanup filter editor

```

```
'

---

Option Explicit

---

'

---

Sub cmdCancel_Click ()  
    'return to cleanup editor with abort code  
    Tag = "[CANCEL]"  
    Hide  
End Sub

---

'

---

Sub cmdCancel_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)  
    'show topical help on info line  
    PassiveHelp "Discard the current malformed expression and its correction."  
End Sub

---

'

---

Sub cmdOK_Click ()  
    'return to cleanup editor with ok code  
    Tag = "[OK]"  
    Hide  
End Sub

---

'

---

Sub cmdOK_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)  
    'show topical help on info line  
    PassiveHelp "Accept the current malformed expression and its correction."  
End Sub

---

'

---

Sub Form_Activate ()  
    'set initial focus to first entry field  
    txtMalformedExpression.SelStart = 0  
    txtMalformedExpression.SelLength = Len(txtMalformedExpression)  
    txtMalformedExpression.SetFocus
```

```

End Sub
'
Sub txtCorrectedExpression_Change ()
    'ok command availability dependent on completing both entries
    cmdOK.Enabled = ((txtMalformedExpression <> "") And (txtCorrectedExpression <> ""))
End Sub
'
Sub txtCorrectedExpression_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("'"')
    End If

    'process carriage return
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        'if ok button available, set focus to it
        If cmdOK.Enabled Then
            cmdOK.SetFocus
        Else
            txtCorrectedExpression.SetFocus
        End If
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub txtMalformedExpression_Change ()
    'ok command availability dependent on completing both entries
    cmdOK.Enabled = ((txtMalformedExpression <> "") And (txtCorrectedExpression <> ""))
End Sub
'
Sub txtMalformedExpression_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)

```

```

'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
If KeyAscii = 34 Then
    KeyAscii = Asc("'")
End If

'carriage return moves to next field
If KeyAscii = 13 Then
    KeyAscii = 0
    txtCorrectedExpression.SetFocus
End If

End Sub

'_____
'(frmFilter): import filter editor, used to create, modify, and delete Cyrillic conversion filters
'_____
Option Explicit

'_____
Sub cmdAutoMap_Click ()
    'display info box about unsupported feature. This code should never be called, though, since
    'the 'Auto-Map' command button is permanently disabled.
    Beep
    PassiveHelp ""
    MsgBox ("The Auto-Map feature is not supported in Version " & VERSION_NUMBER & " of this program."),
    MB_ICONINFORMATION, (PROGRAM_TITLE & " v" & VERSION_NUMBER)
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdAutoMap_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "_Filter_Setup_AUTOMAP"
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdCancel_Click ()
    'reload available filters to negate any changes made
    LoadFilters

```

```

'convert entries to active filter mapping
ConvertFilterMap

'close Filter form without saving changes the current filter
frmFilter.Hide

End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdCancel_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Return to the main interface without saving any changes made here."
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdDelete_Click ()
    Dim i As Integer

    'don't allow built-in filters to be deleted
    If      (lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex)      =      "Native      Format")      Or
(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex)      =      "Transliterate")      Or
(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex)      =      "KOI-7")      Or
(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex) = "Phonetic Unique") Then
        Beep
        MsgBox ("This is a built-in filter and cannot be deleted."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Illegal Operation")
        Exit Sub
    End If

    'confirm filter delete
    Beep
    PassiveHelp "'Yes' will delete this filter from the list of available filters; 'No' will keep it."
    MsgboxAnswer = MsgBox("Are you sure you want to delete filter      '"      &
lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex)      &      "?", MB_ICONQUESTION + MB_YESNO, "Confirm
Delete")
    PassiveHelp ""

    'if confirmed...
    If MsgboxAnswer = ID_YES Then
        'remove current filter from both lists
        lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).RemoveItem (lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex)
        lstFilters(FILTER_MAP).RemoveItem (lstFilters(FILTER_MAP).ListIndex)

```

```

'disable delete button
cmdDelete.Enabled = False

'blank filter mappings because no active filter selected
For i = 0 To NUM_MAPPINGS
    txtLatin(i) = ""
Next i
End If

End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdDelete_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Remove filter '" & lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).Text & "' from the list of available filters."
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdHelp_Click ()
    'bring up help
    frmHelp.Tag = HELP4_FILENAME
    frmHelp.Show 1

End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdHelp_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Display help on Import Filter Editor."
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdOK_Click ()
    'don't allow OK if no filter selected
    If lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).Text = "" Then
        Beep
        PassiveHelp "A default filter must be selected from the list of available filters."
        MsgBox ("No default filter is selected."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Setup Error")
        PassiveHelp ""
End Sub

```

```

        Exit Sub
End If

'error check entries
If MappingError() Then
    Exit Sub
End If

'pack currently active filter so it's saved as current name
frmFilterSave.txtFilterName = lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).Text
PackCurrentFilter (True)

'save filters to filter file
SaveFilters

'convert entries to active filter mapping
ConvertFilterMap

'close Filter form
frmFilter.Hide

End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdOK_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Save any changes made here and return to the main interface."
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdSaveAs_Click ()
    'error check entries
    If MappingError() Then
        Exit Sub
    End If

    'call up filter name entry form. Note: in order to rename a filter, it must be saved under a
    'new name and old filter must be deleted
    frmFilterSave.Show 1

    'if OK selected, pack current filter with its name
    If frmFilterSave.Tag = "[OK]" Then
        PackCurrentFilter (True)

```

```

    End If
End Sub
'_____
Sub cmdSaveAs_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Save the currently displayed filter values with a new name."
End Sub
'_____
Sub Form_Activate ()
    'set form colors according to user preferences
    pnlRoot.BackColor = BACKGROUND_COLOR
    pnlMain.BackColor = BACKGROUND_COLOR
    pnlPanel(0).BackColor = BACKGROUND_COLOR
    pnlPanel(1).BackColor = BACKGROUND_COLOR

    'adjust 3d list box to current system configurations
    pnlFilterName.Height = lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).Height + 50
    pnlFilterName.Width = lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).Width + 50

    'open default folder
    pnlFolderTab_Click (Val(Tag))

    'if opening filter form from main, set focus to filter list box, not first mapping field
    If Tag = "00" Then
        Tag = "0"
        lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).SetFocus
    End If

    MousePointerContinue

End Sub
'_____
Sub Form_Deactivate ()
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub

```

```

'_____
Sub Form_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)

    'alt keys intercepted to open folders or set focus to default filter
    If Shift = 4 Then
        'alt-a opens 'Alphabet' folder
        If KeyCode = 65 Then
            pnlFolderTab_Click (0)
        'alt-m opens 'Miscellaneous' folder
        ElseIf KeyCode = 77 Then
            pnlFolderTab_Click (1)
        'alt-f sets focus to default filter
        ElseIf KeyCode = 70 Then
            lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).SetFocus
        End If
        KeyCode = 0
    End If

End Sub

'_____
Sub Form_Load ()
    Dim i          As Integer
    Dim YOffset As Integer

    DoEvents

    'hide background on each object.  Backgrounds are shown for alignment purposes at design time
    For i = 0 To NUM_MAPPINGS
        lblCyrillic(i).BackStyle = STYLE_TRANSPARENT
        txtLatin(i).BackColor = WHITE
    Next i
    DoEvents

    'align text boxes and labels
    YOffset = 50
    For i = 0 To 10
        txtLatin(i).Top = YOffset
        lblCyrillic(i).Top = YOffset - 60
        txtLatin(i + 11).Top = YOffset
        lblCyrillic(i + 11).Top = YOffset - 60
        txtLatin(i + 22).Top = YOffset
        lblCyrillic(i + 22).Top = YOffset - 60
        txtLatin(i + 33).Top = YOffset
    Next i
End Sub

```

```

lblCyrillic(i + 33).Top = YOffset - 10
txtLatin(i + 44).Top = YOffset
lblCyrillic(i + 44).Top = YOffset - 10
txtLatin(i + 55).Top = YOffset
lblCyrillic(i + 55).Top = YOffset - 10
txtLatin(i + 66).Top = YOffset
lblCyrillic(i + 66).Top = YOffset - 10
txtLatin(i + 77).Top = YOffset
lblCyrillic(i + 77).Top = YOffset - 10
txtLatin(i + 88).Top = YOffset
lblCyrillic(i + 88).Top = YOffset - 10
YOffset = YOffset + 260
Next i
DoEvents

'get available filters and set default
LoadFilters
ConvertFilterMap

End Sub

'_____
''load available filters from single filter file
'_____
Sub LoadFilters ()
    Dim FilterLine      As String
    Dim DefaultFilter As Integer

    On Error GoTo LoadFiltersError

    'clear filter lists
    lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).Clear
    lstFilters(FILTER_MAP).Clear

    'open filter file
    MousePointerWait
    Open FILTER_FILENAME For Input As 1

    'get pointer to default filter
    If Not EOF(1) Then
        Input #1, DefaultFilter
    'flag filter file format error
    Else
        DefaultFilter = -1
    End If
End Sub

```

```

End If

'read filter entries from file
Do Until EOF(1)
    Line Input #1, FilterLine
    'strip leading quote and trailing quotes
    FilterLine = Mid(FilterLine, 2)
    FilterLine = Left(FilterLine, Len(FilterLine) - 1)
    'extract filter name from entry and add to filter name list
    lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).AddItem Trim(Left(FilterLine, InStr(FilterLine, ":") - 1))
    'store filter map in map list
    lstFilters(FILTER_MAP).AddItem FilterLine
Loop

'set default filter (or none if no filters available)
lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex = DefaultFilter

Close 1
MousePointerContinue

Exit Sub

LoadFiltersError:

Close 1

MousePointerContinue
Beep

'prompt user to deal with error
PassiveHelp "An error has occurred while getting the available filters. 'Retry' will attempt to get them again."
MsgboxAnswer = MsgBox("Unable to load the import filters '" & UCase(FILTER_FILENAME) & ":" & Chr(13) &
Error(Err), MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
PassiveHelp ""
If MsgboxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
    Resume
End If

'inform that 'Open' function no longer available, then disable it
PassiveHelp ""
MsgBox ("Without any filters, it will not be possible to load abstracts. However, most other functions will still be available."), MB_ICONINFORMATION, ("Fatal Error")
frmMain.menuOpenAbstract.Enabled = False

```

```

    Exit Sub
End Sub
'

Sub lstFilters_Click (Index As Integer)

    'make sure both lists always syncronized
    If Index = FILTER_NAME Then
        'record currently open filter
        lstFilters(FILTER_MAP).ListIndex = lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex
        'display filter entries
        UnpackCurrentFilter
    End If

    'enable delete button when filter selected
    cmdDelete.Enabled = True
End Sub
'

'error-check character set mappings entered. Filter cannot be saved with errors
'
Function MappingError () As Integer

    Dim ColonAt As Integer
    Dim LPram As String
    Dim RPram As String
    Dim i As Integer

    MappingError = True

    'error check entry fields
    For i = 0 To NUM_MAPPINGS
        'check for omissions
        If txtLatin(i) = "" Then
            Beep
            'open misc folder if focus on one of its text fields
            If i > 65 Then
                pnlFolderTab_Click (1)
            End If
            txtLatin(i).SetFocus
            PassiveHelp "All mapping entries must have a value."
            MsgBox ("Entries cannot be left blank. Enter a zero if this mapping is to be ignored."), MB_ICONSTOP,
("Missing Input")

```

```

    PassiveHelp ""
    Exit Function
End If

'since it's a likely error to try to map the digit 0 to the character zero, verify that
'the user understands what this means. The digit 0 is interpreted as ASCII 0. This holds
>true for all digits 0-9, but only 0 is checked: if they misunderstood 0, then they surely
'misunderstood them all
If i = 67 And Val(txtLatin(67)) < 10 Then
    Beep
    PassiveHelp ""
    MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Mappings entered as numbers are interpreted as ASCII codes. Normally the digits
0-9 have mappings of 48-57. Are you sure that your mappings for the digits 0-9 are correct?", MB_ICONQUESTION +
MB_YESNO, "Query")
        'if user answers no, set focus to field in question
        If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_NO Then
            pnlFolderTab_Click (1)
            txtLatin(67).SetFocus
            Exit Function
        End If
    End If

'auto-convert lone $ to ASCII value so no confusion with hex indicator
If txtLatin(i) = "$" Then
    txtLatin(i) = "38"
End If

'auto-convert lone : to ASCII value so no confusion with two-byte separator
If txtLatin(i) = ":" Then
    txtLatin(i) = "58"
End If

'check for codes larger than 255
ColonAt = InStr(txtLatin(i), ":")
If ColonAt = 0 Then
    'check invalid range
    If IsNumeric(txtLatin(i)) Or Left(txtLatin(i), 1) = "$" Then
        If HexToDecimal("") & txtLatin(i)) > MAX_ASCII Then
            Beep
            'open misc folder if focus on one of its text fields
            If i > 65 Then
                pnlFolderTab_Click (1)
            End If
            'highlight invalid entry
            txtLatin(i).SelStart = 0
            txtLatin(i).SelLength = Len(txtLatin(i))

```

```

        PassiveHelp ""
        MsgBox ("Simple entries have a valid range of 0 to 255 ($00 to $FF)."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Invalid
Input")
        txtLatin(i).SetFocus
        Exit Function
    End If
End If
'check for valid compound entries
Else
    'missing first parameter; missing last parameter; invalid first; invalid last
    LPram = Left(txtLatin(i), ColonAt - 1)
    RParam = Mid(txtLatin(i), ColonAt + 1)
    If ColonAt = 1 Or ColonAt = Len(txtLatin(i)) Or HexToDecimal(LParam) > MAX_ASCII Or HexToDecimal(RParam) >
MAX_ASCII Then
    Beep
    'open misc folder if focus on one of its text fields
    If i > 65 Then
        pn1FolderTab_Click (1)
    End If
    'highlight invalid entry
    txtLatin(i).SelStart = 0
    txtLatin(i).SelLength = Len(txtLatin(i))
    PassiveHelp "For example: 0,65 or $00:$41"
    MsgBox ("Compound entries are entered as: VALUE:VALUE" & Chr(13) & "where VALUE has a valid range of
0 to 255 ($00 to $FF)."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Invalid Input")
    PassiveHelp ""
    txtLatin(i).SetFocus
    Exit Function
End If
End If
Next i

'if flow reaches this, then no error was located
MappingError = False

End Function
'



---


'take character set mappings in edit fields and condense them down to string form. Tack this
'string to filter name in list box. This eliminates external data structures and their management
'
Sub PackCurrentFilter (MakeDefault As Integer)

    Dim Map As String
    Dim i As Integer

```

```

If frmFilterSave.txtFilterName = "" Then
    frmFilterSave.txtFilterName = lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex)
End If

'if filter already in lists, remove it (serves to update existing filter)
For i = 0 To lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListCount - 1
    If lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(i) = frmFilterSave.txtFilterName Then
        lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).RemoveItem i
        lstFilters(FILTER_MAP).RemoveItem i
        Exit For
    End If
Next i

'add filter name to list
lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).AddItem frmFilterSave.txtFilterName

'create packed mapping
For i = 0 To NUM_MAPPINGS
    Map = Map & txtLatin(i) & gPackDelimiter
Next i

'add filter mapping to list. Prepend filter name so both lists sorted in same order
lstFilters(FILTER_MAP).AddItem frmFilterSave.txtFilterName & Space(32 - Len(frmFilterSave.txtFilterName)) & ":" & Map

'make just added filter active filter, if desired
If MakeDefault Then
    For i = 0 To lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListCount - 1
        If lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(i) = frmFilterSave.txtFilterName Then
            lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex = i
            Exit For
        End If
    Next i
End If

End Sub

Sub pctExtendedCharacters_Click (Index As Integer)

    'inform of unsupported feature
    Beep
    PassiveHelp "Available in " & PROGRAM_TITLE & " Version 2.0..."
    MsgBox ("These character mappings are reserved for future expansion and are not supported in this version."), MB_ICONINFORMATION, ("Unsupported Feature")

```

```

    PassiveHelp ""

End Sub
'_____
Sub pctExtendedCharacters_MouseMove (Index As Integer, Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "These character mappings are reserved for future expansion and are not supported in this version."
End Sub
'_____
Sub pnlFilterName_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Select from the available filters."
End Sub
'_____
Sub pnlFolderTab_Click (Index As Integer)
    'obscure bottom of tab to simulate actively open folder
    pctTabOverlay.Left = pnlFolderTab(Index).Left - pnlMain.Left + 20

    'display contents of selected folder
    pnlPanel(Index).ZOrder 0

    'record folder opened
    If Tag <> "00" Then
        Tag = "" & Index
    End If

    'set focus to first entry field
    If Index Then
        txtLatin(66).SetFocus
    Else
        txtLatin(0).SetFocus
    End If
End Sub
'_____

```

```

Sub pnlFolderTab_MouseMove (Index As Integer, Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help for each tab on info line
    If Index = 0 Then
        PassiveHelp "Display filter mappings for alphabetic characters."
    Else
        PassiveHelp "Display filter mappings for miscellaneous characters."
    End If

End Sub
'_____
Sub pnlMain_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'_____
Sub pnlPanel_MouseMove (Index As Integer, Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'_____
Sub pnlRoot_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'_____
'take all packed filter mappings and write to filter file
'_____
Sub SaveFilters ()
    Dim NumFilters As Integer
    Dim i As Integer

    On Error GoTo SaveFiltersError

    'determine how many filters to save

```

```

NumFilters = lstFilters(FILTER_MAP).ListCount - 1

'open file to write filters
MousePointerWait
Open FILTER_FILENAME For Output As 1

'record which is default filter (ie. current)
Print #1, lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex

'if any filters to save, then do it; otherwise file is made empty
If NumFilters >= 0 Then
    For i = 0 To NumFilters
        Write #1, lstFilters(FILTER_MAP).List(i)
    Next i
End If

Close 1
MousePointerContinue

Exit Sub

SaveFiltersError:

Close 1
MousePointerContinue

Beep

'prompt user to deal with error
PassiveHelp "An error has occurred while saving the available filters. 'Retry' will attempt to save them again."
MsgboxAnswer = MsgBox("Unable to save the list of available filters:" & Chr(13) & Error(Err),
MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
PassiveHelp ""
If MsgboxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
    Resume
End If

Exit Sub

End Sub
'_____
Sub txtLatin_Click (Index As Integer)

```

```

'don't allow read-only filters to be modified
If      (lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex)      =      "Transliterate")      Or
(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex)      =      "KOI-7")      Or
(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex)      =      "Native      Format")      Or
(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex) = "Phonetic Unique") Then
    Beep
    MsgBox ("This is a built-in filter and cannot be modified. To make changes to it, save it as a new name,
then modify that filter."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Illegal Operation")
    cmdSaveAs.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
End If

End Sub
'

Sub txtLatin_KeyDown (Index As Integer, KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)
    'control key in combination with cursor keys selects next cell
    If Shift = 2 Then
        'cursor down moves down one cell
        If KeyCode = 40 Then
            Index = Index + 1
            'wrap around on 'Alphabet' folder
            If Index = 66 Then
                Index = 0
            'wrap around on 'Miscellaneous' folder
            ElseIf Index > NUM_MAPPINGS Then
                Index = 66
            End If
            'go to new cell
            txtLatin(Index).SetFocus
            KeyCode = 0
        ElseIf KeyCode = 38 Then
            'cursor up moves up one cell
            Index = Index - 1
            'wrap around on 'Miscellaneous' folder
            If Index = 65 Then
                Index = NUM_MAPPINGS
            'wrap around on 'Alphabet' folder
            ElseIf Index < 0 Then
                Index = 65
            End If
            'go to new cell
            txtLatin(Index).SetFocus
            KeyCode = 0
        End If
    End If

```

```

'cursor left moves left of column
ElseIf KeyCode = 37 Then
    'wrap around 'Miscellaneous' folder
    If Index > 65 Then
        Index = Index - 11
        'wrap to third column
        If Index < 66 Then
            Index = Index + 33
        End If
    Else
        Index = Index - 11
        'wrap around on 'Alphabet' folder
        If Index < 0 Then
            Index = Index + 66
        End If
    End If
    'go to new cell
    txtLatin(Index).SetFocus
    KeyCode = 0
'cursor right moves right of column
ElseIf KeyCode = 39 Then
    'wrap around 'Miscellaneous' folder
    If Index > 65 Then
        Index = Index + 11
        'wrap to first column
        If Index > NUM_MAPPINGS Then
            Index = Index - 33
        End If
    Else
        Index = Index + 11
        'wrap around on 'Alphabet' folder
        If Index > 65 Then
            Index = Index - 66
        End If
    End If
    'go to new cell
    txtLatin(Index).SetFocus
    KeyCode = 0
End If
End If

End Sub
'

Sub txtLatin_KeyPress (Index As Integer, KeyAscii As Integer)

```

```

Dim i As Integer

'carriage return moves to next field
If KeyAscii = 13 Then
    KeyAscii = 0
    'if not at end of alphabet folder list, go to next field...
    If Index < 65 Then
        Index = Index + 1
    '...otherwise
    Else
        'if in misc folder...
        If Index >= 66 Then
            'if not at end of misc folder, go to next field...
            If Index < NUM_MAPPINGS Then
                Index = Index + 1
            '...otherwise wrap to start of misc folder
            Else
                Index = 66
            End If
        '...otherwise wrap to start of alphabet folder
        Else
            Index = 0
        End If
    End If
    'set focus to new field
    txtLatin(Index).SetFocus
    Exit Sub
End If

'allow backspace to be processed normally
If KeyAscii = 8 Then
    Exit Sub
End If

'field cannot start with colon
If KeyAscii = Asc(":") And Len(txtLatin(Index)) = 0 Then
    Beep
    KeyAscii = 0
    PassiveHelp "The colon is used to separate numeric values in two-byte mappings; for example: 0:65 or $00:$41."
    MsgBox ("This field cannot begin with a colon. If you are attempting to enter the colon as a mapping character, enter 58 instead (i.e. its ASCII code)", MB_ICONSTOP, ("Invalid Input"))
    PassiveHelp ""
    Exit Sub
End If

```

```

'if colon present, mask any more colons
If InStr(txtLatin(Index), ":") And KeyAscii = Asc(":") Then
    Beep
    KeyAscii = 0
    PassiveHelp ""
    MsgBox ("Only one colon is allowed in this field."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Invalid Input")
    Exit Sub
End If

End Sub
'

Sub txtLatin_LostFocus (Index As Integer)

    'if single space entered,
    If txtLatin(Index) = " " Then
        Beep
        PassiveHelp ""
        MsgBox ("The space character cannot be entered directly. Its ASCII code will be substituted."),
        MB_ICONINFORMATION, ("Automatic Conversion")
        txtLatin(Index) = "32"
    End If

    'remove leading/trailing spaces
    txtLatin(Index) = Trim(txtLatin(Index))

End Sub
'

Sub txtLatin_MouseMove (Index As Integer, Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)

    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Input the letters(s) from the abstract which will be interpreted as the Russian letters shown."
End Sub
'

'(frmHelp): displays topical help from given file
'
Option Explicit
'

Sub cmdClose_Click ()

```

```

frmHelp.Hide
End Sub
'_____
Sub Form_Activate ()
    Dim HelpFunction As String
    Dim Description As String
    Dim HowTo      As String
    Dim Commands   As String
    Dim FileLine   As String

    On Error GoTo LoadHelpError

    'open help file passed in form tag field
    Open Tag For Input As 10

    'get field info
    Line Input #10, HelpFunction
    Line Input #10, Description

    'get to 'how to' field
    Do
        Line Input #10, FileLine
    Loop Until (FileLine = "~") Or EOF(10)
    'extract lines
    Do
        Line Input #10, FileLine
        If FileLine <> "~" Then
            HowTo = HowTo & FileLine & Chr(13) & Chr(10)
        Else
            Exit Do
        End If
    Loop Until EOF(10)

    'extract 'commands' lines
    Do
        Line Input #10, FileLine
        Commands = Commands & FileLine & Chr(13) & Chr(10)
    Loop Until EOF(10)

    Close 10
    'display info in fields

```

```

pnlFunction.Caption = HelpFunction
pnlDescription.Caption = Description
txtHowDoI.Text = HowTo
txtHowDoI.SelStart = 0
txtCommands.Text = Commands
txtCommands.SelStart = 0

Exit Sub

LoadHelpError:

'prompt user to deal with load fail
Beep
MousePointerContinue
MsgBox ("Unable to load help file '" & UCASE(Tag) & "' :" & Chr(13) & Error(Err) & "."), MB_ICONEXCLAMATION,
("File Error")
Hide
Exit Sub

End Sub

'_____
Sub txtCommands_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)

'prevent editing of help info
KeyAscii = 0

End Sub

'_____
Sub txtCommands_MouseUp (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)

'prevent editing of help info
txtCommands.SelLength = 0

End Sub

'_____
Sub txtHowDoI_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)

'prevent editing of help info
KeyAscii = 0

End Sub

```

```
'_____
Sub txtHowDoI_MouseUp (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'prevent editing of help info
    txtHowDoI.SelLength = 0
End Sub
'_____
'(frmLookup): symbolic constant lookup dialog, takes Russian word and shows symbolic constant(s) generated from
known word info
'_____
Option Explicit
'_____
Sub cmdHelp_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp "Display help on how to look up a word or phrase."
End Sub
'_____
Sub cmdOK_Click ()
    'return to main window
    PassiveHelp ""
    Hide
End Sub
'_____
Sub cmdOK_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp "Close this dialog and returns to the main interface."
End Sub
'_____
Sub Form_Activate ()
    'make sure entry field is empty and gets default focus
    txtSearchString.Height = 252
    txtSearchString = ""
    txtSearchString.SetFocus

```

```

End Sub
'
Sub lstResults_DblClick ()
    'insert symbolic constant into russian expression
    frmTransferRuleEntry.txtRussian = frmTransferRuleEntry.txtRussian & Trim(lstResults)
End Sub
'
Sub lstResults_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp "Lists the symbolic constants extracted from the search word or phrase."
End Sub
'
Sub pnlRoot_DragDrop (Source As Control, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'
Sub txtSearchString_Change ()
    'clear current list when new search word entered
    lstResults.Clear
End Sub
'
Sub txtSearchString_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    Dim Details As TransferType
    Dim Hits As Integer
    Dim i, j As Integer

    'carriage return initiates search
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        'verify something entered
        If txtSearchString = "" Then

```

```

        Beep
        MsgBox ("You must enter a word or phrase to look up."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Missing Entry")
        Exit Sub
    End If

    'do lookup
    LookupWord ("", & txtSearchString), Details, True

    'if it fails, return message; otherwise...
    If Details.NumMatches = 0 Then
        Beep
        MsgBox ("This word or the given inflection for it is not present in the lexicon."), MB_ICONEXCLAMATION,
    ("Lookup Failed")
        '...load list box with returned symbolic constants
    Else
        lstResults.Clear
        For i = 1 To Details.NumMatches
            lstResults.AddItem Details.Match(i).LexiconEntry.Target & ":"
            For j = 1 To Details.Match(i).SymbolicConstants.NumSymbolicConstants
                lstResults.AddItem " " & Details.Match(i).SymbolicConstants.SymbolicConstant(j)
            Next j
            lstResults.AddItem ""
        Next i
    End If

    'highlight lookup word and set focus
    txtSearchString.SelStart = 0
    txtSearchString.SelLength = Len(txtSearchString)
    txtSearchString.SetFocus
End If

End Sub
'

Sub txtSearchString_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show help in info line
    PassiveHelp "Enter a word or phrase to look up. To switch keyboard layouts, press CTRL+SHIFT."
End Sub
'

'(frmLookupResults): lists results of lexicon lookup when more than one match found
'
Option Explicit

```

```
'_____
Sub cmdCancel_Click ()
    'return code indicating cancel selected
    Tag = "[CANCEL]"
    timerScroll.Enabled = False
    Hide
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdCancel_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Abort this lookup and return to the Lexicon Editor."
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdHelp_Click ()
    'bring up help
    frmHelp.Tag = HELP5_FILENAME
    frmHelp.Show 1
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdHelp_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Display topical help on multiple lexicon entry lookups."
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdOK_Click ()
    'return code indicating ok selected
    Tag = "[OK]"
    timerScroll.Enabled = False
    Hide
End Sub
```

```
'_____
Sub cmdOK_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Accept the selected entry and display its information."
End Sub

'_____
Sub Form_Activate ()
    'set form components
    lstResults(0).Height = 2380
    lstResults(1).Height = 2380
    timerScroll.Enabled = True

    'initialize form return code
    Tag = ""

    'set default to first list element
    lstResults(0).ListIndex = 0
    lstResults(0).SetFocus

End Sub

'_____
Sub lstResults_Click (Index As Integer)
    'set focus to both lists simultaneously
    lstResults(1 - Index).ListIndex = lstResults(Index).ListIndex
End Sub

'_____
Sub lstResults_DblClick (Index As Integer)
    'double-click selects current entry and clicks OK
    cmdOK_Click
End Sub

'_____
Sub lstResults_MouseDown (Index As Integer, Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'set focus to both lists simultaneously

```

```

        lstResults(1 - Index).ListIndex = lstResults(Index).ListIndex
End Sub
'
Sub lstResults_MouseMove (Index As Integer, Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Select the lexicon entry you want to display."
End Sub
'
Sub pnlRoot_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'
'deal with scrolling both lists simultaneously
'
Sub timerScroll_Timer ()
    Static PrevTop0 As Integer
    Static PrevTop1 As Integer

    'if first list changed, reposition second
    If lstResults(0).TopIndex <> PrevTop0 Then
        PrevTop0 = lstResults(0).TopIndex
        lstResults(1).TopIndex = lstResults(0).TopIndex
    'if second list changed, reposition first
    ElseIf lstResults(1).TopIndex <> PrevTop1 Then
        PrevTop1 = lstResults(1).TopIndex
        lstResults(0).TopIndex = lstResults(1).TopIndex
    End If
End Sub
'
'(frmMain): MDI parent form of entire program.  Home to main interface, menus, and all child forms and dialogs
'
Option Explicit

```

```

'_
'determine if any changes made to documents. If so, prompt to save
'_
Function ConfirmClose () As Integer

    'if changes made to source abstract, prompt to save
    If gAbstractModified Then
        Beep
        MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("The converted abstract has been modified." & Chr(13) & Chr(13) & "Do you want to save
the changes?", MB_YESNOCANCEL + MB_ICONEXCLAMATION, "Confirm Close")
        'if confirmed, initiate save procedure; otherwise...
        If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_YES Then
            menuSaveConvertedAbstract_Click
            '...if canceled, fail function
        ElseIf MsgBoxAnswer = ID_CANCEL Then
            ConfirmClose = False
            Exit Function
        End If
    End If

    'if changes made to transliteration, prompt to save
    If gTransliterationModified Then
        Beep
        MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("The transliteration of this abstract has been modified." & Chr(13) & Chr(13) & "Do you
want to save the changes?", MB_YESNOCANCEL + MB_ICONEXCLAMATION, "Confirm Close")
        'if confirmed, initiate save procedure; otherwise...
        If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_YES Then
            menuSaveTransliteration_Click
            '...if canceled, fail function
        ElseIf MsgBoxAnswer = ID_CANCEL Then
            ConfirmClose = False
            Exit Function
        End If
    End If

    'if changes made to translation, prompt to save
    If gTranslationModified Then
        Beep
        MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("The translation of this abstract has been modified." & Chr(13) & Chr(13) & "Do you
want to save the changes?", MB_YESNOCANCEL + MB_ICONEXCLAMATION, "Confirm Close")
        'if confirmed, initiate save procedure; otherwise...
        If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_YES Then
            menuSaveTranslation_Click
            '...if canceled, fail function
    End If
End Function

```

```

ElseIf MsgBoxAnswer = ID_CANCEL Then
    ConfirmClose = False
    Exit Function
End If
End If

'go ahead with close or exit
ConfirmClose = True

End Function
'

Sub MDIForm_Activate ()
    Static OneShot As Integer
    Dim i As Integer

    'run this code only on startup AFTER screen displayed
    If Not OneShot Then
        OneShot = True

        'display title form while initialization performed
        DoEvents
        MousePointerWait
        frmStartup.Show

        'small delay loop to allow startup form to be drawn
        For i = 1 To 5000
            DoEvents
        Next i

        'get configuration settings
        LoadConfigSettings

        'load default system filter
        PassiveHelp "Loading and unpacking import filters..."
        Load frmFilter

        'set up Cyrillic lookup table for sorting
        DefineSortOrder

        'initialize fixed translation tables
        PassiveHelp "Defining inflection and constant tables..."
        DefineInflectionPatterns
        DefineSymbolicConstantTable

```

```

'load bilingual lexicon
LoadLexicon

'load lexicon editor
MousePointerWait
PassiveHelp "Generating lexicon index..."
DoEvents
Load frmLexiconEditor

'load cleanup filters
LoadCleanupFilters

'load transfer rules
LoadTransferRules

'get rid of title form
Unload frmStartup

'go
PassiveHelp ""
MousePointerContinue
menuFile.Enabled = True
menuEdit.Enabled = True
menuOptions.Enabled = True
menuWindow.Enabled = True
menuHelp.Enabled = True
End If

End Sub
'

Sub MDIForm_Load ()
    'delimiter char to separate mapping entries in filter. This should be a constant, but Visual
    'Basic constant declarations don't allow functions (ie. Chr). The delimiter must be a non-
    'printable character, so it is defined here
    gPackDelimiter = Chr(7)
    DoEvents
End Sub
'

Sub MDIForm_Resize ()
    'set form colors according to user preferences

```

```

pnlStatusBar.BackColor = BACKGROUND_COLOR
pnlInfo.BackColor = BACKGROUND_COLOR

'place status bar at bottom of main window and scale to current screen dimensions
pnlStatus.Width = ScaleWidth * .25
pnlStatus.Left = ScaleWidth - pnlStatus.Width - 30
pnlInfo.Width = pnlStatus.Left - 60
pnlStatusBar.Top = 350

'preload certain forms to avoid update delays
Load frmAbout
DoEvents

'revert mouse pointer from hourglass back to arrow
MousePointerContinue

End Sub
'_____
Sub MDIForm_Unload (Cancel As Integer)
    'intercept mouse click on close icon and route control to menu option Exit
    menuExit_Click

End Sub
'_____
Sub menuAbout_Click ()
    'display 'About' form modally
    frmAbout.Show 1

End Sub
'_____
Sub menuArrangeIcons_Click ()
    'arrange minimized child forms on MDIParent
    frmMain.Arrange 3

End Sub
'_____
Sub menuCascade_Click ()

```

```

'cascade child forms on MDIParent
frmMain.Arrange 0

End Sub
'

Sub menuCleanupFilterEditor_Click ()
    'bring up cleanup filter editor
    frmCleanupFilterEditor.Show 1
End Sub
'

Sub menuCloseAbstract_Click ()
    'prompt to save any unsaved changes
    If ConfirmClose() Then
        'make functions unavailable
        menuCloseAbstract.Enabled = False
        menuPrint.Enabled = False
        menuSave.Enabled = False

        'reset globals
        ResetAbstract

        'close forms
        Unload frmTransliteration
        Unload frmAbstract
        Unload frmTranslation
        Unload frmTranslationDetails
    End If
End Sub
'

Sub menuContents_Click ()
    Beep
    MsgBox ("Sorry, the on-line help is not available in this version." & Chr(13) & "See the thesis text for further
information."), MB_ICONINFORMATION, ("No Help")
End Sub
'

```

```

Sub menuCustomize_Click ()
    'bring up customize dialog
    frmCustomize.Show 1

End Sub
'_____
Sub menuExit_Click ()
    'prompt to save any unsaved changes
    If ConfirmClose() Then
        'terminate
        End
    End If

End Sub
'_____
Sub menuImportFilterSetup_Click ()
    MousePointerWait

    'set 'Alphabet' folder to default. Double-zero indicates set focus on filter form to filter list
    frmFilter.Tag = "00"

    'call up filter editor
    frmFilter.Show 1

End Sub
'_____
Sub menuLexiconEditor_Click ()
    'call up lexicon editor form
    MousePointerWait
    frmLexiconEditor.Show 1

End Sub
'_____
Sub menuOpenAbstract_Click ()
    On Error GoTo ErrorOnOpen

```

```

Dim InString      As String
Dim LineBreak     As String
Dim AbstractLen   As Long

'confirm save changes before closing to open new abstract
menuCloseAbstract_Click

'call up common dialog to open abstract file
CMDDialog.Flags    =   CMFILEDIALOG_HIDEREADONLY   Or   CMFILEDIALOG_FILEMUSTEXIST   Or   CMFILEDIALOG_SHOWHELP   'Or
CMFILEDIALOG_NOVALIDATE
CMDDialog.Filename = ""

'determine how to format abstract:
'translation mode expects .abs files and strips line breaks
If gOperationMode = ABSTRACT_MODE Then
    LineBreak = " "
    CMDDialog.DialogTitle = "Open Abstract"
    CMDDialog.DefaultExt = "abs"
    CMDDialog.Filter = "Source Abstract (*.abs)|*.abs|Converted Abstract (*.cvt)|*.cvt|Text (*.txt)|*.txt>All
Files|*.*"
    'email mode expects .txt and retains line breaks
Else
    LineBreak = Chr(13)
    CMDDialog.DialogTitle = "Open E-Mail Message"
    CMDDialog.DefaultExt = "txt"
    CMDDialog.Filter = "E-mail Message (*.txt)|*.txt|Source Abstract (*.abs)|*.abs|Converted Abstract
(*.cvt)|*.cvt|Text (*.txt)|*.txt>All Files|*.*"
End If

CMDDialog.Action = 1

'unload current abstract forms
Unload frmAbstract
Unload frmTransliteration

'attempt to access file; if this fails, error handler takes over
MousePointerWait
PassiveHelp "Opening '" & CMDDialog.FileTitle & "'...."
Open (CMDDialog.Filename) For Input As 1

PassiveHelp "Reading '" & CMDDialog.FileTitle & "'...."
'check length of abstract
AbstractLen = FileLen(CMDDialog.Filename)
'if it's too big, abort
If AbstractLen > MAX_ABSTRACT_CHARS Then

```

```

        Error 14
End If

'read abstract in original format
gRawAbstract = ""
Do Until EOF(1)
    Line Input #1, InString
    gRawAbstract = gRawAbstract & InString & LineBreak
Loop
Close 1
gRawAbstract = gRawAbstract & LineBreak

'assume conversion success until shown otherwise
frmConvert.Tag = "[OK]"

'apply default filter to convert abstract to internal format
gAbstract = ConvertAbstract(StripWhitespace(gRawAbstract), True, "Applying the default filter to convert the
abstract...")

'verify that conversion did not detect any unmapped characters. Then check first few words in
'abstract against lexicon to determine if actual Russian words are generated by conversion.
If Not ConversionOK(gAbstract) Then
    'if this fails, get input from user on which filter(s) to apply
    frmConvert.Show 1
End If

'if conversion successful, bring up abstract
If frmConvert.Tag = "[OK]" Then
    'set current document name
    gAbstractFilename = CMDialog.Filename
    gAbstractTitle = UCase(CMDialog.Filetitle)
    gAbstractDate = FileDateTime(gAbstractFilename)
    Caption = PROGRAM_TITLE & " [" & gAbstractTitle & "]"

'display abstract in source abstract window
frmAbstract.txtAbstract = gAbstract
frmAbstract.Show

'enable Cascade, Tile, etc.
MDIChildControls (True)

'make functions available
menuCloseAbstract.Enabled = True
menuPrint.Enabled = True
menuSave.Enabled = True
Else

```

```

'blank current document name
gAbstractFilename = ""
gAbstractTitle = ""
Caption = PROGRAM_TITLE

'make functions unavailable
menuCloseAbstract.Enabled = False
menuPrint.Enabled = False
menuSave.Enabled = False

'disable Cascade, Tile, etc.
MDIChildControls (False)
End If

MousePointerContinue

Exit Sub

ErrorOnOpen:

Close 1
MousePointerContinue
pnlStatus.FloodPercent = 0

'if 'Cancel' clicked, abort Open...
If Err = CMDIALOG_CANCEL_ERROR Then
    Exit Sub

'...otherwise inform of error
Else
    Beep
    PassiveHelp ""
    Select Case Err
        'file is too big
        Case 14 'out of string space
            MsgBox ("This file is too big to be an abstract." & Chr(13) & "It cannot be translated."),
MB_ICONSTOP, ("Invalid File")
            Exit Sub
        'file not found
        Case FILEACCESS_FILENOFOUND:
            MsgBox ("The requested abstract file '" & CMDialog.Filename & "' cannot be found." & Chr(13) & "Make
sure you have specified the correct path and filename."), MB_ICONEXCLAMATION, ("File Error")
            'open common dialog again
            menuOpenAbstract_Click

```

```

        Exit Sub
    'path not found
    Case FILEACCESS_PATHNOTFOUND:
        MsgBox ("The requested directory cannot be found." & Chr(13) & "Make sure you have specified the
correct path."), MB_ICONEXCLAMATION, ("File Error")
        'open common dialog again
        menuOpenAbstract_Click
        Exit Sub
    'generic error message
    Case Else:
        MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Upon trying to open the abstract file '" & CMDDialog.Filename & "' , a " &
LCase(Error) & " error occurred.", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
        'if user wants to try again, attempt to re-execution operation...
        If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
            Resume
        ...otherwise abort operation
        Else
            'open common dialog again
            Exit Sub
        End If
    End Select
End If

Exit Sub

End Sub
'

Sub menuPageSetup_Click ()
On Error GoTo ErrorOnSetup

'call up common dialog to set print up
CMDDialog.Flags = CMPIPRINTDIALOG_PRINTSETUP
CMDDialog.DialogTitle = "Print"
CMDDialog.Action = 5

Exit Sub

ErrorOnSetup:
'if 'Cancel' clicked, abort setup...
If Err = CMDIALOG_CANCEL_ERROR Then

```

```

        Exit Sub

    '...otherwise inform of error
Else
    Beep
    PassiveHelp ""
    MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Upon trying to set up the printer, a " & LCase(Error) & " error occurred.", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
    'if user wants to try again, attempt to re-execution operation...
    If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
        Resume
    End If
End If

        Exit Sub

End Sub

'_____
Sub menuPostEditTranslation_Click ()
    Dim Status As Long

    On Error GoTo ShellError

    'copy translation
    frmTranslation.txtTranslation.SelStart = 0
    frmTranslation.txtTranslation.SelLength = Len(frmTranslation.txtTranslation)
    SendKeys "^C", True
    frmTranslation.txtTranslation.SelLength = 0

    'attempt to launch selected editor
    MousePointerWait
    Status = Shell(gPostEditorFilename, 3)
    DoEvents

    'paste translation into newly opened document
    SendKeys gPostEditorPasteSequence, True
    MousePointerContinue

        Exit Sub

ShellError:

```

```

'error handler
Beep
MousePointerContinue
MsgBox ("Unable to open " & gPostEditorAPIName & " (" & UCase(gPostEditorFilename) & "):" & Chr(13) &
Error(Err)), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Post-Edit Failure")
Exit Sub

End Sub
'_____
Sub menuPrintConvertedAbstract_Click ()
    'print converted abstract
    PrintDocuments (CONVERTED_ABSTRACT)
End Sub
'_____
Sub menuPrintTranslation_Click ()
    'print translation
    PrintDocuments (TRANSLATION)
End Sub
'_____
Sub menuPrintTranslationDetails_Click ()
    'print transfer details
    PrintDocuments (TRANSLATION_DETAILS)
End Sub
'_____
Sub menuPrintTransliteration_Click ()
    'print transliteration
    PrintDocuments (TRANSLITERATION)
End Sub
'_____
Sub menuSaveConvertedAbstract_Click ()
    On Error GoTo ErrorOnSaveConvertedAbstract

```

```

'call up common dialog to save converted abstract file
CMDialog.Flags = CMFILEDIALOG_SHOWHELP Or CMFILEDIALOG_OVERWRITEPROMPT Or CMFILEDIALOG_HIDEREADONLY
CMDialog.DialogTitle = "Save Converted Abstract"
CMDialog.Filename = StripExtension("") & CMDialog.Filetitle
CMDialog.DefaultExt = "cvt"
CMDialog.Filter = "Converted Abstract (*.cvt)|*.cvt|Text (*.txt)|*.txt>All Files|*.*"
CMDialog.Action = 2

'create file; if this fails, error handler takes over
MousePointerWait
PassiveHelp "Opening '" & CMDialog.Filetitle & "'..."
Open (CMDialog.Filename) For Output As 1
PassiveHelp "Writing '" & CMDialog.Filetitle & "'..."
Print #1, frmAbstract.txtAbstract
Close 1
PassiveHelp ""
MousePointerContinue

Exit Sub

ErrorOnSaveConvertedAbstract:

Close 1
MousePointerContinue

'if 'Cancel' clicked, abort Open...
If Err = CMDIALOG_CANCEL_ERROR Then
    Exit Sub

'...otherwise inform of error
Else
    Beep
    PassiveHelp ""
    MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Upon trying to save the converted abstract file '" & CMDialog.Filename & "', a " &
LCase(Error) & " error occurred.", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
    'if user wants to try again, attempt to re-execution operation
    If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
        Resume
    End If
End If

Exit Sub

```

```

End Sub
'
Sub menuSaveTranslation_Click ()
    On Error GoTo ErrorOnSaveTranslation

    'call up common dialog to save converted abstract file
    CMDDialog.Flags = CMFILEDIALOG_SHOWHELP Or CMFILEDIALOG_OVERWRITEPROMPT Or CMFILEDIALOG_HIDEREADONLY
    CMDDialog.DialogTitle = "Save Translation"
    CMDDialog.Filename = StripExtension("") & CMDDialog.Filetitle
    CMDDialog.DefaultExt = "trn"
    CMDDialog.Filter = "Translation (*.trn)|*.trn|Text (*.txt)|*.txt>All Files|*.*"
    CMDDialog.Action = 2

    'create file; if this fails, error handler takes over
    MousePointerWait
    PassiveHelp "Opening '" & CMDDialog.Filetitle & "'..."
    Open (CMDDialog.Filename) For Output As 1
    PassiveHelp "Writing '" & CMDDialog.Filetitle & "'..."
    'Print #1, frmSourceAbstract.txtAbstract
    Close 1
    PassiveHelp ""
    MousePointerContinue

    Exit Sub

ErrorOnSaveTranslation:
    Close 1
    MousePointerContinue

    'if 'Cancel' clicked, abort Open...
    If Err = CMDIALOG_CANCEL_ERROR Then
        Exit Sub

    '...otherwise inform of error
    Else
        Beep
        PassiveHelp ""
        MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Upon trying to save the translation file '" & CMDDialog.Filename & "', a " &
LCase(Error) & " error occurred.", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")

```

```

'if user wants to try again, attempt to re-execution operation
If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
    Resume
End If
End If

Exit Sub

End Sub
'

Sub menuSaveTranslationDetails_Click ()
    On Error GoTo ErrorOnSaveTranslationDetails

    'call up common dialog to save translation details file
    CMDDialog.Flags = CMFILEDIALOG_SHOWHELP Or CMFILEDIALOG_OVERWRITEPROMPT Or CMFILEDIALOG_HIDEREADONLY
    CMDDialog.DialogTitle = "Save Translation Details"
    CMDDialog.Filename = StripExtension("") & CMDDialog.Filetitle
    CMDDialog.DefaultExt = "tdt"
    CMDDialog.Filter = "Translation Details (*.tdt)|*.tdt|Text (*.txt)|*.txt|All Files|*.*"
    CMDDialog.Action = 2

    'copy log file; if this fails, error handler takes over
    MousePointerWait
    PassiveHelp "Opening '" & CMDDialog.Filetitle & "'..."
    FileCopy DETAILS_LOG_FILENAME, CMDDialog.Filename
    PassiveHelp "Writing '" & CMDDialog.Filetitle & "'..."
    PassiveHelp ""
    MousePointerContinue

    Exit Sub

ErrorOnSaveTranslationDetails:
    MousePointerContinue

    'if 'Cancel' clicked, abort Open...
    If Err = CMDIALOG_CANCEL_ERROR Then
        Exit Sub

    '...otherwise inform of error
    Else

```

```

        Beep
        PassiveHelp ""
        MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Upon trying to save the translation details file '" & CMDDialog.Filename & "', a " &
LCase(Error) & " error occurred.", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
        'if user wants to try again, attempt to re-execution operation
        If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
            Resume
        End If
    End If

    Exit Sub
End Sub
'

Sub menuSaveTransliteration_Click ()
    On Error GoTo ErrorOnSaveTransliteration

    'call up common dialog to save transliteration file
    CMDDialog.Flags = CMFILEDIALOG_SHOWHELP Or CMFILEDIALOG_OVERWRITEPROMPT Or CMFILEDIALOG_HIDEREADONLY
    CMDDialog.DialogTitle = "Save Transliteration"
    CMDDialog.Filename = StripExtension("") & CMDDialog.Filetitle
    CMDDialog.DefaultExt = "tlt"
    CMDDialog.Filter = "Transliteration (*.tlt)|*.tlt|Text (*.txt)|*.txt>All Files|*.*"
    CMDDialog.Action = 2

    'create file; if this fails, error handler takes over
    MousePointerWait
    PassiveHelp "Opening '" & CMDDialog.Filetitle & "'..."
    Open (CMDDialog.Filename) For Output As 1
    PassiveHelp "Writing '" & CMDDialog.Filetitle & "'..."
    Print #1, frmTransliteration.txtTransliteration
    Close 1
    PassiveHelp ""
    MousePointerContinue

    Exit Sub

ErrorOnSaveTransliteration:
    Close 1
    MousePointerContinue

```

```

'if 'Cancel' clicked, abort Open...
If Err = CMDIALOG_CANCEL_ERROR Then
    Exit Sub

'...otherwise inform of error
Else
    Beep
    PassiveHelp ""
    MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Upon trying to save the transliteration file '" & CMDDialog.Filename & "' , a " &
LCASE(Error) & " error occurred.", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
    'if user wants to try again, attempt to re-execution operation
    If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
        Resume
    End If
End If

Exit Sub

End Sub
'

Sub menuSearchForHelpOn_Click ()
    Beep
    MsgBox ("Sorry, the on-line help is not available in this version." & Chr(13) & "See the thesis text for further
information."), MB_ICONINFORMATION, ("No Help")

End Sub
'

Sub menuSummaryInfo_Click ()
    'call up summary form
    frmSummaryInfo.Show 1

End Sub
'

Sub menuTileHorizontally_Click ()
    'tile child forms horizontally on MDIParent
    frmMain.Arrange 2

End Sub

```

```

'_____
Sub menuTileVertically_Click ()
    'tile child forms vertically on MDIParent
    frmMain.Arrange 1
End Sub

'_____
Sub menuTransferDetails_Click ()
    Dim Detail As String
    On Error GoTo ErrorOnOpenTranslationDetails

    'clear old details
    frmTranslationDetails.lstDetails.Clear

    'load current details from log file
    Open DETAILS_LOG_FILENAME For Input As 5
    Do Until EOF(5)
        Input #5, Detail
        frmTranslationDetails.lstDetails.AddItem Detail
    Loop
    Close 5

    'display transfer details
    frmTranslationDetails.Show

    Exit Sub

ErrorOnOpenTranslationDetails:
    'prompt user to deal with read fail
    Beep
    Close 5
    MousePointerContinue
    MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Unable to read the transfer details log file '" & UCase(DETAILS_LOG_FILENAME) & "' :" &
Chr(13) & Error Err) & ".", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
    'retry attempts to open it again;
    If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
        Resume
    'otherwise abort log, but continue translation
    Else

```

```

        frmTranslationDetails.lstDetails.AddItem "No transfer details available."
        Exit Sub
    End If

End Sub
'

Sub menuTransferRuleEditor_Click ()
    'bring up transfer rule editor
    frmTransferRuleEditor.Show 1
End Sub
'

Sub menuTranslate_Click ()
    'translate current document
    Translate

    'display translation window
    frmTranslation.Show
End Sub
'

Sub menuTransliterate_Click ()
    Dim TRANSLITERATION As String

    'attempt to transliterate Russian abstract text
    TRANSLITERATION = Transliterate(gAbstract)

    'if successful, display; otherwise...
    If TRANSLITERATION <> "" Then
        frmTransliteration.txtTransliteration = TRANSLITERATION
        frmTransliteration.Show

        '...inform user of failure
    Else
        Beep
        MsgBox ("Unable to transliterate the Russian abstract."), MB_ICONEXCLAMATION, ("Transliteration Failure")
    End If

End Sub

```

```

'_____
Sub pnlStatusBar_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, x As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub

'_____
Sub pnlTime_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, x As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub

'_____
'format and print selected documents
'_____
Sub PrintDocuments (DocumentCode As Integer)

    Dim Detail    As String
    Dim Printing  As String

    Const TOP_MARGIN = 1000
    Const LEFT_MARGIN = 1000
    Const LINE_WIDTH = 9100

    On Error GoTo ErrorOnPrint

    'determine which document to print
    Select Case DocumentCode

        'english translation
        Case TRANSLATION:
            Printing = "the English translation"

        'latin transliteration
        Case TRANSLITERATION:
            Printing = "the transliterated text"

        'set page attributes
        Printer.FontName = "Arial"
        Printer.FontSize = 13
    End Select
End Sub

```

```

'print header
Printer.CurrentX = LEFT_MARGIN
Printer.CurrentY = TOP_MARGIN
Printer.Print "Abstract ["; gAbstractTitle; "]"
Printer.CurrentX = LEFT_MARGIN
Printer.Print "Transliterated Text:"
Printer.FontSize = 12
Printer.Print

'format margins and print transliteration
WordWrap ("<" & frmTransliteration.txtTransliteration), LEFT_MARGIN, TOP_MARGIN, LINE_WIDTH

'spool output
Printer.EndDoc

'russian abstract
Case CONVERTED_ABSTRACT:
    Printing = "the Russian abstract"

'set page attributes
Printer.FontName = "Arial"
Printer.FontSize = 13

'print header
Printer.CurrentX = LEFT_MARGIN
Printer.CurrentY = TOP_MARGIN
Printer.Print "Abstract ["; gAbstractTitle; "]"
Printer.FontSize = 12
Printer.Print
Printer.FontName = "K8 Arial"

'format margins and print abstract
WordWrap ("<" & frmAbstract.txtAbstract), LEFT_MARGIN, TOP_MARGIN, LINE_WIDTH

'spool output
Printer.EndDoc

'transfer details
Case TRANSLATION_DETAILS
    Printing = "the transfer details"

'set page attributes
Printer.FontName = "K8 Kurier"
Printer.FontSize = 10

'dump details log to printer

```

```

MousePointerWait
Open DETAILS_LOG_FILENAME For Input As 5
Do Until EOF(5)
    Input #5, Detail
    Printer.Print Detail
Loop
Close 5

'spool output
Printer.EndDoc
MousePointerContinue
End Select

DoEvents

Exit Sub

ErrorOnPrint:
Beep
Close 5
MousePointerContinue

MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Upon trying to print " & Printing & ", a " & LCase(Error) & " error occurred.",
MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_ABORTRETRYIGNORE + MB_DEFBUTTON2, "File Error")
'if user wants to try again, attempt to re-execution operation...
If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
    Resume
    '...abort skips this document and goes to next, if any...
ElseIf MsgBoxAnswer = ID_IGNORE Then
    Resume Next
    '...otherwise abort operation
Else
    Exit Sub
End If

End Sub

'_____
'when abstract closed or new loaded, reinitialize globals
'_____
Sub ResetAbstract ()
    'reset globals

```

```

gAbstractFilename = ""
gAbstractTitle = ""
gAbstractDate = ""
gAbstractWords = 0
gLookups = 0
gLookupHits = 0
gTransferAttempts = 0
gTransferHits = 0
gEventTime = ""
gEventTick = 0
gAbstractModified = False
gTransliterationModified = False
gTranslationModified = False

'reset interface
frmMain.Caption = PROGRAM_TITLE

End Sub

'_____
'strip extension from filename
'_____
Function StripExtension (FilenameString As String) As String
    StripExtension = Left(FilenameString, InStr(FilenameString & ".", ".") - 1)
End Function

'_____
Sub timerTranslation_Timer ()
    'update clock to time translation events
    gEventTick = gEventTick + 1
    gEventTime = Mid(TimeSerial(0, 0, 0, gEventTick), 5)
End Sub

'_____
'(frmFilterSave): gets new or renamed filter name from user
'_____
Option Explicit

'_____
Sub cmdCancel_Click ()

```

```

'return to filter form with cancel flag indicating do not except file name just entered
frmFilterSave.Tag = "[CANCEL]"
frmFilterSave.Hide

End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdCancel_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Ignore this entry and leave the filter name as it already is (i.e. '') &
frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).Text & ')."

End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdOK_Click ()
    Dim NumFilters As Integer
    Dim i As Integer

    'remove leading/trailing spaces from filter name
    frmFilterSave.txtFilterName = Trim(frmFilterSave.txtFilterName)

    'verify that this filter name isn't already in use
    NumFilters = frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListCount
    If NumFilters > 0 Then
        For i = 0 To NumFilters
            'if filter name on list, then this is a duplicate, so inform user and abort
            If LCase(txtFilterName) = LCase(frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(i)) Then
                Beep
                PassiveHelp ""
                MsgBox ("This filter name is already on the list of available filters. Duplicate names are not
allowed. To save any changes to this filter, click OK on the Import Filter Editor screen."), MB_ICONSTOP,
                ("Duplicate Entry")
                txtFilterName.SetFocus
                Exit Sub
            End If
        Next i
    End If

    'return to filter form with success flag indicating filter name just entered is to be processed
    frmFilterSave.Tag = "[OK]"
    frmFilterSave.Hide

```

```

End Sub
'
Sub cmdOK_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Assign this name to the currently displayed filter."
End Sub
'
Sub Form_Activate ()
    'set default name to selected filter name. Allows user easily to append 2, 3, etc. to make
    'versions of filters. If user decides not to use current name, upon entering first character
    'of new name, current name disappears
    txtFilterName = frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).List(frmFilter.lstFilters(FILTER_NAME).ListIndex)
    txtFilterName.SelStart = 0
    txtFilterName.SelLength = txtFilterName.MaxLength

    'adjust 3d text box to current system configurations
    pnlText.Height = txtFilterName.Height + 50
    pnlText.Width = txtFilterName.Width + 50

    'focus is on entry field
    txtFilterName.SetFocus
End Sub
'
Sub pnlRoot_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'
Sub txtFilterName_Change ()
    'ok button enabled only when filter name field not empty. Prevents user from clicking OK if
    'nothing has been entered
    cmdOK.Enabled = Len(txtFilterName) > 0

```

```

End Sub
'
Sub txtFilterName_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub txtFilterName_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Enter a new name for the currently displayed filter."
End Sub
'
'(frmAbstract): displays converted abstract and provides simple editing operations
'
Option Explicit
'
Sub Form_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)
    'escape key aborts translation
    If KeyCode = 27 Then
        gAbort = True
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub Form_Load ()
    'size window to portion of parent form
    Height = Screen.Height / 1.75
    Width = Screen.Width / 1.28

    'position offset slightly from top-left
    Left = Screen.Width * .01
    Top = Screen.Height * .01

```

```

'enable functions available when source abstract form loaded
frmMain.menuTranslate.Enabled = True
frmMain.menuTransliterate.Enabled = True
frmMain.menuSaveConvertedAbstract.Enabled = True
frmMain.menuPrintConvertedAbstract.Enabled = True
frmMain.menuTranslate.Enabled = True

End Sub
'
Sub Form_Resize ()
    'fit display field vertically in window
    If Height > 450 Then
        pnlRoot.Height = Height - 450
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub Form_Unload (Cancel As Integer)
    'make functions unavailable when source abstract form unloaded
    frmMain.menuTranslate.Enabled = False
    frmMain.menuTransliterate.Enabled = False
    frmMain.menuPrintConvertedAbstract.Enabled = False
    frmMain.menuSaveConvertedAbstract.Enabled = False

    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'
Sub pnlRoot_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'
Sub txtAbstract_Change ()
    Static OneShot As Integer

```

```

'update changes made
gAbstract = txtAbstract

'ignore first change when text loaded
If Not OneShot Then
    OneShot = True
    Exit Sub
Else
    'indicate that changes have been made
    gAbstractModified = True
End If

End Sub
'

Sub txtAbstract_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)

    'escape key aborts translation
    If KeyCode = 27 Then
        gAbort = True
    End If

End Sub
'

Sub txtAbstract_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)

    'display help on abstract window
    PassiveHelp "This windows shows the source abstract in Russian."

End Sub
'

'(frmStartup): shows title screen at startup while lexicon, etc. being loaded.
'

Option Explicit
'

Sub Form_Activate ()

    'set form colors according to user preferences
    pnlRoot.BackColor = BACKGROUND_COLOR
    pnlTitle.BackColor = BACKGROUND_COLOR

```

```

'center modal About form on MDI parent space
Left = Screen.Width / 2 - Width / 2
Top = Screen.Height / 2 - Height / 2
lblVersion = "Version " & VERSION_NUMBER

End Sub

'_____
'(frmSummary): displays system performance info on current document and history of all translations done
'_____
Option Explicit
'_____
Sub cmdOK_Click ()

    'return to main interface
    PassiveHelp ""
    Hide

End Sub

'_____
Sub Form_Activate ()

    Dim LookupRate As Integer
    On Error Resume Next

    'display help
    PassiveHelp "Summary information about the current abstract and system performance."

    'update statistics
    If gAbstractTitle <> "" Then
        lblFilename.Caption = gAbstractTitle
        lblCreated.Caption = gAbstractDate
    Else
        lblFilename.Caption = "n/a"
        lblCreated.Caption = "n/a"
    End If

    lblLexiconEntries.Caption = gLexiconEndPtr + 1
    lblTransferRules.Caption = gTransferRulePtr + 1
    lblImportFilter.Caption = frmFilter.lstFilters(0).List(frmFilter.lstFilters(1).ListIndex)

```

```

'total transfer time
If gEventTime <> "" Then
    lblTotalTransferTime.Caption = gEventTime
Else
    lblTotalTransferTime.Caption = "n/a"
End If

'lookup rate on this abstract
If gLookups Then
    LookupRate = (gLookupHits / gLookups) * 100
    lblLookupHits.Caption = gLookupHits & " of " & gLookups & "(" & LookupRate & "%)"
Else
    LookupRate = 0
    lblLookupHits.Caption = "n/a"
End If

'transfer rate on this abstract
If gTransferAttempts Then
    LookupRate = (gTransferHits / gTransferAttempts) * 100
    lblAverageTransferTime.Caption = Mid(TimeSerial(0, 0, gEventTick / gTransferHits), 5)
    lblTransferHits.Caption = gTransferHits & " of " & gTransferAttempts & "(" & LookupRate & "%)"
Else
    LookupRate = 0
    lblTransferHits.Caption = "n/a"
    lblAverageTransferTime.Caption = "n/a"
End If

End Sub
'

Sub pnlRoot_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'

'(frmTransferRuleEditor): simple editing environment for transfer rules
'
Option Explicit

Dim fChangesMade As Integer      'flag indicating whether changes made
Dim fRegenerate   As Integer     'flag indicating that rules should be regenerated upon close

Const PACK_DELIMITER = "      "  'delimiter between transfer rule components

```

```

'_____
Sub cmdAdd_Click ()
    'init and bring up transfer rule expression dialog editor
    frmTransferRuleEntry.txtRussian = ""
    frmTransferRuleEntry.txtEnglish = ""
    frmTransferRuleEntry.txtDescription = ""
    frmTransferRuleEntry.Show 1

    'if expression not canceled, add it to filter lists
    If frmTransferRuleEntry.Tag <> "[CANCEL]" Then
        lstTransferRule(0).AddItem PackRule(frmTransferRuleEntry.txtRussian)
        lstTransferRule(1).AddItem PackRule(frmTransferRuleEntry.txtEnglish)
        lstTransferRule(2).AddItem frmTransferRuleEntry.txtDescription
        'update editor
        cmdCancel.Enabled = True
        fChangesMade = True
    End If

End Sub
'_____
Sub cmdAdd_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Add a new transfer rule."
End Sub
'_____
Sub cmdCancel_Click ()
    'if changes made, prompt to confirm cancel
    If fChangesMade Then
        Beep
        MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Cancel will discard all the changes made." & Chr(13) & "Continue?", MB_ICONQUESTION +
        MB_YESNO + MB_DEFBUTTON2, "Confirm Cancel")
        If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_NO Then
            Exit Sub
        End If
    End If

    'overwrite changes
    LoadTransferRules

```

```

'close transfer rule editor and return to main interface
timerScroll.Enabled = False
cmdCancel.Enabled = False
PassiveHelp ""
Unload frmTransferRuleEditor

End Sub
'

Sub cmdCancel_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Discard any changes made here and return to the main interface."
End Sub
'

Sub cmdClose_Click ()
    Dim UpdateAt      As Single
    Dim RulePtr       As Integer
    Dim RuleCount     As Integer
    Dim ComponentPtr As Integer
    Dim DelimiterAt  As Integer
    Dim i              As Integer

    Static Component(MAX_SENTENCE_COMPONENTS) As String

    On Error GoTo ErrorOnTransferRuleWrite

    'update only if changes made
    If fChangesMade Then
        fChangesMade = False
        'determine update frequency
        UpdateAt = (gTransferRulePtr + 10) / 10

        'display status info during store
        DisplayWait -(gTransferRulePtr / UpdateAt), "Storing the transfer rules..."

        'update changes
        MousePointerWait
        Open TRANSFER_RULE_FILENAME For Output As 1

        'write number of rules
        Print #1, lstTransferRule(0).ListCount - 1

```

```

'write rules
For RulePtr = 0 To lstTransferRule(0).ListCount - 1

    'unpack russian rule
    ComponentPtr = 1
    RuleCount = 0
    'separate each component
    Do
        DelimiterAt = InStr(ComponentPtr, lstTransferRule(0).List(RulePtr), PACK_DELIMITER)
        'got another component; otherwise...
        If DelimiterAt Then
            Component(RuleCount) = Trim(Mid(lstTransferRule(0).List(RulePtr), ComponentPtr, DelimiterAt -
ComponentPtr))
            ComponentPtr = DelimiterAt + Len(PACK_DELIMITER)
            RuleCount = RuleCount + 1
        '...done
        Else
            Exit Do
        End If
    Loop

    'record number of components in russian rule
    Print #1, RuleCount - 1; ","
    For i = 0 To RuleCount - 1
        Print #1, Chr(34); Component(i); Chr(34); ","
    Next i

    'unpack english rule
    ComponentPtr = 1
    RuleCount = 0
    'separate each component
    Do
        DelimiterAt = InStr(ComponentPtr, lstTransferRule(1).List(RulePtr), PACK_DELIMITER)
        'got another component; otherwise...
        If DelimiterAt Then
            Component(RuleCount) = Trim(Mid(lstTransferRule(1).List(RulePtr), ComponentPtr, DelimiterAt -
ComponentPtr))
            ComponentPtr = DelimiterAt + Len(PACK_DELIMITER)
            RuleCount = RuleCount + 1
        '...done
        Else
            Exit Do
        End If
    Loop

```

```

'record number of components in english rule
Print #1, RuleCount - 1; ",";
For i = 0 To RuleCount - 1
    Print #1, Chr(34); Component(i); Chr(34); ",";
Next i

'record comments
Write #1, lstTransferRule(2).List(RulePtr)

'update status periodically
If RulePtr Mod UpdateAt = 0 Then
    DisplayWait 1, ""
End If

Next RulePtr
Close 1

'hide status
DisplayWait 0, ""

'regenerate rules if control+r pressed during session
If fRegenerate Then
    LoadTransferRules
End If

    MousePointerContinue
End If

'close transfer rule editor and return to main interface
timerScroll.Enabled = False
cmdCancel.Enabled = False
PassiveHelp ""

'close editor
Unload frmTransferRuleEditor

Exit Sub

ErrorOnTransferRuleWrite:

'prompt user to deal with store fail
Beep
Close 1
MousePointerContinue

```

```

    MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Unable to write to the transfer rule file '" & UCase(TRANSFER_RULE_FILENAME) & "' :" &
Chr(13) & ErrorErrMsg & ".", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
    'retry attempts to store it again;
    If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
        Resume
    'otherwise sacrifice changes
    Else
        Exit Sub
    End If

End Sub
'

Sub cmdClose_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Save any changes made here and return to the main interface."
End Sub
'

Sub cmdCopy_Click ()
    'copy current entry
    lstTransferRule(0).AddItem lstTransferRule(0)
    lstTransferRule(1).AddItem lstTransferRule(1)
    lstTransferRule(2).AddItem lstTransferRule(2)

End Sub
'

Sub cmdDelete_Click ()
    'confirm delete
    Beep
    MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Are you sure you want to delete the current transfer rule?", MB_ICONQUESTION + MB_YESNO +
MB_DEFBUTTON2, "Confirm Delete")
    If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_YES Then
        'delete current entry
        lstTransferRule(0).RemoveItem lstTransferRule(0).ListIndex
        lstTransferRule(1).RemoveItem lstTransferRule(1).ListIndex
        lstTransferRule(2).RemoveItem lstTransferRule(2).ListIndex
        'update editor
        cmdEdit.Enabled = False
        cmdDelete.Enabled = False
        cmdCopy.Enabled = False

```

```

        cmdCancel.Enabled = True
        fChangesMade = True
    End If

End Sub
'

Sub cmdDelete_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Delete the current transfer rule."
End Sub
'

Sub cmdEdit_Click ()
    Dim Rule          As String
    Dim DelimiterAt  As Integer
    Dim ComponentPtr As Integer

    'unpack russian rule
    Rule = ""
    ComponentPtr = 1
    'get each component and place on separate line
    Do
        DelimiterAt = InStr(ComponentPtr, lstTransferRule(0), PACK_DELIMITER)
        'got another component; otherwise...
        If DelimiterAt Then
            Rule = Rule & Trim(Mid(lstTransferRule(0), ComponentPtr, DelimiterAt - ComponentPtr)) & Chr(13) & Chr(10)
            ComponentPtr = DelimiterAt + Len(PACK_DELIMITER)
        '...done
        Else
            Exit Do
        End If
    Loop
    'display rule, stripping last CR+LF
    frmTransferRuleEntry.txtRussian = Left(Rule, Len(Rule) - 2)

    'unpack english rule
    Rule = ""
    ComponentPtr = 1
    'get each component and place on separate line
    Do
        DelimiterAt = InStr(ComponentPtr, lstTransferRule(1), PACK_DELIMITER)

```

```

'got another component; otherwise...
If DelimiterAt Then
    Rule = Rule & Trim(Mid(lstTransferRule(1), ComponentPtr, DelimiterAt - ComponentPtr)) & Chr(13) & Chr(10)
    ComponentPtr = DelimiterAt + Len(PACK_DELIMITER)
    '...done
Else
    Exit Do
End If
Loop
'display rule, stripping last CR+LF
frmTransferRuleEntry.txtEnglish = Left(Rule, Len(Rule) - 2)

'display comments
frmTransferRuleEntry.txtDescription = lstTransferRule(2)

'bring up transfer rule dialog editor
frmTransferRuleEntry.Show 1

'if rule not canceled, process it
If frmTransferRuleEntry.Tag <> "[CANCEL]" Then
    'delete current entry
    lstTransferRule(0).RemoveItem lstTransferRule(0).ListIndex
    lstTransferRule(1).RemoveItem lstTransferRule(1).ListIndex
    lstTransferRule(2).RemoveItem lstTransferRule(2).ListIndex
    'add modified entry
    lstTransferRule(0).AddItem PackRule(frmTransferRuleEntry.txtRussian)
    lstTransferRule(1).AddItem PackRule(frmTransferRuleEntry.txtEnglish)
    lstTransferRule(2).AddItem frmTransferRuleEntry.txtDescription
    'update editor
    cmdEdit.Enabled = False
    cmdDelete.Enabled = False
    cmdCopy.Enabled = False
    cmdCancel.Enabled = True
    fChangesMade = True
End If

End Sub
'

Sub cmdEdit_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Edit the selected transfer rule."
End Sub

```

```
'_____
Sub cmdHelp_Click ()
    'bring up help
    frmHelp.Tag = HELP7_FILENAME
    frmHelp.Show 1
End Sub

'_____
Sub cmdHelp_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Display help on Transfer Rule Editor."
End Sub

'_____
Sub Form_Activate ()
    'set default command availability
    cmdClose.Enabled = True
    timerScroll.Enabled = True
    cmdAdd.SetFocus
End Sub

'_____
Sub Form_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)
    'control+r regenerates transfer rules upon closing (undocumented feature)
    If (KeyCode = 82) And (Shift = 2) Then
        PassiveHelp "Transfer Rule auto-regeneration enabled."
        cmdClose_Click
        fRegenerate = True
    End If
End Sub

'_____
Sub Form_Load ()
    LoadUnexpandedTransferRules
End Sub
```

```

'_____
'get transfer rules in compressed form
Sub LoadUnexpandedTransferRules ( )

Dim TempRulePtr As Integer
Dim NumRules      As Integer
Dim NumTerms      As Integer
Dim RulePtr       As Integer
Dim TermPtr       As Integer
Dim Component     As String
Dim Rule          As String

On Error GoTo ErrorOnTransferRuleRead

'load transfer rules and build resident list
MousePointerWait
Open TRANSFER_RULE_FILENAME For Input As 1
Input #1, NumRules
DisplayWait -NumRules * 1.2, "Loading unexpanded transfer rules..."

For RulePtr = 0 To NumRules

    'get russian components of current rule
    Rule = ""
    Input #1, NumTerms
    For TermPtr = 0 To NumTerms
        Input #1, Component
        'generate string of russian rule components
        Rule = Rule & Component & PACK_DELIMITER
    Next TermPtr
    lstTransferRule(0).AddItem Rule

    'get english components of current rule
    Input #1, NumTerms
    Rule = ""
    For TermPtr = 0 To NumTerms
        Input #1, Component
        'generate string of english rule components
        Rule = Rule & Component & PACK_DELIMITER
    Next TermPtr
    lstTransferRule(1).AddItem Rule

    'get comments

```

```

Input #1, Component
'add comments
lstTransferRule(2).AddItem Component

DisplayWait 1, ""
Next RulePtr
Close 1

'hide status
DisplayWait 0, ""
MousePointerContinue

Exit Sub

ErrorOnTransferRuleRead:

'prompt user to deal with store fail
Beep
MousePointerContinue
MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Unable to read the transfer rule file '" & UCase(TRANSFER_RULE_FILENAME) & ":" & Chr(13)
& Error Err) & ".", MB_ICONEXCLAMATION + MB_RETRYCANCEL, "File Error")
'retry attempts to store it again; otherwise...
If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_RETRY Then
    Resume
'don't load rules
Else
    MsgBox ("No editing can be performed."), MB_ICONINFORMATION, ("Transfer Rules Missing")
    Unload frmTransferRuleEditor
End If

End Sub
'

Sub lstTransferRule_Click (Index As Integer)

'set focus to all lists simultaneously
lstTransferRule(0).ListIndex = lstTransferRule(Index).ListIndex
lstTransferRule(1).ListIndex = lstTransferRule(Index).ListIndex
lstTransferRule(2).ListIndex = lstTransferRule(Index).ListIndex

'edit and delete now available
cmdEdit.Enabled = True
cmdDelete.Enabled = True
cmdCopy.Enabled = True

```

```

End Sub
'
Sub lstTransferRule_DblClick (Index As Integer)
    'edit current entry
    If cmdEdit.Enabled Then
        cmdEdit_Click
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub lstTransferRule_MouseDown (Index As Integer, Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'set focus to all lists simultaneously
    lstTransferRule(0).ListIndex = lstTransferRule(Index).ListIndex
    lstTransferRule(1).ListIndex = lstTransferRule(Index).ListIndex
    lstTransferRule(2).ListIndex = lstTransferRule(Index).ListIndex
End Sub
'
Sub lstTransferRule_MouseMove (Index As Integer, Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Select an existing transfer rule."
End Sub
'
'pack unpacked transfer rule components
'
Function PackRule (UnpackedRule)

    Dim PackPtr      As Integer
    Dim DelimiterAt As Integer
    Dim PackedRule   As String
    Dim Parameter    As String

    PackPtr = 1
    'loop through unpacked rule adding pack delimiters
    Do
        DelimiterAt = InStr(PackPtr, UnpackedRule & Chr(13) & Chr(10), Chr(13) & Chr(10))

```

```

'process another component; otherwise...
If DelimiterAt Then
    'skip blank lines
    Parameter = Mid(UnpackedRule, PackPtr, DelimiterAt - PackPtr) & PACK_DELIMITER
    If Parameter <> PACK_DELIMITER Then
        PackedRule = PackedRule & Parameter
        PackPtr = DelimiterAt + 2
    Else
        Exit Do
    End If
    '...done
Else
    Exit Do
End If
Loop

'return packed rule
PackRule = PackedRule

End Function
'

Sub pnlRoot_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'

Sub pnlRoot2_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'

'deal with scrolling both lists simultaneously
'
Sub timerScroll_Timer ()
    Static PrevTop0 As Integer
    Static PrevTop1 As Integer
    Static PrevTop2 As Integer

```

```

'if first list changed, reposition other two
If lstTransferRule(0).TopIndex <> PrevTop0 Then
    PrevTop0 = lstTransferRule(0).TopIndex
    lstTransferRule(1).TopIndex = lstTransferRule(0).TopIndex
    lstTransferRule(2).TopIndex = lstTransferRule(0).TopIndex

'if second list changed, reposition other two
ElseIf lstTransferRule(1).TopIndex <> PrevTop1 Then
    PrevTop1 = lstTransferRule(1).TopIndex
    lstTransferRule(0).TopIndex = lstTransferRule(1).TopIndex
    lstTransferRule(2).TopIndex = lstTransferRule(1).TopIndex

'if third list changed, reposition other two
ElseIf lstTransferRule(2).TopIndex <> PrevTop2 Then
    PrevTop2 = lstTransferRule(2).TopIndex
    lstTransferRule(0).TopIndex = lstTransferRule(2).TopIndex
    lstTransferRule(1).TopIndex = lstTransferRule(2).TopIndex
End If

End Sub
'
'(frmCleanupExpressionEditor): simple entry dialog for cleanup filter editor
'
Option Explicit
'

Sub cmdCancel_Click ()
    'return to cleanup editor with abort code
    Tag = "[CANCEL]"
    Hide
End Sub
'
Sub cmdCancel_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Discard the expression."
End Sub
'
Sub cmdHelp_Click ()

```

```

'bring up help
frmHelp.Tag = HELP7_FILENAME
frmHelp.Show 1

End Sub
'

Sub cmdHelp_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Display help on Transfer Rule Editor."
End Sub
'

Sub cmdLookup_Click ()
    'bring up lookup dialog
    frmLookup.Show 1
End Sub
'

Sub cmdOK_Click ()
    Dim CharPtr      As Integer
    Dim BracketCount As Integer
    Dim BraceCount   As Integer
    Dim ParameterCount As Integer
    Dim OpenBracket  As Integer
    Dim OpenBrace    As Integer
    Dim PackPtr      As Integer
    Dim DelimiterAt  As Integer

    'error check parameters in russian expression
    ParameterCount = 0
    BracketCount = 0
    BraceCount = 0
    OpenBracket = False
    OpenBrace = False
    For CharPtr = 1 To Len(txtRussian)
        Select Case Mid(txtRussian, CharPtr, 1)
            Case Chr(10): ParameterCount = ParameterCount + 1
            Case ":" : ParameterCount = ParameterCount - 1
        End Select
    Next CharPtr
End Sub

```

```

Case "[":
    BracketCount = BracketCount + 1
    If OpenBracket Then
        Beep
        txtRussian.SelStart = CharPtr - 1
        txtRussian.SelLength = 1
        MsgBox ("Bracketed terms not closed properly in Russian expression."), MB_ICONSTOP,
("Syntax Error")
        txtRussian.SetFocus
        Exit Sub
    End If
    OpenBracket = True
Case "]":
    BracketCount = BracketCount - 1
    If Not OpenBracket Then
        Beep
        txtRussian.SelStart = CharPtr - 1
        txtRussian.SelLength = 1
        MsgBox ("Invalid bracket nesting in Russian expression."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Syntax
Error")
        txtRussian.SetFocus
        Exit Sub
    End If
    OpenBracket = False
Case "{":
    BraceCount = BraceCount + 1
    If OpenBrace Then
        Beep
        txtRussian.SelStart = CharPtr - 1
        txtRussian.SelLength = 1
        MsgBox ("Braced terms not closed properly in Russian expression."), MB_ICONSTOP,
("Syntax Error")
        txtRussian.SetFocus
        Exit Sub
    End If
    OpenBrace = True
Case "}":
    BraceCount = BraceCount - 1
    If Not OpenBrace Then
        Beep
        txtRussian.SelStart = CharPtr - 1
        txtRussian.SelLength = 1
        MsgBox ("Invalid brace nesting in Russian expression."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Syntax
Error")
        txtRussian.SetFocus
        Exit Sub
    End If
    OpenBrace = False
End Select
Next CharPtr

```

```

'mismatched brackets
If BracketCount <> 0 Then
    Beep
    MsgBox ("Mismatched []'s in Russian expression."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Syntax Error")
    txtRussian.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
End If

'mismatched braces
If BraceCount <> 0 Then
    Beep
    MsgBox ("Mismatched {}'s in Russian expression."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Syntax Error")
    txtRussian.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
End If

'not every russian term has colon
If ParameterCount <> -1 Then
    Beep
    MsgBox ("Parameter binder (:#) missing in Russian expression."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Syntax Error")
    txtRussian.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
End If

'error check parameters in english expression
ParameterCount = 0
BracketCount = 0
BraceCount = 0
OpenBracket = False
OpenBrace = False
For CharPtr = 1 To Len(txtEnglish)
    Select Case Mid(txtEnglish, CharPtr, 1)
        Case Chr(10): ParameterCount = ParameterCount + 1
        Case ":":
            ParameterCount = ParameterCount - 1
        Case "[":
            BracketCount = BracketCount + 1
            If OpenBracket Then
                Beep
                txtEnglish.SelStart = CharPtr - 1
                txtEnglish.SelLength = 1
                MsgBox ("Bracketed terms not closed properly in English expression."), MB_ICONSTOP,
                ("Syntax Error")
                txtEnglish.SetFocus
                Exit Sub
            End If
            OpenBracket = True
    End Select
Next

```

```

Case "]" :   BraketCount = BraketCount - 1
If Not OpenBracket Then
    Beep
    txtEnglish.SelStart = CharPtr - 1
    txtEnglish.SelLength = 1
    MsgBox ("Invalid bracket nesting in English expression."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Syntax
Error")
    txtEnglish.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
End If
OpenBracket = False
Case "{" :
BraceCount = BraceCount + 1
If OpenBrace Then
    Beep
    txtEnglish.SelStart = CharPtr - 1
    txtEnglish.SelLength = 1
    MsgBox ("Braced terms not closed properly in English expression."), MB_ICONSTOP,
("Syntax Error")
    txtEnglish.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
End If
OpenBrace = True
Case "}" :
BraceCount = BraceCount - 1
If Not OpenBrace Then
    Beep
    txtEnglish.SelStart = CharPtr - 1
    txtEnglish.SelLength = 1
    MsgBox ("Invalid brace nesting in English expression."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Syntax
Error")
    txtEnglish.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
End If
OpenBrace = False
End Select
Next CharPtr

'mismatched brackets
If BraketCount <> 0 Then
    Beep
    MsgBox ("Mismatched []'s in English expression."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Syntax Error")
    txtEnglish.SetFocus
    Exit Sub
End If

'mismatched braces
If BraceCount <> 0 Then

```

```

        Beep
        MsgBox ("Mismatched {}'s in English expression."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Syntax Error")
        txtEnglish.SetFocus
        Exit Sub
    End If

    PackPtr = 1
    'look for blank entries
    Do
        DelimiterAt = InStr(PackPtr, txtEnglish & Chr(13) & Chr(10), Chr(13) & Chr(10))
        'process another component; otherwise...
        If DelimiterAt Then
            'found blank line; otherwise...
            If Mid(txtEnglish, PackPtr, DelimiterAt - PackPtr) = "" Then
                Beep
                txtEnglish.SelStart = DelimiterAt
                txtEnglish.SelLength = 1
                MsgBox ("English expression has a null term."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Syntax Error")
                txtEnglish.SetFocus
                Exit Sub
            '...continue looking
            Else
                PackPtr = DelimiterAt + 2
            End If
        '...done
        Else
            Exit Do
        End If
    Loop

    'convert rules to uppercase
    txtRussian = UCASE(txtRussian)
    txtEnglish = UCASE(txtEnglish)

    'return to cleanup editor with ok code
    Tag = "[OK]"
    Hide

End Sub
'

Sub cmdOK_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Accept the current expression."

```

```

End Sub
'
Sub Form_Activate ()
    'set initial focus to first entry field
    txtDescription.SetFocus
End Sub
'
Sub pnlRoot_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'
Sub txtDescription_Change ()
    'ok command availability dependent on completing all entries
    cmdOK.Enabled = ((txtRussian <> "") And (txtEnglish <> "") And (txtDescription <> ""))
End Sub
'
Sub txtDescription_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub txtDescription_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Enter a description of this expression."
End Sub
'
Sub txtEnglish_Change ()

```

```
'ok command availability dependent on completing all entries
cmdOK.Enabled = ((txtRussian <> "") And (txtEnglish <> "") And (txtDescription <> ""))
End Sub
'
Sub txtEnglish_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub txtEnglish_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show topical help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Enter the components of the English expression."
End Sub
'
Sub txtRussian_Change ()
    'ok command availability dependent on completing all entries
    cmdOK.Enabled = ((txtRussian <> "") And (txtEnglish <> "") And (txtDescription <> ""))
End Sub
'
Sub txtRussian_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub txtRussian_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
```

```

'show topical help on info line
PassiveHelp "Enter the components of the Russian expression."
End Sub

'(frmTransliteration): shows transliterated form of current abstract and provides simple editing functions
Option Explicit

Sub Form_Load ()
    'size window to portion of parent form
    Height = Screen.Height / 1.72
    Width = Screen.Width / 1.28

    'position offset slightly from top-left
    Left = Screen.Width * .04
    Top = Screen.Height * .06

    'enable functions available when transliteration form loaded
    frmMain.menuPrintTransliteration.Enabled = True
    frmMain.menuSaveTransliteration.Enabled = True

End Sub

Sub Form_Resize ()
    'fit display field vertically in window
    If Height > 450 Then
        pnlRoot.Height = Height - 450
    End If
End Sub

Sub Form_Unload (Cancel As Integer)
    'make functions unavailable when transliteration form unloaded
    frmMain.menuPrintTransliteration.Enabled = False
    frmMain.menuSaveTransliteration.Enabled = False

    PassiveHelp ""

```

```

End Sub
'
Sub pnlRoot_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub
'
Sub txtTransliteration_Change ()
    Static OneShot As Integer

    'ignore first change when text loaded
    If Not OneShot Then
        OneShot = True
        Exit Sub
    Else
        'indicate that changes have been made
        gTransliterationModified = True
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub txtTransliteration_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on window
    PassiveHelp "This windows shows the transliterated abstract."
End Sub
'
'(frmTranslation): shows translation of current abstract and provides simple editing functions
'
Option Explicit
'
Sub Form_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)
    'escape key aborts translation
    If KeyCode = 27 Then

```

```

        gAbort = True
    End If

End Sub
'_____
Sub Form_Load ()
    'size window to portion of parent form
    Height = Screen.Height / 1.72
    Width = Screen.Width / 1.28

    'position offset slightly from top-left
    Left = Screen.Width * .04
    Top = Screen.Height * .06

    'enable functions available when translation form loaded
    frmMain.menuSaveTranslation.Enabled = True
    frmMain.menuPostEditTranslation.Enabled = True

End Sub
'_____
Sub Form_Resize ()
    'fit display field vertically in window
    If Height > 450 Then
        pnlRoot.Height = Height - 450
    End If

End Sub
'_____
Sub Form_Unload (Cancel As Integer)
    'make functions unavailable when translation form unloaded
    frmMain.menuSaveTranslation.Enabled = False
    frmMain.menuPostEditTranslation.Enabled = False

    PassiveHelp ""

End Sub
'_____
Sub pnlRoot_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)

```

```

    PassiveHelp ""

End Sub
'_____
Sub txtTranslation_Change ()
    Static OneShot As Integer

    'ignore first change when text loaded
    If Not OneShot Then
        OneShot = True
        Exit Sub
    Else
        'indicate that changes have been made
        gTranslationModified = True
    End If
End Sub
'_____
Sub txtTranslation_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)
    'escape key aborts translation
    If KeyCode = 27 Then
        gAbort = True
    End If
End Sub
'_____
Sub txtTranslation_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on window
    PassiveHelp "This windows shows the translated document."
End Sub
'_____
'(frmTranslationDetails): shows transfer details of current abstract
'_____
Option Explicit

```

```
'_____
Sub Form_Load ()
    'size window to portion of parent form
    Height = Screen.Height / 1.3
    Width = Screen.Width / 1.1

    'position offset slightly from top-left
    Left = Screen.Width * .04
    Top = Screen.Height * .06

    'enable functions available when translation form loaded
    frmMain.menuSave.Enabled = True
    frmMain.menuSaveTranslationDetails.Enabled = True
    frmMain.menuPrint.Enabled = True
    frmMain.menuPrintTranslationDetails.Enabled = True

End Sub

'_____
Sub Form_Resize ()
    'fit display field vertically in window
    If Height > 450 Then
        pnlRoot.Height = Height - 450
    End If

End Sub

'_____
Sub Form_Unload (Cancel As Integer)
    'make functions unavailable when translation form unloaded
    frmMain.menuSaveTranslationDetails.Enabled = False
    frmMain.menuPrintTranslationDetails.Enabled = False

    PassiveHelp ""

End Sub

'_____
Sub pnlRoot_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""


```

```

End Sub

'

---


' (frmLexiconEditor): lexicon editor, used to lookup, add, modify, and delete lexicon entries
'

---


Option Explicit

Dim fMode          As Integer   'current editor mode {LOOKUP,ADD}
Dim fSkip2ndStage As Integer   'flag indicating whether 2nd stage skipped for part of speech

Dim fChangesMade  As Integer   'flag indicating whether changes made

Dim fBindPtr      As Integer   'pointer to current record in lexicon

Dim fUpperLimit   As Integer   'inflection table range for part of speech
Dim fLowerLimit   As Integer
Dim fUpperLimit2  As Integer   'second inflection table range for verbal adjectives (first range non-contiguous)
Dim fLowerLimit2  As Integer

Dim fInflectionNum As Integer  'current inflection pattern number (fLowerLimit<=n<=fUpperLimit)

Const LOOKUP = 1           'enumerations for fMode
Const ADD = 2

'

---


' enabled/disable associations list box
'

---


Sub Associations (State As Integer)

    Dim i As Integer

    lstAssociations.Enabled = State

    If State Then
        'enable field
        lblAssociations.ForeColor = BLACK
        lstAssociations.BackColor = CREAM
    Else
        'disable field
        lblAssociations.ForeColor = SAND
        lstAssociations.Clear
        lstAssociations.BackColor = LTSAND
    End If

    'reset any selections

```

```
    For i = 0 To lstAssociations.ListCount - 1
        lstAssociations.Selected(i) = False
    Next i
End If
```

```
End Sub
```

```
'-----
```

```
'reset entry fields for english verbs
```

```
Sub ClearEnglishVerbPanel ()
```

```
    txtPresentIndicative2nd = ""
    txtPresentIndicative3rd = ""
    txtImperfectIndicative = ""
    txtProgressive = ""
    txtPastParticiple = ""
    txtVAdvProgressive = ""
    txtVAdvPastParticiple = ""
```

```
End Sub
```

```
'-----
```

```
'clear entry field for general english word
```

```
Sub ClearGeneralPanel ()
```

```
    txtEnglishWord = ""
```

```
End Sub
```

```
'-----
```

```
'clear all inflection tables
```

```
Sub ClearInflectedForms ()
```

```
    Dim i As Integer
```

```
'clear out verbal adverb inflections
For i = 0 To 2
    lblVerbalAdverbDeclension(i).Caption = ""
Next i
```

```
'clear out noun inflections
```

```

For i = 0 To 13
    lblNounDeclension(i).Caption = ""
Next i

'clear out adjective inflections
For i = 0 To 35
    lblAdjectiveDeclension(i).Caption = ""
Next i

'clear out verb inflections
For i = 0 To 12
    lblVerbConjugation(i).Caption = ""
Next i

End Sub

'-----
'reset english noun entry field and article list box
'-----
Sub ClearNounPanel ()
    Dim i

    'clear noun fields
    txtSingular = ""
    txtPlural = ""

    'unselect all articles in list
    For i = 0 To lstArticles.ListCount - 1
        lstArticles.Selected(i) = False
    Next i

End Sub

'-----
'reset entry fields for english verbs
'-----
Sub ClearPerfectiveVerbPanel ()

    txtPerfectiveIndicative = ""
    txtPerfectiveImperfect = ""
    txtPerfectivePastParticiple = ""

End Sub

```

```

'_____
'initiate add operation
'_____
Sub cmdAddNew_Click ()
    'indicate add new entry
    fMode = ADD

    'set controls
    cmdAddNew.Enabled = False
    cmdLookup.Enabled = False
    cmdClose.Enabled = False
    cmdCancel.Enabled = True

    'enable stem entry field
    lblStem.Caption = "New Stem:"
    Stem True
    txtStem.SetFocus

End Sub
'_____
Sub cmdAddNew_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Define and add a new entry to the lexicon."
End Sub
'_____
'go back to previous folder
'_____
Sub cmdBack_Click ()
    cmdNext.Enabled = True

    'if at 3rd stage, return to 2nd; otherwise...
    If cmdNext.Tag = "3" And Not fSkip2ndStage Then
        cmdNext.Tag = "2"
        Setup2ndStage

    '...must be at 2nd, so go back to 1st
    Else
        cmdBack.Enabled = False

```

```

        cmdNext.Tag = "1"
        Setup1stStage
    End If

End Sub
'

Sub cmdBack_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Return to the previous screen."
End Sub
'

'abort current operation and reset lexicon editor
'

Sub cmdCancel_Click ()
    'reset entry fields
    Stem False
    PartOfSpeech False
    PrimaryAttributes False
    SecondaryAttributes False
    Associations False
    DisambiguationExpression False

    'clear fields on 2nd and 3rd stages
    txtInflectionNumber.Text = ""
    ClearNounPanel

    'reset available commands
    ResetCommands

    'return to 1st stage
    lblStem.Caption = "New Stem:"
    fBindPtr = 0
    cmdNext.Tag = "1"
    Setup1stStage
    cmdAddNew.SetFocus

End Sub
'

Sub cmdCancel_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)

```

```

'display help on current object
PassiveHelp "Ignore the changes made to the current entry."
End Sub

'


---


'close lexicon editor and return to main interface


---


Sub cmdClose_Click ()
    'if changes made, update lexicon file
    If fChangesMade Then
        StoreLexicon
        'reset flag to indicate changes made
        fChangesMade = False
    End If

    'close Lexicon Editor
    PassiveHelp ""
    Hide

End Sub

'


---


Sub cmdClose_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Exit the Lexicon Editor and return to the main interface."
End Sub

'


---


Sub cmdDelete_Click ()
    'confirm current entry deletion
    Beep
    MsgBoxAnswer = MsgBox("Are you sure you want to delete the current entry from the lexicon?", MB_ICONQUESTION +
    MB_YESNO + MB_DEFBUTTON2, "Confirm Delete")
    If MsgBoxAnswer = ID_YES Then
        '...delete current entry
        DeleteLexiconEntry (fBindPtr)
        fChangesMade = True

    'reset Lexicon Editor

```

```

        cmdCancel_Click
End If

End Sub
'

Sub cmdDelete_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Remove the current entry from the lexicon."
End Sub
'

Sub cmdHelp_Click ()
    'bring up help
    frmHelp.Tag = HELP5_FILENAME
    frmHelp.Show 1
End Sub
'

Sub cmdHelp_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Display help on using the Lexicon Editor."
End Sub
'

'lookup russian stem word in lexicon
Sub cmdLookup_Click ()
    'indicate looking up entry
    fMode = LOOKUP

    'set controls
    cmdAddNew.Enabled = False
    cmdLookup.Enabled = False
    cmdClose.Enabled = False
    cmdCancel.Enabled = True

```

```

'enable stem entry field
lblStem.Caption = "Lookup Entry:"
Stem True
txtStem.SetFocus

End Sub
'

Sub cmdLookup_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Find an entry in the lexicon and display its syntactic details."
End Sub
'

'go to next folder
'
Sub cmdNext_Click ()
    Dim POS      As Integer
    Dim Found   As Integer
    Dim i        As Integer

    'get part of speech from list
    POS = lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex)

    'transition from 1st stage to 2nd
    If cmdNext.Tag = "1" Then
        'on parts of speech where primary attributes required...
        If (POS <> PRONOUN_RELATIVE) And (POS <> PRONOUN_DEMONSTRATIVE) And (POS <> PREPOSITION) And (POS <>
CONJUNCTION) And (POS <> INTERJECTION) And (POS <> FIXED_EXPRESSION) Then
            '...make sure primary attribute(s) selected
            Found = False
            For i = 0 To lstPrimaryAttributes.ListCount - 1
                If lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(i) Then
                    Found = True
                    Exit For
                End If
            Next i
            'if missing, indicate and don't proceed to next folder
            If Not Found Then
                Beep
                MsgBox ("You must select a primary attribute."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Missing Entry")
            End If
        End If
    End If
End Sub

```

```

        lstPrimaryAttributes.SetFocus
        Exit Sub
    End If
End If

'on parts of speech where secondary attributes required...
If POS = PREPOSITION Then
    '...make sure primary attribute(s) selected
    Found = False
    For i = 0 To lstSecondaryAttributes.ListCount - 1
        If lstSecondaryAttributes.Selected(i) Then
            Found = True
            Exit For
        End If
    Next i

    'if missing, indicate and don't proceed to last folder
    If Not Found Then
        Beep
        MsgBox ("You must select a secondary attribute."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Missing Entry")
        lstSecondaryAttributes.SetFocus
        Exit Sub
    End If
End If

'if currently on 2nd stage, go to 3rd; otherwise...
If fSkip2ndStage Then
    cmdBack.Enabled = True
    cmdNext.Enabled = False
    cmdNext.Tag = "3"
    Setup3rdStage

    ....must be on 1st, so go to 2nd
Else
    'setup 2nd stage folder
    Setup2ndStage

    'indicate next transition from 2nd stage to 3rd
    cmdBack.Enabled = True
    cmdNext.Tag = "2"
End If

'transition from 2nd stage to 3rd
Else
    cmdBack.Enabled = True
    cmdNext.Enabled = False

```

```

    cmdNext.Tag = "3"
    Setup3rdStage
End If

End Sub
'

Sub cmdNext_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Proceed to the next screen."
End Sub
'

'complete current operation, compile record for lexicon entry, then update lexicon
'
Sub cmdUpdate_Click ()

    Dim PrimaryAttributeCode As Integer
    Dim SecondaryAttributeCode As Integer
    Dim TransferAttributeCode As Integer
    Dim CharPtr As Integer
    Dim SingularChar As String * 1
    Dim PluralChar As String * 1
    Dim NumDropOffs As Integer
    Dim PluralString As String
    Dim Target As String
    Dim PluralCode As Integer
    Dim LongerForm As Integer
    Dim i As Integer
    Dim LexiconEntry As LexiconType

    'verify that article selection made
    If pnLEnglishNouns.Visible Then
        If (lstArticles.Selected(0) = False) And (lstArticles.Selected(1) = False) And (lstArticles.Selected(2) =
False) And (lstArticles.Selected(3) = False) Then
            Beep
            MsgBox ("You must select the article(s) for this English word."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Missing Entry")
            lstArticles.SetFocus
            Exit Sub
        End If
    End If

    'build primary attribute code

```

```

For i = 0 To lstPrimaryAttributes.ListCount - 1
    If lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(i) Then
        PrimaryAttributeCode = PrimaryAttributeCode + lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(i)
    End If
Next i

'build secondary attribute code
For i = 0 To lstSecondaryAttributes.ListCount - 1
    If lstSecondaryAttributes.Selected(i) Then
        SecondaryAttributeCode = SecondaryAttributeCode + lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(i)
    End If
Next i

'if noun, build transfer attribute
If pnLEnglishNouns.Visible Then
    'build transfer attribute code from associations
    For i = 0 To lstAssociations.ListCount - 1
        If lstAssociations.Selected(i) Then
            TransferAttributeCode = TransferAttributeCode + lstAssociations.ItemData(i)
        End If
    Next i

    'continue building transfer attribute code from target plurals
    'strip any leading/trailing whitespace
    txtSingular = Trim(txtSingular)
    txtPlural = Trim(txtPlural)

    'if forms identical, assign code; otherwise...
    If txtSingular = txtPlural Then
        PluralCode = PLURAL1

        '...decode further
        Else
            'determine which form longer
            If Len(txtSingular) > Len(txtPlural) Then
                LongerForm = Len(txtSingular)
            Else
                LongerForm = Len(txtPlural)
            End If

            'compare singular and plural forms characterwise
            For CharPtr = 1 To LongerForm
                SingularChar = LCase(Mid(txtSingular, CharPtr, 1))
                PluralChar = LCase(Mid(txtPlural, CharPtr, 1))
                'if stems no longer match...
                If PluralChar <> SingularChar Then

```

```

'...determine how many characters to drop off singular before adding plural ending
NumDropOffs = Len(txtSingular) - CharPtr + 1
PluralString = Mid(txtPlural, CharPtr)
Exit For
End If
Next CharPtr

'determine drop off string
Select Case PluralString
    Case "s":    PluralCode = PLURAL2
    Case "es":   PluralCode = PLURAL3
    Case "ies":  PluralCode = PLURAL4

    'determine code for 'ves' (leaf->leaves != knife->knives)
    Case "ves":
        If NumDropOffs = 1 Then
            PluralCode = PLURAL5
        Else
            PluralCode = PLURAL6
        End If

    Case "a":    PluralCode = PLURAL7
    Case "i":    PluralCode = PLURAL8
    Case "en":   PluralCode = PLURAL9
    Case "ice":  PluralCode = PLURAL10
    Case "eese": PluralCode = PLURAL11

    'deal with unknown plural form (should be user's fault)
    Case Else:   Beep
        MsgBox ("There is currently no plural encoding scheme for deriving '" & txtPlural & "'"
from '" & txtSingular & "'. No update can be performed."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Program Limitation")
        txtPlural.SetFocus
        Exit Sub
    End Select
    TransferAttributeCode = TransferAttributeCode + PluralCode
End If

'continue building transfer attribute code from target articles
For i = 0 To lstArticles.ListCount - 1
    If lstArticles.Selected(i) Then
        TransferAttributeCode = TransferAttributeCode + lstArticles.ItemData(i)
    End If
Next i
End If

'determine target encoding:

```

```

'nouns
If pnlEnglishNouns.Visible Then
    Target = txtSingular
'pronouns, adjectives, adverbs, prepositions, interrogatives, interjections, emphatic particles, conjunction,
fixed expression
ElseIf pnlGeneral.Visible Then
    Target = txtEnglishWord
'verbal adverbs
ElseIf pnlVerbalAdverb.Visible Then
    Target = txtVAdvProgressive & CONJUGATION_DELIMITER & txtVAdvPastParticiple
'perfective verbs
ElseIf pnlPerfectiveVerbs.Visible Then
    Target = txtPerfectiveIndicative & CONJUGATION_DELIMITER & txtPerfectiveImperfect & CONJUGATION_DELIMITER &
txtPerfectivePastParticiple
'imperfective verbs, verbal adjectives
Else
    Target = txtPresentIndicative2nd & CONJUGATION_DELIMITER & txtPresentIndicative3rd & CONJUGATION_DELIMITER &
txtImperfectIndicative & CONJUGATION_DELIMITER & txtProgressive & CONJUGATION_DELIMITER & txtPastParticiple
End If

'build lexicon entry record
LexiconEntry.Stem = Trim(txtStem)
LexiconEntry.PartOfSpeech = 1stPartOfSpeech.ItemData(1stPartOfSpeech.ListIndex)
LexiconEntry.Target = Target
LexiconEntry.InflectionPattern = Val(txtInflectionNumber)
LexiconEntry.PrimaryAttributes = PrimaryAttributeCode
LexiconEntry.SecondaryAttributes = SecondaryAttributeCode
LexiconEntry.TransferAttributes = TransferAttributeCode
LexiconEntry.Disambiguation = ConvertQuotes(txtDisambiguationExpression)

'if updating changes to existing entry...
If fMode = LOOKUP Then
    '...delete current entry
    DeleteLexiconEntry (fBindPtr)
End If

'insert entry into resident lexicon and regenerate index
InsertLexiconEntry LexiconEntry
GenerateLexiconIndex

'indicate changes made
fChangesMade = True

'reset lexicon editor
cmdCancel_Click

```

```

End Sub
'
Sub cmdUpdate_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Make the current changes to the lexicon permanent."
End Sub
'
'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
'
Function ConvertQuotes (ByVal InString As String) As String
    Dim i As Integer
    'find and replace each quote
    For i = 1 To Len(InString)
        If Mid(InString, i, 1) = Chr(34) Then
            Mid(InString, i, 1) = "'"
        End If
    Next i
    ConvertQuotes = InString
End Function
'
'enable/disable disambiguation expression entry field
'
Sub DisambiguationExpression (State As Integer)
    txtDisambiguationExpression.Enabled = State
    If State Then
        'enable field
        lblDisambiguationExpression.ForeColor = BLACK
        txtDisambiguationExpression.BackColor = CREAM
        pnldisambiguationexpression.BackColor = CREAM
    Else
        'disable field
        lblDisambiguationExpression.ForeColor = SAND
        txtDisambiguationExpression.Text = ""
        txtDisambiguationExpression.BackColor = LTSAND
    End If
End Sub

```

```

        pnlDisambiguationExpression.BackColor = LTSAND
    End If

End Sub
'

Sub Form_Activate ()
    MousePointerContinue

    'preset form components
    txtStem.Height = 252
    txtDisambiguationExpression.Height = 252
    cmdNext.Tag = "1"
    pnlRussianPartI.ZOrder 0

    'set focus to first button, if available
    If cmdAddNew.Enabled Then
        cmdAddNew.SetFocus
    End If

    'insert unknown word if given
    If Tag <> "" Then
        txtStem = Tag
        cmdAddNew_Click
        Tag = ""
    End If

End Sub
'

Sub Form_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)
    'control+l brings up hidden dialog for demonstration of symbolic constants
    If (KeyCode = 76) And (Shift = 2) Then
        frmLookup.Show 1
    End If

End Sub
'

'initialize form components and static list boxes
'
Sub Form_Load ()

```

```

'load part of speech list
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Adjective"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(0) = ADJECTIVE
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Adverb"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(1) = ADVERB
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Conjunction"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(2) = CONJUNCTION
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Emphatic Particle"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(3) = INTERJECTION
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Fixed Expression"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(4) = FIXED_EXPRESSION
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Interjection"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(5) = INTERJECTION
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Interrogative"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(6) = INTERROGATIVE
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Noun, animate"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(7) = NOUN_ANIMATE
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Noun, inanimate"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(8) = NOUN_INANIMATE
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Preposition"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(9) = PREPOSITION
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Pronoun, demonstrative"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(10) = PRONOUN_DEMONSTRATIVE
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Pronoun, indefinite"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(11) = PRONOUN_INDEFINITE
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Pronoun, personal"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(12) = PRONOUN_PERSONAL
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Pronoun, possessive"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(13) = PRONOUN_POSSESSIVE
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Pronoun, relative"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(14) = PRONOUN_RELATIVE
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Verb"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(15) = VERB
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Verbal Adjective"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(16) = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE
lstPartOfSpeech.AddItem "Verbal Adverb"
lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(17) = VERBAL_ADVERB

'initialize entry fields
Stem False
PrimaryAttributes False
SecondaryAttributes False
Associations False
DisambiguationExpression False

```

End Sub

```

'_____
'unpack inflections for given pattern number and append to stem
Sub GenerateInflectedForms ()

    Dim FieldPtr          As Integer
    Dim BreakStart         As Integer
    Dim BreakEnd           As Integer
    Dim POS                As Integer
    Dim Inflection          As String
    Dim InflectionString   As String
    Dim InflectionPtr      As Integer
    Dim i                  As Integer

    Static Inflections(36) As String

    On Error Resume Next

    'don't process if cancel operation selected
    If (lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex < 0) Then
        Exit Sub
    End If

    'find enumerated position of all occurrences of ending
    FieldPtr = 1
    InflectionString = INFLECTION_DELIMITER & gPattern(fInflectionNum) & INFLECTION_DELIMITER
    POS = lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex)

    'process patterns only, not gaps in record
    If Len(InflectionString) > 2 Then
        Do
            BreakStart = InStr(FieldPtr, InflectionString, INFLECTION_DELIMITER) + 1
            BreakEnd = InStr(BreakStart, InflectionString, INFLECTION_DELIMITER) - 1
            'if inflection pattern exhausted, exit loop
            If BreakEnd < 0 Then
                Exit Do
            End If
            'extract next field from inflection pattern
            Inflection = Mid(InflectionString, BreakStart, BreakEnd - BreakStart + 1)
            'deal with null ending
            If Inflection = "#" Then
                Inflection = ""
            End If
        Loop
    End If

```

```

'store current inflection in temp list to append to current stem
Inflections(InflectionPtr) = Inflection
InflectionPtr = InflectionPtr + 1

'skip unused entries on adjectives and demonstrative and possessive pronouns
If ((POS = PRONOUN_DEMONSTRATIVE) Or (POS = ADJECTIVE) Or (POS = PRONOUN_POSSESSIVE)) And ((InflectionPtr
= 8) Or (InflectionPtr = 17) Or (InflectionPtr = 26)) Then
    Inflections(InflectionPtr) = "/"
    InflectionPtr = InflectionPtr + 1

'skip unused entries on relative pronoun
ElseIf (POS = PRONOUN_RELATIVE) And ((InflectionPtr = 7) Or (InflectionPtr = 16) Or (InflectionPtr = 25))
Then
    Inflections(InflectionPtr) = "/"
    InflectionPtr = InflectionPtr + 1
    Inflections(InflectionPtr) = "/"
    InflectionPtr = InflectionPtr + 1

'skip unused entries on verbal adjectives
ElseIf (POS = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE) And ((InflectionPtr = 7) Or (InflectionPtr = 16) Or (InflectionPtr = 25))
Then
    'process all verbal adjectives except past passive
    If Not lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(6) Then
        Inflections(InflectionPtr) = "/"
        InflectionPtr = InflectionPtr + 1
        Inflections(InflectionPtr) = "/"
        InflectionPtr = InflectionPtr + 1
    End If
End If
'move pointer to next field and compiled list slot
FieldPtr = BreakEnd + 1
'fail-safe loop exit for when no case found (ie. error in word or inflection pattern)
Loop Until FieldPtr > Len(gPattern(fInflectionNum))

'generate inflections
For i = 0 To InflectionPtr - 1
    'combine stem and inflections for valid stems; otherwise...
    If Inflections(i) <> "/" Then
        'determine which table to update
        If pnlNouns.Visible Then
            lblNounDeclension(i).Caption = txtStem & Inflections(i)
        ElseIf pnlAdjectives.Visible Then
            lblAdjectiveDeclension(i).Caption = txtStem & Inflections(i)
        ElseIf POS = PRONOUN_INDEFINITE Then
            lblPronounDeclension(i).Caption = txtStem & Inflections(i) & "-"
        ElseIf POS = INTERROGATIVE Then

```

```

        lblPronounDeclension(i).Caption = txtStem & Inflections(i)
    ElseIf POS = PRONOUN_PERSONAL Then
        lblPronounDeclension(i).Caption = txtStem & Inflections(i)
    ElseIf pnlVerbalAdverbs.Visible Then
        lblVerbalAdverbDeclension(i).Caption = txtStem & Inflections(i)
    ElseIf pnlVerbs.Visible Then
        lblVerbConjugation(i).Caption = txtStem & Inflections(i)
    End If

    '...blank field
    Else
        'determine which table field to blank
        If pnlNouns.Visible Then
            lblNounDeclension(i).Caption = ""
        ElseIf pnlAdjectives.Visible Then
            lblAdjectiveDeclension(i).Caption = ""
        ElseIf pnlPronouns.Visible Then
            lblPronounDeclension(i).Caption = ""
        ElseIf pnlVerbalAdverbs.Visible Then
            lblVerbalAdverbDeclension(i).Caption = ""
        ElseIf pnlVerbs.Visible Then
            lblVerbConjugation(i).Caption = ""
        End If
    End If
    Next i
    PassiveHelp ""

    'blank current inflections
    Else
        PassiveHelp "This inflection pattern number is not currently in use. It cannot be assigned to the new
entry."
        ClearInflectedForms
    End If
End Sub

'_____
'hide inflection panels stacked on top of each other at 3rd stage
'_____
Sub HideInflectionPanels ()
    pnlNouns.Visible = False
    pnlPronouns.Visible = False
    pnlAdjectives.Visible = False
    pnlVerbs.Visible = False
    pnlNouns.Visible = False

```

```

    pnlPronouns.Visible = False
    pnlVerbalAdverbs.Visible = False

End Sub
'_____
Sub lstArticles_Click ()
    'enforce mutual exclusion on a/an
    If lstArticles.ListIndex = 1 And lstArticles.Selected(2) Then
        lstArticles.Selected(2) = False
    ElseIf lstArticles.ListIndex = 2 And lstArticles.Selected(1) Then
        lstArticles.Selected(1) = False
    End If

End Sub
'_____
Sub lstArticles_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'process carriage return
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        'if update command available, set focus to it; otherwise...
        If cmdUpdate.Enabled Then
            cmdUpdate.SetFocus
        '...set focus to first entry field not filled in
        Else
            If txtSingular = "" Then
                txtSingular.SetFocus
            Else
                txtPlural.SetFocus
            End If
        End If
    End If
End Sub
'_____
Sub lstArticles_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Select the article(s) for the singular form of the current English noun."
End Sub

```

```

'_____
Sub lstAssociations_Click ()
    'reset current inflections
    ClearInflectedForms

End Sub

'_____
Sub lstAssociations_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'carriage return moves to 'Next' button
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        cmdNext.SetFocus
    End If

End Sub

'_____
Sub lstAssociations_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Select the association attribute(s) for this Russian entry."
End Sub

'_____
'load contents of each stage based on attributes relevant to selected part of speech
Sub lstPartOfSpeech_Click ()

    Dim POS As Integer

    'set no upper inflection pattern range until requested
    fLowerLimit2 = -1
    fUpperLimit2 = -1

    'clear current contents of current lists and entry fields
    lstPrimaryAttributes.Clear
    lstSecondaryAttributes.Clear
    lstAssociations.Clear
    lstArticles.Clear
    pnlEnglishNouns.Visible = False

End Sub

```

```

pnlEnglishVerbs.Visible = False
pnlPerfectiveVerbs.Visible = False
pnlVerbalAdverb.Visible = False
pnlGeneral.Visible = False
txtInflectionNumber = ""
txtEnglishWord = ""
txtVAdvProgressive = ""
txtVAdvPastParticiple = ""
HideInflectionPanels

'abort if no part of speech selected (cancel generates click event without selecting)
If lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex < 0 Then
    cmdNext.Enabled = False
    Exit Sub
End If

'prepare next stage
cmdNext.Enabled = True
fSkip2ndStage = False

'decide how to load attribute list boxes
POS = lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex)
Select Case POS

    Case NOUN_ANIMATE, NOUN_INANIMATE:
        'set fields
        PrimaryAttributes True
        SecondaryAttributes True
        Associations True
        DisambiguationExpression True

        'load primary attribute list
        lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Masculine"
        lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = NOUN_MASCULINE
        lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Feminine"
        lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = NOUN_FEMININE
        lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Neuter"
        lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = NOUN_NEUTER
        lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Plural"
        lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(3) = NOUN_PLURAL

        'load secondary attribute list
        lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Genitive"
        lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = DEMAND1_GENITIVE
        lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Dative"
        lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = DEMAND1_DATIVE

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lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Instrumental"
lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = DEMAND1_INSTRUMENTAL

'load source association list
lstAssociations.AddItem "Person"
lstAssociations.ItemData(0) = ASSOCIATION_PERSON
lstAssociations.AddItem "Place"
lstAssociations.ItemData(1) = ASSOCIATION_PLACE
lstAssociations.AddItem "Thing"
lstAssociations.ItemData(2) = ASSOCIATION_THING
lstAssociations.AddItem "Animal"
lstAssociations.ItemData(3) = ASSOCIATION_ANIMAL
lstAssociations.AddItem "Figurative/Idiomatic"
lstAssociations.ItemData(4) = ASSOCIATION FIGURATIVE

'load articles list
lstArticles.AddItem "None"
lstArticles.ItemData(0) = ARTICLE_NONE
lstArticles.AddItem "A"
lstArticles.ItemData(1) = ARTICLE_A
lstArticles.AddItem "An"
lstArticles.ItemData(2) = ARTICLE_AN
lstArticles.AddItem "The"
lstArticles.ItemData(3) = ARTICLE_THE

'set up other two stages for nouns
pnlInflectionDescriptor.Caption = "Noun Inflection Patterns"
ClearNounPanel
pnlNouns.Visible = True
pnlEnglishNouns.Visible = True

Case PRONOUN_PERSONAL:
    'set fields
    PrimaryAttributes True
    SecondaryAttributes False
    Associations False
    DisambiguationExpression True

    'load primary attribute list
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "1st singular"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = PERSONAL_PRONOUN_1ST_SINGULAR
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "2nd singular"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = PERSONAL_PRONOUN_2ND_SINGULAR
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "3rd masculine"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = PERSONAL_PRONOUN_3RD_SINGULAR_MASCULINE
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "3rd feminine"

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lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(3) = PERSONAL_PRONOUN_3RD_SINGULAR_FEMININE
lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "3rd neuter"
lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(4) = PERSONAL_PRONOUN_3RD_SINGULAR_NEUTER
lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "1st plural"
lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(5) = PERSONAL_PRONOUN_1ST_PLURAL
lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "2nd plural"
lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(6) = PERSONAL_PRONOUN_2ND_PLURAL
lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "3rd plural"
lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(7) = PERSONAL_PRONOUN_3RD_PLURAL

'set up other two stages for personal pronouns
pnlInflectionDescriptor.Caption = "Personal Pronoun Inflection Patterns"
lblGeneral.Caption = "English Pronoun:"
fLowerLimit = PERSONAL_PRONOUN_START
fUpperLimit = PERSONAL_PRONOUN_END
txtInflectionNumber = fLowerLimit
pnlPronouns.Visible = True
pnlGeneral.Visible = True

Case PRONOUN_POSSESSIVE:
'set fields
PrimaryAttributes True
SecondaryAttributes False
Associations False
DisambiguationExpression True

'load primary attribute list
lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Declinable"
lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = POSS_PRONOUN_DECLINABLE
lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "3rd masc/neut, indec."
lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = POSS_PRONOUN_INDECLINABLE_3RD_MASC_NEUT
lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "3rd feminine, indec."
lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = POSS_PRONOUN_INDECLINABLE_3RD_FEMININE
lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "3rd plural, indec."
lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(3) = POSS_PRONOUN_INDECLINABLE_3RD_PLURAL

'set up other two stages for possessive pronouns
pnlInflectionDescriptor.Caption = "Possessive Pronoun Inflection Patterns"
lblGeneral.Caption = "English Pronoun:"
HideInflectionPanels
fLowerLimit = POSSESSIVE_PRONOUN_START
fUpperLimit = POSSESSIVE_PRONOUN_END
txtInflectionNumber = fLowerLimit
pnlAdjectives.Visible = True
pnlAdjectives.Visible = True
pnlGeneral.Visible = True

```

```

Case PRONOUN_INDEFINITE:
    'set fields
    PrimaryAttributes True
    SecondaryAttributes False
    Associations False
    DisambiguationExpression True

    'load primary attribute list
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Masculine"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = NOUN_MASCULINE
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Neuter"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = NOUN_NEUTER

    'set up other two stages for indefinite pronouns
    pnlInflectionDescriptor.Caption = "Indefinite Pronoun Inflection Patterns"
    lblGeneral.Caption = "English Pronoun:"
    HideInflectionPanels
    fLowerLimit = INDEFINITE_PRONOUN_START
    fUpperLimit = INDEFINITE_PRONOUN_END
    txtInflectionNumber = fLowerLimit
    pnlPronouns.Visible = True
    pnlGeneral.Visible = True

Case PRONOUN_RELATIVE:
    'set fields
    PrimaryAttributes False
    SecondaryAttributes False
    Associations False
    DisambiguationExpression True

    'set up other two stages for relative pronoun
    pnlInflectionDescriptor.Caption = "Relative Pronoun Inflection Patterns"
    lblGeneral.Caption = "English Pronoun:"
    fLowerLimit = RELATIVE_PRONOUN_AT
    fUpperLimit = RELATIVE_PRONOUN_AT
    txtInflectionNumber = fLowerLimit
    pnlAdjectives.Visible = True
    pnlGeneral.Visible = True

Case PRONOUN_DEMONSTRATIVE:
    'set fields
    PrimaryAttributes False
    SecondaryAttributes False
    Associations False
    DisambiguationExpression True

```

```

'set up other two stages for demonstrative pronouns
pnlInflectionDescriptor.Caption = "Demonstrative Pronoun Inflection Patterns"
lblGeneral.Caption = "English Pronoun:"
HideInflectionPanels
fLowerLimit = DEMONSTRATIVE_PRONOUN_START
fUpperLimit = DEMONSTRATIVE_PRONOUN_END
txtInflectionNumber = fLowerLimit
pnlAdjectives.Visible = True
pnlGeneral.Visible = True

Case VERB:
    'set fields
    PrimaryAttributes True
    SecondaryAttributes True
    Associations False
    DisambiguationExpression True

    'load primary attribute list
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Main"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = VERB_MAIN
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Auxiliary"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = VERB_AUXILIARY
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Imperfective"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = VERB_IMPERFECTIVE
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Perfective"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(3) = VERB_PERFECTIVE
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Non-reflexive"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(4) = VERB_NONREFLEXIVE
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Reflexive, active"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(5) = VERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Reflexive, passive"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(6) = VERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Indeterminate"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(7) = VERB_INDETERMINATE
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Determinate"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(8) = VERB_DETERMINATE

    'load secondary attribute list
    lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Nominative"
    lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = DEMAND2_NOMINATIVE
    lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Genitive"
    lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = DEMAND2_GENITIVE
    lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Dative"
    lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = DEMAND2_DATIVE
    lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Accusative"

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lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(3) = DEMAND2_ACCUSATIVE
lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Instrumental"
lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(4) = DEMAND2_INSTRUMENTAL

'set up other two stages for verbs
pnlInflectionDescriptor.Caption = "Verb Inflection Patterns"
HideInflectionPanels
ClearEnglishVerbPanel
ClearPerfectiveVerbPanel
fLowerLimit = VERB_START
fUpperLimit = VERB_END
txtInflectionNumber = fLowerLimit
pnlVerbs.Visible = True

Case ADJECTIVE:
  'set fields
  PrimaryAttributes True
  SecondaryAttributes True
  Associations False
  DisambiguationExpression True

  'load primary attribute list
  lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Normal, long form"
  lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = ADJECTIVE_LONG_FORM
  lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Normal, short form"
  lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = ADJECTIVE_SHORT_FORM
  lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Comparative"
  lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = ADJECTIVE_COMPARATIVE
  lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Superlative (simple)"
  lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(3) = ADJECTIVE_SUPERLATIVE

  'load secondary attribute list
  lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Genitive"
  lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = DEMAND1_GENITIVE
  lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Dative"
  lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = DEMAND1_DATIVE
  lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Instrumental"
  lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = DEMAND1_INSTRUMENTAL

  'set up other two stages for adjectives
  pnlInflectionDescriptor.Caption = "Adjective Inflection Patterns"
  lblGeneral.Caption = "English Adjective:"
  fLowerLimit = ADJECTIVE_START
  fUpperLimit = ADJECTIVE_END
  txtInflectionNumber = fLowerLimit
  HideInflectionPanels

```

```

pnlAdjectives.Visible = True
pnlGeneral.Visible = True

Case ADVERB:
    'set fields
    PrimaryAttributes True
    SecondaryAttributes True
    Associations False
    DisambiguationExpression True

    'load primary attribute list
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Normal"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = ADVERB_NORMAL
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Comparative"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = ADVERB_COMPARATIVE
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Superlative"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = ADVERB_SUPERLATIVE

    'load secondary attribute list
    lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Genitive"
    lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = DEMAND1_GENITIVE
    lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Dative"
    lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = DEMAND1_DATIVE
    lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Instrumental"
    lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = DEMAND1_INSTRUMENTAL

    'set up other two stages for adverbs
    lblGeneral.Caption = "English Adverb:"
    HideInflectionPanels
    fSkip2ndStage = True
    pnlGeneral.Visible = True

Case PREPOSITION:
    'set fields
    PrimaryAttributes False
    SecondaryAttributes True
    Associations False
    DisambiguationExpression True

    'load secondary attribute list
    lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Genitive"
    lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = DEMAND3_GENITIVE
    lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Dative"
    lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = DEMAND3_DATIVE
    lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Accusative"
    lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = DEMAND3_ACCUSATIVE

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lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Instrumental"
lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(3) = DEMAND3_INSTRUMENTAL
lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Prepositional"
lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(4) = DEMAND3_PREPOSITIONAL

'set up other two stages for prepositions
lblGeneral.Caption = "English Preposition:"
HideInflectionPanels
ClearGeneralPanel
fSkip2ndStage = True
pnlGeneral.Visible = True

Case INTERROGATIVE:
    'set fields
    PrimaryAttributes True
    SecondaryAttributes False
    Associations False
    DisambiguationExpression True

    'load primary attribute list
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Masculine"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = INTERROGATIVE_MASCULINE
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Neuter"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = INTERROGATIVE_NEUTER
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Indeclinable"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = INTERROGATIVE_INDECLINABLE

    'set up other two stages for interrogatives
    pnlInflectionDescriptor.Caption = "Interrogative Inflection Patterns"
    lblGeneral.Caption = "English Interrogative:"
    HideInflectionPanels
    fLowerLimit = INTERROGATIVE_START
    fUpperLimit = INTERROGATIVE_END
    txtInflectionNumber = fLowerLimit
    pnlPronouns.Visible = True
    pnlGeneral.Visible = True

Case CONJUNCTION, FIXED_EXPRESSION, EMPHATIC_PARTICLE, INTERJECTION:
    'set fields
    PrimaryAttributes False
    SecondaryAttributes False
    Associations False
    DisambiguationExpression True

    'set up other two stages
    ClearGeneralPanel

```

```

fSkip2ndStage = True
pnlGeneral.Visible = True

'set title to entry field
Select Case POS
    Case EMPHATIC_PARTICLE: lblGeneral.Caption = "English Interjection:"
    Case CONJUNCTION: lblGeneral.Caption = "English Conjunction:"
    Case INTERJECTION: lblGeneral.Caption = "English Interjection:"
    Case FIXED_EXPRESSION: lblGeneral.Caption = "English Fixed Expression:"
End Select

Case VERBAL_ADVERB:
    'set fields
    PrimaryAttributes True
    SecondaryAttributes True
    Associations False
    DisambiguationExpression True

    'load primary attribute list
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Non-reflexive"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = VERBAL_ADVERB_NON_REFLEXIVE
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Reflexive, active"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Reflexive, passive"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Imperfective"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(3) = VERBAL_ADVERB_IMPERFECTIVE
    lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Perfective"
    lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(4) = VERBAL_ADVERB_PERFECTIVE

    'load secondary attribute list
    lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Nominative"
    lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = DEMAND2_NOMINATIVE
    lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Genitive"
    lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = DEMAND2_GENITIVE
    lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Dative"
    lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = DEMAND2_DATIVE
    lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Accusative"
    lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(3) = DEMAND2_ACCUSATIVE
    lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Instrumental"
    lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(4) = DEMAND2_INSTRUMENTAL

    'set up other two stages for verbal adverbs
    pnlInflectionDescriptor.Caption = "Verbal Adverb Inflection Patterns"
    pnlVerbalAdverbs.Visible = True
    pnlVerbalAdverb.Visible = True

```

```

Case VERBAL_ADJECTIVE:
  'set fields
  PrimaryAttributes True
  SecondaryAttributes True
  Associations False
  DisambiguationExpression True

  'load primary attribute list
  lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Non-reflexive"
  lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_NON_REFLEXIVE
  lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Reflexive, active"
  lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_ACTIVE
  lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Reflexive, passive"
  lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_REFLEXIVE_PASSIVE
  lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Present Active"
  lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(3) = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PRESENT_ACTIVE
  lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Present Passive"
  lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(4) = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PRESENT_PASSIVE
  lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Past Active"
  lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(5) = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PAST_ACTIVE
  lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Past Passive"
  lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(6) = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PAST_PASSIVE
  lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Imperfective"
  lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(7) = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_IMPERFECTIVE
  lstPrimaryAttributes.AddItem "Perfective"
  lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(8) = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PERFECTIVE

  'load secondary attribute list
  lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Nominative"
  lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(0) = DEMAND2_NOMINATIVE
  lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Genitive"
  lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(1) = DEMAND2_GENITIVE
  lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Dative"
  lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(2) = DEMAND2_DATIVE
  lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Accusative"
  lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(3) = DEMAND2_ACCUSATIVE
  lstSecondaryAttributes.AddItem "Instrumental"
  lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(4) = DEMAND2_INSTRUMENTAL

  'set up other two stages for verbal adjectives
  pnlInflectionDescriptor.Caption = "Verbal Adjective Inflection Patterns"
  fLowerLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA1_START
  fUpperLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA1_END
  txtInflectionNumber = fLowerLimit
  ClearEnglishVerbPanel

```

```

        pnlAdjectives.Visible = True
        pnlEnglishVerbs.Visible = True
    End Select
End Sub
'
Sub lstPartOfSpeech_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'process carriage return
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        'move to next available list
        If lstPrimaryAttributes.Enabled Then
            lstPrimaryAttributes.SetFocus
        ElseIf lstSecondaryAttributes.Enabled Then
            lstSecondaryAttributes.SetFocus
        ElseIf lstAssociations.Enabled Then
            lstAssociations.SetFocus
        'no lists used for this part of speech, so go to 'Next' button
        Else
            cmdNext.SetFocus
        End If
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub lstPartOfSpeech_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Select the part of speech for this Russian entry."
End Sub
'
'determine consequences of selecting primary attribute(s)
'
Sub lstPrimaryAttributes_Click ()
    Dim i As Integer

    'set no upper inflection pattern range until requested

```

```

fLowerLimit2 = -1
fUpperLimit2 = -1

'reset current inflections
ClearInflectedForms

'comparative adjectives have no inflections, so skip 2nd stage
If lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex) = ADJECTIVE Then
    fSkip2ndStage = (lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(lstPrimaryAttributes.ListIndex) = ADJECTIVE_COMPARATIVE)
'indeclinable interrogatives have no inflections, so skip 2nd stage
ElseIf lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex) = INTERROGATIVE Then
    fSkip2ndStage = (lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(lstPrimaryAttributes.ListIndex) = INTERROGATIVE_INDECLINABLE)
    If fSkip2ndStage Then
        txtInflectionNumber = ""
    End If
'on declinable possessive pronouns have inflections; otherwise skip 2nd stage
ElseIf lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex) = PRONOUN_POSSESSIVE Then
    fSkip2ndStage = (lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(lstPrimaryAttributes.ListIndex) <> POSS_PRONOUN_DECLINABLE)
End If

'determine inflection pattern range depending on verbal adjective type
If lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex) = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE Then

    'enforce mutual exclusion on verbal adjective reflexivity and type
    Select Case lstPrimaryAttributes.ListIndex

        'non-reflexive verbal adjective so make sure reflexive unselected
        Case 0: lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(1) = False
            lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(2) = False
        'determine non-reflexive range for selected verbal adjective type
        Select Case fLowerLimit

            'present active reflexive becomes non-reflexive
            Case VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA2_START:
                fLowerLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA1_START
                fUpperLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA1_END

            'past active reflexive becomes non-reflexive
            Case VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_AA2_START:
                fLowerLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA1_START
                fUpperLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA1_END
        End Select

        'set entry fields to non-reflexive
        pnlGeneral.Visible = False
        pnlEnglishVerbs.Visible = True
    End If
End If

```

```

'active reflexive verbal adjective so make sure non-reflexive unselected
Case 1: 'don't allow switch to reflexive to either passive form selected
    If lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(4) Or lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(6) Then
        lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(0) = True
        lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(1) = False
        lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(2) = False

    '...process switch
    Else
        lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(0) = False
        lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(2) = False

    'determine non-reflexive range for selected verbal adjective type
    Select Case fLowerLimit

        'present active non-reflexive becomes reflexive
        Case VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA1_START:
            fLowerLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA2_START
            fUpperLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA2_END

        'past active non-reflexive becomes reflexive
        Case VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_AA2_START:
            fLowerLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA2_START
            fUpperLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA2_END
    End Select
End If

'set entry fields to reflexive active
pnlGeneral.Visible = False
pnlEnglishVerbs.Visible = True

'passive reflexive verbal adjective so make sure non-reflexive unselected
Case 2: 'don't allow switch to reflexive to either passive form selected
    If lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(4) Or lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(6) Then
        lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(0) = True
        lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(1) = False
        lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(2) = False

    '...process switch
    Else
        lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(0) = False
        lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(1) = False

    'determine non-reflexive range for selected verbal adjective type
    Select Case fLowerLimit

```

```

'present active non-reflexive becomes reflexive
Case VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA1_START:
    fLowerLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA2_START
    fUpperLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA2_END

'past active non-reflexive becomes reflexive
Case VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_AA2_START:
    fLowerLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA2_START
    fUpperLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA2_END
End Select

'display entry field for passive reflexive
pnlEnglishVerbs.Visible = False
lblGeneral.Caption = "Past Participle:"
pnlGeneral.Visible = True
End If

'present passive verbal adjective
Case 3: 'get inflections for non-reflexive...
If lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(0) Then
    fLowerLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA1_START
    fUpperLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA1_END
    '...or for reflexive
Else
    fLowerLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA2_START
    fUpperLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PA2_END
End If
'enforce mutual exclusion on verbal adjective type
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(4) = False
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(5) = False
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(6) = False

'present passive verbal adjective
Case 4: fLowerLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PP_START
fUpperLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_PP_END
'enforce mutual exclusion on verbal adjective type
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(0) = True      'present passives must be non-reflexive
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(1) = False
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(2) = False
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(3) = False
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(5) = False
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(6) = False

'past active verbal adjective
Case 5: 'get inflections for non-reflexive...

```

```

If lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(0) Then
    fLowerLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_AA1_START
    fUpperLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_AA1_END
    '...or for reflexive
Else
    fLowerLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_AA2_START
    fUpperLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_AA2_END
End If
'enforce mutual exclusion on verbal adjective type
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(3) = False
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(4) = False
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(6) = False

'past passive verbal adjective
Case 6: fLowerLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_AP_START
        fUpperLimit = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE_AP_END

'enforce mutual exclusion on verbal adjective type
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(0) = True      'past passives must be non-reflexive
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(1) = False
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(2) = False
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(3) = False
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(4) = False
lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(5) = False
End Select

'set starting inflection pattern number
txtInflectionNumber = fLowerLimit

'determine inflection pattern range depending on noun gender/number
ElseIf      (lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex)           =      NOUN_ANIMATE)      Or
(lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex) = NOUN_INANIMATE) Then
    'set range
    Select Case lstPrimaryAttributes.ListIndex:

        'masculine
        Case 0: fLowerLimit = MASCULINE_NOUN_START
                fUpperLimit = MASCULINE_NOUN_END

        'feminine
        Case 1: fLowerLimit = FEMININE_NOUN_START
                fUpperLimit = FEMININE_NOUN_END

        'neuter
        Case 2: fLowerLimit = NEUTER_NOUN_START
                fUpperLimit = NEUTER_NOUN_END

```

```

'plural
Case 3: fLowerLimit = PLURAL_NOUN_START
          fUpperLimit = PLURAL_NOUN_END
End Select

'set starting inflection pattern number
txtInflectionNumber = fLowerLimit

'enforce mutual exclusion on verb primary attributes
ElseIf lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex) = VERB Then
    Select Case lstPrimaryAttributes.ListIndex:
        'main/auxiliary
        Case 0: lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(1) = False
        Case 1: lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(0) = False

        'imperfective/perfective
        Case 2: lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(3) = False
                  pnlPerfectiveVerbs.Visible = False
                  pnlEnglishVerbs.Visible = True
        Case 3: lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(2) = False
                  pnlEnglishVerbs.Visible = False
                  pnlPerfectiveVerbs.Visible = True

        'non-reflexive/reflexive active/reflexive passive
        Case 4: lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(5) = False
                  lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(6) = False
                  If lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(3) = False Then
                      pnlEnglishVerbs.Visible = True
                  End If
        Case 5: lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(4) = False
                  lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(6) = False
                  If lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(3) = False Then
                      pnlEnglishVerbs.Visible = True
                  End If
        Case 6: lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(4) = False
                  lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(5) = False
                  'display entry field for passive reflexive
                  pnlEnglishVerbs.Visible = False
                  lblGeneral.Caption = "Past Participle:"
                  pnlGeneral.Visible = True

        'indeterminate/determinate
        Case 7: lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(8) = False
                  pnlPerfectiveVerbs.Visible = False
                  pnlEnglishVerbs.Visible = True

```

```

        Case 8: lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(7) = False
                  pnlPerfectiveVerbs.Visible = False
                  pnlEnglishVerbs.Visible = True
        End Select

        'determine inflection pattern range depending on verbal adverb type
        ElseIf lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex) = VERBAL_ADVERB Then
            If lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(0) Then
                fLowerLimit = VERBAL_ADVERB_NON_REFLEXIVE_START
                fUpperLimit = VERBAL_ADVERB_NON_REFLEXIVE_END
            '...or for reflexive
            Else
                fLowerLimit = VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_START
                fUpperLimit = VERBAL_ADVERB_REFLEXIVE_END
            End If

            'set starting inflection pattern number
            txtInflectionNumber = fLowerLimit

            'enforce mutual exclusion on personal pronouns
            ElseIf lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex) = PRONOUN_PERSONAL Then
                'unselect all except current
                For i = 0 To lstPrimaryAttributes.ListCount - 1
                    If i <> lstPrimaryAttributes.ListIndex Then
                        lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(i) = False
                    End If
                Next i
            End If
        End Sub

        '_____
        Sub lstPrimaryAttributes_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
            'carriage return moves to 'Next' button
            If KeyAscii = 13 Then
                KeyAscii = 0
                cmdNext.SetFocus
            End If
        End Sub

        '_____
        Sub lstPrimaryAttributes_MouseDown (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
            Dim i As Integer

```

```

'enforce mutual exclusion on primary attributes, except verb, verbal adjective, and verb adverb
If (lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex) <> VERB) And
(lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex) <> VERBAL_ADJECTIVE) And
(lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex) <> VERBAL_ADVERB) Then
    'reset other selections
    For i = 0 To lstPrimaryAttributes.ListCount - 1
        If i <> lstPrimaryAttributes.ListIndex Then
            lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(i) = False
        End If
    Next i
End If

End Sub
'

Sub lstPrimaryAttributes_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Select the primary attribute(s) for this Russian entry."
End Sub
'

Sub lstSecondaryAttributes_Click ()
    Dim i As Integer

    'reset current inflections
    ClearInflectedForms

    'enforce mutual exclusion on preposition secondary attribute
    If lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex) = PREPOSITION Then
        'reset other selections
        For i = 0 To lstSecondaryAttributes.ListCount - 1
            If i <> lstSecondaryAttributes.ListIndex Then
                lstSecondaryAttributes.Selected(i) = False
            End If
        Next i
    End If

End Sub
'

```

```

Sub lstSecondaryAttributes_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'carriage return moves to 'Next' button
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        cmdNext.SetFocus
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub lstSecondaryAttributes_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Select the secondary attribute(s) for this Russian entry."
End Sub
'
'enabled/disable part of speech list box
'
Sub PartOfSpeech (State As Integer)
    lstPartOfSpeech.Enabled = State
    If State Then
        'enable field
        lblPartOfSpeech.ForeColor = BLACK
        lstPartOfSpeech.BackColor = CREAM
    Else
        'disable field
        lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex = -1
        lblPartOfSpeech.ForeColor = SAND
        lstPartOfSpeech.BackColor = LTSAND
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub pnlEnglish_DragDrop (Source As Control, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub

```

```

'_____
Sub pnlEnglish_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub

'_____
Sub pnlRoot_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub

'_____
Sub pnlRussianPartI_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub

'_____
Sub pnlRussianPartII_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    PassiveHelp ""
End Sub

'_____
'enabled/disable primary attribute list box
Sub PrimaryAttributes (State As Integer)
    lstPrimaryAttributes.Enabled = State
    If State Then
        'enable field
        lblPrimaryAttributes.ForeColor = BLACK
        lstPrimaryAttributes.BackColor = CREAM
    Else
        'disable field
        lblPrimaryAttributes.ForeColor = SAND
        lstPrimaryAttributes.Clear
        lstPrimaryAttributes.BackColor = LTSAND
    End If
End Sub

```

```

End Sub
'
'-----  

'initialize or reset after cancel command buttons  

'-----
Sub ResetCommands ()
    'reset controls
    cmdAddNew.Enabled = True
    cmdLookup.Enabled = True
    cmdDelete.Enabled = False
    cmdUpdate.Enabled = False
    cmdCancel.Enabled = False
    cmdNext.Enabled = False
    cmdBack.Enabled = False
    cmdClose.Enabled = True
End Sub
'
'-----  

'enabled/disable secondary attributes list box  

'-----
Sub SecondaryAttributes (State As Integer)
    lstSecondaryAttributes.Enabled = State
    If State Then
        'enable field
        lblSecondaryAttributes.ForeColor = BLACK
        lstSecondaryAttributes.BackColor = CREAM
    Else
        'disable field
        lblSecondaryAttributes.ForeColor = SAND
        lstSecondaryAttributes.Clear
        lstSecondaryAttributes.BackColor = LTSAND
    End If
End Sub

```

```

'-----  

'make 1st stage folder active  

'-----
```

```

Sub Setup1stStage ()
    'setup 1st stage folder
    pnlFolderTab(0).ForeColor = BLACK
    pnlFolderTab(1).ForeColor = DKGRAY
    pnlFolderTab(2).ForeColor = DKGRAY
    timerLimit.Enabled = False
    pnlRussianPartI.ZOrder 0

    'set focus to stem entry field only if available
    If txtStem.Enabled Then
        txtStem.SetFocus
    End If

End Sub

'_____
'make 2nd stage folder active
'_____
Sub Setup2ndStage ()
    'setup 2nd stage folder
    pnlFolderTab(0).ForeColor = DKGRAY
    pnlFolderTab(1).ForeColor = BLACK
    pnlFolderTab(2).ForeColor = DKGRAY
    timerLimit.Enabled = True
    pnlRussianPartII.ZOrder 0

    'generate inflected forms of stem
    GenerateInflectedForms

    'set focus on inflection number field
    txtInflectionNumber.SelStart = 0
    txtInflectionNumber.SelLength = Len(txtInflectionNumber)
    txtInflectionNumber.SetFocus

End Sub

'_____
'make 3rd stage folder active
'_____
Sub Setup3rdStage ()
    'setup 3rd stage folder
    pnlFolderTab(0).ForeColor = DKGRAY

```

```

pnlFolderTab(1).ForeColor = DKGRAY
pnlFolderTab(2).ForeColor = BLACK
timerLimit.Enabled = False
pnlEnglish.ZOrder 0

'set focus to first available field
If pnlEnglishNouns.Visible Then
    txtSingular.SetFocus
ElseIf pnlGeneral.Visible Then
    txtEnglishWord.SetFocus
ElseIf pnlEnglishVerbs.Visible Then
    txtPresentIndicative2nd.SetFocus
ElseIf pnlPerfectiveVerbs.Visible Then
    txtPerfectiveIndicative.SetFocus
Else
    txtVAdvProgressive.SetFocus
End If

End Sub
'_____
Sub spinPattern_SpinDown ()

    'decrement to previous pattern, if not at first
    If (fInflectionNum > fLowerLimit) Then
        fInflectionNum = fInflectionNum - 1
        txtInflectionNumber = Trim(Str(fInflectionNum))
    End If
    DoEvents

End Sub
'_____
Sub spinPattern_SpinUp ()

    'increment to next pattern, if not at last
    If (fInflectionNum < fUpperLimit) Or ((fInflectionNum < fUpperLimit2) And (fUpperLimit2 > 0)) Then
        fInflectionNum = fInflectionNum + 1
        txtInflectionNumber = Trim(Str(fInflectionNum))
    End If
    DoEvents

End Sub
'_____
'enabled/disable stem entry field

```

```

'_____
Sub Stem (State As Integer)
    txtStem.Enabled = State

    If State Then
        'enable field
        lblStem.ForeColor = BLACK
        pnlStem.BackColor = CREAM
        txtStem.BackColor = CREAM
    Else
        'disable field
        lblStem.ForeColor = SAND
        pnlStem.BackColor = LTSAND
        txtStem.Text = ""
        txtStem.BackColor = LTSAND
    End If

End Sub

'_____
'error check inflection number every second.  If it's out of range, set it to closest limit (high/low).
'This allows enough time to have illegal number with intention of fixing it (ie. 56 > 156 > 15).  Without
'this delay, as soon as the number went out of range, it would be set to the closet limit.
'_____
Sub timerLimit_Timer ()
    'highlight current entry
    txtInflectionNumber.SelStart = 0
    txtInflectionNumber.SelLength = Len(txtInflectionNumber)

    'inflection exceeds lower limit
    If (fInflectionNum < fLowerLimit) And (fInflectionNum > 0) Then
        fInflectionNum = fLowerLimit
        'update inflection number
        txtInflectionNumber = Trim(Str(fInflectionNum))
        'update inflection table with new inflection pattern
        GenerateInflectedForms
    'inflection exceeds upper limit
    ElseIf (fInflectionNum > fUpperLimit) Then
        fInflectionNum = fUpperLimit
        'update inflection number
        txtInflectionNumber = Trim(Str(fInflectionNum))
        'update inflection table with new inflection pattern
        GenerateInflectedForms
    End If

```

```

End Sub
'
Sub txtDisambiguationExpression_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("'"')
    End If

    'carriage return moves to 'Next' button
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        cmdNext.SetFocus
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub txtDisambiguationExpression_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show help on info line
    PassiveHelp "Enter the disambiguation expression for this Russian entry."
End Sub
'
Sub txtEnglishWord_Change ()
    'prevent leading space(s)
    txtEnglishWord = LTrim(txtEnglishWord)

    'update command availability depends on field being filled
    cmdUpdate.Enabled = (txtEnglishWord <> "")
End Sub
'
Sub txtEnglishWord_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("'"')
    End If

```

```

'carriage return moves to update command if available
If KeyAscii = 13 Then
    KeyAscii = 0
    If cmdUpdate.Enabled Then
        cmdUpdate.SetFocus
    End If
End If

End Sub

Sub txtEnglishWord_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Enter the English equivalent of the Russian entry."
End Sub

Sub txtImperfectIndicative_Change ()
    'prevent leading space(s)
    txtImperfectIndicative = LTrim(txtImperfectIndicative)

    'determine if update command available
    UpdateOnImperfectiveVerb
End Sub

Sub txtImperfectIndicative_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If

    'carriage return moves to next field
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        txtProgressive.SetFocus
    End If
End Sub

```

```
'

---

Sub txtImperfectIndicative_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)  
    'display help on current object  
    PassiveHelp "Enter the simple past tense form of the current verb. For example: I 'swam'."

---


```

```
End Sub
```

```
'

---

'allow user to enter pattern number or spin up/down, skipping gaps in range

---


```

```
Sub txtInflectionNumber_Change ()  
    fInflectionNum = Val(txtInflectionNumber)  
  
    'record valid inflection number being entered  
    If (fInflectionNum >= fLowerLimit) And (fInflectionNum <= fUpperLimit) Then  
        'update inflection table with new inflection pattern  
        GenerateInflectedForms  
        'check if entire field deleted (ie. typed over highlighted string)  
        ElseIf fInflectionNum = 0 Then  
            txtInflectionNumber = ""  
            ClearInflectedForms  
        End If  
  
End Sub
```

```
'

---

Sub txtInflectionNumber_KeyDown (KeyCode As Integer, Shift As Integer)  
    'down-arrow decrements inflection number  
    If KeyCode = 40 Then  
        spinPattern_SpinDown  
    'up-arrow increments inflection number  
    ElseIf KeyCode = 38 Then  
        spinPattern_SpinUp  
    End If  
  
End Sub
```

```
'

---

Sub txtInflectionNumber_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)  
    'mask invalid characters  
    If InStr("0123456789" & Chr(13) & Chr(8), Chr(KeyAscii)) = 0 Then
```

```

        Beep
        KeyAscii = 0
        MsgBox ("Only numbers are valid in this field."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Invalid Entry")
    End If

    'carriage return moves to Next command
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        cmdNext.SetFocus
    End If

End Sub
'_____
Sub txtInflectionNumber_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Enter the inflection code number for this word (" & fLowerLimit & ".." & fUpperLimit & ")."
End Sub
'_____
Sub txtPastParticiple_Change ()
    'prevent leading space(s)
    txtPastParticiple = LTrim(txtPastParticiple)

    'determine if update command available
    UpdateOnImperfectiveVerb

End Sub
'_____
Sub txtPastParticiple_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("'")
    End If

    'process carriage return
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        'if update command available, set focus to it; otherwise...
        If cmdUpdate.Enabled Then
            cmdUpdate.SetFocus

```

```

'...set focus to first entry field not filled in
Else
    If txtPresentIndicative2nd = "" Then
        txtPresentIndicative2nd.SetFocus
    ElseIf txtPresentIndicative3rd = "" Then
        txtPresentIndicative3rd.SetFocus
    ElseIf txtImperfectIndicative = "" Then
        txtImperfectIndicative.SetFocus
    ElseIf txtProgressive = "" Then
        txtProgressive.SetFocus
    Else
        txtPastParticiple.SetFocus
    End If
End If
End If

End Sub
'

Sub txtPastParticiple_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Enter the past participle form of the current verb. For example: I have 'swum'."
End Sub
'

Sub txtPerfectiveImperfect_Change ()
    'prevent leading space(s)
    txtPerfectiveImperfect = LTrim(txtPerfectiveImperfect)

    'determine if update command available
    UpdateOnPerfectiveVerb
End Sub
'

Sub txtPerfectiveImperfect_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If

    'carriage return moves to next field

```

```

If KeyAscii = 13 Then
    KeyAscii = 0
    txtPerfectivePastParticiple.SetFocus
End If

End Sub
'

Sub txtPerfectiveImperfect_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Enter the simple past tense form of the current verb.  For example: I 'swam'."
End Sub
'

Sub txtPerfectiveIndicative_Change ()
    'prevent leading space(s)
    txtPerfectiveIndicative = LTrim(txtPerfectiveIndicative)

    'determine if update command available
    UpdateOnPerfectiveVerb

End Sub
'

Sub txtPerfectiveIndicative_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If

    'carriage return moves to next field
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        txtPerfectiveImperfect.SetFocus
    End If

End Sub
'

Sub txtPerfectiveIndicative_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)

```

```

'display help on current object
PassiveHelp "Enter the present tense 'you' form of the current verb. For example: You 'swim'."

End Sub
'

Sub txtPerfectivePastParticiple_Change ()
    'prevent leading space(s)
    txtPerfectivePastParticiple = LTrim(txtPerfectivePastParticiple)

    'determine if update command available
    UpdateOnPerfectiveVerb

End Sub
'

Sub txtPerfectivePastParticiple_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If

    'process carriage return
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        'if update command available, set focus to it; otherwise...
        If cmdUpdate.Enabled Then
            cmdUpdate.SetFocus
        Else
            '...set focus to first entry field not filled in
            If txtPerfectiveIndicative = "" Then
                txtPerfectiveIndicative.SetFocus
            ElseIf txtPerfectiveImperfect = "" Then
                txtPerfectiveImperfect.SetFocus
            Else
                txtPerfectivePastParticiple.SetFocus
            End If
        End If
    End If
End If

End Sub
'

Sub txtPerfectivePastParticiple_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)

```

```

'display help on current object
PassiveHelp "Enter the past participle form of the current verb.  For example: I have 'swum'."

End Sub
'

Sub txtPlural_Change ()
    'prevent leading space(s)
    txtSingular = LTrim(txtSingular)

    'update command availability depends on all fields being filled
    cmdUpdate.Enabled = (txtSingular <> "") And (txtPlural <> "")

End Sub
'

Sub txtPlural_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If

    'carriage return moves to article list
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        lstArticles.SetFocus
    End If

End Sub
'

Sub txtPlural_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Enter the plural form of the current noun.  For example: 'dogs'."

End Sub
'

Sub txtPresentIndicative2nd_Change ()
    'prevent leading space(s)

```

```

txtPresentIndicative2nd = LTrim(txtPresentIndicative2nd)

'determine if update command available
UpdateOnImperfectiveVerb

End Sub
'

Sub txtPresentIndicative2nd_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If

    'carriage return moves to next field
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        txtPresentIndicative3rd.SetFocus
    End If

End Sub
'

Sub txtPresentIndicative2nd_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Enter the present tense 'you' form of the current verb.  For example: You 'swim'."

End Sub
'

Sub txtPresentIndicative3rd_Change ()
    'prevent leading space(s)
    txtPresentIndicative3rd = LTrim(txtPresentIndicative3rd)

    'determine if update command available
    UpdateOnImperfectiveVerb

End Sub
'

Sub txtPresentIndicative3rd_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)

```

```

'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
If KeyAscii = 34 Then
    KeyAscii = Asc("''")
End If

'carriage return moves to next field
If KeyAscii = 13 Then
    KeyAscii = 0
    txtImperfectIndicative.SetFocus
End If

End Sub
'

Sub txtPresentIndicative3rd_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Enter the present tense 'he' form of the current verb.  For example: He 'swims'."
End Sub
'

Sub txtProgressive_Change ()
    'prevent leading space(s)
    txtProgressive = LTrim(txtProgressive)

    'determine if update command available
    UpdateOnImperfectiveVerb

End Sub
'

Sub txtProgressive_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If

    'carriage return moves to next field
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        txtPastParticiple.SetFocus
    End If

```

```

End Sub
'
Sub txtProgressive_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Enter the progressive tense form of the current verb. For example: I am 'swimming'."
End Sub
'
Sub txtSingular_Change ()
    'prevent leading space(s)
    txtSingular = LTrim(txtSingular)

    'update command availability depends on all fields being filled
    cmdUpdate.Enabled = (txtSingular <> "") And (txtPlural <> "")
End Sub
'
Sub txtSingular_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If

    'carriage return moves to plural field
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        txtPlural.SetFocus
    End If
End Sub
'
Sub txtSingular_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Enter the singular form of the current noun. For example: 'dog'."
End Sub

```

```

'_____
'make part of speech list box available when stem entered
'_____
Sub txtStem_Change ()
    Static PrevStem As String

    'prevent leading space(s)
    txtStem = LTrim(txtStem)

    'if adding new entry
    If fMode = ADD Then
        'make part of speech list box available only if stem present
        If txtStem <> "" Then
            If PrevStem = "" Then
                'enable only once to prevent flashing
                lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex = 0
                PartOfSpeech True
            End If
            'deactivate because stem deleted
            Else
                PartOfSpeech False
                PrimaryAttributes False
                SecondaryAttributes False
                Associations False
                DisambiguationExpression False
            End If
            'record current stem
            PrevStem = txtStem
        End If
    End Sub

'_____
Sub txtStem_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'show help on info line
    If fMode = ADD Then
        PassiveHelp "Enter a word to add to the lexicon. To switch keyboard layouts, press CTRL+SHIFT."
    Else
        PassiveHelp "Enter a word to look up in the lexicon. To switch keyboard layouts, press CTRL+SHIFT."
    End If

End Sub

```

```

'_____
Sub txtVAdvPastParticiple_Change ()
    'prevent leading space(s)
    txtVAdvPastParticiple = LTrim(txtVAdvPastParticiple)

    'update command availability depends on all fields being filled
    cmdUpdate.Enabled = (txtVAdvProgressive <> "") And (txtVAdvPastParticiple <> "")

End Sub
'_____
Sub txtVAdvPastParticiple_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If

    'process carriage return
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        'if update command available, set focus to it; otherwise...
        If cmdUpdate.Enabled Then
            cmdUpdate.SetFocus
        '...set focus to first entry field not filled in
        Else
            If txtVAdvProgressive = "" Then
                txtVAdvProgressive.SetFocus
            Else
                txtVAdvPastParticiple.SetFocus
            End If
        End If
    End If
End Sub
'_____
Sub txtVAdvPastParticiple_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Enter the past participle form of the current verb. For example: I have 'swum'."

End Sub

```

```

'_____
Sub txtVAdvProgressive_Change ()
    'prevent leading space(s)
    txtVAdvProgressive = LTrim(txtVAdvProgressive)

    'update command availability depends on all fields being filled
    cmdUpdate.Enabled = (txtVAdvProgressive <> "") And (txtVAdvPastParticiple <> "")

End Sub

'_____
Sub txtVAdvProgressive_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)
    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("''")
    End If

    'carriage return moves to next field
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        txtVAdvPastParticiple.SetFocus
    End If

End Sub

'_____
Sub txtVAdvProgressive_MouseMove (Button As Integer, Shift As Integer, X As Single, Y As Single)
    'display help on current object
    PassiveHelp "Enter the progressive tense form of the current verb. For example: I am 'swimming'."

End Sub

'_____
'update command availability depends on all english verb form fields being completed
Sub UpdateOnImperfectiveVerb ()
    cmdUpdate.Enabled = (txtPresentIndicative2nd <> "") And (txtPresentIndicative3rd <> "") And
    (txtImperfectIndicative <> "") And (txtProgressive <> "") And (txtPastParticiple <> "")

End Sub

```

```

'-----

---


'update command availability depends on all english verb form fields being completed
Sub UpdateOnPerfectiveVerb ()
    cmdUpdate.Enabled = (txtPerfectiveIndicative <> "") And (txtPerfectiveImperfect <> "") And
    (txtPerfectivePastParticiple <> "")
End Sub

'-----

---


'process carriage return: initiate Add New or Lookup
Sub txtStem_KeyPress (KeyAscii As Integer)

    Dim BindPtr          As Integer
    Dim ListPtr          As Integer
    Dim MatchPtr         As Integer
    Dim Attribute        As Integer
    Dim PluralCode       As Integer
    Dim DelimiterAt      As Integer
    Dim SingularLength   As Integer
    Dim SingularForm     As String
    Dim TempTarget       As String
    Dim Entry             As String
    Dim SampleInflection As String
    Dim TransferDetails  As TransferType

    On Error GoTo FormattingError

    'convert double-quotes to single-quotes
    If KeyAscii = 34 Then
        KeyAscii = Asc("'")
    End If

    'process carriage return
    If KeyAscii = 13 Then
        KeyAscii = 0
        'continue only when text present
        If txtStem <> "" Then
            'if adding new entry; otherwise...
            If fMode = ADD Then
                'set focus to part of speech list, if available

```

```

If lstPartOfSpeech.Enabled Then
    lstPartOfSpeech.SetFocus
End If
Exit Sub

'...looking up existing entry
Else
    LookupWord (txtStem), TransferDetails, True

'single match, so display entry info in lexicon editor; otherwise...
If TransferDetails.NumMatches = 1 Then
    'get first and only entry
    BindPtr = 1
    fBindPtr = TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntryPtr
    GoSub DisplayEntryInfo

    'delete now available
    cmdDelete.Enabled = True

'...if more than one match, build and display selection list; otherwise...
ElseIf TransferDetails.NumMatches > 1 Then
    'clear previous list
    frmLookupResults.lstResults(0).Clear
    frmLookupResults.lstResults(1).Clear
    'load lists with current results
    For MatchPtr = 1 To TransferDetails.NumMatches
        'set stem as start of possible concatenation sequence
        Entry = TransferDetails.Match(MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.Stem
        'if entry takes ending, append ... (peculiar expression avoids huge if-then)
        Select Case TransferDetails.Match(MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.PartOfSpeech:
            Case PREPOSITION, INTERJECTION, EMPHATIC_PARTICLE, ADVERB, CONJUNCTION
            Case Else:
                'get first inflection to indicate more than just stem on list
                SampleInflection = "[" &
Left(gPattern(TransferDetails.Match(MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.InflectionPattern),
InStr(gPattern(TransferDetails.Match(MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.InflectionPattern), INFLECTION_DELIMITER) - 1) & "]"
                'if first inflection null or unused, don't print it
                If (SampleInflection = "[#]") Or (SampleInflection = "[/]") Then
                    SampleInflection = ""
                End If
                'build remainder of sequence
                Entry = Entry & SampleInflection & "..."
        End Select
        frmLookupResults.lstResults(0).AddItem " " & Entry
        frmLookupResults.lstResults(1).AddItem " " & TransferDetails.Match(MatchPtr).LexiconEntry.Target
    Next MatchPtr

```

```

frmLookupResults.Show 1

'if user ok'd lookup, display selected entry
If frmLookupResults.Tag = "[OK]" Then
    'get selected entry
    BindPtr = frmLookupResults.lstResults(0).ListIndex + 1
    fBindPtr = TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntryPtr
    GoSub DisplayEntryInfo
End If

'delete now available
cmdDelete.Enabled = True

'...no match
Else
    Beep
    MsgBox ("This entry is not present in lexicon."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Lookup Failure")
End If
End If

'inform of empty entry
Else
    Beep
    MsgBox ("You must enter a stem."), MB_ICONSTOP, ("Missing Entry")
End If
End If

Exit Sub

DisplayEntryInfo:

'fill in Lexicon Editor fields with current entry info
txtStem = TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.Stem
PluralCode = TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.TransferAttributes

'set part of speech
PartOfSpeech True
For ListPtr = 0 To lstPartOfSpeech.ListCount - 1
    If lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(ListPtr) = TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.PartOfSpeech Then
        lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex = ListPtr
        Exit For
    End If
Next ListPtr

'set primary attribute(s)

```

```

Select Case lstPartOfSpeech.ItemData(lstPartOfSpeech.ListIndex):

    'set primary attribute for combinational (non-mutually exclusive) attributes
Case VERB, VERBAL_ADVERB, VERBAL_ADJECTIVE:
    For ListPtr = 0 To lstPrimaryAttributes.ListCount - 1
        Attribute = TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.PrimaryAttributes
        If (Attribute And lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(ListPtr)) Then
            lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(ListPtr) = True
            lstPrimaryAttributes.ListIndex = ListPtr
        End If
    Next ListPtr

    'set primary attribute for non-combinational (mutually exclusive) attributes
Case Else:
    For ListPtr = 0 To lstPrimaryAttributes.ListCount - 1
        Attribute = TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.PrimaryAttributes
        'select attribute
        If lstPrimaryAttributes.ItemData(ListPtr) = Attribute Then
            lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(ListPtr) = True
            lstPrimaryAttributes.ListIndex = ListPtr
        'clear unselected
        Else
            lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(ListPtr) = False
        End If
    Next ListPtr
End Select

'set secondary attribute(s)
For ListPtr = 0 To lstSecondaryAttributes.ListCount - 1
    'select attribute
    If (TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.SecondaryAttributes
        lstSecondaryAttributes.ItemData(ListPtr)) Then
        lstSecondaryAttributes.Selected(ListPtr) = True
        lstSecondaryAttributes.ListIndex = ListPtr
    'clear unselected
    Else
        lstSecondaryAttributes.Selected(ListPtr) = False
    End If
Next ListPtr

And

'set association attribute(s)
For ListPtr = 0 To lstAssociations.ListCount - 1
    'select attribute
    If (TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.TransferAttributes And lstAssociations.ItemData(ListPtr))
Then
    lstAssociations.Selected(ListPtr) = True

```

```

        lstAssociations.ListIndex = ListPtr
        'decrement extracted code from transfer code
        PluralCode = PluralCode - lstAssociations.ItemData(ListPtr)
    'clear unselected
    Else
        lstAssociations.Selected(ListPtr) = False
    End If
Next ListPtr

'set target article attribute(s)
For ListPtr = 0 To lstArticles.ListCount - 1
    'select attribute
    If (TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.TransferAttributes And lstArticles.ItemData(ListPtr)) Then
        lstArticles.Selected(ListPtr) = True
        lstArticles.ListIndex = ListPtr
        'decrement extracted code from transfer code
        PluralCode = PluralCode - lstArticles.ItemData(ListPtr)
    'clear unselected
    Else
        lstArticles.Selected(ListPtr) = False
    End If
Next ListPtr

'set disambiguation expression
txtDisambiguationExpression = TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.Disambiguation

'set inflection pattern
txtInflectionNumber = TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.InflectionPattern

'set english forms
Select Case TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.PartOfSpeech:

    'pronouns, adjectives, adverbs, prepositions, interrogatives, interjections, emphatic particles,
conjunction, fixed expression
    Case ADJECTIVE, PRONOUN_PERSONAL, PRONOUN_POSSESSIVE, PRONOUN_INDEFINITE, PRONOUN_RELATIVE,
PRONOUN_DEMONSTRATIVE, ADVERB, PREPOSITION, INTERROGATIVE, INTERJECTION, EMPHATIC_PARTICLE, CONJUNCTION,
FIXED_EXPRESSION:
        txtEnglishWord = TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.Target

    Case VERBAL_ADVERB:
        txtVAdvProgressive = Left(TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.Target,
InStr(TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.Target, CONJUGATION_DELIMITER) - 1)
        txtVAdvPastParticiple = Mid(TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.Target,
InStr(TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.Target, CONJUGATION_DELIMITER) + 1)

    Case NOUN_INANIMATE, NOUN_ANIMATE:

```

```

txtSingular = TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.Target

'generate plural
SingularForm = TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.Target
SingularLength = Len(TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.Target)

'decode by subtraction since bitwise operations not applicable to plural decoding
If (PluralCode - PLURAL11) >= 0 Then
    txtPlural = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 4) & "eese"
ElseIf (PluralCode - PLURAL10) >= 0 Then
    txtPlural = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 4) & "ice"
ElseIf (PluralCode - PLURAL9) >= 0 Then
    txtPlural = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 2) & "en"
ElseIf (PluralCode - PLURAL8) >= 0 Then
    txtPlural = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 2) & "i"
ElseIf (PluralCode - PLURAL7) >= 0 Then
    txtPlural = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 2) & "a"
ElseIf (PluralCode - PLURAL6) >= 0 Then
    txtPlural = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 2) & "ves"
ElseIf (PluralCode - PLURAL5) >= 0 Then
    txtPlural = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 1) & "ves"
ElseIf (PluralCode - PLURAL4) >= 0 Then
    txtPlural = Left(SingularForm, SingularLength - 1) & "ies"
ElseIf (PluralCode - PLURAL3) >= 0 Then
    txtPlural = SingularForm & "es"
ElseIf (PluralCode - PLURAL2) >= 0 Then
    txtPlural = SingularForm & "s"
Else
    txtPlural = SingularForm
End If

Case VERB, VERBAL_ADJECTIVE:
    'any passive reflexive
    If ((TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.PartOfSpeech = VERB) And
        (lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(6)) Or TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.PartOfSpeech
        = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE)) And (lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(2)) Then
        txtEnglishWord = TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.Target

    'verbal adjective or imperfective verb
    ElseIf (lstPrimaryAttributes.Selected(2)) Or TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.
        PartOfSpeech = VERBAL_ADJECTIVE) Then
        'extract field 1
        TempTarget = TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.Target
        DelimiterAt = InStr(TempTarget, CONJUGATION_DELIMITER)
        txtPresentIndicative2nd = Left(TempTarget, DelimiterAt - 1)

```

```

'extract field 2
TempTarget = Mid(TempTarget, DelimiterAt + 1)
DelimiterAt = InStr(TempTarget, CONJUGATION_DELIMITER)
txtPresentIndicative3rd = Left(TempTarget, DelimiterAt - 1)

'extract field 3
TempTarget = Mid(TempTarget, DelimiterAt + 1)
DelimiterAt = InStr(TempTarget, CONJUGATION_DELIMITER)
txtImperfectIndicative = Left(TempTarget, DelimiterAt - 1)

'extract field 4
TempTarget = Mid(TempTarget, DelimiterAt + 1)
DelimiterAt = InStr(TempTarget, CONJUGATION_DELIMITER)
txtProgressive = Left(TempTarget, DelimiterAt - 1)

'extract field 5
TempTarget = Mid(TempTarget, DelimiterAt + 1)
txtPastParticiple = TempTarget

'perfective verb
Else
    'extract field 1
    TempTarget = TransferDetails.Match(BindPtr).LexiconEntry.Target
    DelimiterAt = InStr(TempTarget, CONJUGATION_DELIMITER)
    txtPerfectiveIndicative = Left(TempTarget, DelimiterAt - 1)

    'extract field 2
    TempTarget = Mid(TempTarget, DelimiterAt + 1)
    DelimiterAt = InStr(TempTarget, CONJUGATION_DELIMITER)
    txtPerfectiveImperfect = Left(TempTarget, DelimiterAt - 1)

    'extract field 3
    TempTarget = Mid(TempTarget, DelimiterAt + 1)
    txtPerfectivePastParticiple = TempTarget
End If
End Select

Return

FormattingError:
    'exception handler
    Beep
    MsgBox ("The current entry is incorrectly formatted." & Chr(13) & "Please recheck its information."),
        MB_ICONSTOP, ("Lexicon Entry Error")

```

Resume Next

End Sub

